

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 12, 2024 – 10:58 pm BST

PDB ID : 6YMY

EMDB ID : EMD-10848

Title : Cytochrome c oxidase from Saccharomyces cerevisiae

Authors: Berndtsson, J.; Rathore, S.; Ott, M.

Deposited on : 2020-04-10

Resolution : 3.41 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev113

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

 $MapQ \quad : \quad 1.9.13$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

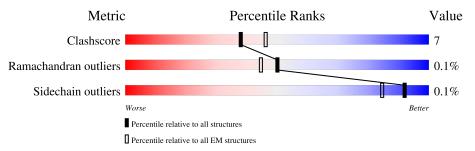
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.41 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM~structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	a	530	100%
2	b	236	100%
	-		·
3	С	268	100%
4	d	117	100%
5	e	128	100%
6	f	99	100%
7	g	55	100%
8	h	51	100%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
9	i	52	100%
10	j	78	99%
11	k	114	99%
12	m	38	100%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 19 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 14612 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 1.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues		At	AltConf	Trace			
1	a	530	Total 4126	C 2757	N 641	O 707	S 21	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	AltConf	Trace			
2	b	236	Total 1888	C 1242	N 286	O 350	S 10	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	С	268	Total 2138	C 1425	N 343	O 356	S 14	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 4, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	d	117	Total 888	C 559	N 147	O 177	S 5	0	0

• Molecule 5 is a protein called Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 5A, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	0	128	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
)	е	120	1008	639	175	190	4	0	U

• Molecule 6 is a protein called Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 6, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms		AltConf	Trace	
6	f	99	Total 828	C 533	N 134	O 160	S 1	0	0



• Molecule 7 is a protein called Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 7, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Aton	ıs	AltConf	Trace	
7	g	55	Total 456	C 310	N 77	O 69	0	0

• Molecule 8 is a protein called Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 8, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	h	51	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
	11	01	408	278	66	63	1		O

• Molecule 9 is a protein called Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 9, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	i	52	Total 426	C 282	N 71	O 70	S 3	0	0

• Molecule 10 is a protein called Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 12, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
10	;	78	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
10	J	10	649	414	111	119	5	0	U

• Molecule 11 is a protein called Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 13, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
11	k	114	Total 941	C 608	N 163	O 167	S 3	0	0

• Molecule 12 is a protein called Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 26, mitochondrial.

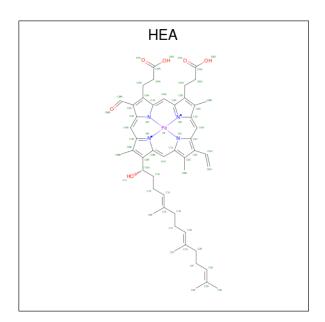
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
19	722	20	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
12	111	m 38	308	207	49	51	1	U	U

• Molecule 13 is COPPER (II) ION (three-letter code: CU) (formula: Cu).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
13	a	1	Total 1	Cu 1	0

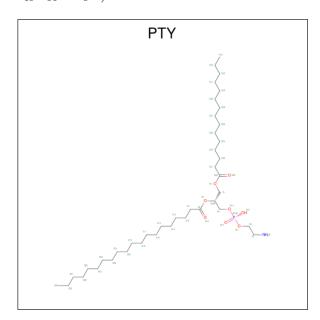
• Molecule 14 is HEME-A (three-letter code: HEA) (formula: $C_{49}H_{56}FeN_4O_6$).





Mol	Chain	Residues		${f Atoms}$				AltConf
1.4		1	Total	С	Fe	N	О	0
14	a	1	60	49	1	4	6	0
14		1	Total	С	Fe	N	О	0
14	a	1	60	49	1	4	6	0

 \bullet Molecule 15 is PHOSPHATIDYLETHANOLAMINE (three-letter code: PTY) (formula: $C_{40}H_{80}NO_8P).$



Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				
15	a	1	Total 35	C 25	N 1	O 8	P 1	0

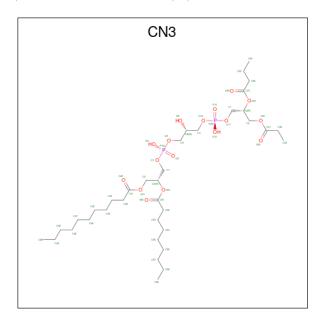
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Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms			AltConf
15		1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
10	a	1	34	24	1	8	1	U
15	b	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
10	D	1	40	30	1	8	1	U
15	b	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
10	D	1	41	31	1	8	1	U
15	c	1	Total	С	N	Ο	Р	0
10	C	1	40	30	1	8	1	U
15	e	1	Total	\mathbf{C}	N	Ο	Р	0
10	C	1	32	22	1	8	1	U
15	i	1	Total	С	N	Ο	Р	0
10	1	1	30	20	1	8	1	0

