wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report

Nov 2, 2026 – 01:25 PM JST

PDB ID	:	9XKV / pdb_00009xkv
EMDB ID	:	EMD-66975
Title	:	The cryo-EM structure of apo Tau PHF fibril
Authors	:	Zhao, Q.Y.; Cao, T.Y.; Liu, C.; Li, D.
Deposited on	:	2025-11-06
Resolution	:	3.60 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

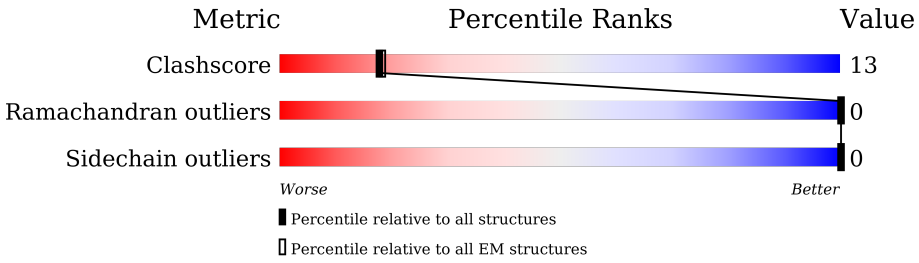
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev133
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.2
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics	:	202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.51

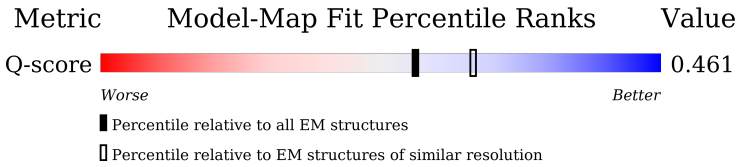
1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.





Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	12797 (3.10 - 4.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	I	758	7% · 90%
1	J	758	7% · 90%
1	K	758	7% · 90%
1	L	758	7% · 90%

Continued on next page...

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	M	758	
1	N	758	

2 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 3522 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Isoform PNS-tau of Microtubule-associated protein tau.

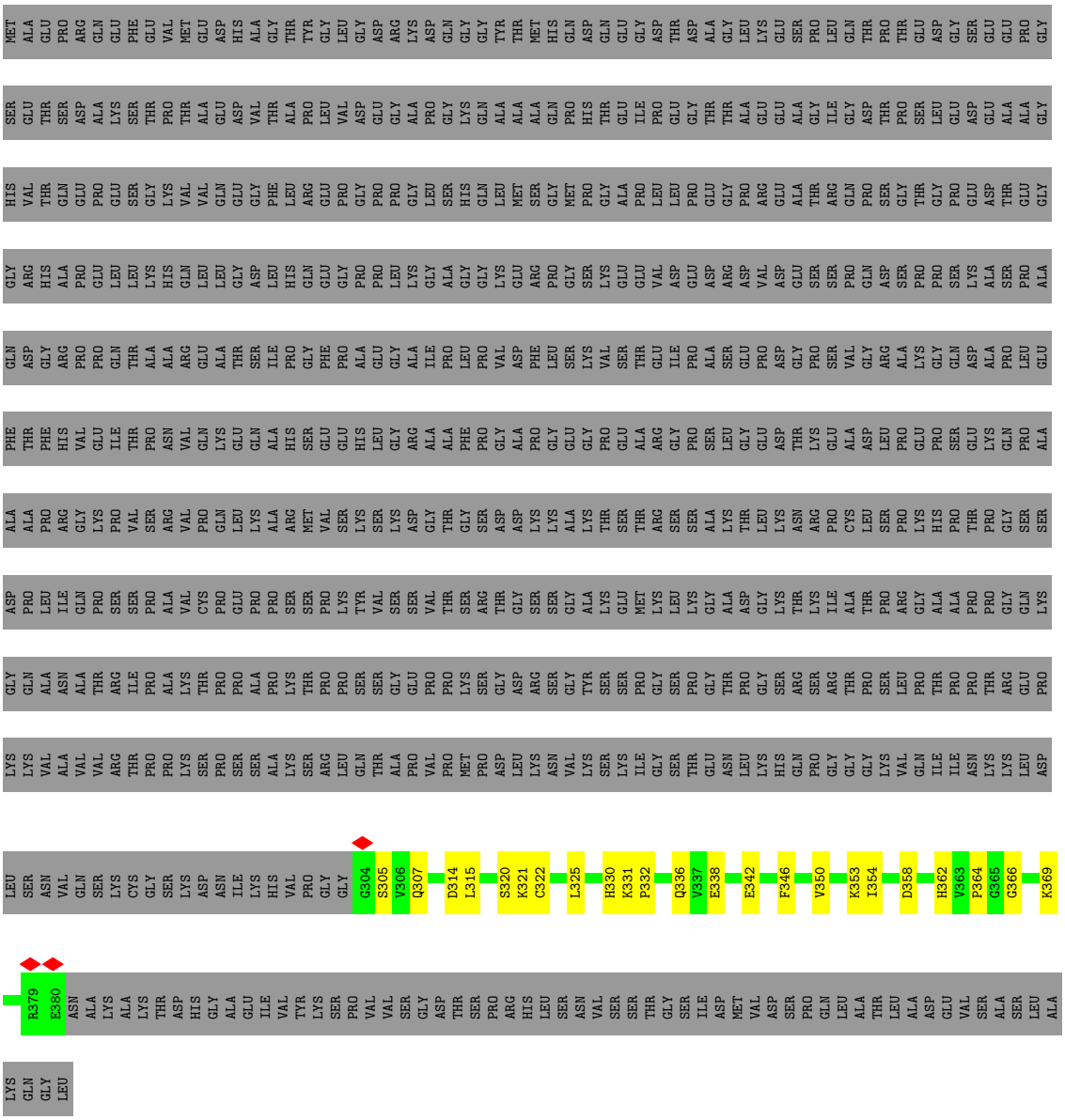
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	I	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			587	367	108	111	1		
1	J	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			587	367	108	111	1		
1	K	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			587	367	108	111	1		
1	L	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			587	367	108	111	1		
1	M	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			587	367	108	111	1		
1	N	77	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			587	367	108	111	1		

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Isoform PNS-tau of Microtubule-associated protein tau

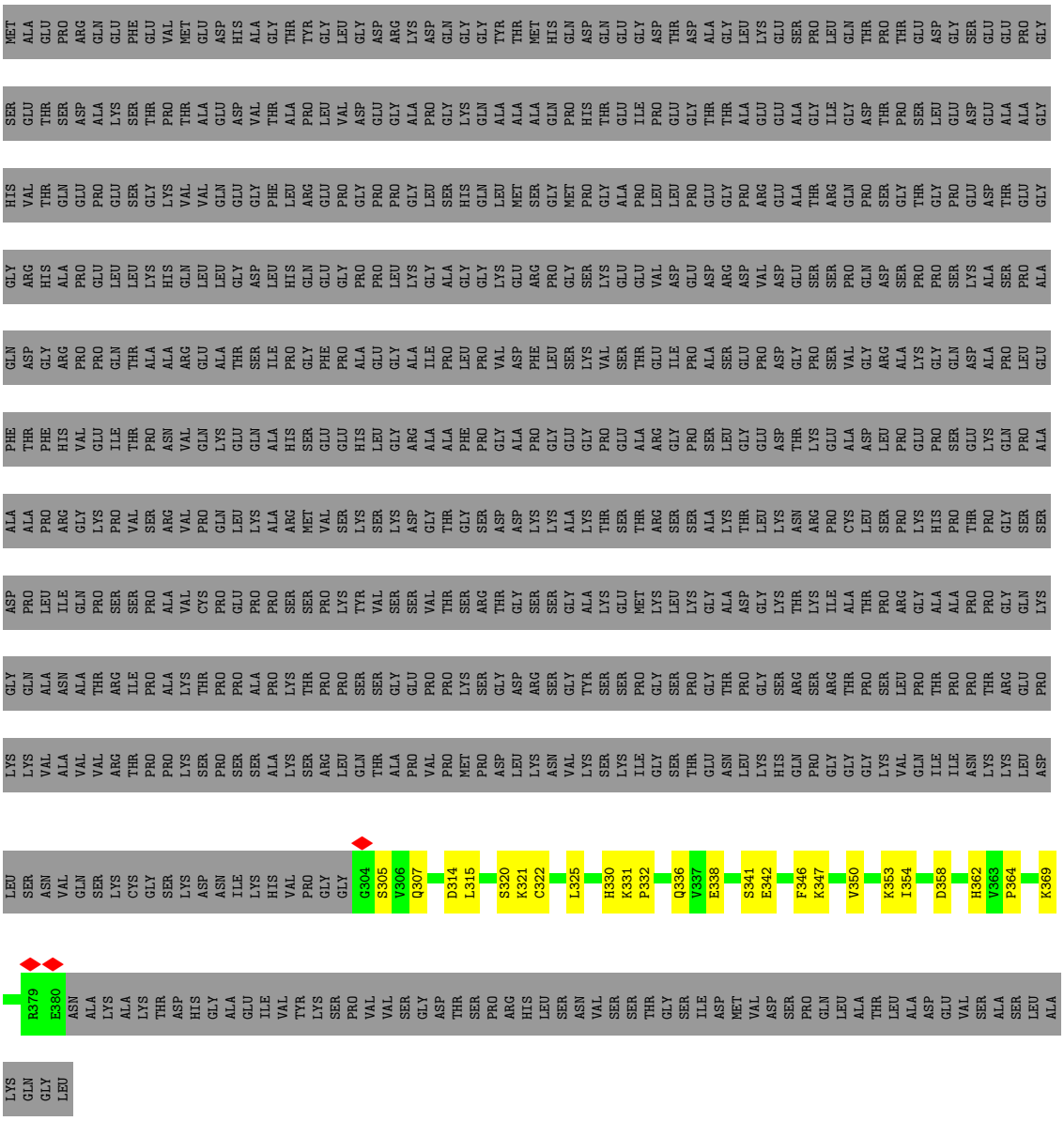
Chain I: 7% 90%



• Molecule 1: Isoform PNS-tau of Microtubule-associated protein tau

Chain J:

