

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Apr 28, 2024 – 05:02 AM JST

PDB ID : 7YFQ

EMDB ID : EMD-33797

Title: Cryo-EM structure of the EfPiwi (N959K)-piRNA-target ternary complex

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Deposited on : 2022-07-08

Resolution : 3.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev92

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $MapQ \quad : \quad 1.9.13$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

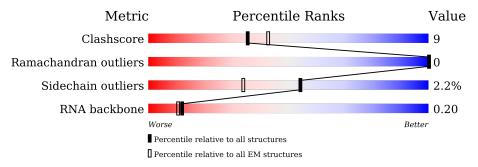
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826
RNA backbone	4643	859

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	В	25	12%	40%		44%		·
			38%					
2	С	16	38%		38%		25%	6
			20%					
3	A	806		79% 11% 9%				

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

\mathbf{Mol}	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
1	OMU	В	25	-	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6719 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called piRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
1	В	25	Total 530	C 238	N 92	O 175	P 25	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a RNA chain called RNA (5'-R(* * UP*CP*CP*AP*UP*GP*UP*UP*GP*AP* UP*GP*GP*UP*AP*A)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
2	С	16	Total 340	C 152	N 58	O 114	P 16	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Piwi.

Mol	Chain	Residues		A	toms			AltConf	Trace
9	۸	733	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
3	A	199	5847	3722	1031	1059	35	0	U

There are 39 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	182	MET	- initiating methionine		UNP D5MRY8
A	183	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	184	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	185	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	186	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	187	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	188	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	189	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	190	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	191	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	192	SER	ı	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	193	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	194	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	195	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	196	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	197	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	198	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	199	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	200	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	201	GLY	_	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	202	SER	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	203	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	204	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	205	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	206	ASP	_	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	207	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	208	ASP	_	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	209	ASP	_	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	210	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	211	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	212	SER	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	213	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	214	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	215	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	216	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	217	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	218	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	219	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP D5MRY8
A	959	LYS	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP D5MRY8

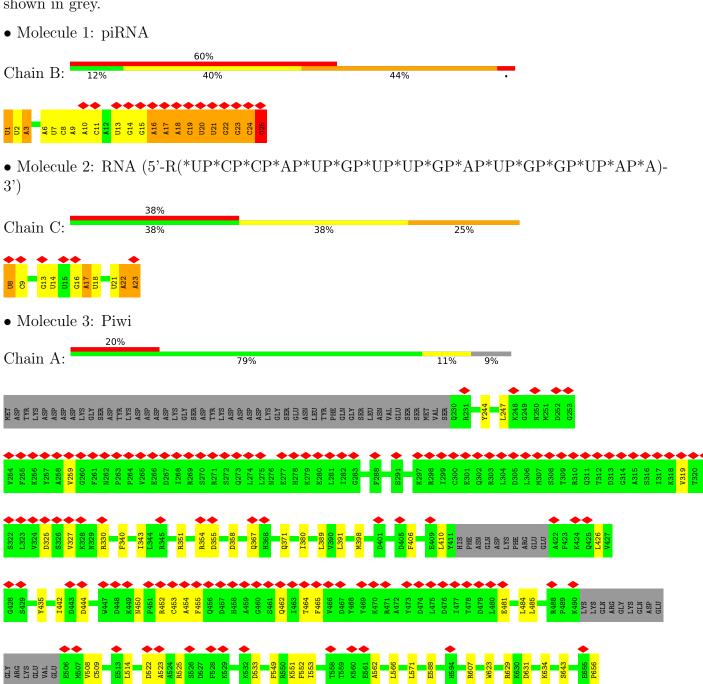
• Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

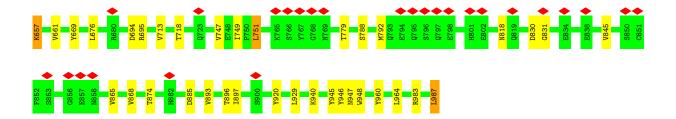
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
4	A	2	Total Mg 2 2	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.







