Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 21, 2024 – 10:45 am BST

PDB ID	:	2WAM
Title	:	Crystal structure of Mycobacterium tuberculosis unknown function protein Rv2714
Authors	:	Bellinzoni, M.; Grana, M.; Buschiazzo, A.; Miras, I.; Haouz, A.; Alzari, P.M.
Deposited on	:	2009-02-09
Resolution	:	2.60 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

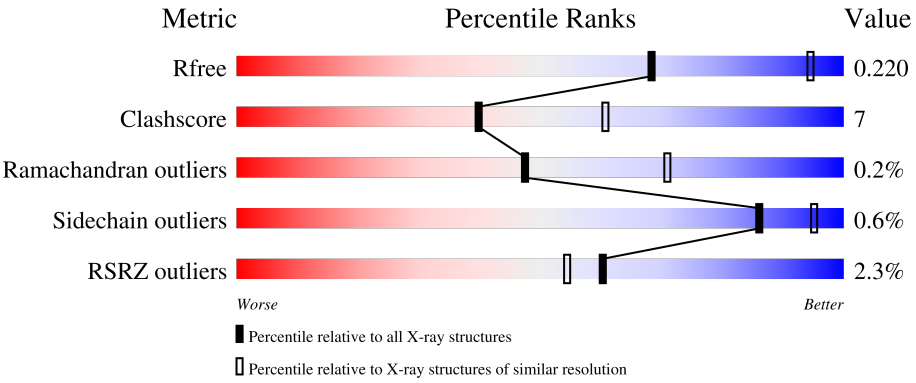
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36.2
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	3163 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3455 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3455 (2.60-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3104 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	351	2% 73% 11% 16%
1	B	351	% 69% 13% 18%
1	C	351	2% 65% 13% 22%

2 Entry composition (i)

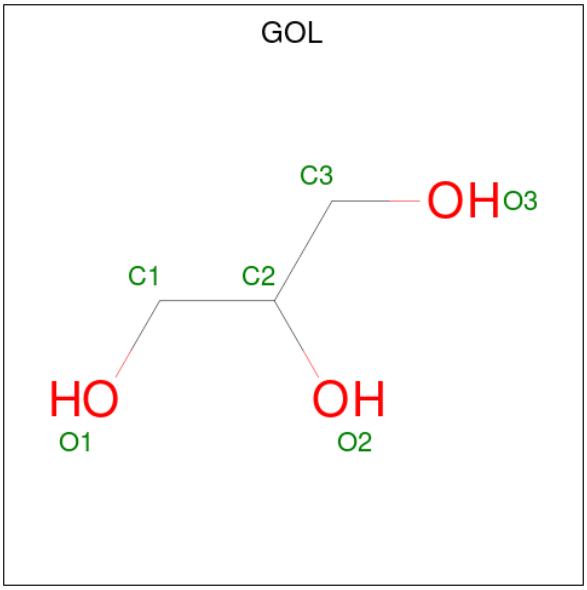
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6825 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called CONSERVED HYPOTHETICAL ALANINE AND LEUCINE RICH PROTEIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	294	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2261	1430	389	437	5			
1	B	287	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2208	1398	380	425	5			
1	C	275	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2111	1338	363	405	5			

- Molecule 2 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
2	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

- Molecule 3 is water.

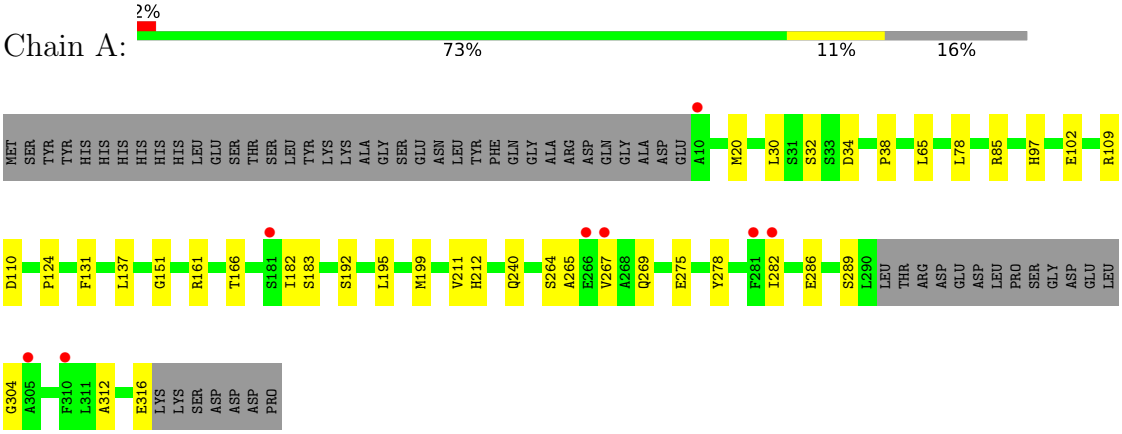
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	102	Total O 102 102	0	0
3	B	50	Total O 50 50	0	0
3	C	81	Total O 81 81	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

