wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Nov 30, 2022 – 01:38 AM JST

PDB ID	:	7XPX
EMDB ID	:	EMD-33385
Title	:	Cryo-EM structure of the histone methyltransferase SET8 bound to H4K20Ecx-nucleosome
Authors	:	Shi, L.X.; Zhou, Z.
Deposited on	:	2022-05-06
Resolution	:	3.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

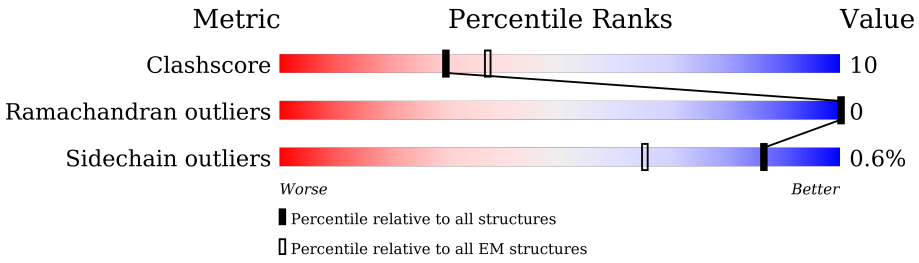
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev43
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.31.3

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



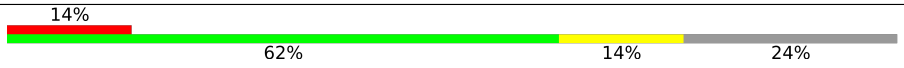
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	135	53% 20% 27%
1	E	135	54% 19% 27%
2	B	102	58% 26% 16%
2	F	102	58% 19% 23%
3	C	129	68% 16% 16%
3	G	129	65% 16% 19%
4	D	122	57% 20% 21%
4	H	122	59% 20% 21%

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	I	145	
6	J	145	
7	K	221	

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 13408 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Histone H3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	99	Total 820	C 518	N 159	O 140	S 3	0	0
1	E	98	Total 808	C 509	N 156	O 140	S 3	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Histone H4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	86	Total 693	C 435	N 139	O 117	S 2	0	0
2	F	79	Total 627	C 395	N 121	O 110	S 1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Histone H2A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
3	C	108	Total 834	C 525	N 165	O 144	0	0
3	G	105	Total 809	C 510	N 158	O 141	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Histone H2B 1.1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	D	96	Total 756	C 475	N 138	O 141	S 2	0	0
4	H	96	Total 757	C 475	N 140	O 140	S 2	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	29	THR	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P02281

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
H	29	THR	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P02281

- Molecule 5 is a DNA chain called DNA (145-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	I	145	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			2970	1409	550	867	144		

- Molecule 6 is a DNA chain called DNA (145-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	J	145	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			2969	1409	547	869	144		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called N-lysine methyltransferase KMT5A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	K	167	Total	C	N	O	S	1	0
			1338	833	242	257	6		

There are 21 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

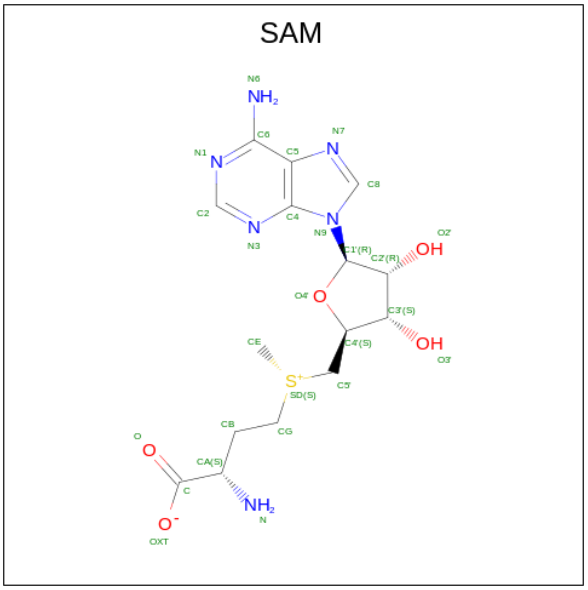
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
K	132	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q9NQR1
K	133	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	134	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	135	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	136	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	137	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	138	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	139	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	140	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	141	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	142	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	143	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	144	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	145	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	146	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	147	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	148	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	149	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	150	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
K	151	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1
K	152	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQR1

- Molecule 8 is S-ADENOSYLMETHIONINE (three-letter code: SAM) (formula: $C_{15}H_{22}N_6O_5S$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



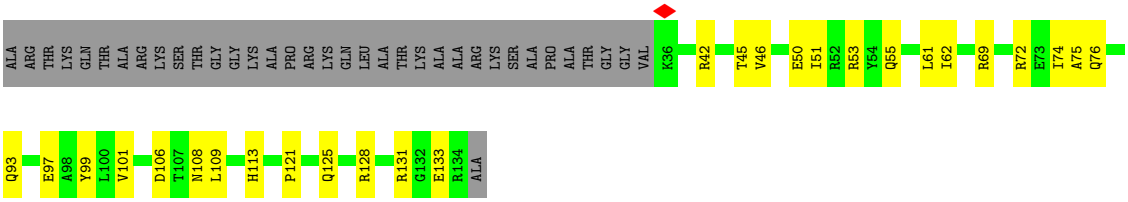
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	S	
8	K	1	27	15	6	5	1	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

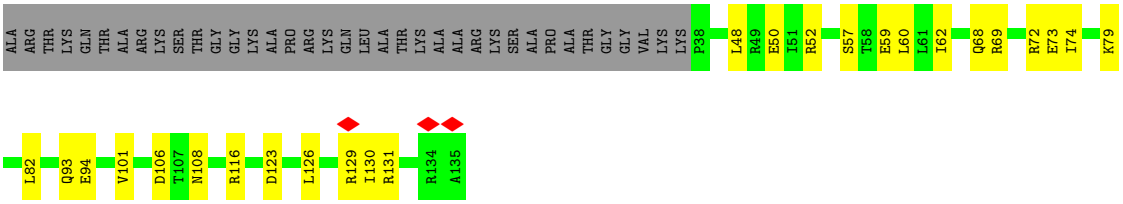
• Molecule 1: Histone H3

Chain A:



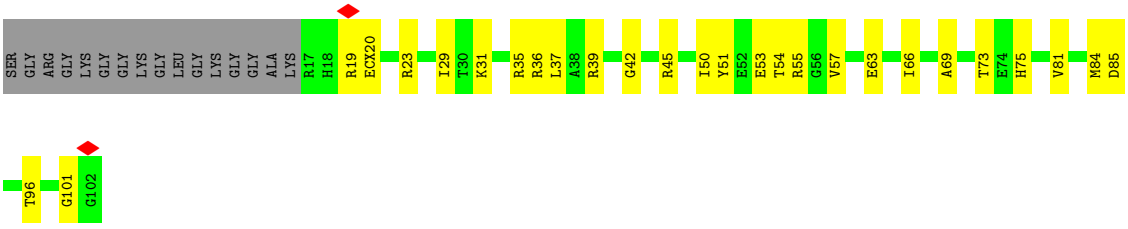
• Molecule 1: Histone H3

Chain E:



• Molecule 2: Histone H4

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Histone H4

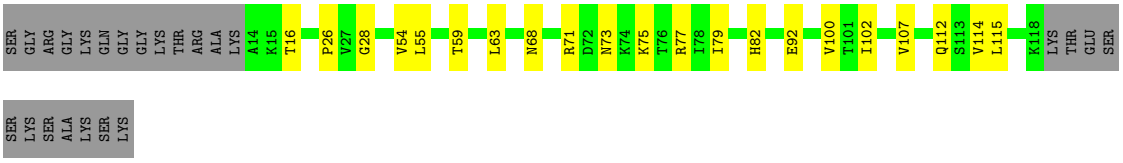
Chain F:

• Molecule 3: Histone H2A

Chain C:

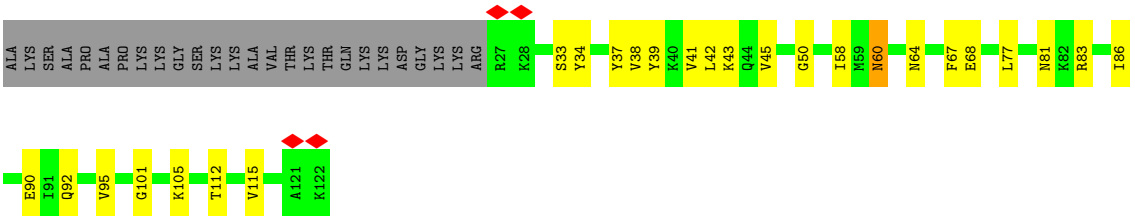
• Molecule 3: Histone H2A

Chain G:



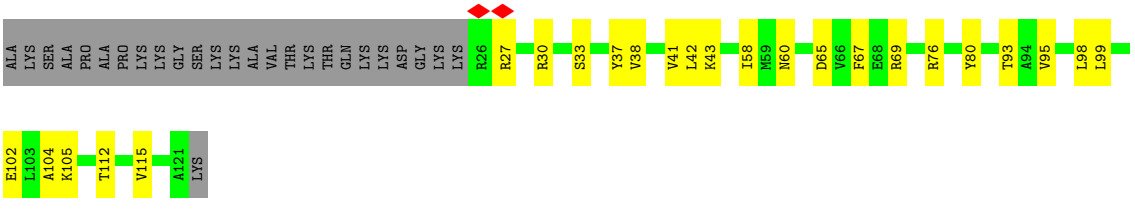
• Molecule 4: Histone H2B 1.1

Chain D:



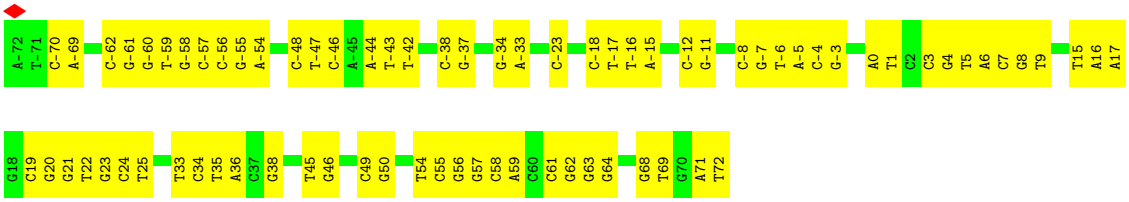
• Molecule 4: Histone H2B 1.1

Chain H:



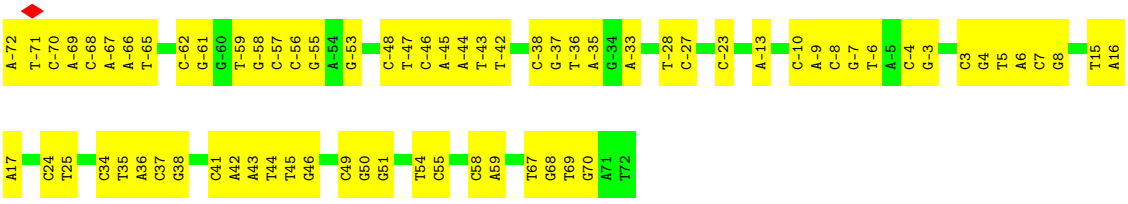
• Molecule 5: DNA (145-MER)

Chain I:



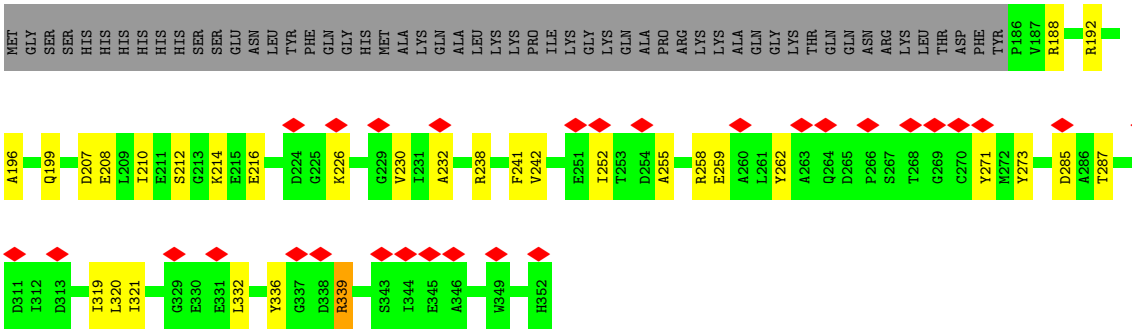
• Molecule 6: DNA (145-MER)

Chain J:



• Molecule 7: N-lysine methyltransferase KMT5A

Chain K:



4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	262534	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TALOS ARCTICA	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2200	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	61.698	Depositor
Minimum map value	-38.218	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	1.000	Depositor
Recommended contour level	1.4	Depositor
Map size (Å)	256.0, 256.0, 256.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.0, 1.0, 1.0	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SAM, ECX

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5
1	A	0.26	0/832	0.54	0/1115
1	E	0.26	0/820	0.53	0/1099
2	B	0.29	0/692	0.60	0/923
2	F	0.26	0/634	0.56	0/848
3	C	0.26	0/844	0.52	0/1138
3	G	0.25	0/819	0.52	0/1106
4	D	0.26	0/767	0.49	0/1029
4	H	0.25	0/768	0.49	0/1032
5	I	0.51	0/3332	0.91	0/5141
6	J	0.51	0/3330	0.90	0/5138
7	K	0.25	0/1369	0.54	0/1835
All	All	0.40	0/14207	0.74	0/20404