4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	221896	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1200	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	6.655	Depositor
Minimum map value	-4.724	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.161	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.8	Depositor
Map size (Å)	208.70401, 208.70401, 208.70401	wwPDB
Map dimensions	192, 192, 192	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.087, 1.087, 1.087	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, OMU

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	В	0.51	1/568~(0.2%)	1.06	0/880	
2	С	0.31	0/379	0.94	0/588	
3	A	0.29	0/5975	0.61	0/8090	
All	All	0.32	$1/6922 \ (0.0\%)$	0.69	0/9558	

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
1	В	1	U	OP3-P	-7.49	1.52	1.61

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	В	530	0	271	63	0
2	С	340	0	171	6	0
3	A	5847	0	5858	59	0
4	A	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	6719	0	6300	112	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including



hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 112 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:B:18:A:C2	1:B:19:C:H5	1.49	1.29
1:B:18:A:N3	1:B:19:C:H5	1.43	1.16
1:B:18:A:C2	1:B:19:C:C5	2.36	1.13
1:B:18:A:N3	1:B:19:C:C5	2.20	1.08
1:B:21:U:H2'	1:B:22:G:H4'	1.38	1.04

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	llysed Favoured Allo		Outliers	Percentiles	
3	A	727/806 (90%)	685 (94%)	42 (6%)	0	100 100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	A	641/725 (88%)	627 (98%)	14 (2%)	52 79	

5 of 14 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	A	629	ARG
3	A	643	SER
3	A	987	LEU
3	A	792	MET
3	A	983	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
1	В	$24/25 \ (96\%)$	18 (75%)	7 (29%)
2	С	16/16 (100%)	7 (43%)	2 (12%)
All	All	40/41 (97%)	25 (62%)	9 (22%)

5 of 25 RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	3	A
1	В	6	A
1	В	7	U
1	В	10	A
1	В	11	С

5 of 9 RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	С	8	U
2	С	22	A
1	В	20	U
1	В	21	U
1	В	22	G

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond



length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mal	Aol Type (Pos	Link	Bo	ond leng	$ ag{ths}$	В	ond ang	les
	IVIOI	туре	Chain Res I	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
Ī	1	OMU	В	25	1	19,22,23	1.19	2 (10%)	26,31,34	1.74	5 (19%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	\mathbf{Type}	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	OMU	В	25	1	-	2/9/27/28	0/2/2/2

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	В	25	OMU	C4-N3	-2.42	1.34	1.38
1	В	25	OMU	C2-N3	-2.16	1.34	1.38

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	25	OMU	C4-N3-C2	-4.54	120.59	126.58
1	В	25	OMU	C5-C4-N3	3.85	120.61	114.84
1	В	25	OMU	N3-C2-N1	3.77	119.90	114.89
1	В	25	OMU	O4-C4-C5	-3.11	119.69	125.16
1	В	25	OMU	O2-C2-N1	-2.08	120.02	122.79

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	В	25	OMU	O4'-C1'-N1-C6
1	В	25	OMU	O4'-C1'-N1-C2

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 8 short contacts:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	В	25	OMU	8	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



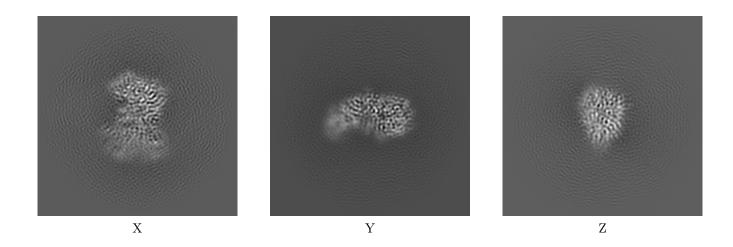
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-33797. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

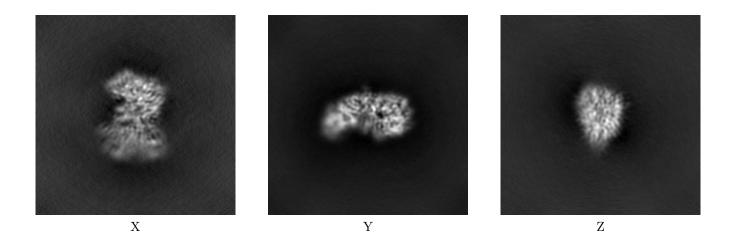
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map