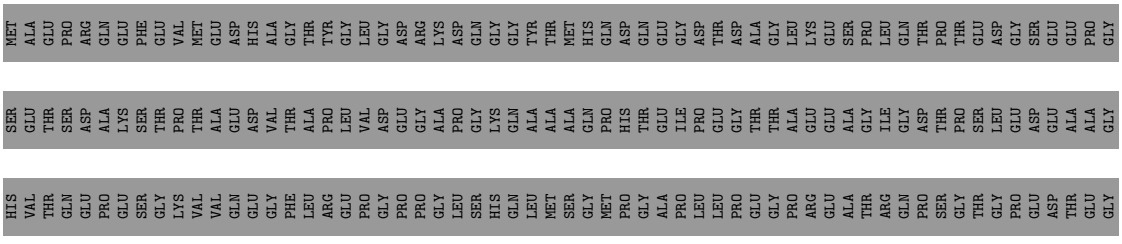




• Molecule 1: Isoform PNS-tau of Microtubule-associated protein tau

Chain K:

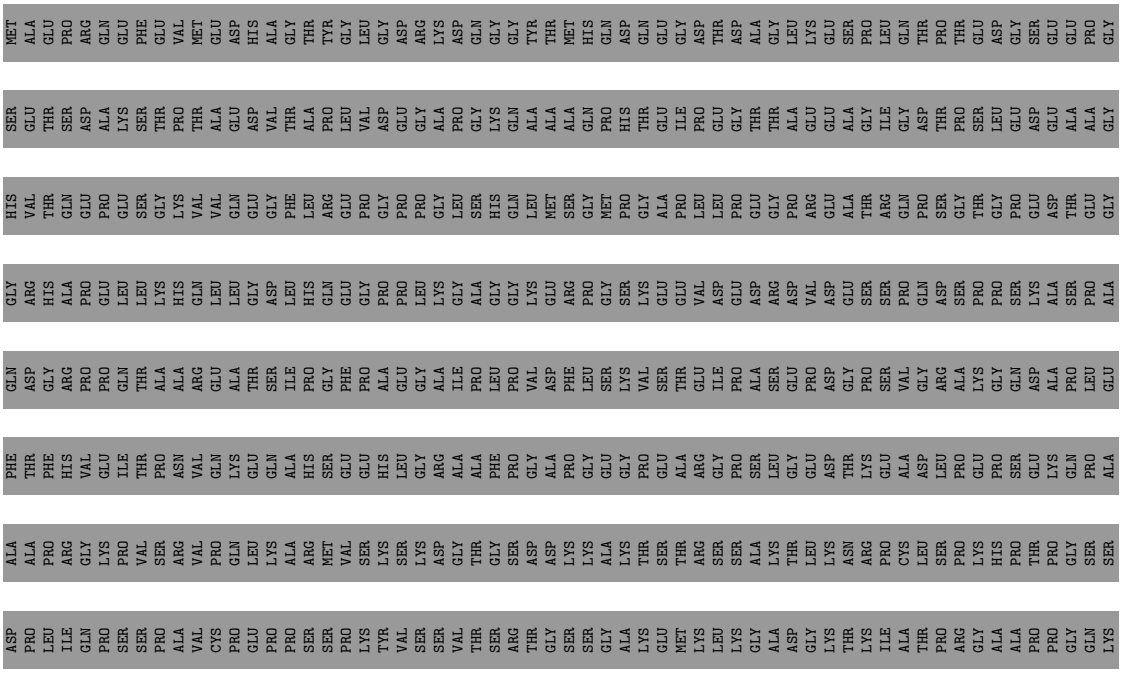


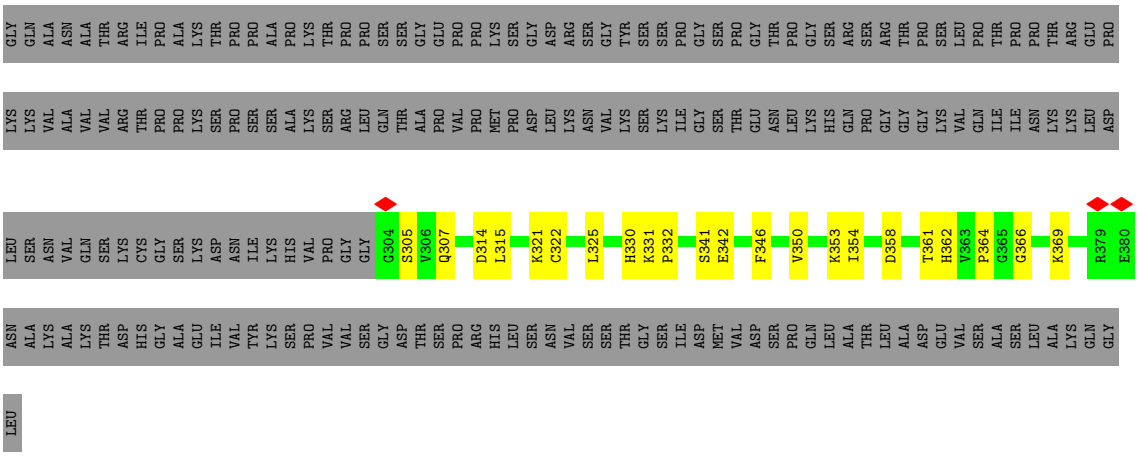




• Molecule 1: Isoform PNS-tau of Microtubule-associated protein tau

Chain L: 7% 90%

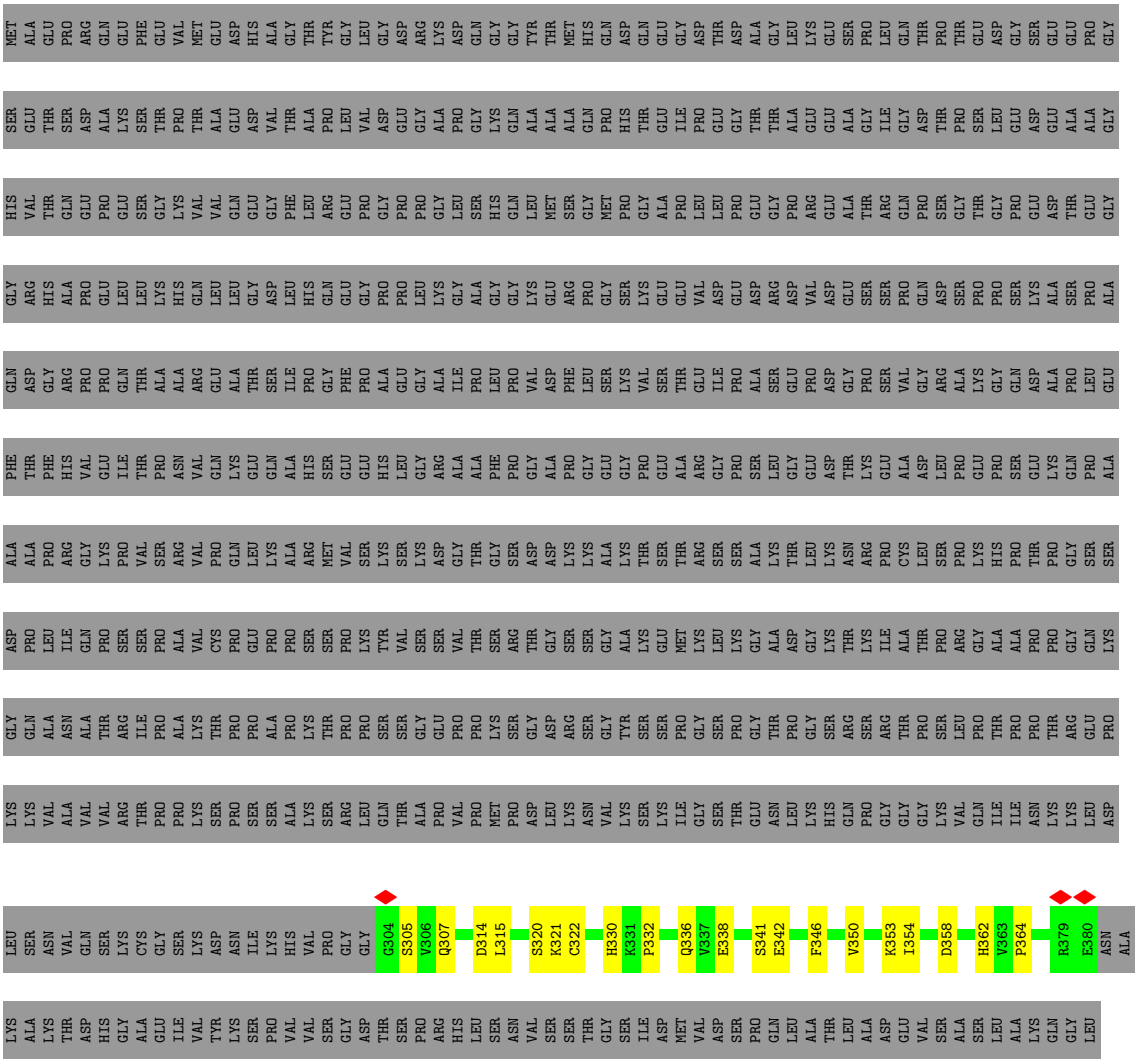




• Molecule 1: Isoform PNS-tau of Microtubule-associated protein tau

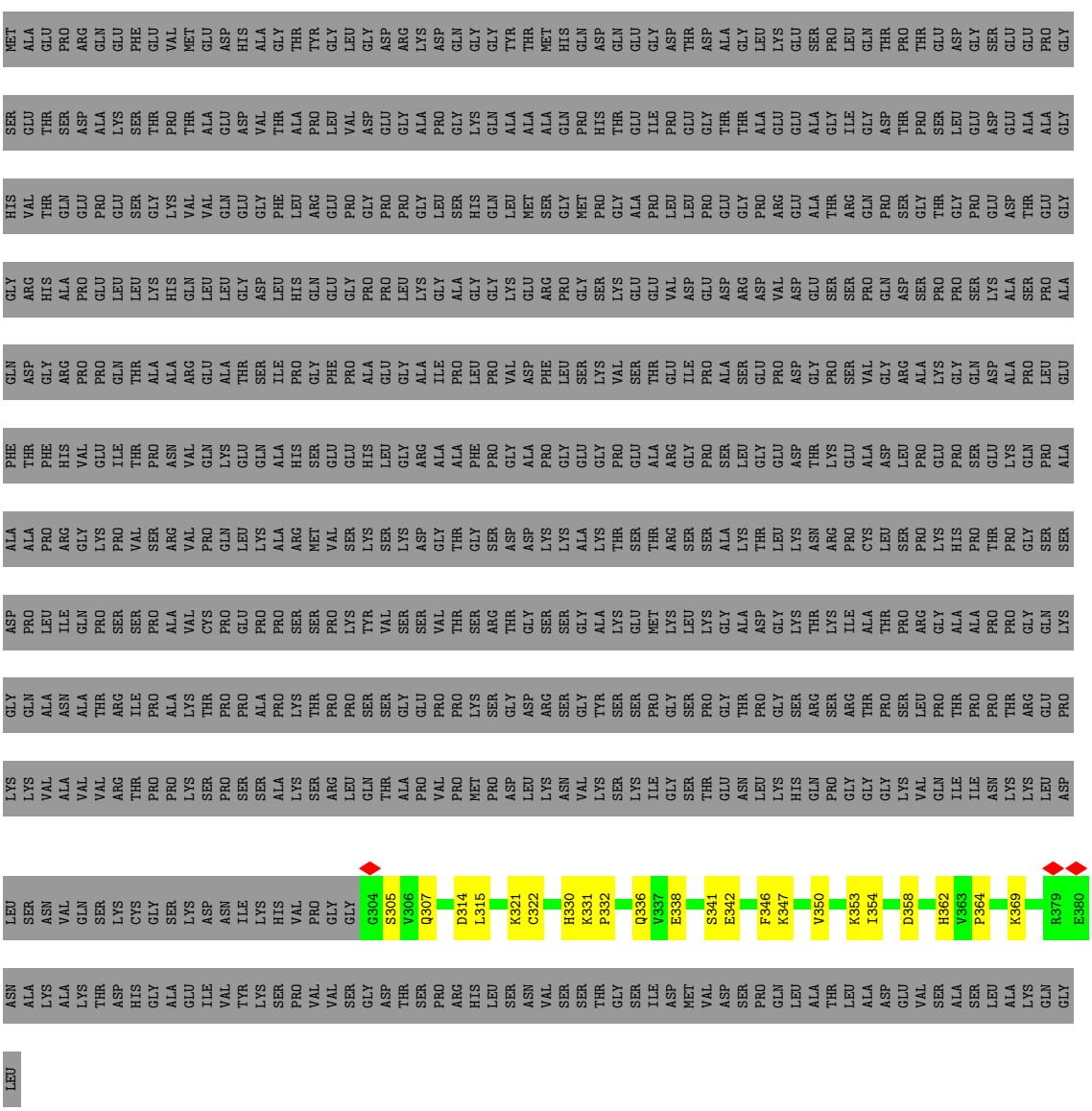
Chain M:





• Molecule 1: Isoform PNS-tau of Microtubule-associated protein tau

Chain N: 7% 90%


MET ALA GLU PRO ARG GLN GLU PHE GLU VAL MET GLU ASP HIS ALA GLY THR TYR GLY LEU GLY ASP ARG LYS ASP GLN GLY GLY TYR THR MET HIS GLN ASP GLN GLU GLY ASP THR ASP ALA GLY LEU LYS GLU SER PRO LEU GLN THR PRO THR GLU ASP GLY SER
SER GLU THR SER ASP ALA LYS SER THR PRO THR ALA GLU ASP VAL THR ALA PRO LEU VAL ASP GLU GLY ALA PRO GLY LYS GLN ALA ALA ALA GLN PRO HIS THR GLU ILE PRO GLU GLY THR THR ALA GLU GLU ALA ALA GLY ILE GLY ASP THR PRO SER LEU GLU ASP GLU ALA ALA GLY
HIS VAL THR GLN GLU PRO GLU SER GLY LYS VAL VAL GLN GLU GLU GLY PHE LEU ARG GLU PRO GLY PRO PRO GLY LEU GLY SER HIS GLN LEU MET SER GLY MET PRO GLY ALA PRO LEU LEU PRO GLU GLY PRO ARG GLU ALA THR ARG GLN PRO SER GLY THR GLY PRO GLU ASP THR GLU GLY
GLY ARG HIS ALA PRO GLU LEU LEU LYS HIS GLN LEU LEU GLY ASP LEU HIS GLN GLU GLY PRO PRO LEU LYS GLY ALA GLY GLY LYS GLU ARG GLN ASP VAL ASP GLU SER SER PRO GLN ASP SER PRO PRO SER LYS ALA SER PRO ALA
GLN ASP GLY ARG PRO PRO GLN THR THR ALA ALA ARG GLU ALA THR SER ILE PRO GLY PHE PRO ALA GLU GLY GLY ALA ILE PRO LEU PRO VAL ASP PHE LEU SER LYS VAL SER THR GLU ILE PRO ALA SER GLU PRO ASP GLY PRO SER VAL GLY ARG ALA LYS GLY GLN ASP ALA PRO LEU GLU
