



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Dec 16, 2023 – 05:00 pm GMT

PDB ID : 2XCK  
Title : Crystal structure of PDK1 in complex with a pyrazoloquinazoline inhibitor  
Authors : Angiolini, M.; Banfi, P.; Casale, E.; Casuscelli, F.; Fiorelli, C.; Saccardo, M.B.;  
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Deposited on : 2010-04-23  
Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.36  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

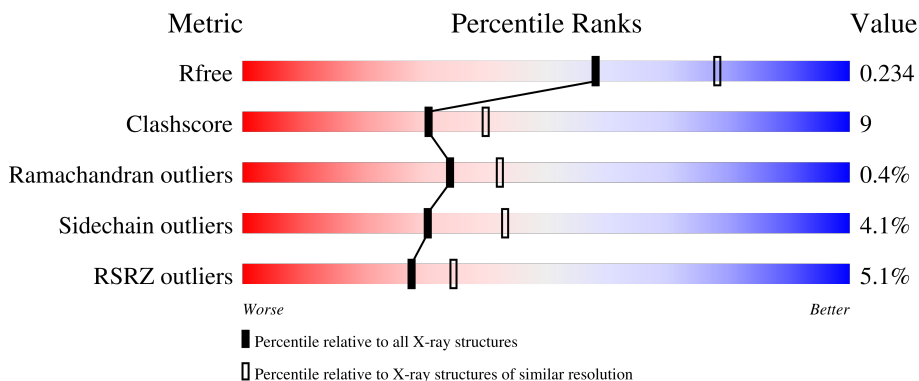
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	5042 (2.30-2.30)
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4938 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	309	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	SO4	A	1369	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2468 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

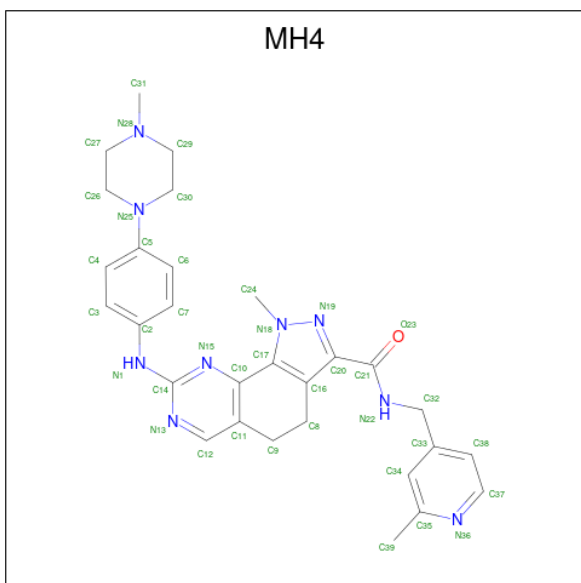
- Molecule 1 is a protein called 3-PHOSPHOINOSITIDE DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
			Total	C	N	O	P				S
1	A	276	2251	1459	371	413	1	7	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	96	THR	VAL	conflict	UNP O15530

- Molecule 2 is 1-METHYL-8-{[4-(4-METHYLPYPERAZIN-1-YL)PHENYL]AMINO}-N-[(2-METHYLPYRIDIN-4-YL)METHYL]-4,5-DIHYDRO-1H-PYRAZOLO[4,3-H]QUINAZOLINE-3-CARBOXAMIDE (three-letter code: MH4) (formula: C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>33</sub>N<sub>9</sub>O).



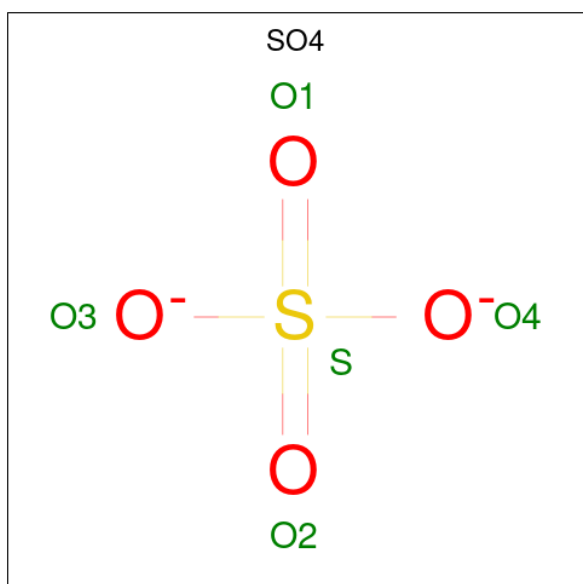
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
2	A	1	39	29	9	1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C O	0	0
			6	3 3		
3	A	1	Total	C O	0	0
			6	3 3		
3	A	1	Total	C O	0	0
			6	3 3		
3	A	1	Total	C O	0	0
			6	3 3		

- Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula:  $O_4S$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
4	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

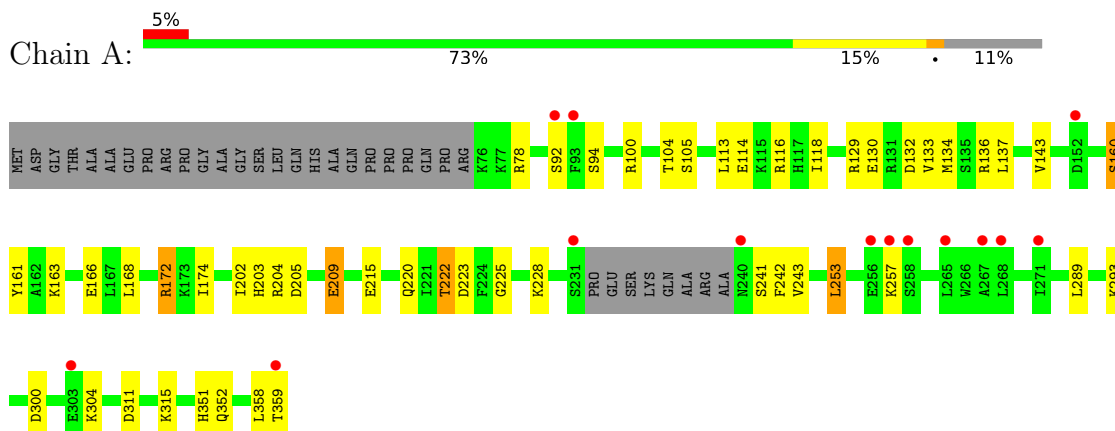
- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	139	Total O 139 139	0	0

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: 3-PHOSPHOINOSITIDE DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE 1



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	123.11Å 123.11Å 47.24Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 – 2.30 29.57 – 2.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (30.00-2.30) 99.7 (29.57-2.30)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.10	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	4.10 (at 2.29Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.193 , 0.240 0.187 , 0.234	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	948 reflections (5.12%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	31.1	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.426	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.36 , 36.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.040 for -h,-k,l	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	2468	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.37% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, MH4, SEP, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.85	1/2292 (0.0%)	0.79	0/3087

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	209	GLU	CG-CD	5.26	1.59	1.51

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	358	LEU	Peptide

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2251	0	2260	40	0
2	A	39	0	33	4	0
3	A	24	0	32	4	0
4	A	15	0	0	0	9
5	A	139	0	0	14	0
All	All	2468	0	2325	43	9

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 43 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:134:MET:CE	5:A:2072:HOH:O	2.06	1.03
1:A:352:GLN:HE21	3:A:1365:GOL:H11	1.26	0.97
1:A:242:PHE:CE2	1:A:242:PHE:CE1	2.50	0.95
1:A:359:THR:HG21	5:A:2046:HOH:O	1.67	0.92
1:A:172:ARG:HH11	1:A:172:ARG:HG2	1.38	0.87

The worst 5 of 9 symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:A:1369:SO4:S	4:A:1369:SO4:O1[4_556]	1.17	1.03
4:A:1369:SO4:O3	4:A:1369:SO4:O4[4_556]	1.28	0.92
4:A:1369:SO4:O1	4:A:1369:SO4:O2[4_556]	1.42	0.78
4:A:1369:SO4:O1	4:A:1369:SO4:O4[4_556]	1.50	0.70
4:A:1369:SO4:O2	4:A:1369:SO4:O2[4_556]	1.51	0.69

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	271/309 (88%)	263 (97%)	7 (3%)	1 (0%)	34 42

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	92	SER

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	243/268 (91%)	233 (96%)	10 (4%)	30 43

5 of 10 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	253	LEU
1	A	257	LYS
1	A	300	ASP
1	A	116	ARG
1	A	160	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	203	HIS
1	A	210	ASN
1	A	247	GLN
1	A	351	HIS
1	A	352	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	SEP	A	241	1	8,9,10	1.72	1 (12%)	8,12,14	2.41	2 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	SEP	A	241	1	-	1/5/8/10	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	241	SEP	P-O1P	3.51	1.61	1.50

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	241	SEP	OG-CB-CA	6.05	114.03	108.14
1	A	241	SEP	P-OG-CB	-2.28	112.01	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	241	SEP	N-CA-CB-OG