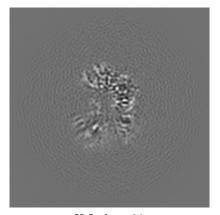


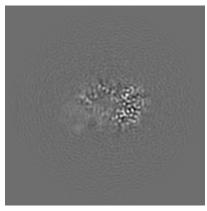
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

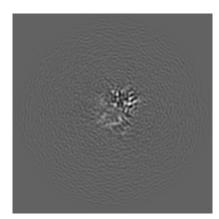


6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map





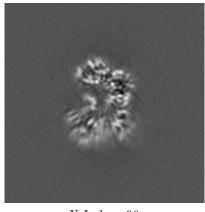


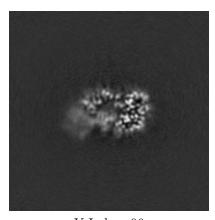
X Index: 96

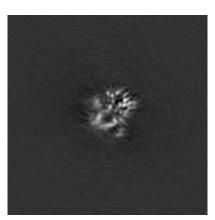
Y Index: 96

Z Index: 96

6.2.2 Raw map







X Index: 96

Y Index: 96

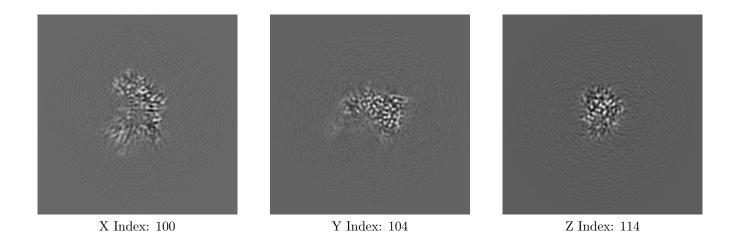
Z Index: 96

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

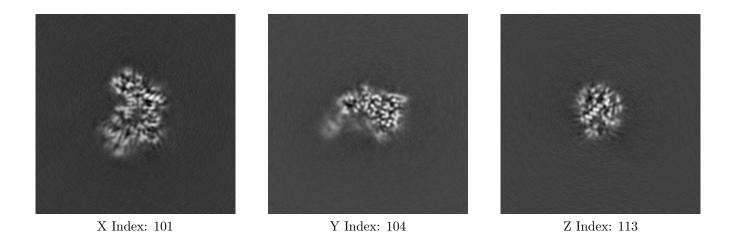


6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map



6.3.2 Raw map

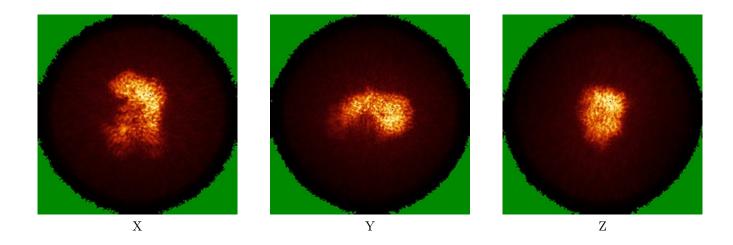


The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

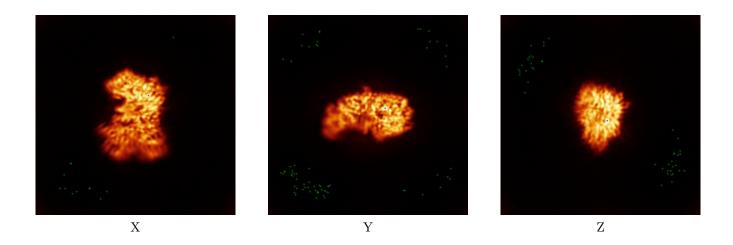


6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



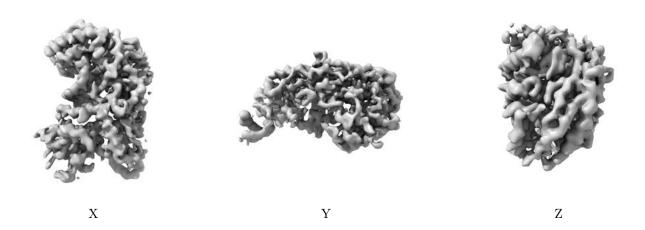
6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.8. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