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	820	0	866	23	0
1	E	808	0	846	21	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	693	0	737	30	0
2	F	627	0	663	21	0
3	C	834	0	895	19	0
3	G	809	0	864	20	0
4	D	756	0	786	24	0
4	H	757	0	786	22	0
5	I	2970	0	1628	60	0
6	J	2969	0	1629	55	0
7	K	1338	0	1322	23	0
8	K	27	0	22	2	0
All	All	13408	0	11044	246	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 246 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:16:THR:HA	6:J:-43:DT:H5"	1.61	0.79
1:A:106:ASP:OD2	1:A:131:ARG:NH1	2.23	0.71
2:B:96:THR:HB	3:G:100:VAL:HG12	1.72	0.71
3:C:63:LEU:HD13	4:D:42:LEU:HB2	1.77	0.67
1:A:108:ASN:ND2	2:B:42:GLY:O	2.27	0.67

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	97/135 (72%)	96 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	E	96/135 (71%)	94 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	B	83/102 (81%)	79 (95%)	4 (5%)	0	100	100
2	F	77/102 (76%)	76 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
3	C	106/129 (82%)	103 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
3	G	103/129 (80%)	102 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
4	D	94/122 (77%)	90 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
4	H	94/122 (77%)	92 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
7	K	166/221 (75%)	151 (91%)	15 (9%)	0	100	100
All	All	916/1197 (76%)	883 (96%)	33 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	87/110 (79%)	87 (100%)	0	100	100
1	E	85/110 (77%)	85 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	70/77 (91%)	69 (99%)	1 (1%)	67	86
2	F	64/77 (83%)	63 (98%)	1 (2%)	62	84
3	C	85/101 (84%)	85 (100%)	0	100	100
3	G	83/101 (82%)	83 (100%)	0	100	100
4	D	82/102 (80%)	81 (99%)	1 (1%)	71	88
4	H	82/102 (80%)	81 (99%)	1 (1%)	71	88
7	K	144/189 (76%)	143 (99%)	1 (1%)	84	94
All	All	782/969 (81%)	777 (99%)	5 (1%)	86	94

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	23	ARG

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	D	60	ASN
2	F	92	ARG
4	H	27	ARG
7	K	339	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	108	ASN
1	A	125	GLN
4	D	81	ASN
1	E	108	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	ECX	B	20	2	6,7,8	0.78	0	3,7,9	0.89	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	ECX	B	20	2	-	3/4/6/8	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	20	ECX	C-CA-CB-SC
2	B	20	ECX	N-CA-CB-SC
2	B	20	ECX	CA-CB-SC-CD

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	20	ECX	2	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
8	SAM	K	401	-	24,29,29	1.20	3 (12%)	23,42,42	1.62	4 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
8	SAM	K	401	-	-	7/12/33/33	0/3/3/3

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
8	K	401	SAM	C2-N3	3.96	1.38	1.32
8	K	401	SAM	C2-N1	2.44	1.38	1.33
8	K	401	SAM	OXT-C	-2.12	1.23	1.30

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
8	K	401	SAM	N3-C2-N1	-5.31	120.38	128.68
8	K	401	SAM	C3'-C2'-C1'	3.15	105.72	100.98
8	K	401	SAM	OXT-C-O	-2.65	118.08	124.09
8	K	401	SAM	OXT-C-CA	2.17	120.77	113.38

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	K	401	SAM	N-CA-CB-CG
8	K	401	SAM	C-CA-CB-CG
8	K	401	SAM	CA-CB-CG-SD
8	K	401	SAM	CB-CG-SD-CE
8	K	401	SAM	CB-CG-SD-C5'

There are no ring outliers.

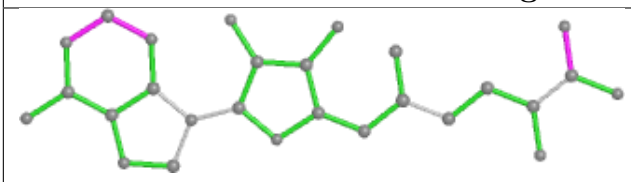
1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	K	401	SAM	2	0

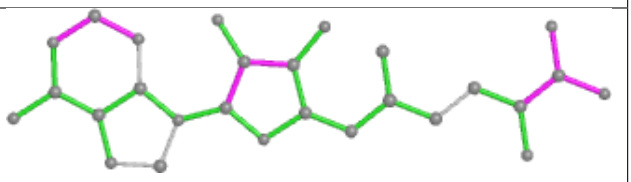
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and

any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

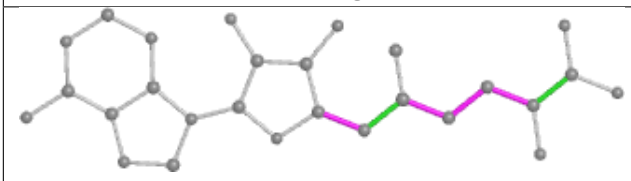
Ligand SAM K 401



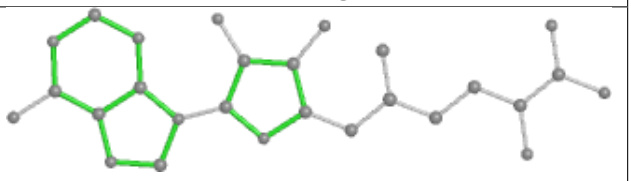
Bond lengths



Bond angles



Torsions



Rings

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

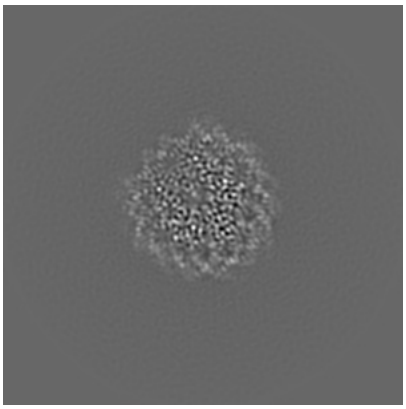
6 Map visualisation

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-33385. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

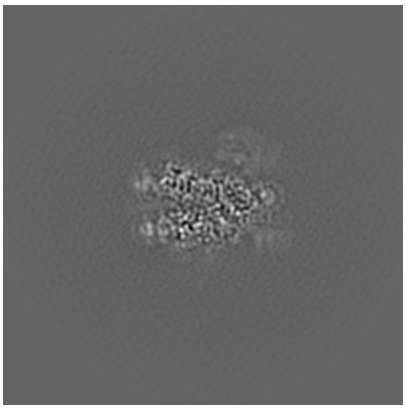
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections

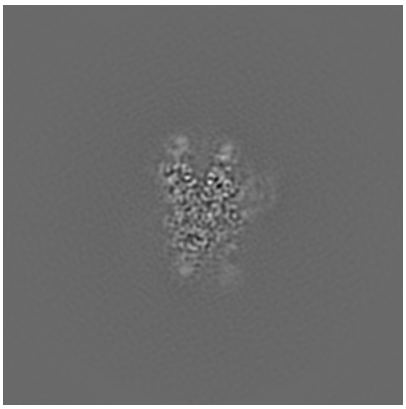
6.1.1 Primary map



X

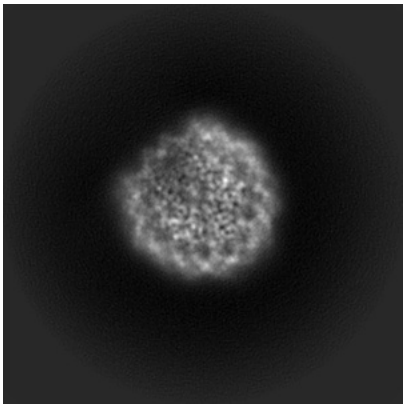


Y

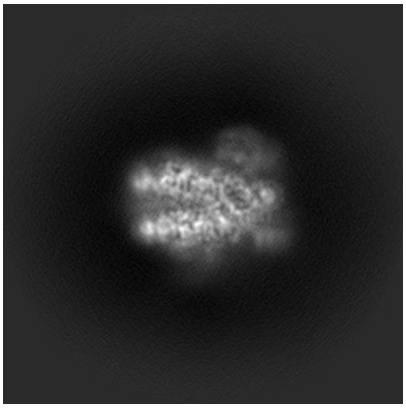


Z

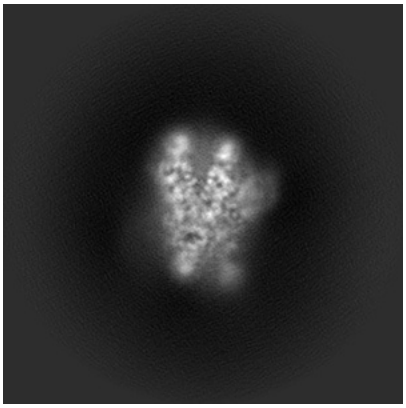
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

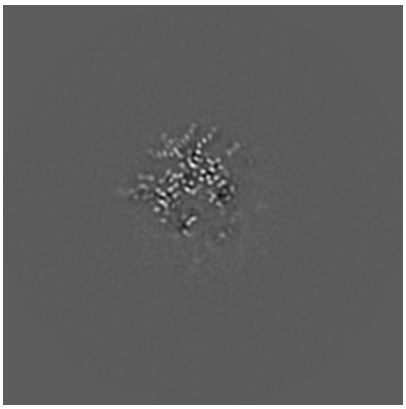


Z

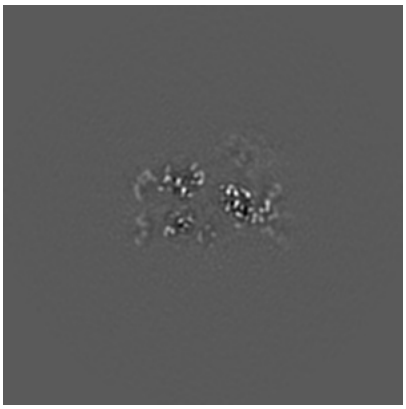
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

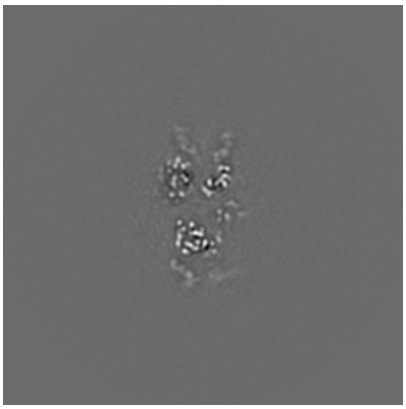
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128

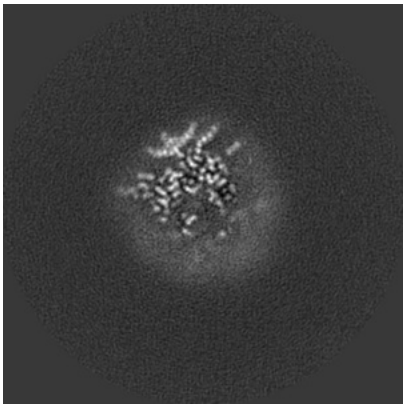


Y Index: 128

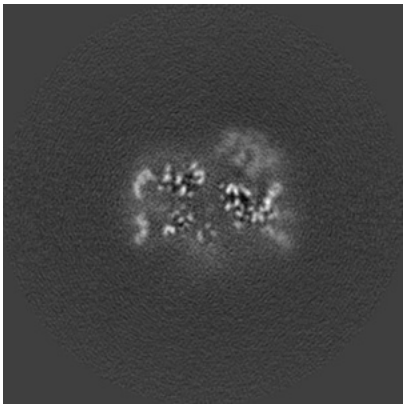


Z Index: 128

6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 128



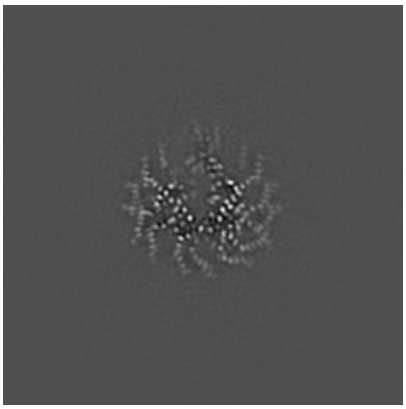
Y Index: 128

Z Index: 128

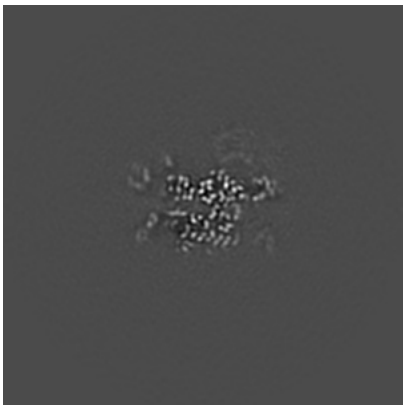
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

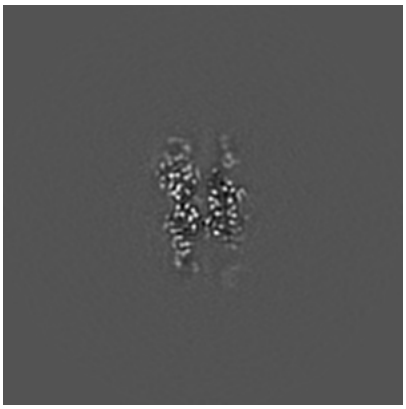
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 116

