

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 29, 2023 – 02:11 PM JST

PDB ID : 7YS7 BMRB ID : 36506

Title : RET oncogene primer G4-DNA in 100mMNa+

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Deposited on : 2022-08-11

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} wwPDB\text{-ShiftChecker} &:& v1.2\\ BMRB \ Restraints \ Analysis &:& v1.2 \end{array}$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

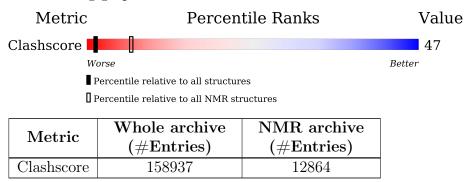
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 33%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain				
1	A	20	15%	75%	10%			



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 649 atoms, of which 223 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
1	٨	20	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
1	А	20	649	197	223	91	119	19	0



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (author defined) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.





Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	
X-PLOR NIH	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	141
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	141
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	33%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	В	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	0.95 ± 0.00	$0\pm0/481~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	1.31 ± 0.00	$5\pm0/746~(~0.7\pm~0.0\%)$	
All	All	0.95	0/9620 (0.0%)	1.31	100/14920 (0.7%)	

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Ial Chain Ba		Chain Bag Tyma	Atoms Z	Observed (0)	$Ideal(^{o})$	Models		
MIOI	Chain	$egin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$Observed(^o)$	Ideal(')	Worst	Total			
1	A	18	DG	C1'-O4'-C4'	-7.02	103.08	110.10	13	20
1	A	20	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.09	119.24	122.90	15	20
1	A	1	DG	O4'-C1'-C2'	5.90	110.62	105.90	15	20
1	A	11	DG	C1'-O4'-C4'	-5.80	104.30	110.10	4	20
1	A	20	DT	C4-C5-C6	5.46	121.27	118.00	15	20

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	426	223	223	30 ± 2
All	All	8520	4460	4460	606

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 47.



5 of 37 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models		
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total	
1:A:5:DC:O2	1:A:5:DC:H5"	0.84	1.72	19	20	
1:A:13:DG:N3	1:A:14:DG:O4'	0.78	2.17	15	20	
1:A:16:DG:N3	1:A:16:DG:H3'	0.68	2.04	5	20	
1:A:1:DG:C4	1:A:16:DG:C8	0.65	2.84	18	20	
1:A:1:DG:N3	1:A:16:DG:C8	0.64	2.66	5	20	

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.



6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 33% for the well-defined parts and 33% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: starch_output

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	141
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	141
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	2

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 33%, i.e. 138 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 414. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}{ m C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Sugar	114/240 (48%)	114/140 (81%)	0/100~(0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	24/174~(14%)	24/114 (21%)	0/24~(0%)	0/36 (0%)
Overall	138/414 (33%)	138/254 (54%)	0/124~(0%)	0/36 (0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules con-



taining paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	6	DG	H5"	2.46	2.89 - 5.33	-6.8
1	A	16	DG	H3'	5.78	4.11 - 5.76	5.1

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

No $random\ coil\ index(RCI)$ plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list. RCI is only applicable to proteins



8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	708
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	433
Sequential $(i-j =1)$	160
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	58
Long range (i-j ≥5)	57
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	35.4
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	2.9

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	53.8	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	29.4	0.39
>0.5 (Large)	9.0	5.96



8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

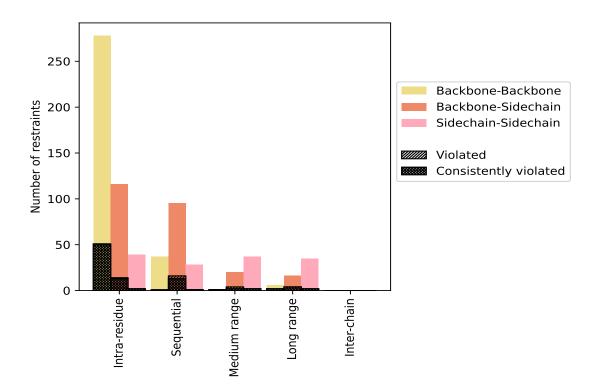
The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Doctroints type	Count	% ¹	Vi	iolated	3	Consistently Violated ⁴		
Restraints type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^{1}$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	433	61.2	67	15.5	9.5	65	15.0	9.2
Backbone-Backbone	278	39.3	51	18.3	7.2	50	18.0	7.1
Backbone-Sidechain	116	16.4	14	12.1	2.0	13	11.2	1.8
Sidechain-Sidechain	39	5.5	2	5.1	0.3	2	5.1	0.3
Sequential (i-j =1)	160	22.6	18	11.2	2.5	14	8.8	2.0
Backbone-Backbone	37	5.2	1	2.7	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	95	13.4	16	16.8	2.3	13	13.7	1.8
Sidechain-Sidechain	28	4.0	1	3.6	0.1	1	3.6	0.1
Medium range ($ i-j >1 \& i-j <5$)	58	8.2	7	12.1	1.0	5	8.6	0.7
Backbone-Backbone	1	0.1	1	100.0	0.1	1	100.0	0.1
Backbone-Sidechain	20	2.8	4	20.0	0.6	2	10.0	0.3
Sidechain-Sidechain	37	5.2	2	5.4	0.3	2	5.4	0.3
Long range ($ i-j \ge 5$)	57	8.1	8	14.0	1.1	8	14.0	1.1
Backbone-Backbone	6	0.8	2	33.3	0.3	2	33.3	0.3
Backbone-Sidechain	16	2.3	4	25.0	0.6	4	25.0	0.6
Sidechain-Sidechain	35	4.9	2	5.7	0.3	2	5.7	0.3
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	708	100.0	100	14.1	14.1	92	13.0	13.0
Backbone-Backbone	322	45.5	55	17.1	7.8	53	16.5	7.5
Backbone-Sidechain	247	34.9	38	15.4	5.4	32	13.0	4.5
Sidechain-Sidechain	139	19.6	7	5.0	1.0	7	5.0	1.0