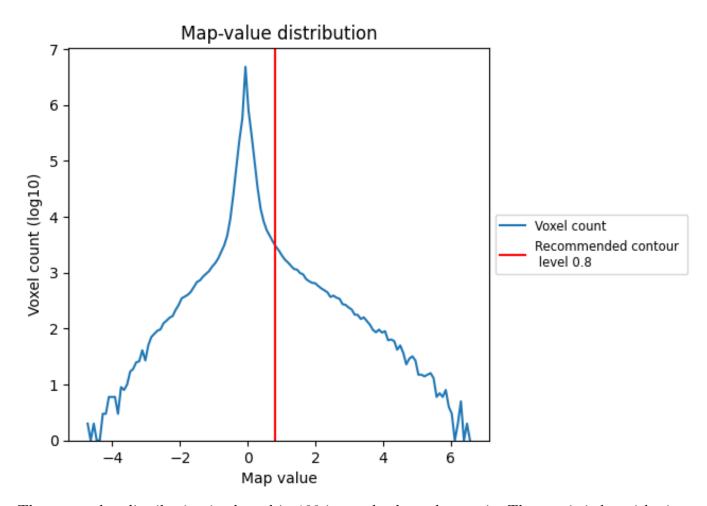
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

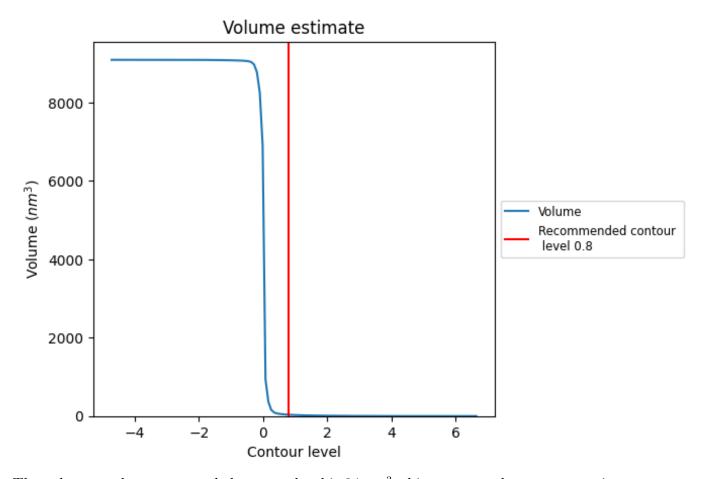
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

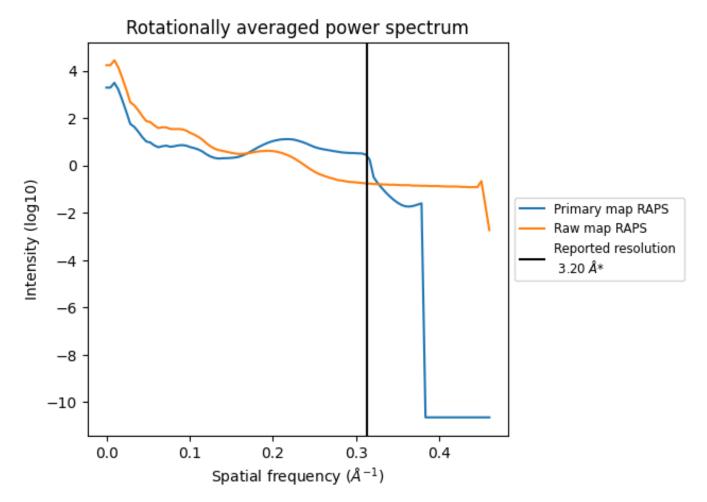


The volume at the recommended contour level is 34 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 31 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