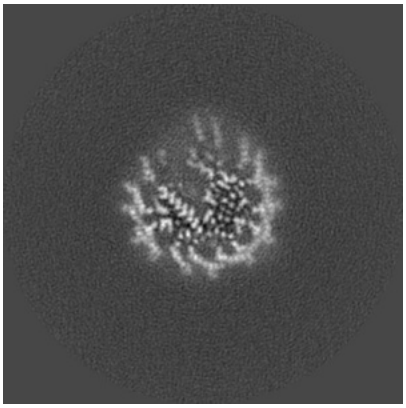


Y Index: 142

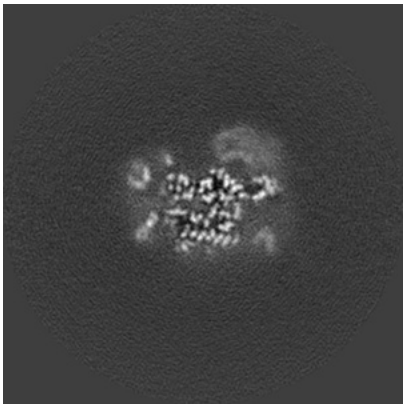


Z Index: 114

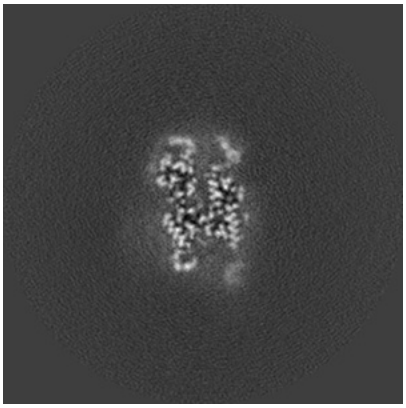
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 114



Y Index: 142



Z Index: 116

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

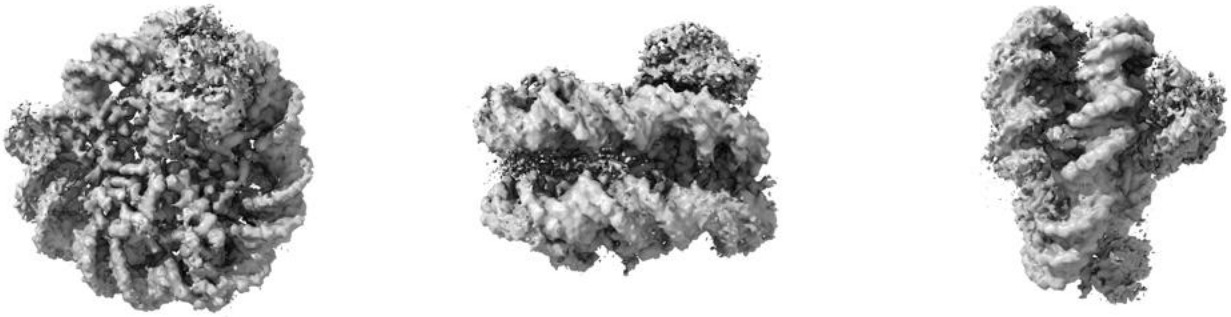
6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.4.1 Primary map

X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.4. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.4.2 Raw map



X Y Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

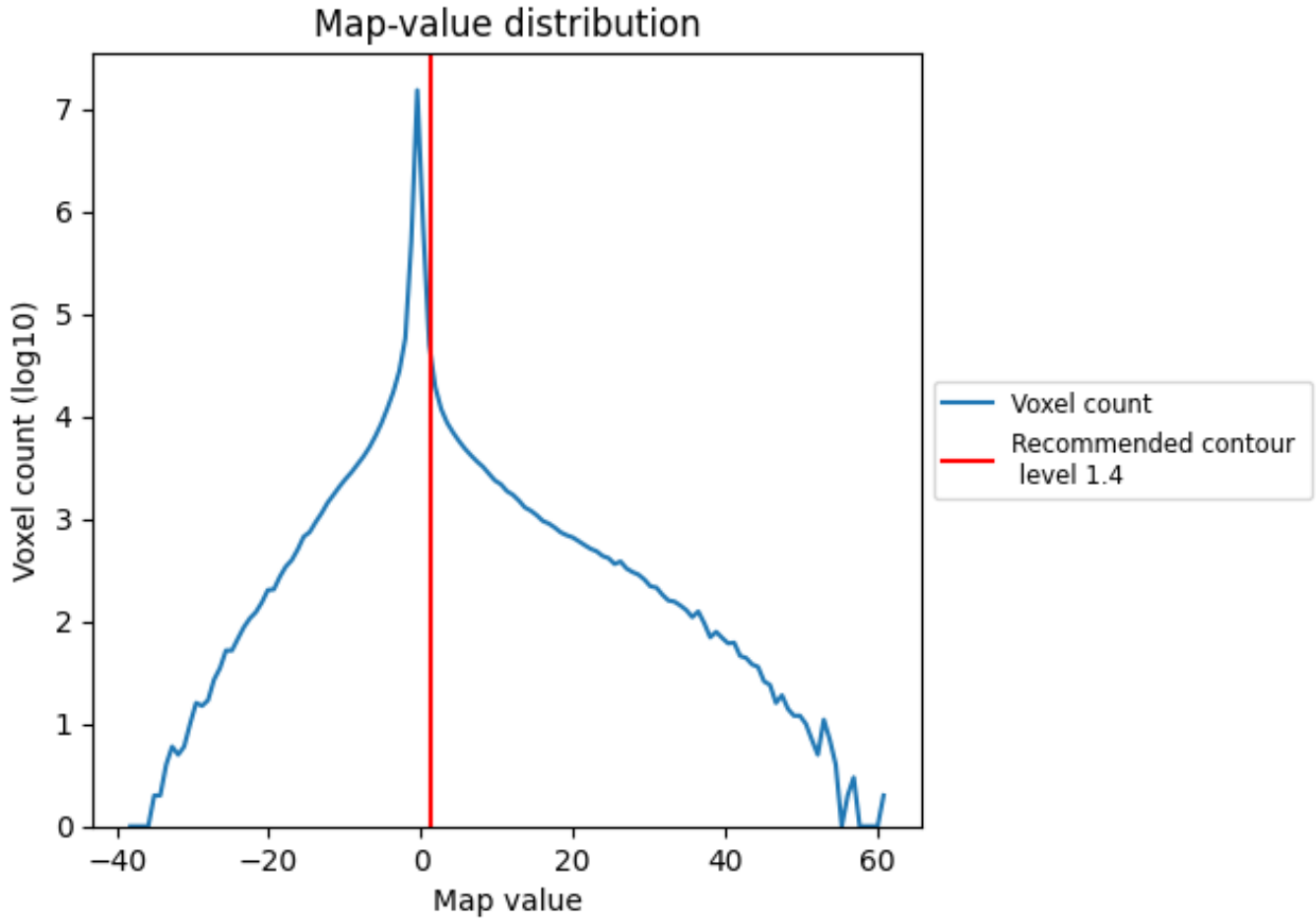
6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis

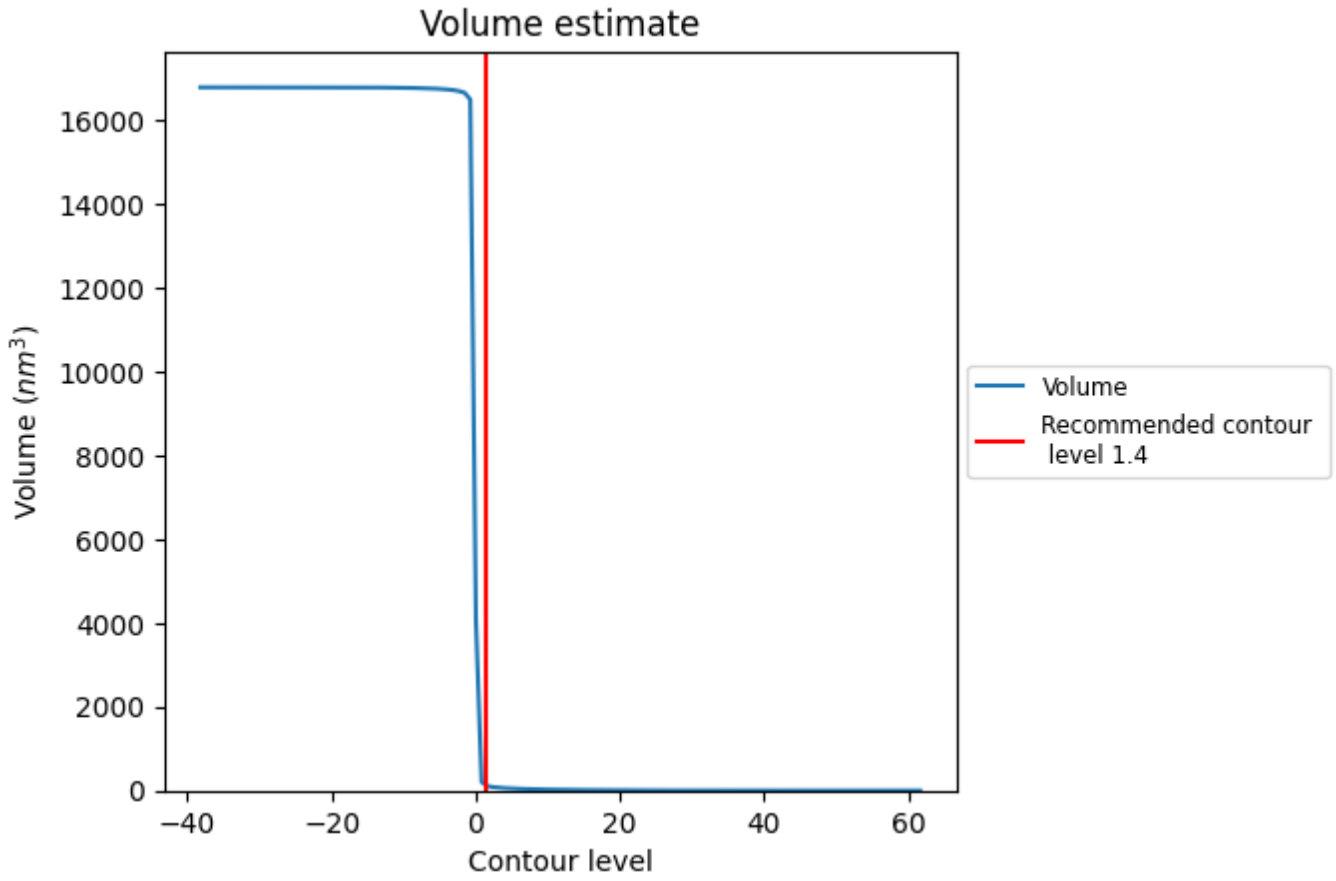
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

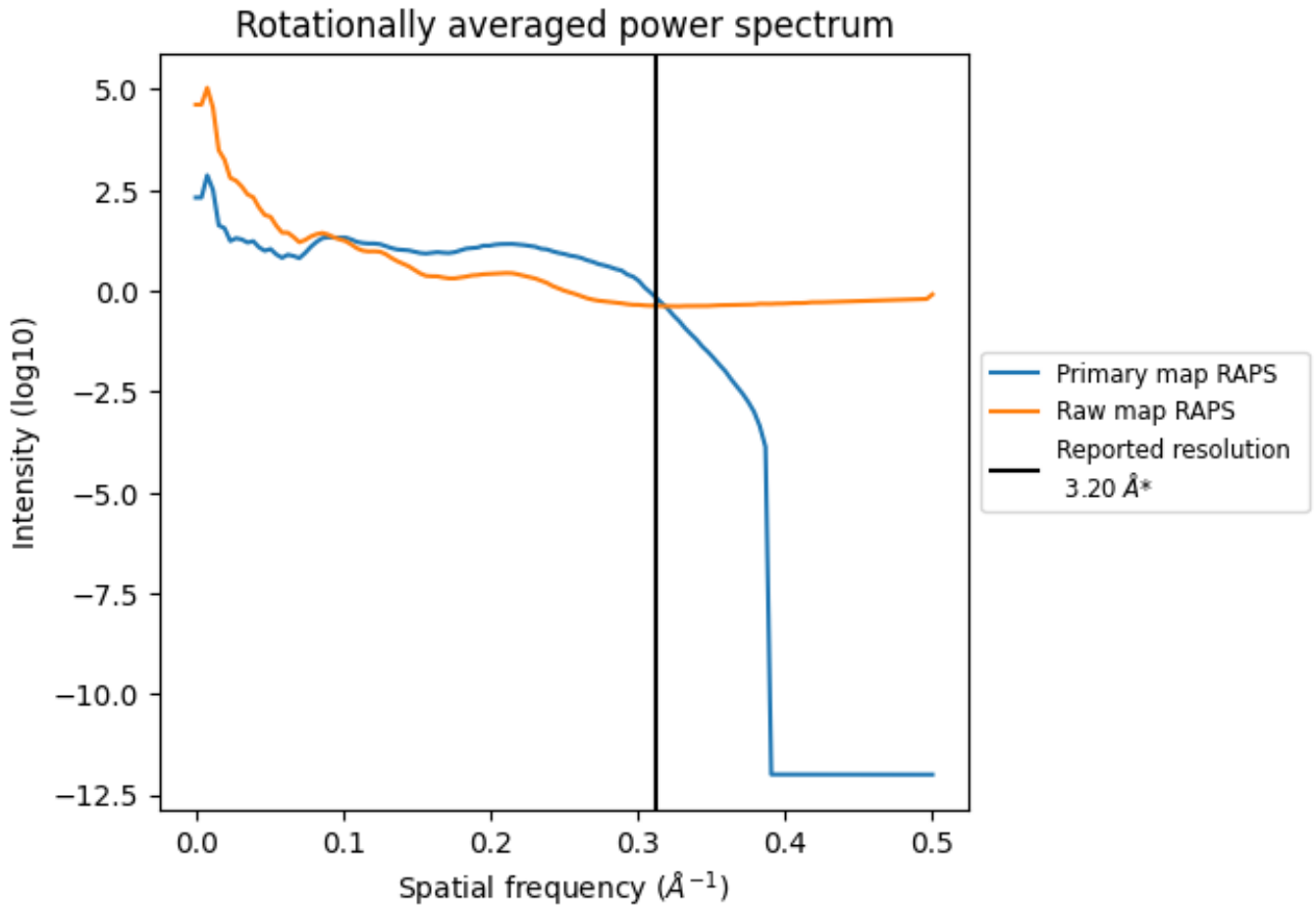
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 133 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 120 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