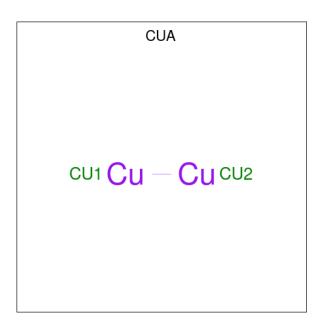
• Molecule 16 is (2R,5S,11R,14R)-5,8,11-trihydroxy-2-(nonanoyloxy)-5,11-dioxido-16-oxo-14 -[(propanoyloxy)methyl]-4,6,10,12,15-pentaoxa-5,11-diphosphanonadec-1-yl undecanoate (three-letter code: CN3) (formula: $C_{36}H_{68}O_{17}P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	A ton	\mathbf{as}		AltConf
16	a	1	Total			P	0
			55	30	17	2	

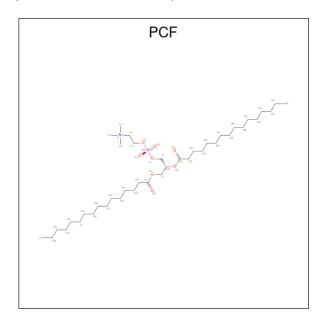
 \bullet Molecule 17 is DINUCLEAR COPPER ION (three-letter code: CUA) (formula: Cu2).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
17	b	1	Total Cu 2 2	0

• Molecule 18 is 1,2-DIACYL-SN-GLYCERO-3-PHOSHOCHOLINE (three-letter code: PCF) (formula: $C_{40}H_{80}NO_8P$).



Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				
10		1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
10	18 c			33	1	8	1	U
18	0	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
10	е	1	36	26	1	8	1	U

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\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms			AltConf
10	****	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
10	111	1	38	28	1	8	1	U

• Molecule 19 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
19	d	1	Total Zn 1 1	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

There are no outlier residues recorded for this chain.



• Molecule 7: Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 7, mitochondrial
Chain g: 100%
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
• Molecule 8: Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 8, mitochondrial
Chain h:
V 28 H 29 H
• Molecule 9: Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 9, mitochondrial
Chain i: 100%
There are no outlier residues recorded for this chain.
• Molecule 10: Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 12, mitochondrial 10%
Chain j: 99%
N6
• Molecule 11: Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 13, mitochondrial
Chain k: 99%
M16
• Molecule 12: Cytochrome c oxidase subunit 26, mitochondrial
Chain m: 100%
There are no outlier residues recorded for this chain



4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	201223	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	40	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	-1.4	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	-3.0	Depositor
Magnification	130000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	2.411	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.211	Depositor
Average map value	0.005	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.058	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.41	Depositor
Map size (Å)	392.2, 392.2, 392.2	wwPDB
Map dimensions	370, 370, 370	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.0600001, 1.0600001, 1.0600001	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PTY, PCF, ZN, HEA, CU, CN3, CUA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Во	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	a	0.38	0/4254	0.55	0/5811
2	b	0.36	0/1940	0.53	0/2653
3	c	0.31	0/2210	0.49	$1/3026 \ (0.0\%)$
4	d	0.37	0/905	0.60	0/1231
5	е	0.35	0/1032	0.55	0/1396
6	f	0.37	0/845	0.54	0/1143
7	g	0.31	0/472	0.53	0/645
8	h	0.35	0/423	0.51	0/569
9	i	0.34	0/438	0.49	0/590
10	j	0.30	0/671	0.52	1/910 (0.1%)
11	k	0.29	0/974	0.54	0/1324
12	m	0.32	0/319	0.52	0/435
All	All	0.35	0/14483	0.53	2/19733~(0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
10	j	58	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.06	129.24	115.30
3	С	178	ILE	CG1-CB-CG2	-5.19	99.99	111.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen



atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	a	4126	0	4150	0	0
2	b	1888	0	1868	0	0
3	c	2138	0	2125	0	0
4	d	888	0	885	0	0
5	е	1008	0	988	0	0
6	f	828	0	807	0	0
7	g	456	0	481	0	0
8	h	408	0	408	0	0
9	i	426	0	430	0	0
10	j	649	0	592	0	0
11	k	941	0	902	0	0
12	m	308	0	302	0	0
13	a	1	0	0	0	0
14	a	120	0	108	0	0
15	a	69	0	80	0	0
15	b	81	0	108	0	0
15	c	40	0	53	0	0
15	е	32	0	37	0	0
15	i	30	0	33	0	0
16	a	55	0	66	0	0
17	b	2	0	0	0	0
18	С	43	0	60	0	0
18	е	36	0	46	0	0
18	m	38	0	50	0	0
19	d	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	14612	0	14579	0	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

There are no clashes within the asymmetric unit.

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.