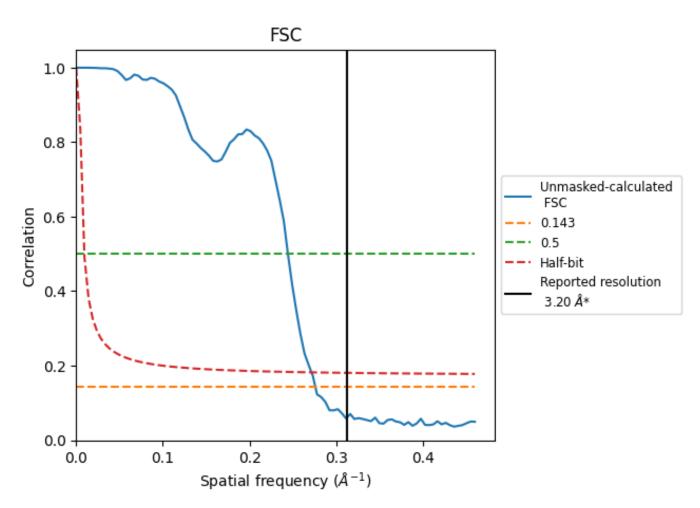
^{*}Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.312 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.312 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
rtesolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.20	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	3.62	4.09	3.68

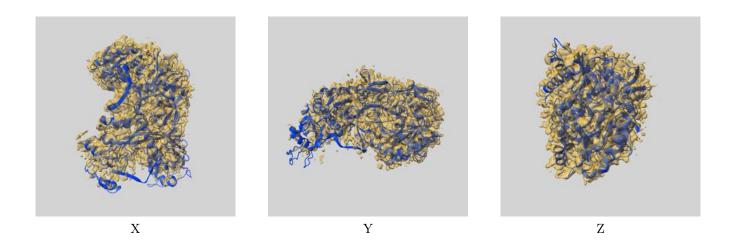
^{*}Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.62 differs from the reported value 3.2 by more than 10 %



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-33797 and PDB model 7YFQ. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

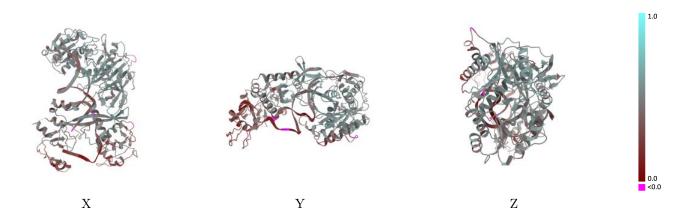
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.8 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

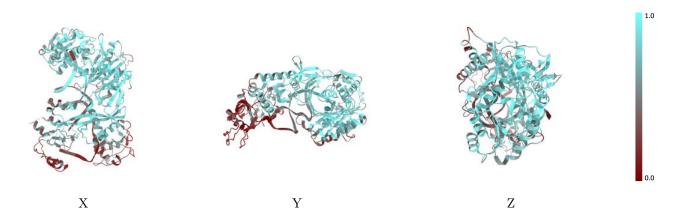


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

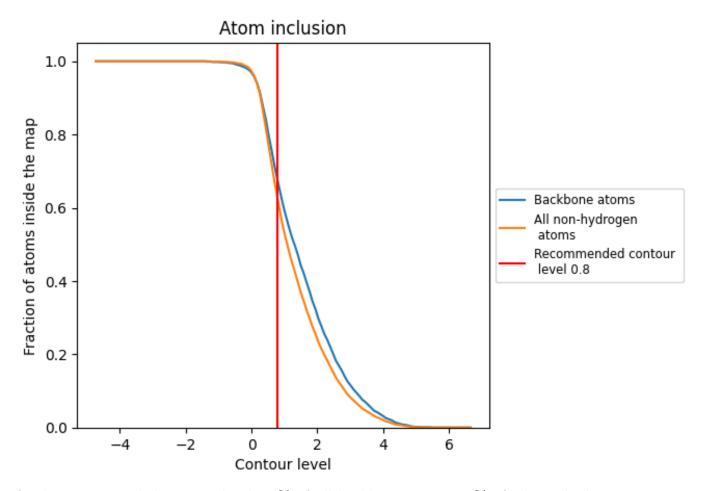
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.8).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 67% of all backbone atoms, 62% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.8) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6220	0.4350
A	0.6510	0.4580
В	0.4020	0.2780
С	0.4820	0.2920