PHE THR PHE HIS VAL GLU ILE THR PRO ASN VAL GLN LYS GLU GLN GLN ALA HIS SER GLU GLU HIS LEU GLY ARG ALA ALA PHE PRO GLY GLU GLY ALA PRO GLU PRO GLY GLU ASP THR LYS GLU ALA ASP LEU GLY GLU ASP THR LYS GLU ALA ASP LEU PRO GLN PRO GLN LEU GLU
ALA ALA PRO ARG GLY LYS PRO VAL SER ARG VAL PRO GLN LEU LYS ALA ARG MET VAL SER LYS SER LYS ASP GLY THR GLY SER ASP ASP LYS LYS ALA LYS THR SER THR ARG SER SER ALA LYS THR LEU LYS ASN ARG PRO CYS LEU SER PRO PRO GLU LYS HIS PRO THR PRO GLY SER
ASP PRO LEU ILE GLN PRO SER SER PRO ALA VAL CYS PRO GLU PRO PRO SER SER PRO LYS TYR VAL SER SER SER VAL THR SER ARG THR GLY SER SER GLY ALA LYS LEU LYS GLY ALA ASP GLY LYS THR SER ILE ALA THR PRO ARG GLY ALA ALA PRO PRO GLY GLN LYS
GLY GLN ALA ASN ALA THR ARG ILE PRO ALA LYS THR PRO PRO ALA PRO LYS THR PRO PRO SER GLY GLU PRO PRO LYS SER GLY ASP ARG SER GLY TYR SER PRO GLY GLY THR PRO GLY SER ARG SER ARG THR PRO PRO SER LEU PRO THR PRO PRO PRO ARG GLU
LYS LYS VAL ALA VAL VAL ARG THR PRO PRO LYS SER PRO SER SER ALA LYS SER ARG LEU GLN THR ALA PRO VAL PRO MET PRO ASP LEU LYS ASN VAL LYS SER SER LYS ILE GLY SER THR GLU ASN LEU LYS HIS GLN PRO GLY GLY GLY LYS VAL GLN ILE ILE ASN LYS LYS LEU ASP
LEU SER ASN VAL GLN SER LYS CYS GLY SER LYS ASP ASN ILE LYS HIS GLY PRO GLY G304 S305 V306 Q307 D314 L315 K321 C322 H330 K331 P332 Q336 V337 E338 S341 E342 F346 K347 V350 K353 I354 D358 H362 V363 P364 K369 R379 E380
ASN ALA LYS ALA LYS THR ASP HIS GLY ALA GLU ILE VAL TYR LYS SER PRO VAL VAL SER GLY ASP THR SER PRO ARG HIS LEU SER ASN VAL SER SER THR GLY SER ILE ASP MET VAL ASP SER PRO GLN LEU ALA THR LEU ALA ASP GLU VAL SER ALA SER LEU ALA LYS GLN GLY
LEU