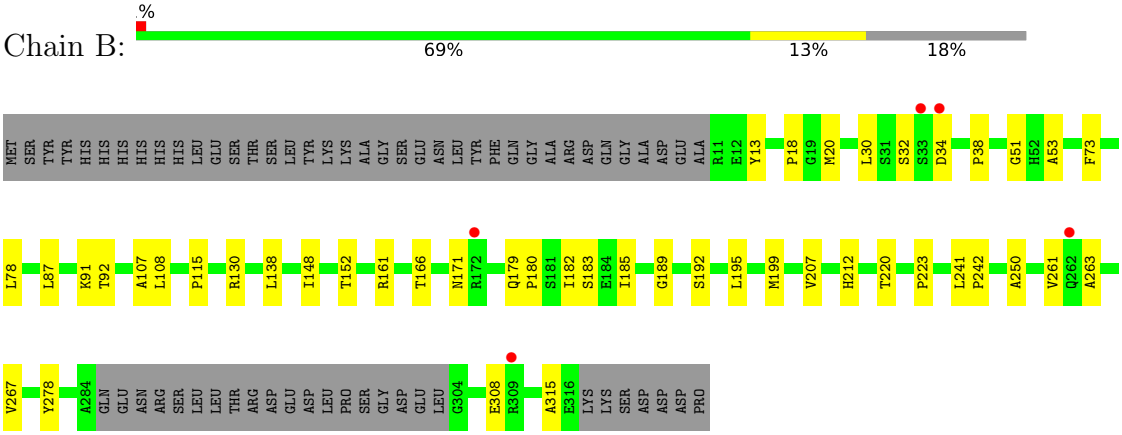
• Molecule 1: CONSERVED HYPOTHETICAL ALANINE AND LEUCINE RICH PROTEIN

Chain A:



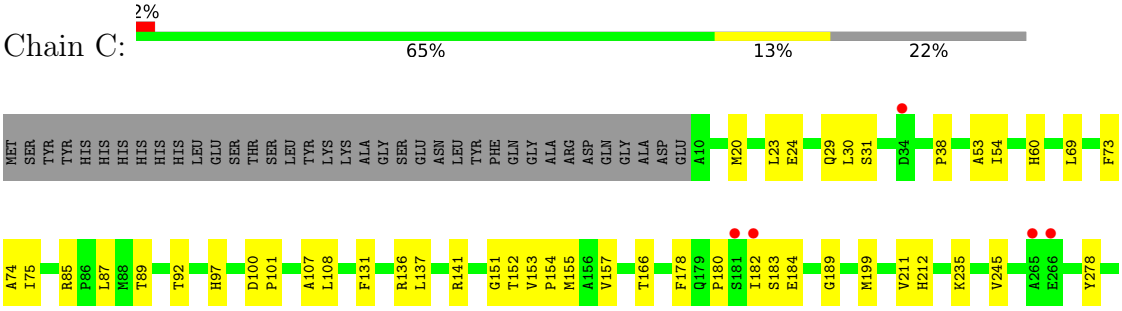
• Molecule 1: CONSERVED HYPOTHETICAL ALANINE AND LEUCINE RICH PROTEIN

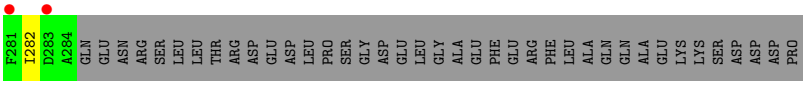
Chain B:



• Molecule 1: CONSERVED HYPOTHETICAL ALANINE AND LEUCINE RICH PROTEIN

Chain C:




F281
I282
D283
A284
GLN
GLU
ASN
ARG
SER
LEU
LEU
THR
ARG
ASP
GLU
ASP
LEU
PRO
SER
GLY
ASP
GLU
LEU
GLY
ALA
GLU
PHE
GLU
ARG
PHE
LEU
ALA
GLN
GLN
ALA
GLU
LYS
LYS
SER
ASP
ASP
PRO

4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	140.49Å 140.49Å 129.77Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	44.38 – 2.60 44.38 – 2.60	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.8 (44.38-2.60) 99.8 (44.38-2.60)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	2.33 (at 2.61Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.175 , 0.221 0.173 , 0.220	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2310 reflections (5.05%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	45.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.093	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.34 , 53.3	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.49$, $< L^2 > = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.023 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	6825	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	50.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.79% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$
1	A	0.36	0/2309	0.53	0/3144
1	B	0.35	0/2256	0.51	0/3072
1	C	0.38	0/2158	0.54	0/2943
All	All	0.36	0/6723	0.52	0/9159

