



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 26, 2020 – 06:34 am BST

PDB ID : 1XPX  
Title : Structural basis of prospero-DNA interaction; implications for transcription regulation in developing cells  
Authors : Yousef, M.S.; Matthews, B.W.  
Deposited on : 2004-10-09  
Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.11  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

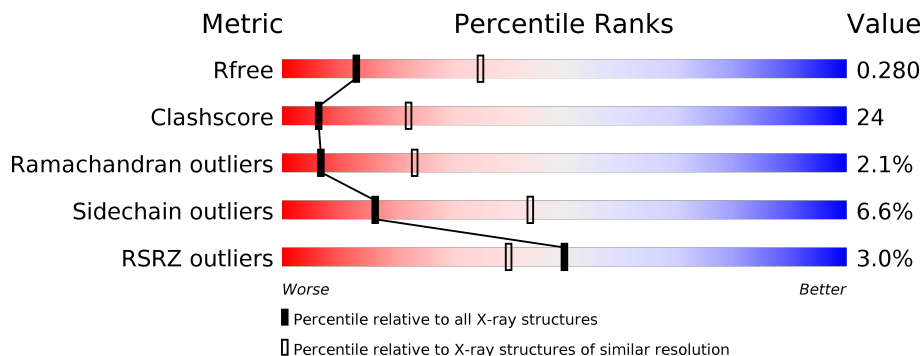
# 1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	3140 (2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	141614	3569 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3498 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3500 (2.80-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3078 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	D	10	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">10%</div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 15px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 10%, green 10%, yellow 60%, orange 60%);"></div> <div style="text-align: center;">60%</div> <div style="text-align: center;">40%</div> </div>
2	C	10	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">30%</div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 15px; background: linear-gradient(to right, green 30%, yellow 60%, orange 10%);"></div> <div style="text-align: center;">60%</div> <div style="text-align: center;">10%</div> </div>
3	A	163	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">2%</div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 15px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 2%, green 46%, yellow 37%, orange 6%, grey 12%);"></div> <div style="text-align: center;">46%</div> <div style="text-align: center;">37%</div> <div style="text-align: center;">6%</div> <div style="text-align: center;">12%</div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1659 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(\*AP\*GP\*CP\*AP\*TP\*GP\*CP\*CP\*TP\*G)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P			
1	D	10	202	97	38	58	9	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(\*CP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*CP\*AP\*TP\*GP\*CP\*T)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P			
2	C	10	202	97	38	58	9	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Protein prospero.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
3	A	144	1240	808	212	215	5	0	0	0

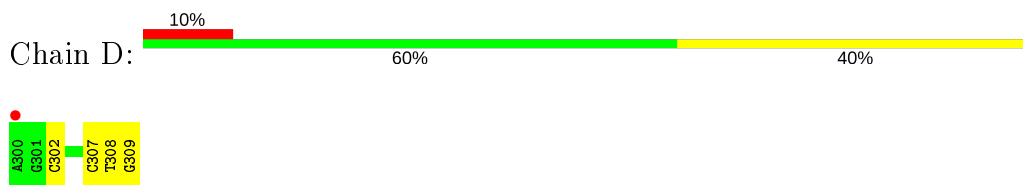
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	D	1	Total 1	O 1	0	0
4	C	2	Total 2	O 2	0	0
4	A	12	Total 12	O 12	0	0

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

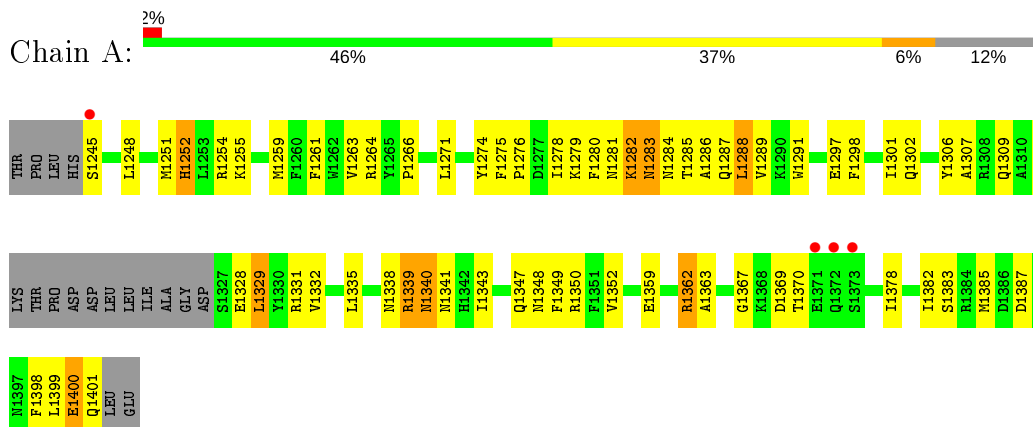
- Molecule 1: 5'-D(\*AP\*GP\*CP\*AP\*TP\*GP\*CP\*CP\*TP\*G)-3'