 $^{^1}$ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models



9.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

MadalID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	3	Maan (Å)	Max (Å)	SD^6 (Å)	Modian (Å)
Model ID	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Mean (Å)	Max (A)	\mathbf{SD}^6 (Å)	Median (Å)
1	67	16	6	8	0	97	0.53	5.94	1.18	0.18
2	66	17	5	8	0	96	0.54	5.94	1.19	0.18
3	66	17	6	8	0	97	0.53	5.96	1.19	0.18
4	65	17	5	8	0	95	0.54	5.95	1.2	0.19
5	66	14	5	8	0	93	0.55	5.95	1.21	0.19
6	65	17	6	8	0	96	0.54	5.94	1.19	0.18
7	66	15	5	8	0	94	0.55	5.94	1.2	0.19
8	66	16	5	8	0	95	0.54	5.94	1.2	0.19
9	66	16	5	8	0	95	0.54	5.94	1.2	0.19
10	65	17	5	8	0	95	0.54	5.94	1.19	0.19
11	65	17	7	8	0	97	0.53	5.95	1.18	0.18

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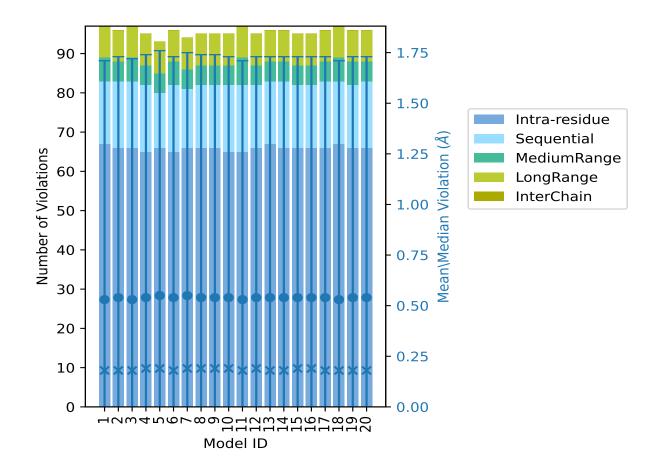


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Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	\mathbf{SD}^6 (Å)	Median (Å)
Model 1D	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Mean (A)	Max (A)	$SD^*(A)$	Median (A)
12	66	16	5	8	0	95	0.54	5.94	1.19	0.19
13	67	16	5	8	0	96	0.54	5.95	1.19	0.18
14	66	17	5	8	0	96	0.54	5.94	1.19	0.18
15	66	16	5	8	0	95	0.54	5.94	1.19	0.19
16	66	16	5	8	0	95	0.54	5.94	1.19	0.19
17	66	17	5	8	0	96	0.54	5.93	1.19	0.18
18	67	16	6	8	0	97	0.53	5.95	1.18	0.18
19	66	16	6	8	0	96	0.54	5.95	1.19	0.18
20	66	17	5	8	0	96	0.54	5.94	1.19	0.18

 $^{^1}$ Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph: Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

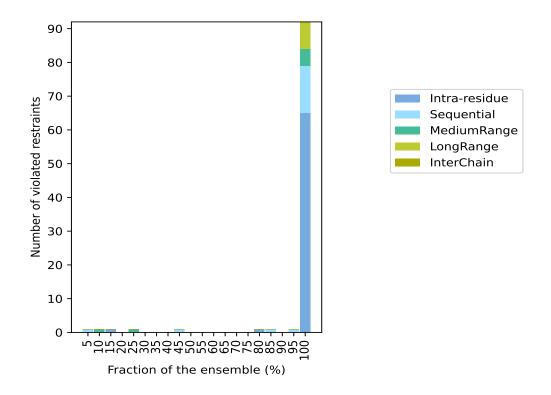
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 608(IR:366, SQ:142, MR:51, LR:49, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Nu	$\overline{\mathbf{mber}}$	of vio	lated	Fraction of the ensemble			
IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Count ⁶	%
0	1	0	0	0	1	1	5.0
0	0	1	0	0	1	2	10.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	3	15.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	20.0
0	0	1	0	0	1	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	16	80.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	19	95.0
65	14	5	8	0	92	20	100.0