4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	HELICAL	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	HELICAL, twist=179.463°, rise=2.4 Å, axial sym=C1	Depositor
Number of segments used	24320	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	55	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2400	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOCONTINUUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.031	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.014	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.002	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.00685	Depositor
Map size (Å)	265.6, 265.6, 265.6	wwPDB
Map dimensions	320, 320, 320	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.83000004, 0.83000004, 0.83000004	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$
1	I	0.22	0/596	0.37	0/797
1	J	0.21	0/596	0.36	0/797
1	K	0.22	0/596	0.37	0/797
1	L	0.21	0/596	0.36	0/797
1	M	0.22	0/596	0.37	0/797
1	N	0.21	0/596	0.36	0/797
All	All	0.21	0/3576	0.37	0/4782

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	I	587	0	606	22	0
1	J	587	0	606	24	0
1	K	587	0	606	20	0
1	L	587	0	606	19	0
1	M	587	0	606	16	0
1	N	587	0	606	19	0
All	All	3522	0	3636	96	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

The worst 5 of 96 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:L:362:HIS:HD2	1:L:364:PRO:HD3	1.52	0.74
1:J:362:HIS:HD2	1:J:364:PRO:HD3	1.52	0.74
1:M:362:HIS:HD2	1:M:364:PRO:HD3	1.52	0.74
1:I:362:HIS:HD2	1:I:364:PRO:HD3	1.52	0.74
1:N:362:HIS:HD2	1:N:364:PRO:HD3	1.53	0.74

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	I	75/758 (10%)	68 (91%)	7 (9%)	0	100	100
1	J	75/758 (10%)	67 (89%)	8 (11%)	0	100	100
1	K	75/758 (10%)	68 (91%)	7 (9%)	0	100	100
1	L	75/758 (10%)	68 (91%)	7 (9%)	0	100	100
1	M	75/758 (10%)	68 (91%)	7 (9%)	0	100	100
1	N	75/758 (10%)	67 (89%)	8 (11%)	0	100	100
All	All	450/4548 (10%)	406 (90%)	44 (10%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	I	67/616 (11%)	67 (100%)	0	100	100
1	J	67/616 (11%)	67 (100%)	0	100	100
1	K	67/616 (11%)	67 (100%)	0	100	100
1	L	67/616 (11%)	67 (100%)	0	100	100
1	M	67/616 (11%)	67 (100%)	0	100	100
1	N	67/616 (11%)	67 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	402/3696 (11%)	402 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 27 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	L	329	HIS
1	L	362	HIS
1	N	336	GLN
1	L	351	GLN
1	L	368	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

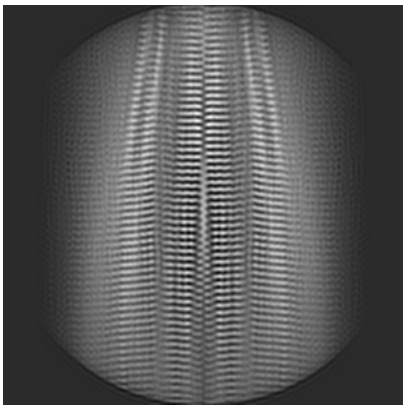
6 Map visualisation

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-66975. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

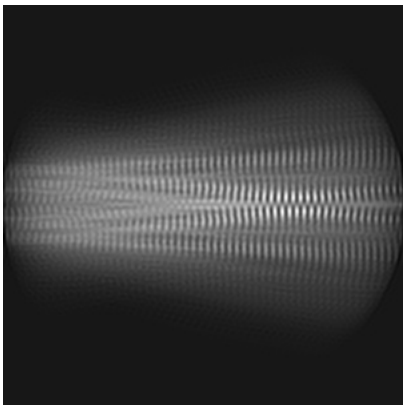
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections

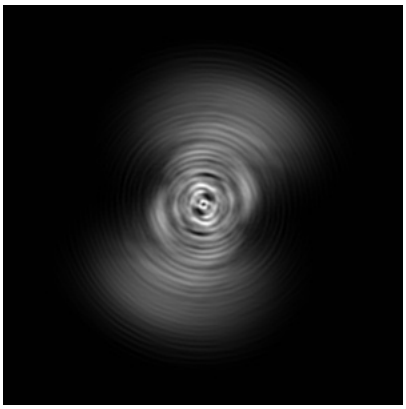
6.1.1 Primary map



X

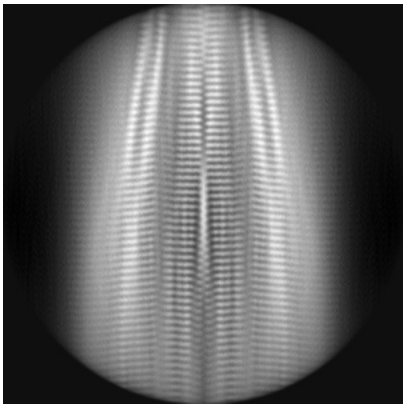


Y

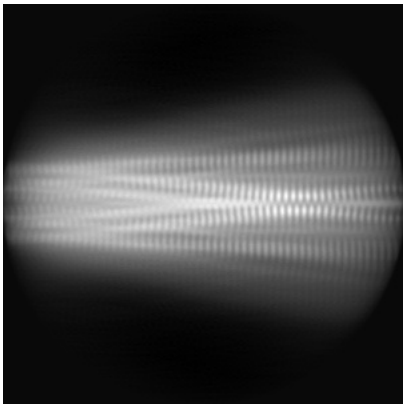


Z

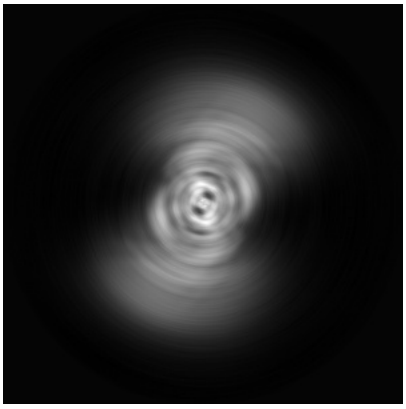
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

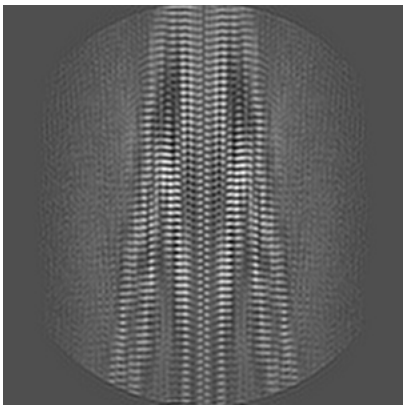


Z

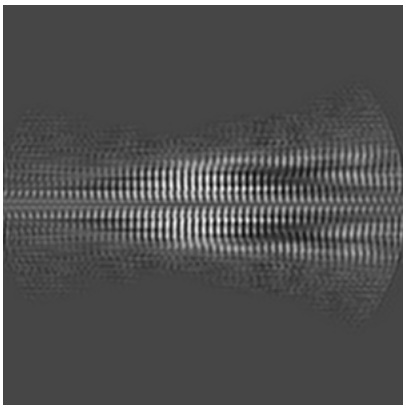
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