- Molecule 2: 5'-D(\*CP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*CP\*AP\*TP\*GP\*CP\*T)-3'



- Molecule 3: Protein prospero



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	44.71Å 44.71Å 226.66Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 – 2.80 28.86 – 2.80	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	90.0 (30.00-2.80) 88.2 (28.86-2.80)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	6.39 (at 2.80Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.1	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.217 , 0.282 0.217 , 0.280	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	320 reflections (5.66%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	50.0	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.337	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.36 , 76.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	1659	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	51.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.24% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	D	0.48	0/226	0.80	0/347
2	C	0.47	0/226	0.75	0/347
3	A	0.43	0/1276	0.58	0/1719
All	All	0.44	0/1728	0.64	0/2413

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	C	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	C	404	DC	Sidechain

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	D	202	0	114	7	0
2	C	202	0	114	8	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	1240	0	1220	61	0
4	A	12	0	0	1	0
4	C	2	0	0	1	0
4	D	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	1659	0	1448	73	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 24.

All (73) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:307:DC:H2"	1:D:308:DT:H71	1.61	0.83
3:A:1251:MET:HG2	3:A:1254:ARG:HH21	1.46	0.79
2:C:406:DG:H2"	2:C:407:DG:H5'	1.66	0.78
3:A:1362:ARG:HH11	3:A:1363:ALA:N	1.81	0.76
3:A:1359:GLU:HB3	3:A:1378:ILE:HD12	1.67	0.76
3:A:1252:HIS:NE2	3:A:1278:ILE:HD11	2.03	0.74
3:A:1340:ASN:N	3:A:1340:ASN:HD22	1.85	0.72
1:D:302:DC:H5"	3:A:1282:LYS:NZ	2.07	0.69
3:A:1335:LEU:HD12	3:A:1339:ARG:HD3	1.74	0.69
3:A:1348:ASN:HB2	4:A:12:HOH:O	1.93	0.69
3:A:1328:GLU:OE2	3:A:1331:ARG:HB2	1.95	0.66
3:A:1348:ASN:O	3:A:1352:VAL:HG23	1.96	0.66
3:A:1347:GLN:HE22	3:A:1350:ARG:HD2	1.59	0.66
3:A:1251:MET:HG2	3:A:1254:ARG:NH2	2.12	0.65
3:A:1307:ALA:O	3:A:1311:VAL:HG23	1.96	0.65
1:D:307:DC:H4'	1:D:308:DT:OP1	1.98	0.64
3:A:1280:PHE:HE2	3:A:1288:LEU:HD12	1.63	0.63
3:A:1399:LEU:O	3:A:1400:GLU:O	2.17	0.62
3:A:1306:TYR:O	3:A:1309:GLN:HG3	2.00	0.61
1:D:302:DC:H5"	3:A:1282:LYS:HZ3	1.65	0.61
3:A:1340:ASN:ND2	3:A:1340:ASN:N	2.49	0.61
3:A:1362:ARG:NH1	3:A:1363:ALA:N	2.48	0.60
3:A:1343:ILE:HD12	3:A:1343:ILE:C	2.22	0.60
3:A:1362:ARG:HH12	3:A:1363:ALA:HB2	1.65	0.60
3:A:1339:ARG:C	3:A:1340:ASN:HD22	2.04	0.60
3:A:1328:GLU:HG3	3:A:1328:GLU:O	2.01	0.59
3:A:1275:PHE:N	3:A:1276:PRO:HD3	2.17	0.58
3:A:1280:PHE:HA	3:A:1284:ASN:HD21	1.69	0.57
3:A:1252:HIS:HE2	3:A:1278:ILE:HD11	1.71	0.56