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

8 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	GOL	A	1365	-	5,5,5	0.25	0	5,5,5	0.68	0
4	SO4	A	1368	-	4,4,4	0.17	0	6,6,6	0.70	0
4	SO4	A	1369	-	4,4,4	0.56	0	6,6,6	0.13	0
3	GOL	A	1361	-	5,5,5	0.59	0	5,5,5	0.88	0
3	GOL	A	1363	-	5,5,5	0.38	0	5,5,5	0.41	0
3	GOL	A	1362	-	5,5,5	0.54	0	5,5,5	0.71	0
2	MH4	A	1360	-	41,44,44	0.95	1 (2%)	49,63,63	2.50	12 (24%)
4	SO4	A	1370	-	4,4,4	0.08	0	6,6,6	0.34	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GOL	A	1365	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	A	1361	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	A	1363	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	A	1362	-	-	3/4/4/4	-
2	MH4	A	1360	-	-	0/13/36/36	0/6/6/6

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	1360	MH4	C2-N1	-2.23	1.35	1.40

The worst 5 of 12 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	1360	MH4	C30-C29-N28	-8.69	100.99	110.80
2	A	1360	MH4	N13-C14-N15	-8.61	118.20	126.52
2	A	1360	MH4	C12-N13-C14	4.76	123.06	115.88
2	A	1360	MH4	C26-N25-C30	4.56	121.58	111.52
2	A	1360	MH4	C33-C32-N22	-4.29	103.85	113.05

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 13 torsion outliers are listed below:

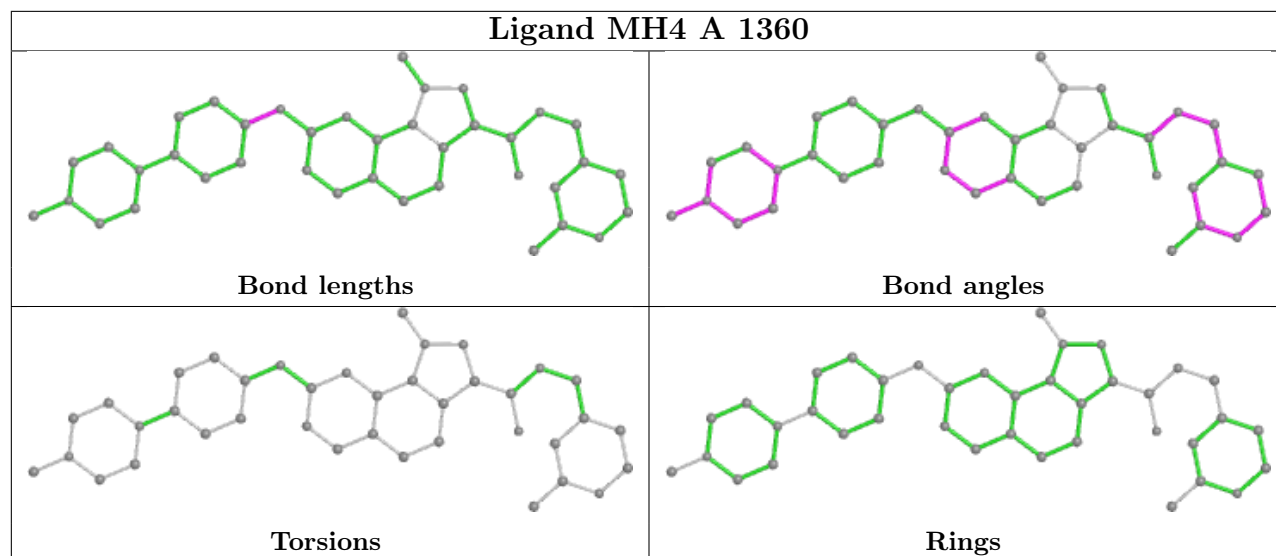
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	1361	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
3	A	1362	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
3	A	1363	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
3	A	1363	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
3	A	1365	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 17 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	1365	GOL	3	0
4	A	1369	SO4	0	9
3	A	1361	GOL	1	0
2	A	1360	MH4	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ > 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	275/309 (88%)	-0.12	14 (5%) 28 35	15, 26, 45, 66	1 (0%)

The worst 5 of 14 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	240	ASN	6.1
1	A	231	SER	5.7
1	A	258	SER	4.4
1	A	359	THR	4.2
1	A	257	LYS	4.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	SEP	A	241	10/11	0.92	0.21	58,60,62,62	0