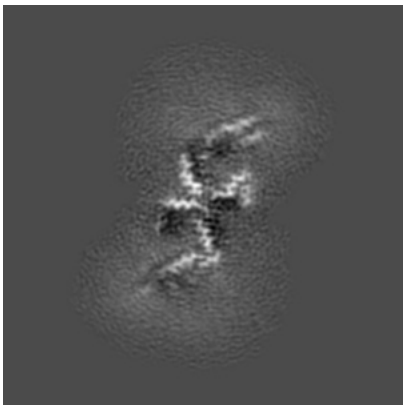
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 160

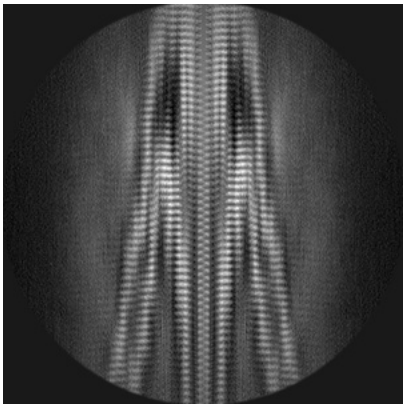


Y Index: 160

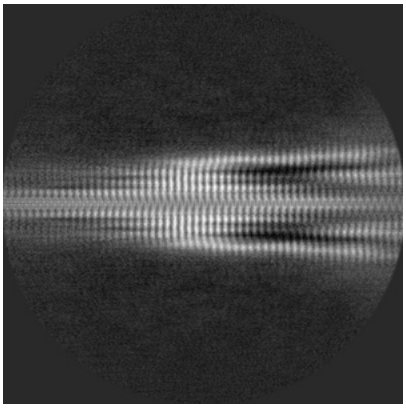


Z Index: 160

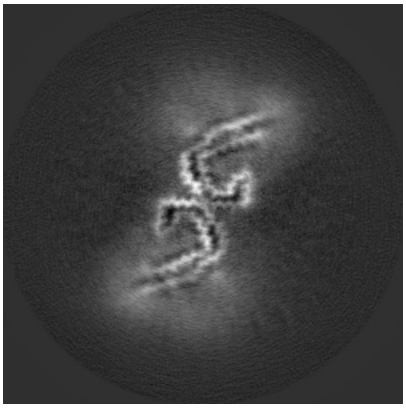
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 160



Y Index: 160

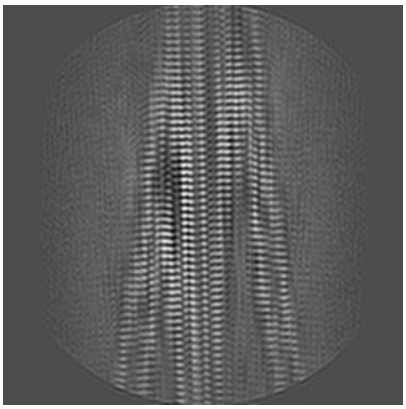


Z Index: 160

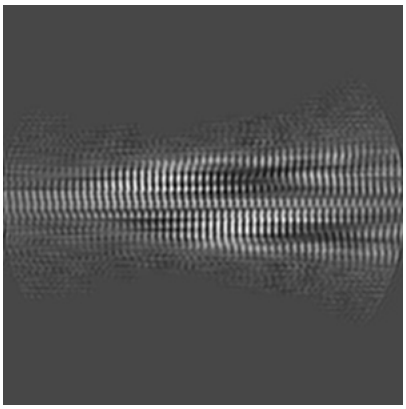
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

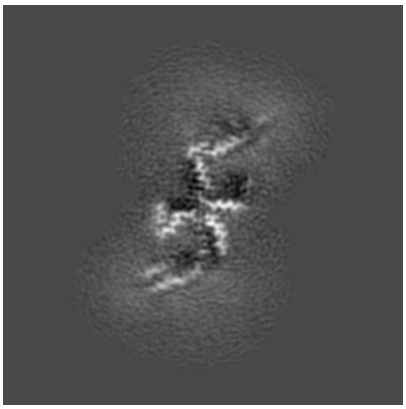
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 166

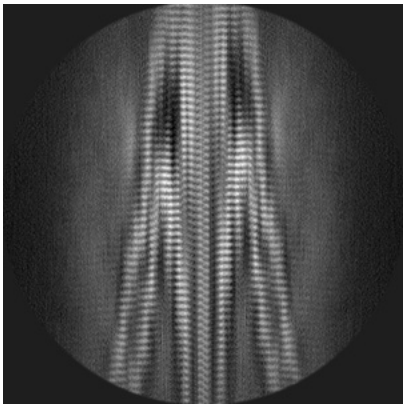


Y Index: 162

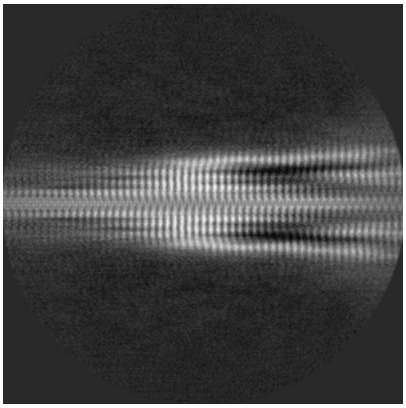


Z Index: 163

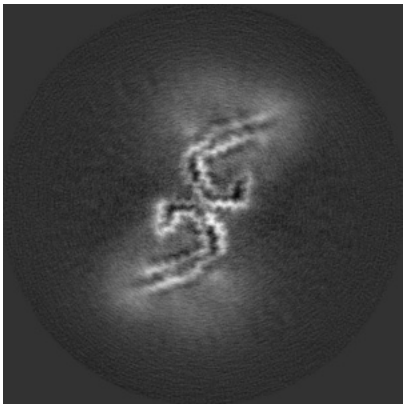
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 161



Y Index: 160

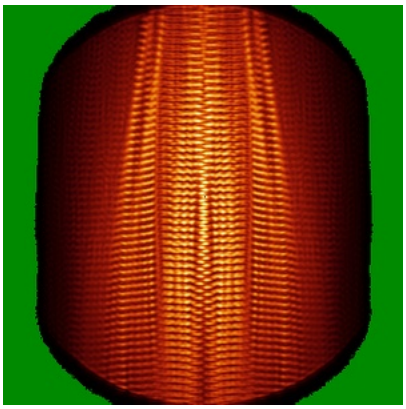


Z Index: 163

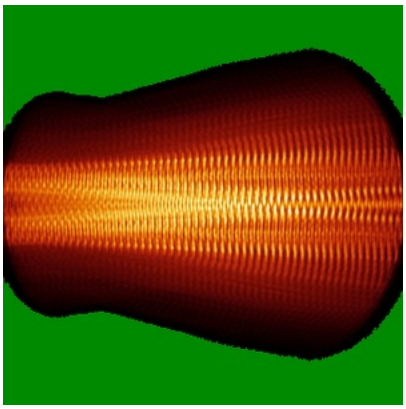
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

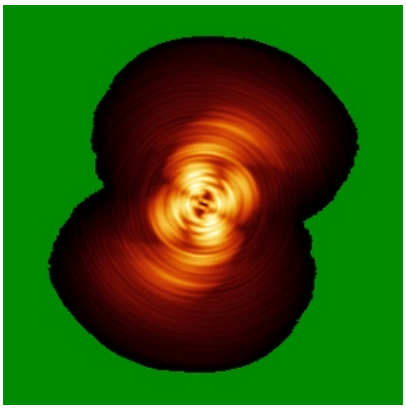
6.4.1 Primary map



X

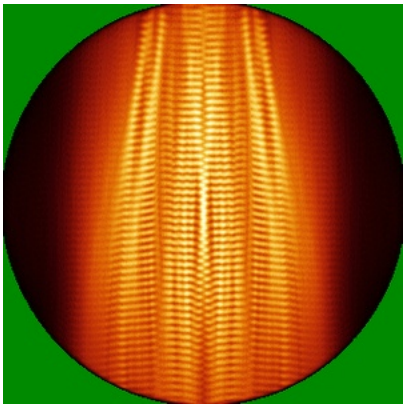


Y

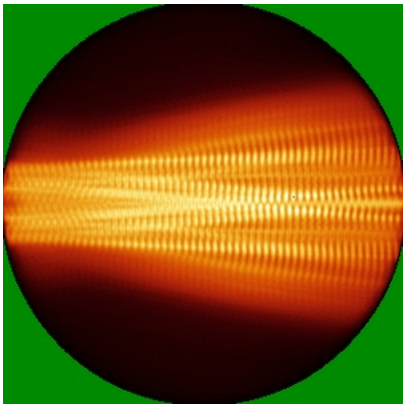


Z

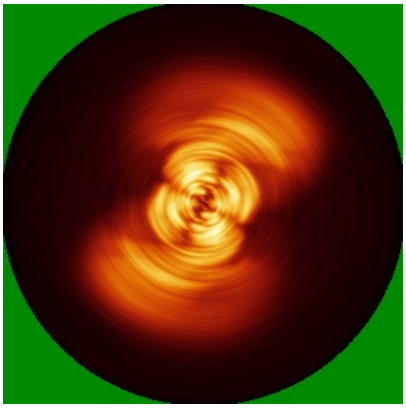
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