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:1400:GLU:O	3:A:1401:GLN:C	2.44	0.54
3:A:1252:HIS:CD2	3:A:1278:ILE:HD11	2.43	0.54
3:A:1280:PHE:HA	3:A:1284:ASN:ND2	2.23	0.54
3:A:1245:SER:O	3:A:1279:LYS:HG2	2.09	0.53
3:A:1255:LYS:HG3	3:A:1398:PHE:HE2	1.74	0.53
2:C:406:DG:C2'	2:C:407:DG:H5'	2.37	0.53
2:C:409:DA:OP2	2:C:409:DA:H8	1.92	0.53
1:D:307:DC:C2'	1:D:308:DT:H71	2.37	0.52
3:A:1362:ARG:NH1	3:A:1363:ALA:HB2	2.23	0.52
3:A:1283:ASN:O	3:A:1286:ALA:N	2.44	0.50
3:A:1367:GLY:O	3:A:1370:THR:HG23	2.10	0.50
3:A:1274:TYR:C	3:A:1276:PRO:HD3	2.31	0.50
2:C:404:DC:H2''	2:C:405:DA:C8	2.46	0.50
3:A:1245:SER:C	3:A:1279:LYS:HE2	2.33	0.49
3:A:1280:PHE:CE2	3:A:1288:LEU:HD12	2.47	0.48
3:A:1367:GLY:C	3:A:1369:ASP:H	2.16	0.48
3:A:1329:LEU:O	3:A:1329:LEU:HD12	2.13	0.48
2:C:408:DC:H2''	2:C:409:DA:OP2	2.13	0.48
3:A:1378:ILE:O	3:A:1382:ILE:HG12	2.14	0.48
3:A:1352:VAL:HA	3:A:1385:MET:HE1	1.96	0.48
3:A:1285:THR:O	3:A:1289:VAL:HG23	2.15	0.47
1:D:302:DC:H5''	3:A:1282:LYS:HZ1	1.79	0.46
3:A:1279:LYS:HG2	3:A:1279:LYS:H	1.61	0.46
2:C:407:DG:H2'	4:C:13:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
2:C:409:DA:OP2	2:C:409:DA:H2'	2.16	0.46
3:A:1297:GLU:O	3:A:1301:ILE:HG12	2.15	0.46
3:A:1261:PHE:HA	3:A:1349:PHE:CD1	2.51	0.46
3:A:1278:ILE:HD12	3:A:1278:ILE:N	2.32	0.45
3:A:1281:ASN:O	3:A:1282:LYS:C	2.56	0.44
3:A:1263:VAL:O	3:A:1263:VAL:HG23	2.18	0.44
3:A:1288:LEU:O	3:A:1291:TRP:HB2	2.16	0.44
3:A:1395:SER:HA	3:A:1396:PRO:HD3	1.92	0.43
3:A:1338:ASN:ND2	3:A:1341:ASN:HA	2.33	0.43
3:A:1266:PRO:CG	3:A:1271:LEU:HD21	2.49	0.42
2:C:409:DA:H1'	2:C:410:DT:H5'	2.01	0.42
3:A:1298:PHE:O	3:A:1302:GLN:HG2	2.20	0.42
3:A:1248:LEU:HD12	3:A:1287:GLN:OE1	2.19	0.42
3:A:1340:ASN:O	3:A:1341:ASN:C	2.58	0.42
3:A:1335:LEU:HD12	3:A:1339:ARG:CD	2.46	0.42
3:A:1259:MET:HE3	3:A:1389:VAL:HG21	2.01	0.42
3:A:1306:TYR:CD1	3:A:1329:LEU:HD22	2.56	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:1329:LEU:O	3:A:1332:VAL:HB	2.21	0.41
3:A:1339:ARG:HB3	3:A:1340:ASN:ND2	2.35	0.41
1:D:308:DT:H2"	1:D:309:DG:C8	2.56	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
3	A	140/163 (86%)	125 (89%)	12 (9%)	3 (2%)	<b>7</b>   23

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	A	1400	GLU
3	A	1339	ARG
3	A	1283	ASN

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
3	A	136/152 (90%)	127 (93%)	9 (7%)	<b>16</b>   44

All (9) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	A	1252	HIS
3	A	1264	ARG
3	A	1282	LYS
3	A	1288	LEU
3	A	1329	LEU
3	A	1340	ASN
3	A	1362	ARG
3	A	1383	SER
3	A	1387	ASP

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	A	1309	GLN
3	A	1336	HIS
3	A	1340	ASN
3	A	1347	GLN
3	A	1365	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	D	10/10 (100%)	0.47	1 (10%) 7 4	49, 65, 76, 79	0
2	C	10/10 (100%)	0.39	0 100 100	30, 68, 77, 80	0
3	A	144/163 (88%)	0.10	4 (2%) 53 43	20, 46, 76, 98	0
All	All	164/183 (89%)	0.14	5 (3%) 50 40	20, 48, 77, 98	0

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	A	1372	GLN	4.5
3	A	1371	GLU	3.2
3	A	1373	SER	2.8
3	A	1245	SER	2.7
1	D	300	DA	2.3

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.