The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}
1	a	528/530 (100%)	489 (93%)	39 (7%)	0	100	100
2	b	234/236 (99%)	215 (92%)	19 (8%)	0	100	100
3	c	266/268~(99%)	252 (95%)	14 (5%)	0	100	100
4	d	115/117 (98%)	90 (78%)	25 (22%)	0	100	100
5	e	126/128 (98%)	115 (91%)	11 (9%)	0	100	100
6	f	97/99 (98%)	88 (91%)	9 (9%)	0	100	100
7	g	53/55~(96%)	47 (89%)	6 (11%)	0	100	100
8	h	49/51~(96%)	45 (92%)	4 (8%)	0	100	100
9	i	50/52~(96%)	45 (90%)	5 (10%)	0	100	100
10	j	76/78~(97%)	66 (87%)	10 (13%)	0	100	100
11	k	112/114 (98%)	101 (90%)	10 (9%)	1 (1%)	14	43
12	m	$36/38 \; (95\%)$	33 (92%)	3 (8%)	0	100	100
All	All	$1742/1766 \ (99\%)$	1586 (91%)	155 (9%)	1 (0%)	50	78

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type
11	k	20	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	a	$443/443 \ (100\%)$	443 (100%)	0	100	100
2	b	$209/209\ (100\%)$	208 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	92
3	c	227/227 (100%)	227 (100%)	0	100	100
4	d	99/99~(100%)	99 (100%)	0	100	100
5	е	$106/106\ (100\%)$	106 (100%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
6	f	88/88 (100%)	88 (100%)	0	100	100
7	g	48/48 (100%)	48 (100%)	0	100	100
8	h	41/41 (100%)	41 (100%)	0	100	100
9	i	43/43 (100%)	43 (100%)	0	100	100
10	j	70/70~(100%)	70 (100%)	0	100	100
11	k	100/100 (100%)	100 (100%)	0	100	100
12	m	$32/32\ (100\%)$	32 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1506/1506 (100%)	1505 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	97

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	b	197	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 21 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	е	63	GLN
7	g	9	GLN
10	j	70	GLN
10	j	6	ASN
6	f	117	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 16 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 14 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	Bo	ond angl	les
WIOI	Type	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
15	PTY	b	302	-	39,39,49	0.97	4 (10%)	42,44,54	1.09	2 (4%)
15	PTY	a	604	-	32,32,49	1.06	4 (12%)	35,37,54	1.12	2 (5%)
15	PTY	a	605	-	33,33,49	1.05	4 (12%)	36,38,54	1.16	2 (5%)
15	PTY	i	101	-	29,29,49	1.12	4 (13%)	32,34,54	1.21	2 (6%)
17	CUA	b	301	-	0,1,1	-	-	-		
16	CN3	a	606	-	54,54,54	0.51	0	60,66,66	1.20	4 (6%)
18	PCF	m	101	-	37,37,49	0.65	0	43,45,57	0.58	0
15	PTY	е	201	-	31,31,49	1.10	2 (6%)	34,36,54	1.20	4 (11%)
14	HEA	a	603	1	57,67,67	1.43	8 (14%)	61,103,103	1.70	14 (22%)
14	HEA	a	602	1	57,67,67	1.35	7 (12%)	61,103,103	1.61	18 (29%)
15	PTY	c	301	-	39,39,49	0.99	4 (10%)	42,44,54	1.14	3 (7%)
18	PCF	е	202	-	35,35,49	0.67	0	41,43,57	0.58	0
18	PCF	С	302	-	42,42,49	0.63	0	48,50,57	0.57	0
15	PTY	b	303	-	40,40,49	0.96	4 (10%)	43,45,54	1.12	2 (4%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
15	PTY	b	302	-	-	17/43/43/53	-
15	PTY	a	604	-	-	12/36/36/53	-
15	PTY	a	605	-	-	16/37/37/53	-
15	PTY	i	101	-	-	15/33/33/53	-
16	CN3	a	606	-	-	37/65/65/65	-
18	PCF	m	101	-	-	15/41/41/53	-
15	PTY	e	201	-	-	10/35/35/53	-

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
14	HEA	a	603	1	-	7/32/76/76	-
14	HEA	a	602	1	-	11/32/76/76	-
15	PTY	c	301	-	-	19/43/43/53	-
18	PCF	е	202	-	-	14/39/39/53	-
18	PCF	С	302	-	-	21/46/46/53	-
15	PTY	b	303	-	-	23/44/44/53	-

The worst 5 of 41 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
14	a	603	HEA	C3C-C2C	-4.66	1.33	1.40
14	a	603	HEA	C3A-CMA	-4.58	1.35	1.46
14	a	602	HEA	C3C-C2C	-4.36	1.34	1.40
14	a	602	HEA	C3A-CMA	-4.29	1.36	1.46
15	е	201	PTY	O4-C30	3.99	1.45	1.33

The worst 5 of 53 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
15	i	101	PTY	O7-C8-C11	4.44	121.07	111.50
15	b	302	PTY	O7-C8-C11	4.22	120.60	111.50
16	a	606	CN3	O51-C51-C52	4.17	120.49	111.50
15	c	301	PTY	O7-C8-C11	4.03	120.19	111.50
15	b	303	PTY	O7-C8-C11	4.00	120.13	111.50