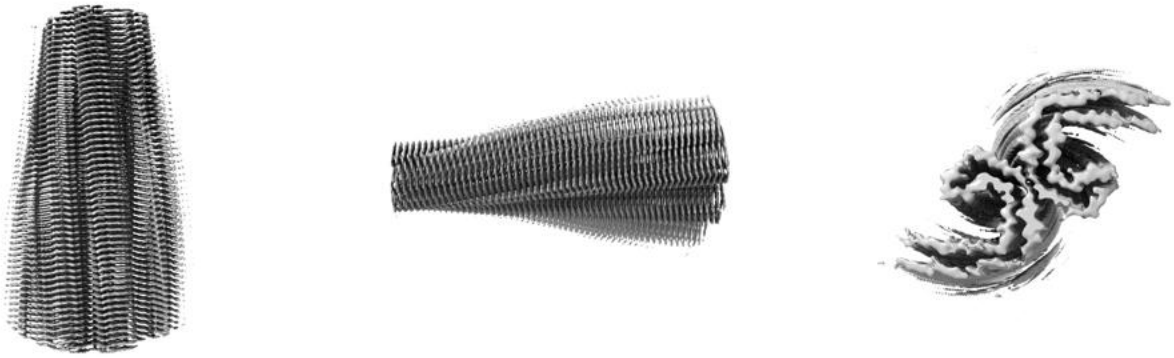


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

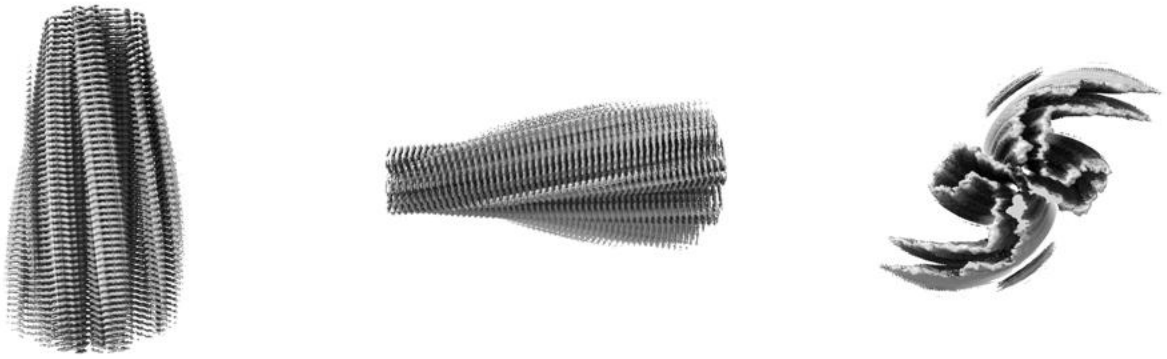
6.5.1 Primary map



X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.00685. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



X Y Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

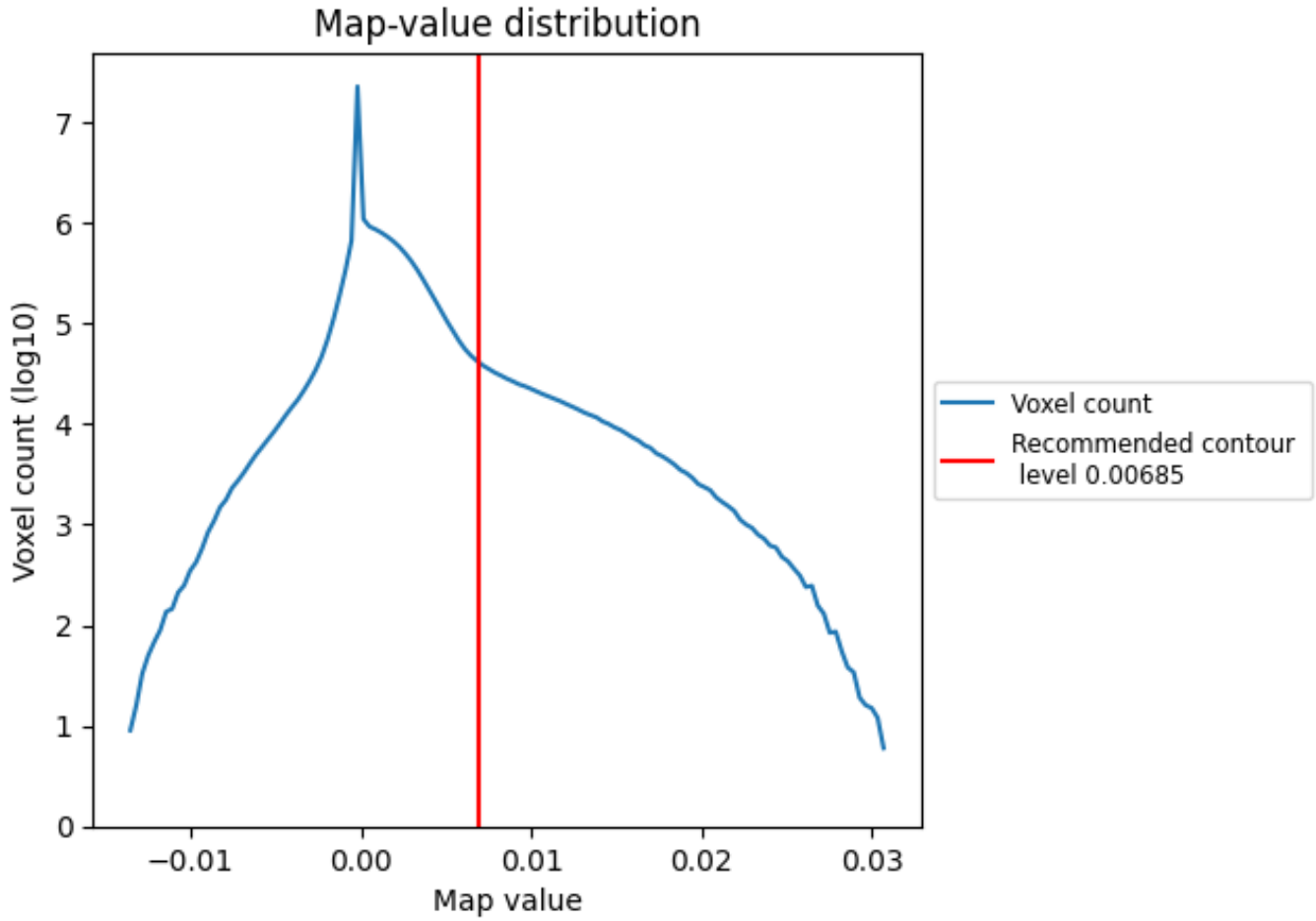
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis

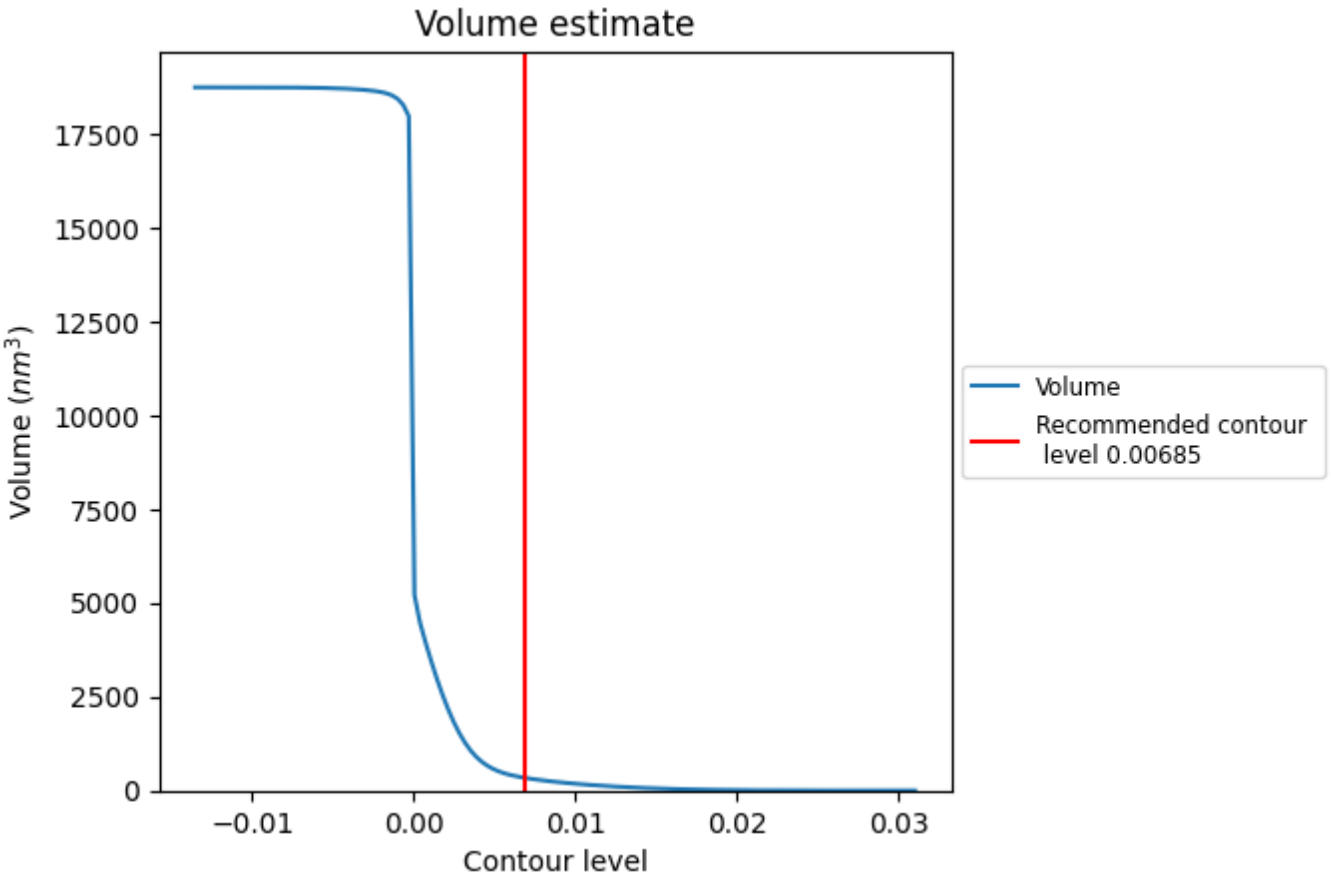
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

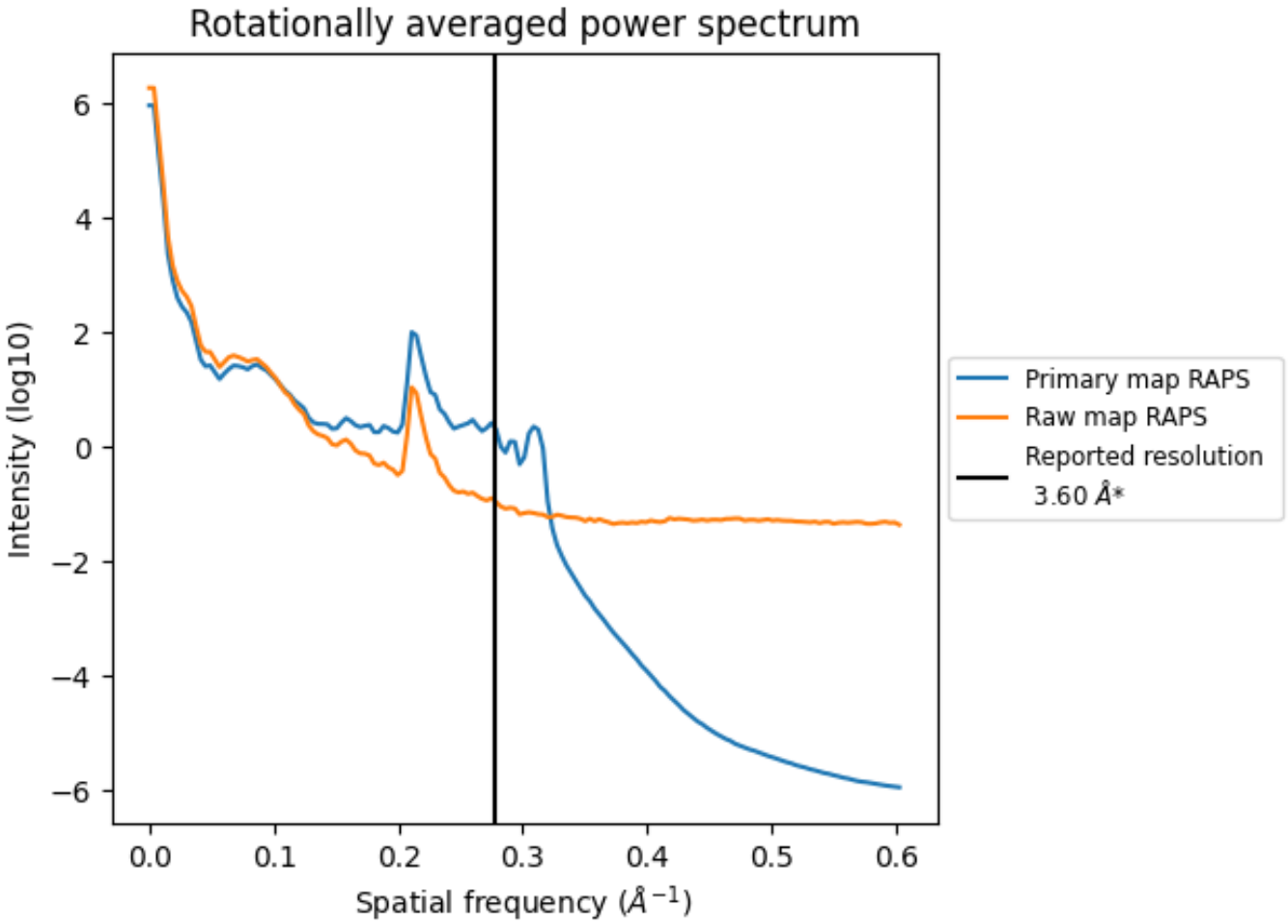
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 340 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 308 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

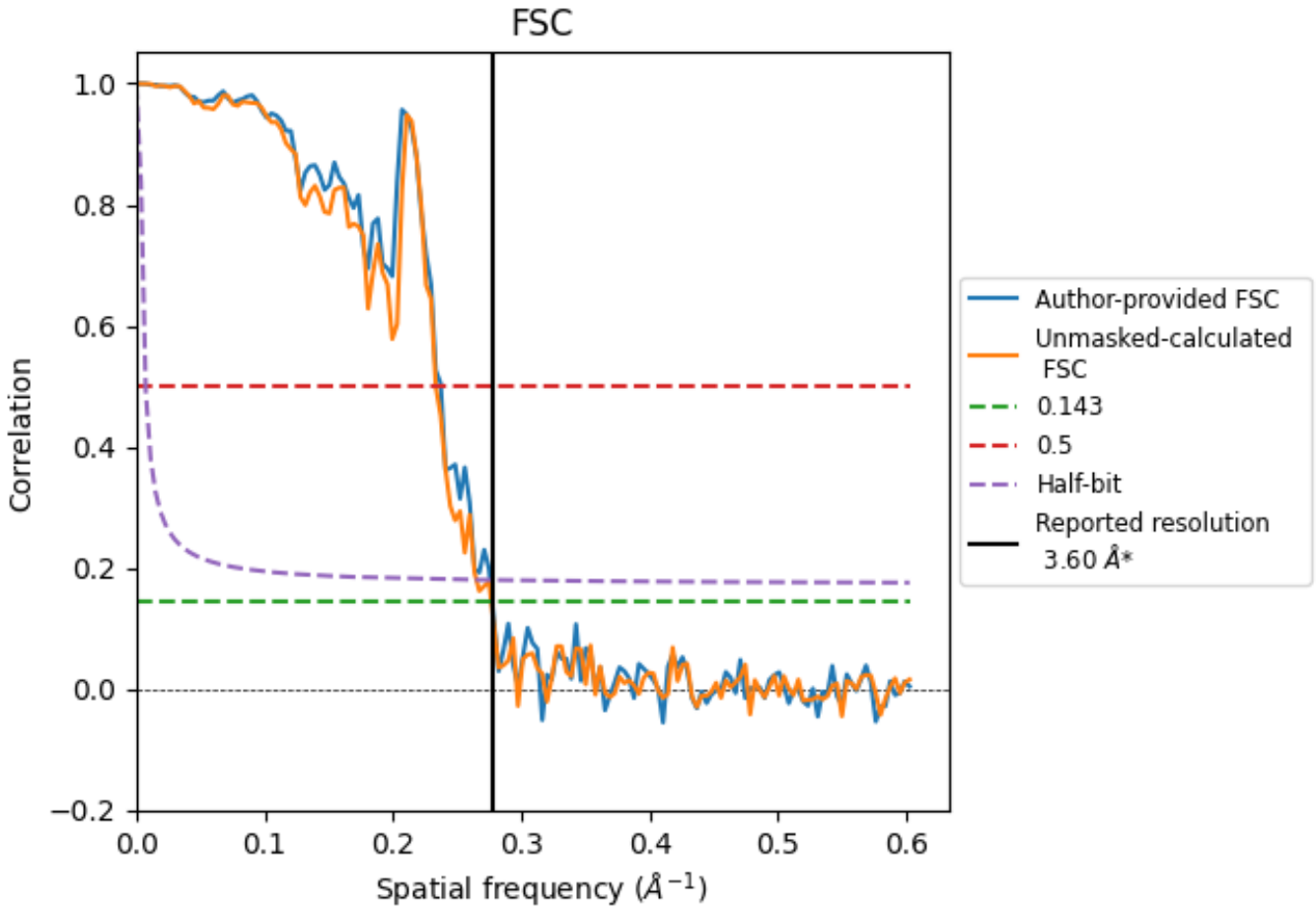


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.278 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.278 $Å^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