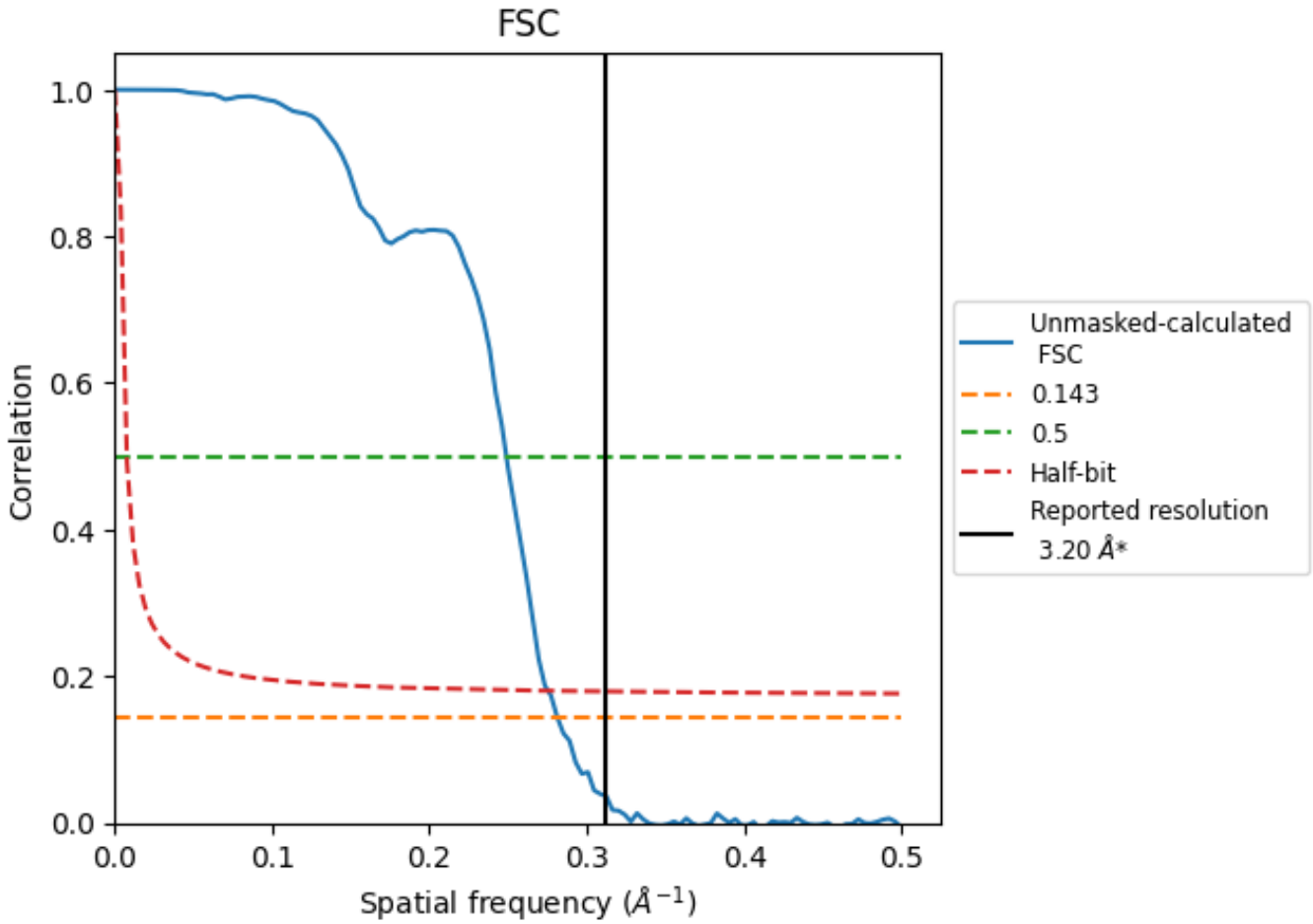


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.312 $Å^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.312 Å^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

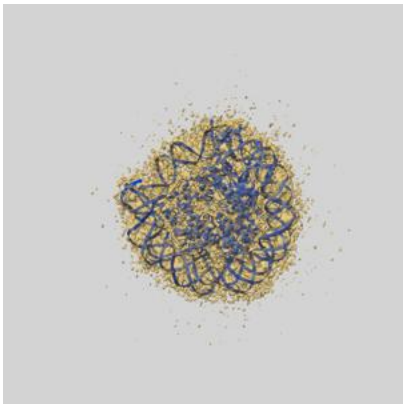
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.20	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	3.55	4.02	3.63

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.55 differs from the reported value 3.2 by more than 10 %

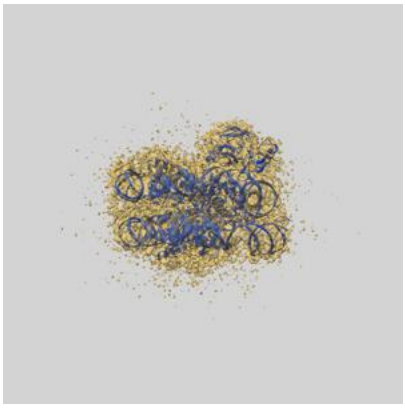
9 Map-model fit

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-33385 and PDB model 7XPX. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