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 217 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
14	a	602	HEA	C13-C14-C15-C26
14	a	602	HEA	C17-C18-C19-C27
14	a	602	HEA	C21-C22-C23-C25
15	a	604	PTY	C3-O11-P1-O13
15	a	604	PTY	C3-O11-P1-O14

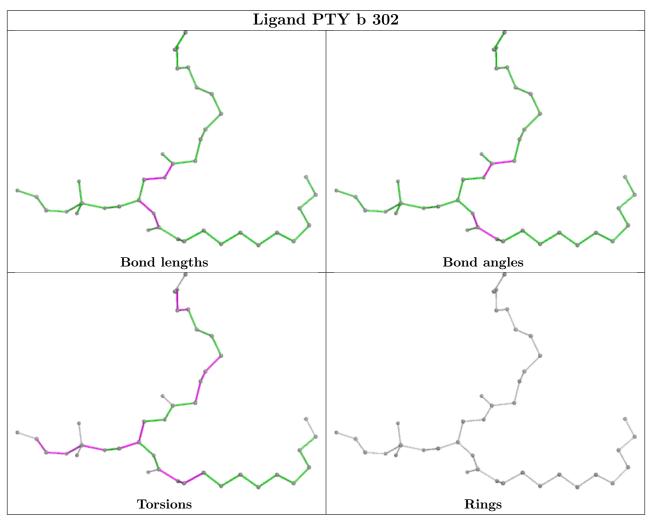
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

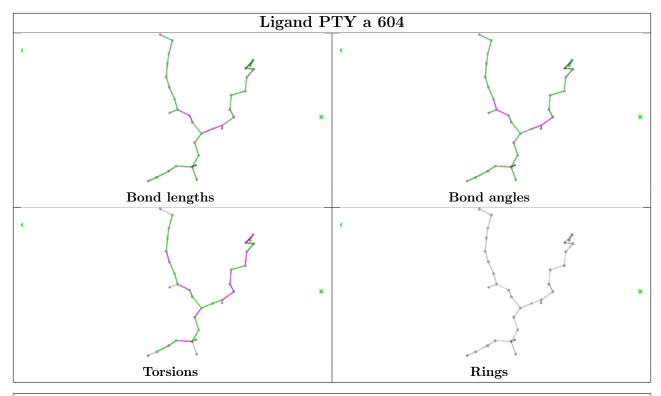
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In