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

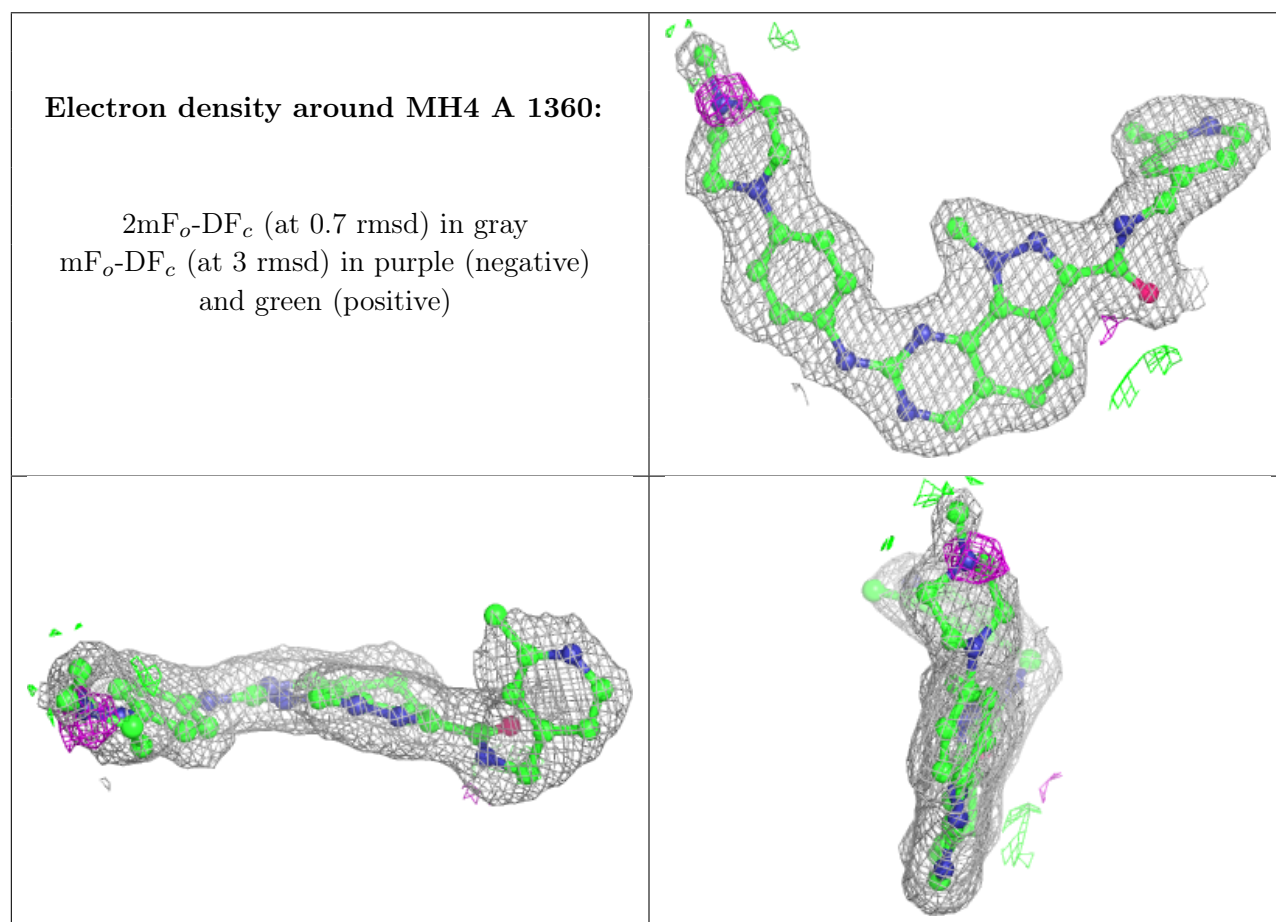
### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,

median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	GOL	A	1365	6/6	0.86	0.20	39,49,52,53	0
3	GOL	A	1362	6/6	0.92	0.18	29,41,43,45	0
2	MH4	A	1360	39/39	0.93	0.11	13,23,42,45	0
3	GOL	A	1363	6/6	0.95	0.13	36,43,44,46	0
4	SO4	A	1368	5/5	0.95	0.18	58,58,59,61	0
4	SO4	A	1370	5/5	0.95	0.19	65,68,69,69	0
3	GOL	A	1361	6/6	0.97	0.12	26,31,33,33	0
4	SO4	A	1369	5/5	0.98	0.18	48,48,49,51	1

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



## 6.5 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.