

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Sep 5, 2024 – 12:11 PM JST

PDB ID : 8YSH

Title: MERS-CoV RBD in complex with nanobody Nb14

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Deposited on : 2024-03-23

Resolution : 1.99 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 3.0

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.002 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.11

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

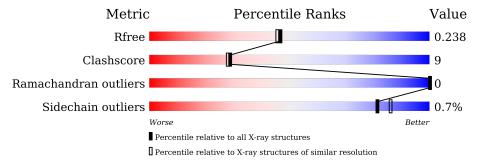
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.38.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.99 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution		
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$		
R_{free}	164625	9409 (2.00-2.00)		
Clashscore	180529	10737 (2.00-2.00)		
Ramachandran outliers	177936	10628 (2.00-2.00)		
Sidechain outliers	177891	10627 (2.00-2.00)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	В	209	81%	19%				
2	A	116	84%	16%				
3	С	3	67%	33%				



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2619 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Spike glycoprotein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	В	209	Total 1617	C 1031	N 257	O 318	S 11	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Nb14.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	A	116	Total 875	C 539	N 158	O 175	S 3	0	0	0

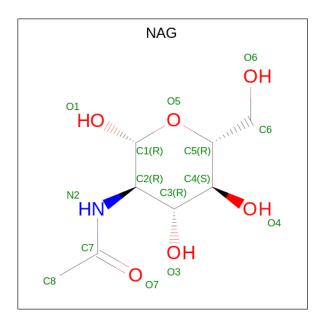
• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	С	3	Total 39	C 22			0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	В	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

• Molecule 5 is water.

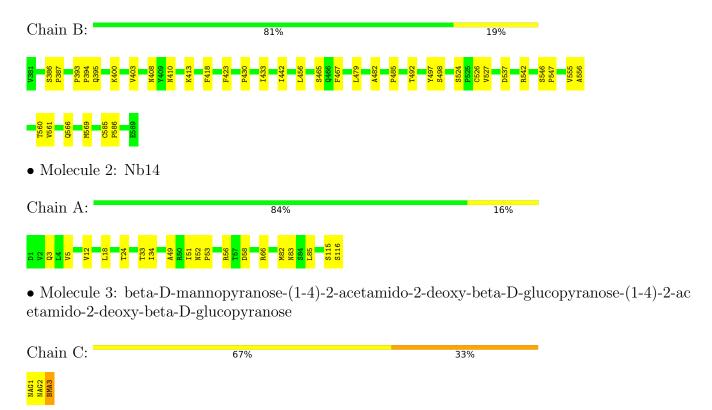
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	36	Total O 36 36	0	0
5	A	38	Total O 38 38	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Spike glycoprotein





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	58.49Å 58.49Å 351.62Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.11 - 1.99	Depositor
Resolution (A)	38.11 - 1.99	EDS
% Data completeness	99.9 (38.11-1.99)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	100.0 (38.11-1.99)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.16 (at 1.98Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.20.1_4487, PHENIX 1.20.1_4487	Depositor
R R.	0.229 , 0.239	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.227 , 0.238	DCC
R_{free} test set	2153 reflections (4.94%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	49.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.268	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 56.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.43, < L^2>=0.25$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	2619	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	74.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.52% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, BMA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	В	0.43	0/1656	0.57	0/2261	
2	A	0.48	0/890	0.79	$2/1205 \ (0.2\%)$	
All	All	0.44	0/2546	0.65	2/3466 (0.1%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	A	5	VAL	O-C-N	10.88	140.11	122.70
2	A	5	VAL	CA-C-N	-8.16	99.25	117.20

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	В	1617	0	1578	27	0
2	A	875	0	860	14	0
3	С	39	0	34	3	0
4	В	14	0	13	0	0
5	A	38	0	0	0	0
5	В	36	0	0	1	0
All	All	2619	0	2485	43	0



The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is 9.