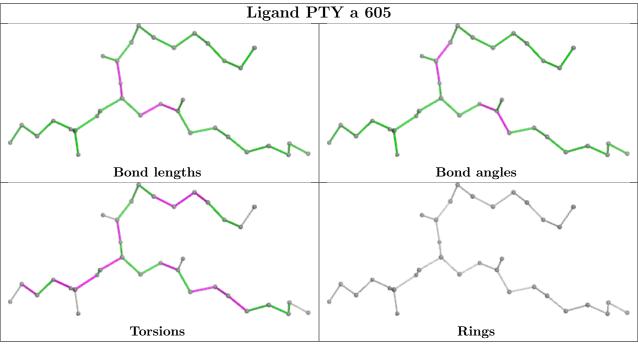


addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

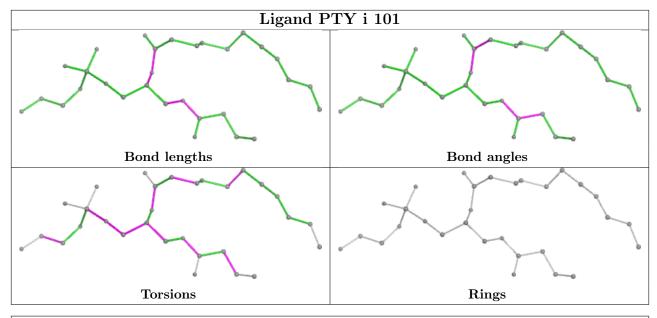


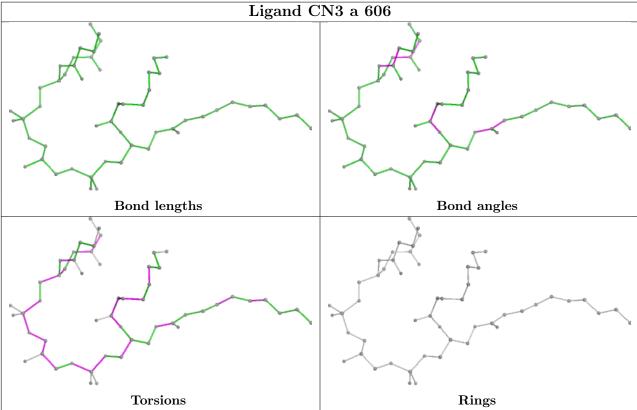




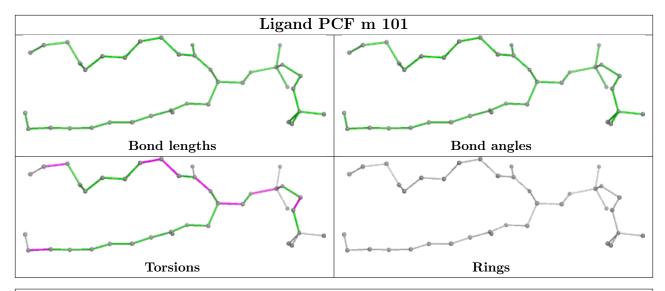


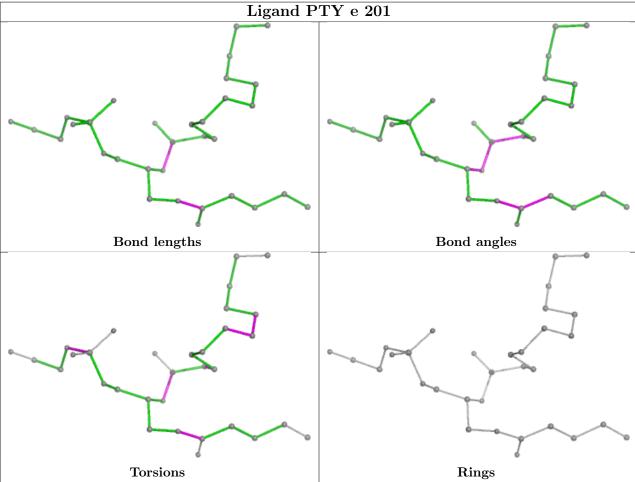




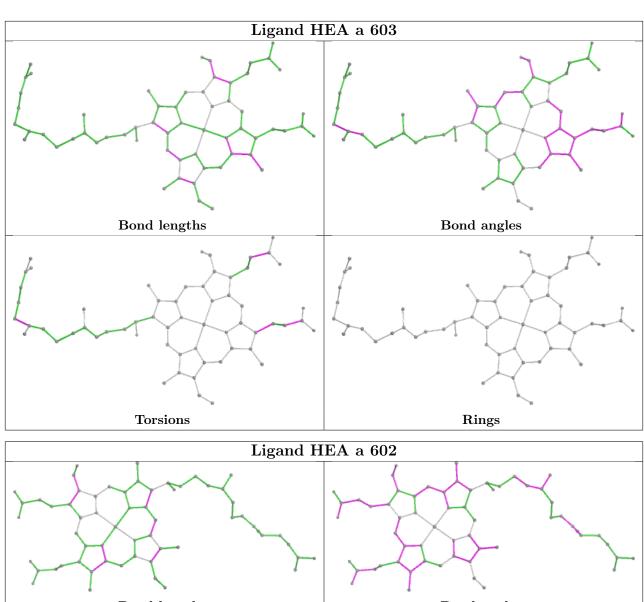


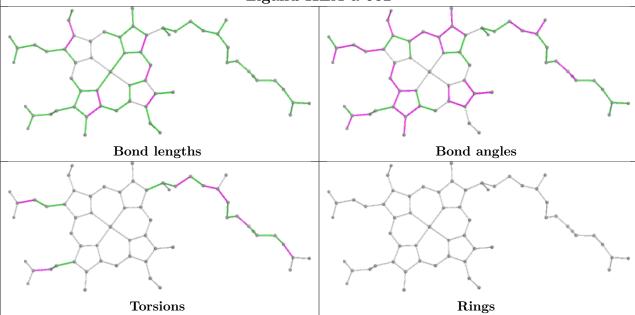




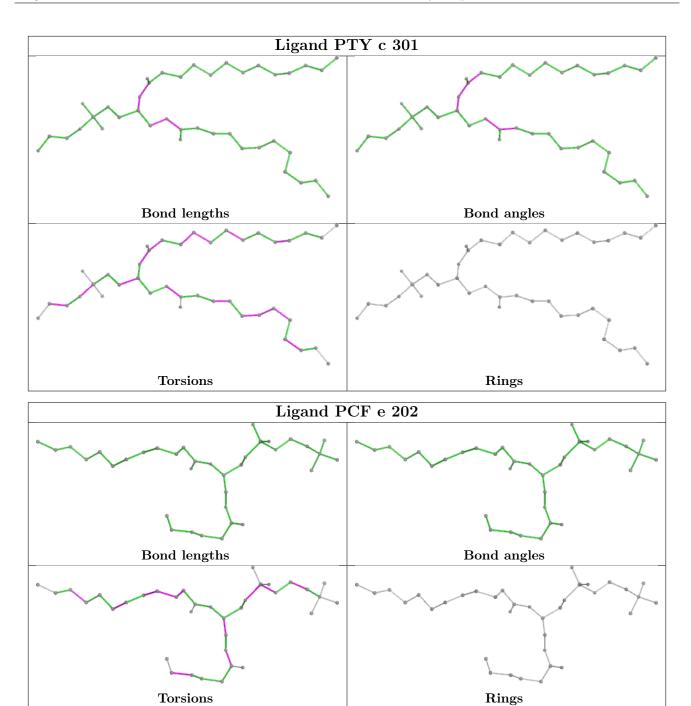




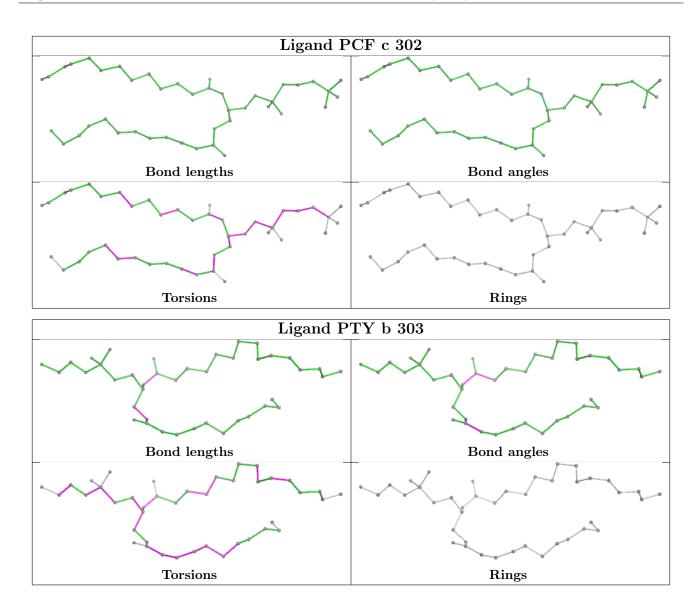












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



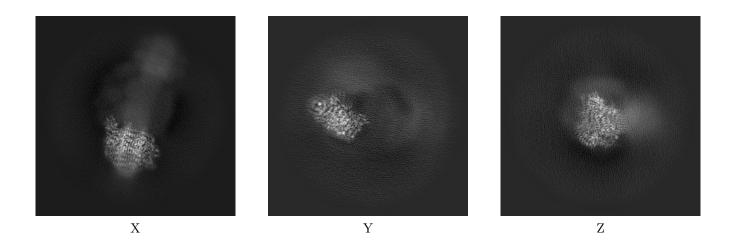
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-10848. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

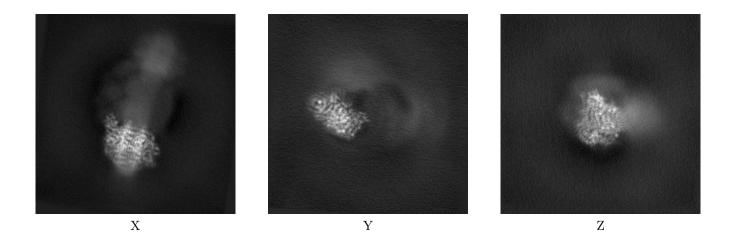
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map

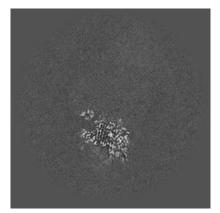


The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

