

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID : 6Y1Q BMRB ID : 34491

Title : Cortistatin analog with improved immunoregulatory activity

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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)

NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

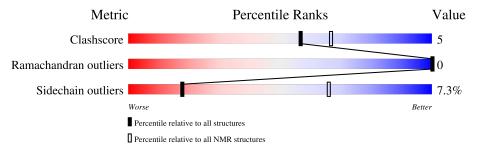
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 49%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	14	71%	7%	21%		



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 14 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues					
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model					
1	A:2-A:5, A:7-A:7, A:9-A:14	0.41	14		
	(11)				

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 5 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 11, 12, 14
2	6, 9, 16, 20
3	15, 17
4	5, 18
Single-model clusters	7; 8; 10; 13; 19



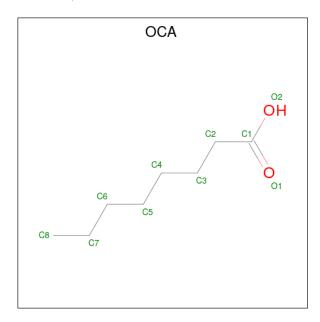
3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 271 atoms, of which 137 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Analog 5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
1	Λ	1.4	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
1 A	14	247	85	122	19	19	2	U	

 \bullet Molecule 2 is OCTANOIC ACID (CAPRYLIC ACID) (three-letter code: OCA) (formula: $C_8H_{16}O_2).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Atoms		
2	Λ	1	Total	С	Н	О
	$\begin{array}{c c}2&&A\end{array}$	1	24	8	15	1

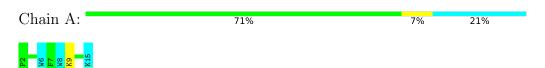


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Analog 5



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 14. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Analog 5





Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	refinement	
X-PLOR	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	101
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	98
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	3
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	49%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: O6H, OCA, DTR

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	87	84	84	1±1
2	A	9	15	15	0±0
All	All	1920	1980	1980	20

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

5 of 15 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom 1	Atom 9	Clash(Å)	$Distance(\mathring{A})$	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:9:LYS:HA	1:A:9:LYS:HE2	0.61	1.72	8	2
1:A:9:LYS:HD2	1:A:9:LYS:H	0.58	1.57	1	3
1:A:4:LYS:HE3	1:A:4:LYS:HA	0.57	1.75	9	1
1:A:4:LYS:HB2	2:A:101:OCA:H62	0.56	1.78	12	1
2:A:101:OCA:H42	2:A:101:OCA:H83	0.54	1.79	11	1



6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	$egin{array}{c c} { m ced} & { m Allowed} & { m Outliers} & { m P} \\ \hline \end{array}$		Perce	entiles
1	A	10/14 (71%)	10±0 (100±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	200/280 (71%)	200 (100%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	11/12 (92%)	10±1 (93±9%)	1±1 (7±9%)	18	66
All	All	220/240 (92%)	204 (93%)	16 (7%)	18	66

5 of 6 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	9	LYS	4
1	A	10	THR	4
1	A	4	LYS	3
1	A	7	PHE	2
1	A	5	ASN	2

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			
IVIOI		Cham			Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2	
1	О6Н	A	6	1	13,14,14	0.52 ± 0.02	0±0 (0±0%)	

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Type	Chain	Pos	Link		gles	
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	О6Н	A	6	1	15,19,19	1.64 ± 0.02	5±1 (32±3%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	О6Н	A	6	1	-	$0\pm0,5,6,6$	$0\pm0,1,1,1$

There are no bond-length outliers.

5 of 7 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Dag	Type	Atoma	7	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$	${f Models}$	
10101	Chain	rtes	туре	Atoms	is Z Observed(*)		ideal(*)	Worst	Total
1	A	6	О6Н	CD1-CE1-CZ	2.83	119.27	122.17	12	20
1	A	6	О6Н	CD2-CE2-CZ	2.78	119.31	122.17	15	20
1	A	6	О6Н	CE2-CD2-CG	2.44	121.70	118.86	12	13

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	7	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$	Mod	dels
MIOI	Chain	nes	Type			Observed()	ideai()	Worst	Total
1	A	6	О6Н	CE1-CD1-CG	2.30	121.55	118.86	20	13
1	A	6	О6Н	CE2-CZ-CE1	2.20	120.72	118.09	9	20

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mal	Type	Chain	Pog	Link	Bond lengths Counts RMSZ #Z>2		
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	OCA	A	101	1	8,8,9	0.37 ± 0.01	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

7	Mal	Type	Chain	Pog	Link	Bond angles		
	MIOI	туре	Chain	rtes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
	2	OCA	A	101	1	7,7,9	0.44 ± 0.02	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral



centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	OCA	A	101	1	-	$0\pm0,5,6,7$	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 49% for the well-defined parts and 48% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: starch_output

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	101
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	98
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	3
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

• No matching atom found in the structure. All 3 occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Pog	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
LIST ID	Chain	rtes	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	6	О6Н	QE	6.615	0.004	
1	A	6	О6Н	QF+	1.902	0.001	
1	A	6	О6Н	QH	1.83	0.019	•

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 49%, i.e. 69 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 142. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	13 C	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	21/53 (40%)	21/21 (100%)	0/22~(0%)	0/10 (0%)
Sidechain	38/69 (55%)	38/44 (86%)	0/22~(0%)	0/3 (0%)
Aromatic	10/20 (50%)	10/10 (100%)	0/10 (0%)	0/0 (%)
Overall	69/142 (49%)	69/75~(92%)	0/54 (0%)	0/13 (0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