All (43) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
1 D 204 DDO 11G2	1 D 400 LVC LICO	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:B:394:PRO:HG3	1:B:400:LYS:HG2	1.58	0.85
1:B:403:VAL:HG22	1:B:442:ILE:HD13	1.70	0.73
3:C:2:NAG:O3	3:C:3:BMA:O5	2.13	0.66
1:B:492:THR:HG22	5:B:708:HOH:O	1.97	0.62
2:A:12:VAL:HB	2:A:18:LEU:HD11	1.84	0.59
1:B:485:PRO:HA	1:B:566:GLN:HE22	1.70	0.57
1:B:393:PRO:HG3	1:B:569:MET:CE	2.36	0.55
2:A:12:VAL:CG1	2:A:18:LEU:HD11	2.37	0.55
1:B:393:PRO:HG3	1:B:569:MET:HE2	1.88	0.55
1:B:430:PRO:O	1:B:433:ILE:HG22	2.07	0.54
1:B:456:LEU:HD13	1:B:479:LEU:HD21	1.90	0.54
2:A:52:ASN:HB2	2:A:53:PRO:HD2	1.89	0.54
1:B:546:SER:HB2	1:B:547:PRO:CD	2.39	0.53
2:A:33:THR:C	2:A:34:ILE:HD13	2.29	0.53
1:B:524:SER:O	1:B:527:VAL:HG22	2.09	0.53
2:A:12:VAL:CB	2:A:18:LEU:HD11	2.40	0.52
2:A:12:VAL:HG11	2:A:18:LEU:HD11	1.92	0.51
1:B:386:SER:N	1:B:387:PRO:HD2	2.26	0.50
2:A:82:MET:HB3	2:A:85:LEU:HD21	1.95	0.48
1:B:395:GLN:HG3	1:B:498:SER:HB2	1.96	0.48
2:A:66:ARG:HG2	2:A:83:ASN:O	2.14	0.47
1:B:403:VAL:HG22	1:B:442:ILE:CD1	2.42	0.47
1:B:537:ASP:HB2	1:B:560:THR:OG1	2.13	0.47
1:B:393:PRO:CG	1:B:569:MET:HE2	2.45	0.47
1:B:408:ASN:HA	1:B:585:CYS:O	2.16	0.46
1:B:393:PRO:CB	1:B:569:MET:HE2	2.46	0.46
3:C:2:NAG:O3	3:C:3:BMA:C1	2.64	0.45
1:B:410:ASN:O	1:B:413:LYS:HB3	2.17	0.44
1:B:400:LYS:HD3	1:B:400:LYS:HA	1.57	0.44
2:A:115:SER:OG	2:A:116:SER:N	2.51	0.44
2:A:18:LEU:HD12	2:A:85:LEU:CD1	2.49	0.43
2:A:33:THR:O	2:A:34:ILE:HD13	2.19	0.43
2:A:49:ALA:HA	2:A:58:ASP:O	2.19	0.42
1:B:542:ARG:CB	1:B:555:VAL:HG22	2.49	0.42
1:B:485:PRO:HA	1:B:566:GLN:NE2	2.32	0.42
1:B:497:TYR:HB2	1:B:561:VAL:HB	2.02	0.42
2:A:3:GLN:O	2:A:24:THR:HA	2.20	0.42

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COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}({\rm \AA})$	$overlap (\AA)$
1:B:418:PHE:HB3	1:B:482:ALA:HB1	2.02	0.41
2:A:51:ILE:HA	2:A:56:ARG:O	2.20	0.41
1:B:485:PRO:HB3	3:C:1:NAG:H62	2.03	0.41
1:B:585:CYS:HB3	1:B:586:PRO:HD2	2.03	0.40
1:B:526:CYS:SG	1:B:556:ALA:HB2	2.61	0.40
1:B:467:PHE:O	1:B:524:SER:HB2	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}
1	В	207/209~(99%)	197 (95%)	10 (5%)	0	100	100
2	A	114/116 (98%)	109 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	321/325 (99%)	306 (95%)	15 (5%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	В	191/191 (100%)	189 (99%)	2 (1%)	73	78	
2	A	97/97 (100%)	97 (100%)	0	100	100	

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	nalysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
All	All	288/288 (100%)	286 (99%)	2 (1%)	81 86		

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	423	PHE
1	В	465	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type Chain		Chain Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.33	0	17,19,21	0.74	0
3	NAG	С	2	3	14,14,15	0.28	0	17,19,21	0.69	0
3	BMA	С	3	3	11,11,12	0.59	0	15,15,17	1.11	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.