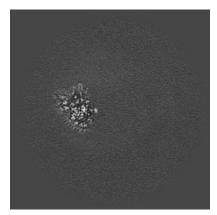


6.2 Central slices (i)

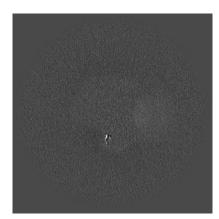
6.2.1 Primary map





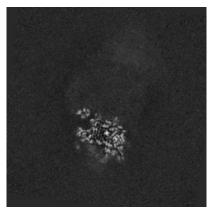


Y Index: 185

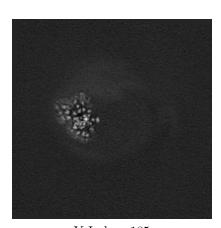


Z Index: 185

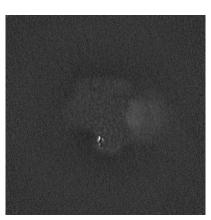
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 185



Y Index: 185



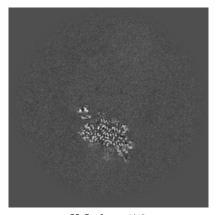
Z Index: 185

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

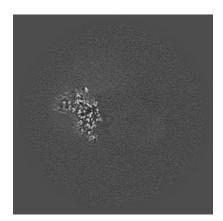


6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

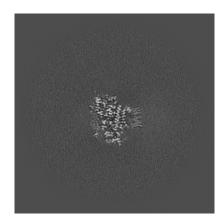
6.3.1 Primary map





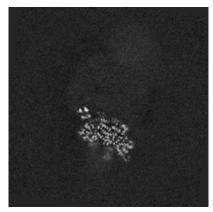


Y Index: 162

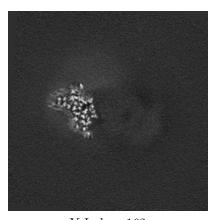


Z Index: 133

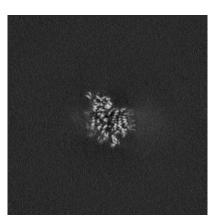
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 178