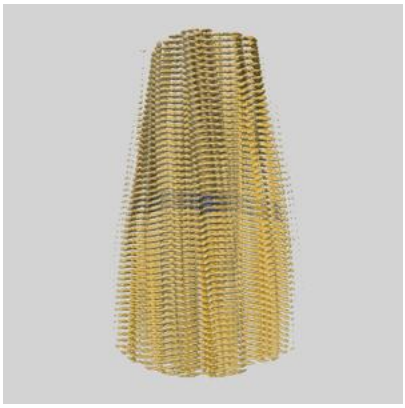
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.60	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.61	4.21	3.63
Unmasked-calculated*	3.62	4.28	3.77

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-66975 and PDB model 9XKV. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

9.1 Map-model overlay



X



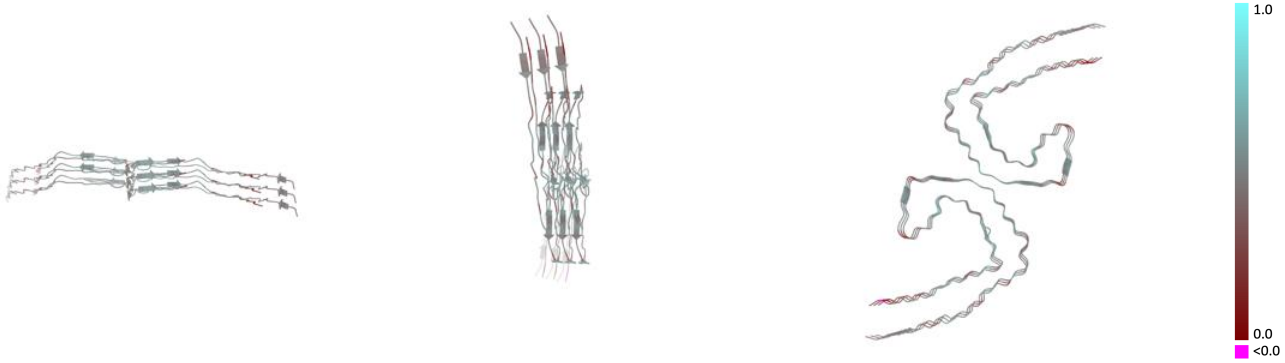
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.00685 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

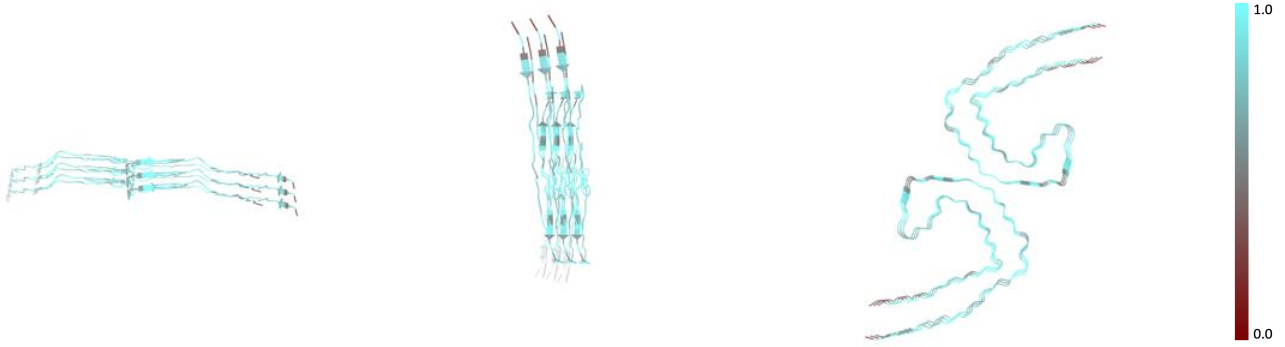
9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

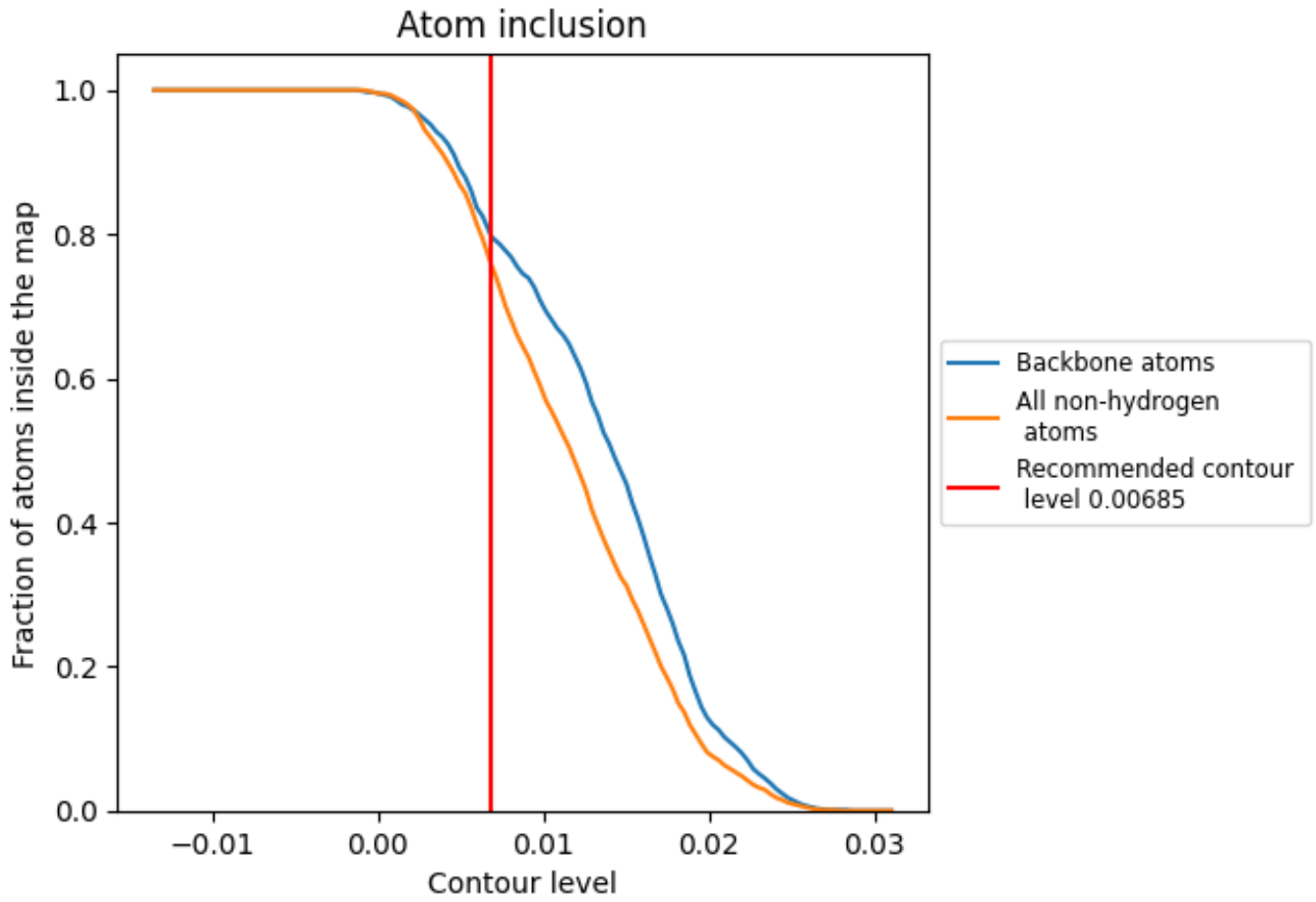
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.00685).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 80% of all backbone atoms, 76% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.00685) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7560	0.4610
I	0.7580	0.4590
J	0.7540	0.4630
K	0.7490	0.4590
L	0.7540	0.4610
M	0.7610	0.4580
N	0.7590	0.4630