 $^{^1}$ Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Number of models with violations



9.3.1 Bar graph: Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

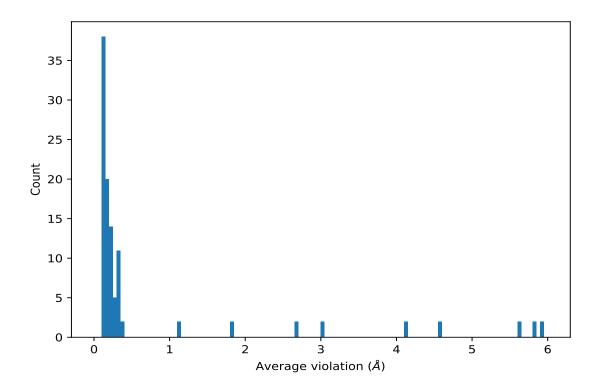


9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

9.4.1 Histogram: Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble





9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean (Å)	\mathbf{SD}^1 (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:15:A:DC:H4'	20	5.94	0.01	5.94
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:15:A:DC:H4'	20	5.94	0.01	5.94
(1,265)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:15:A:DC:H1'	20	5.81	0.01	5.81
(1,265)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:15:A:DC:H1'	20	5.81	0.01	5.81
(1,266)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:15:A:DC:H6	20	5.61	0.01	5.61
(1,266)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:15:A:DC:H6	20	5.61	0.01	5.61
(1,264)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:14:A:DG:H21	20	4.6	0.0	4.6
(1,264)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:14:A:DG:H21	20	4.6	0.0	4.6
(1,267)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:16:A:DG:H1	20	4.14	0.0	4.14
(1,267)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:16:A:DG:H1	20	4.14	0.0	4.14
(1,262)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:19:A:DG:H8	20	3.05	0.0	3.05
(1,262)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:19:A:DG:H8	20	3.05	0.0	3.05
(1,273)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:18:A:DG:H1'	20	2.67	0.01	2.67
(1,273)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:18:A:DG:H1'	20	2.67	0.01	2.67
(1,268)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:19:A:DG:H1	20	1.83	0.01	1.83
(1,268)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:19:A:DG:H1	20	1.83	0.01	1.83

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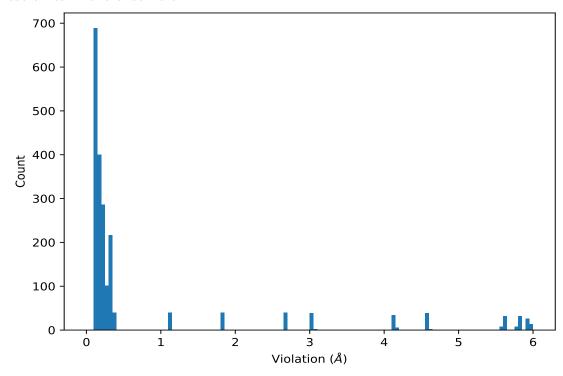
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean (Å)	${ m SD}^1 \ (m \AA)$	Median (Å)
(1,693)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:20:A:DT:H6	20	1.11	0.0	1.11
(1,693)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:20:A:DT:H6	20	1.11	0.0	1.11
(1,694)	1:20:A:DT:H3'	1:20:A:DT:H1'	20	0.38	0.0	0.38

¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram: Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:15:A:DC:H4'	3	5.96
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:15:A:DC:H4'	3	5.96

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:15:A:DC:H4'	4	5.95
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:15:A:DC:H4'	4	5.95
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:15:A:DC:H4'	5	5.95
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:15:A:DC:H4'	5	5.95
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:15:A:DC:H4'	11	5.95
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:15:A:DC:H4'	11	5.95
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:15:A:DC:H4'	13	5.95
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:15:A:DC:H4'	13	5.95
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:15:A:DC:H4'	18	5.95
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:15:A:DC:H4'	18	5.95
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:15:A:DC:H4'	19	5.95
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:15:A:DC:H4'	19	5.95
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:15:A:DC:H4'	1	5.94
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:15:A:DC:H4'	1	5.94
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:15:A:DC:H4'	2	5.94
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5"	1:15:A:DC:H4'	2	5.94
(1,272)	1:20:A:DT:H5'	1:15:A:DC:H4'	6	5.94



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

No dihedral-angle restraints found