Y Index: 162



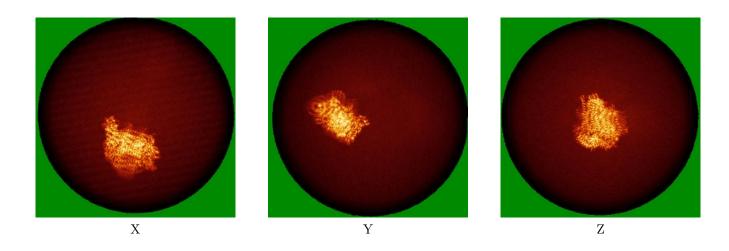
Z Index: 126

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

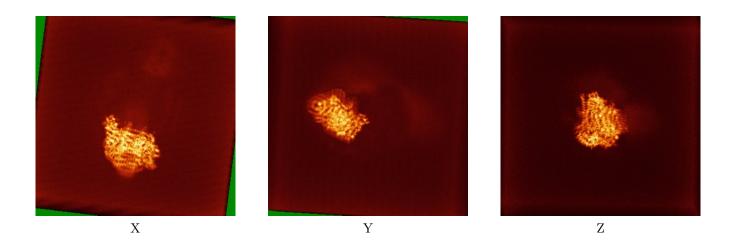


6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



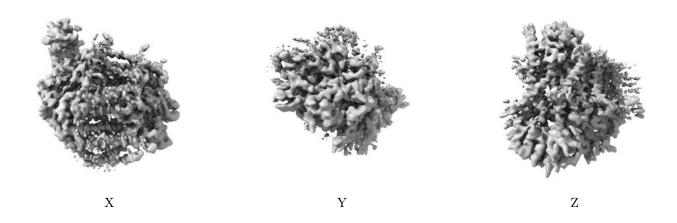
6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.41. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.



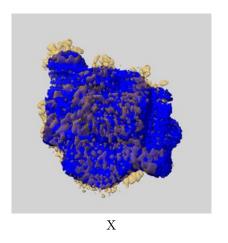
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

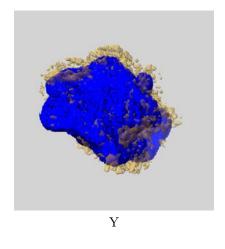
This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

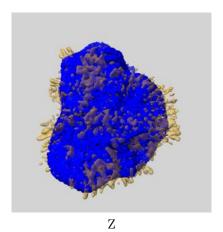
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

6.6.1 emd_10848_msk_1.map (i)



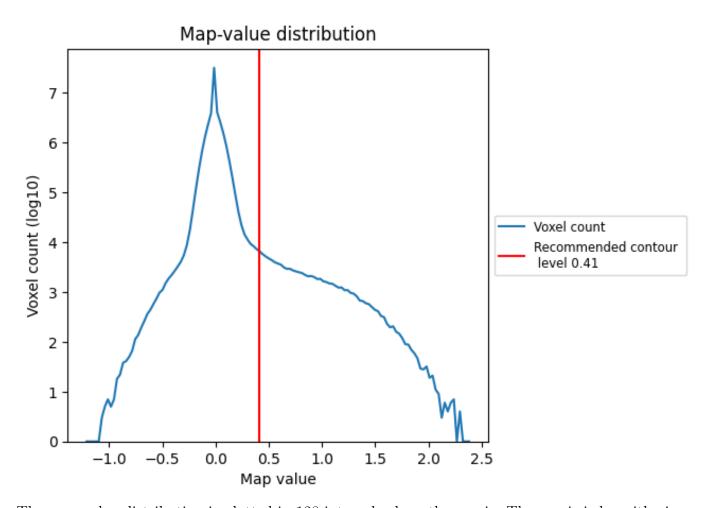




7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

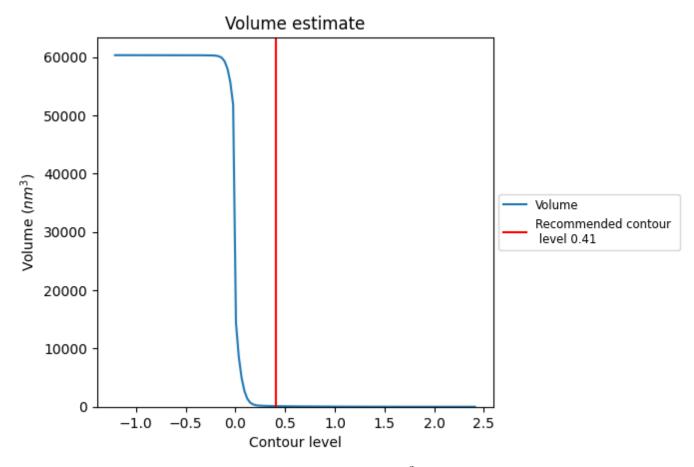
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