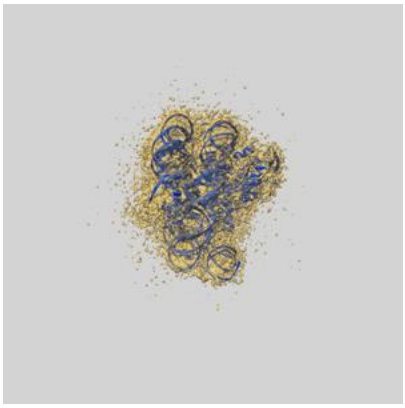
9.1 Map-model overlay



X



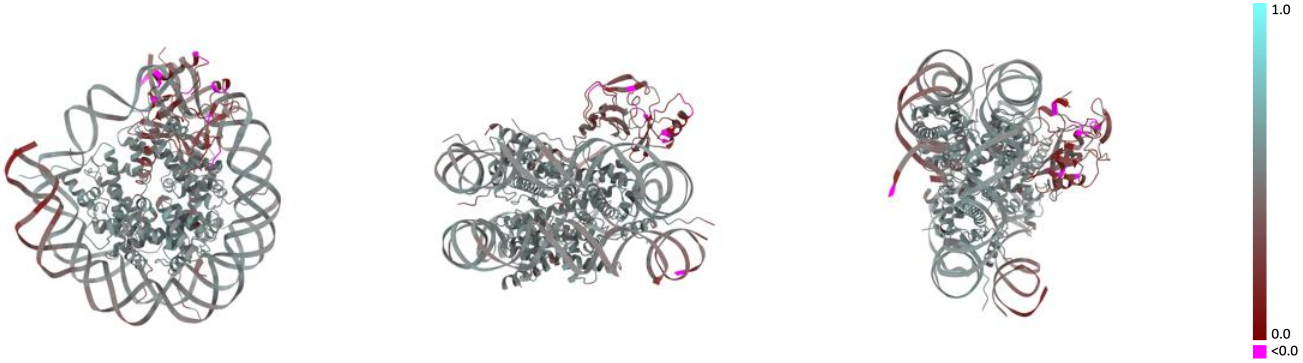
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 1.4 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

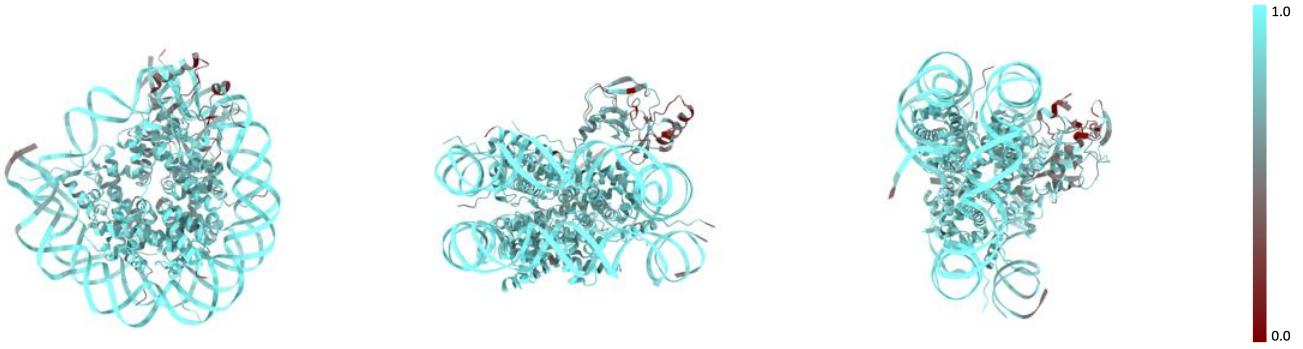
9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

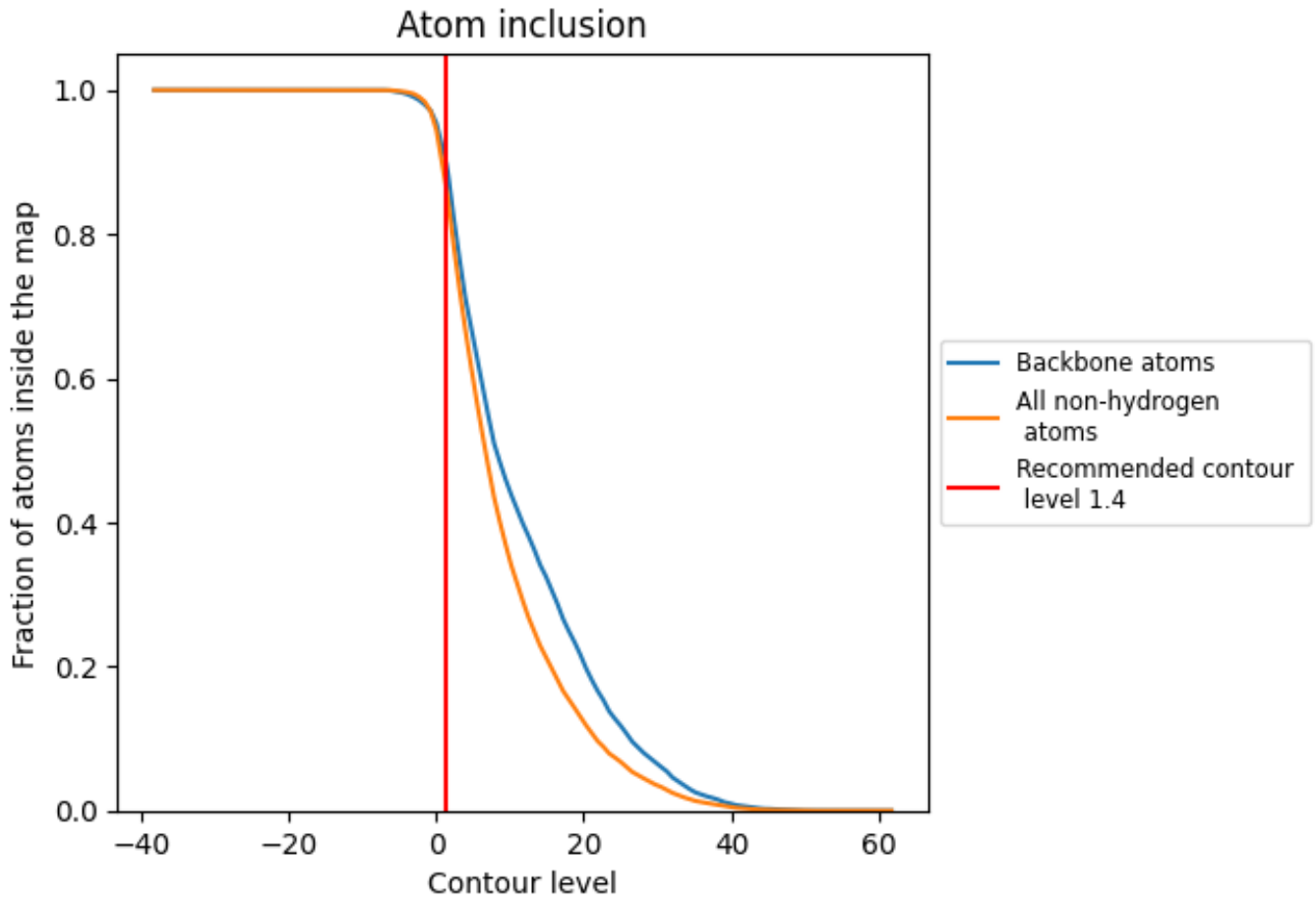
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (1.4).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 90% of all backbone atoms, 86% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (1.4) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8620	0.4750
A	0.8644	0.5320
B	0.8627	0.5180
C	0.9046	0.5340
D	0.8399	0.4970
E	0.8636	0.5360
F	0.8988	0.5410
G	0.8852	0.5260
H	0.8601	0.5090
I	0.9104	0.4710
J	0.9070	0.4680
K	0.6069	0.2810