'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	С	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	С	3	BMA	C2-C3-C4	2.36	114.98	110.89

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	С	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	С	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
3	С	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	С	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

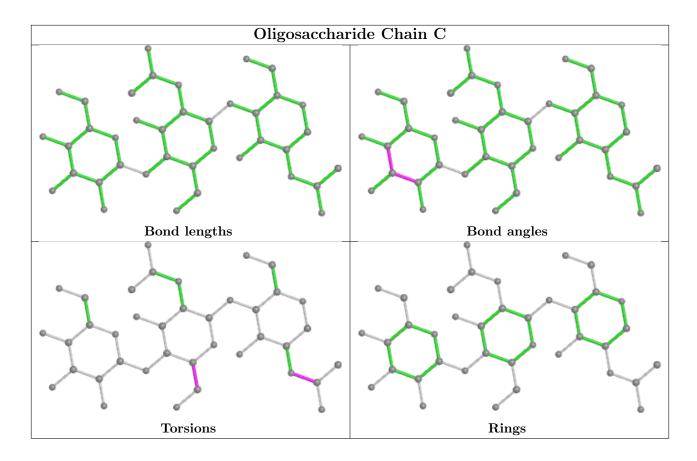
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	С	1	NAG	1	0
3	С	3	BMA	2	0
3	С	2	NAG	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	Type		nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	NAG	В	601	1	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	0.79	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	В	601	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1



There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
4	В	601	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.07	115.00	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

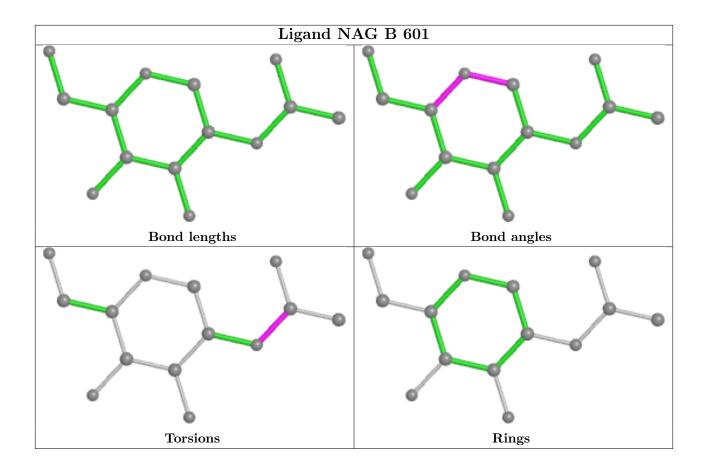
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	В	601	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	В	601	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

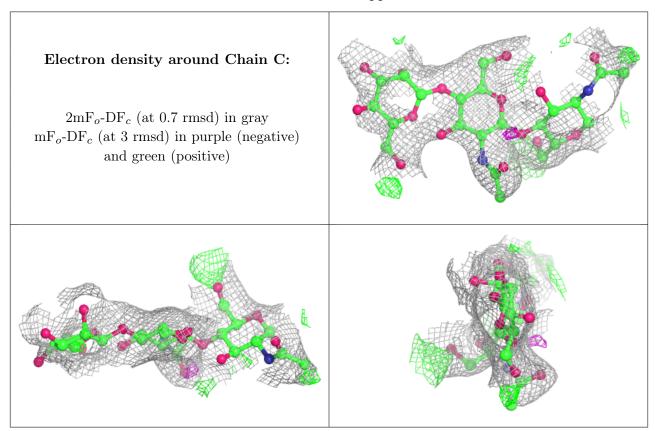
6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

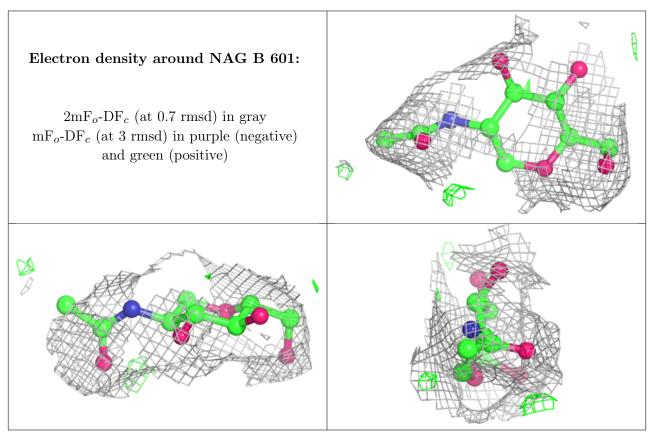


6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.



The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