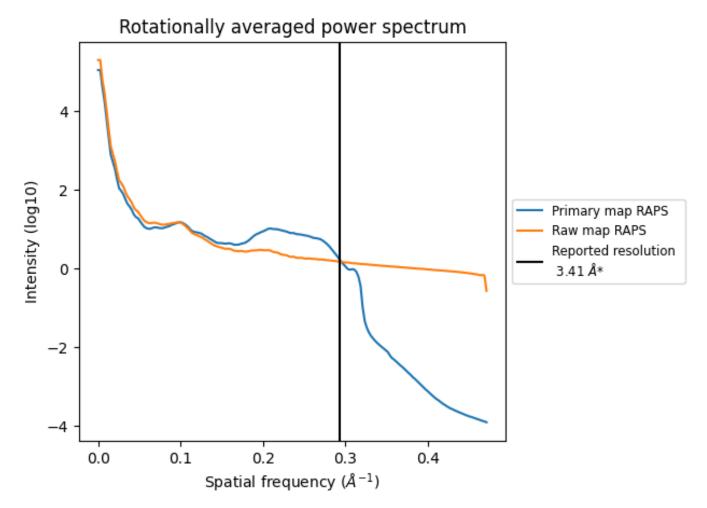


The volume at the recommended contour level is $109~\mathrm{nm}^3$; this corresponds to an approximate mass of $98~\mathrm{kDa}$.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



^{*}Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.293 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

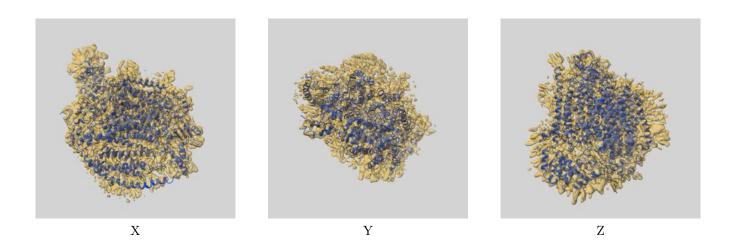
This section was not generated.



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-10848 and PDB model 6YMY. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 10.

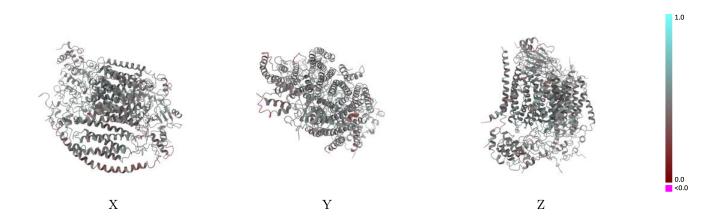
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.41 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

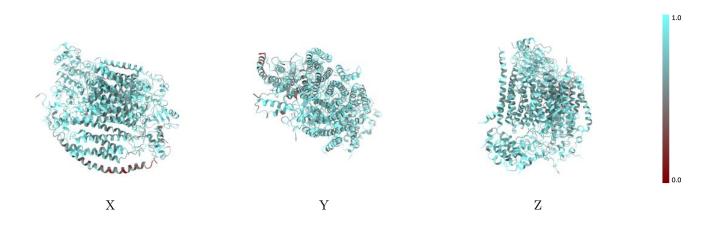


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

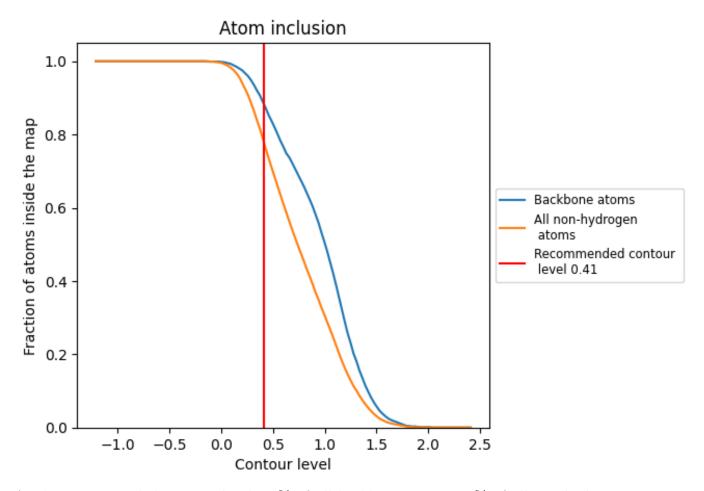
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.41).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 88% of all backbone atoms, 78% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.41) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7820	0.4830
a	0.7970	0.5060
b	0.8020	0.4950
С	0.7870	0.4830
d	0.8210	0.4760
e	0.7810	0.4710
f	0.8270	0.4750
g	0.8420	0.4810
h	0.8060	0.4900
i	0.7710	0.4730
j	0.7430	0.4430
k	0.5830	0.4130
m	0.7460	0.4720