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2261	0	2207	26	0
1	B	2208	0	2155	32	0
1	C	2111	0	2076	41	0
2	C	12	0	16	2	0
3	A	102	0	0	1	0
3	B	50	0	0	0	0
3	C	81	0	0	0	0
All	All	6825	0	6454	95	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (95) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:136:ARG:HG3	1:C:199:MET:HE1	1.52	0.88
1:C:60:HIS:HB2	2:C:1286:GOL:H31	1.56	0.85
1:C:53:ALA:HB3	1:C:152:THR:HG21	1.61	0.80
1:C:166:THR:HG23	1:C:212:HIS:CE1	2.21	0.75
1:A:20:MET:CE	1:A:131:PHE:HD2	2.02	0.73
1:B:20:MET:HE2	1:B:73:PHE:HD2	1.56	0.70
1:B:315:ALA:HB1	1:C:85:ARG:HD2	1.72	0.69
1:A:30:LEU:HB3	1:A:38:PRO:HG3	1.75	0.69
1:B:166:THR:HG23	1:B:212:HIS:NE2	2.09	0.68
1:C:53:ALA:HB3	1:C:152:THR:CG2	2.24	0.67
1:B:30:LEU:HB3	1:B:38:PRO:HG3	1.78	0.66
1:A:166:THR:HG23	1:A:212:HIS:NE2	2.10	0.66
1:C:199:MET:HA	1:C:199:MET:HE2	1.78	0.65
1:C:136:ARG:CG	1:C:199:MET:HE1	2.24	0.65
1:A:182:ILE:HD13	1:A:304:GLY:HA2	1.79	0.63
1:A:20:MET:HE1	1:A:131:PHE:HD2	1.63	0.63
1:C:166:THR:HG23	1:C:212:HIS:HE1	1.63	0.62
1:A:278:TYR:CE2	1:A:282:ILE:HD11	2.35	0.62
1:A:264:SER:OG	1:A:267:VAL:HG23	2.00	0.62
1:C:29:GLN:NE2	1:C:31:SER:HB2	2.14	0.61
1:C:182:ILE:HG22	1:C:183:SER:N	2.14	0.61
1:A:161:ARG:HB3	1:A:278:TYR:CE2	2.36	0.61
1:A:182:ILE:HG22	1:A:183:SER:O	2.01	0.61
1:A:166:THR:HG23	1:A:212:HIS:CE1	2.37	0.60
1:B:20:MET:CE	1:B:78:LEU:HD11	2.33	0.59
1:C:157:VAL:HG23	1:C:278:TYR:HD1	1.67	0.59
1:A:20:MET:HE1	1:A:131:PHE:CD2	2.39	0.58
1:A:282:ILE:O	1:A:286:GLU:HG2	2.03	0.58
1:C:54:ILE:HD11	1:C:151:GLY:HA2	1.86	0.58
1:B:20:MET:HE2	1:B:73:PHE:CD2	2.40	0.57
1:A:166:THR:HG23	1:A:212:HIS:HE2	1.70	0.56
1:A:286:GLU:O	1:A:289:SER:HB3	2.07	0.55
1:B:20:MET:HE1	1:B:78:LEU:HD11	1.88	0.55
1:C:20:MET:CE	1:C:131:PHE:HD2	2.20	0.54
1:C:278:TYR:O	1:C:282:ILE:HG12	2.07	0.54
1:C:30:LEU:O	1:C:38:PRO:HG3	2.07	0.53
1:B:195:LEU:O	1:B:199:MET:HB2	2.10	0.52
1:B:107:ALA:C	1:B:108:LEU:HD12	2.30	0.52
1:B:53:ALA:HB3	1:B:152:THR:HG21	1.92	0.51
1:C:178:PHE:O	1:C:180:PRO:HD3	2.11	0.51

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:97:HIS:HB2	3:A:2054:HOH:O	2.12	0.50
1:C:182:ILE:HG22	1:C:183:SER:H	1.75	0.50
1:A:110:ASP:HB2	1:A:240:GLN:O	2.11	0.50
1:B:261:VAL:HG22	1:B:267:VAL:HG11	1.93	0.49
1:C:136:ARG:CG	1:C:199:MET:CE	2.90	0.48
1:C:155:MET:HG3	1:C:212:HIS:HB3	1.94	0.48
1:B:185:ILE:HB	1:B:308:GLU:OE2	2.14	0.48
1:C:152:THR:HG22	1:C:211:VAL:CG1	2.44	0.47
1:A:78:LEU:HB3	1:A:124:PRO:HB3	1.96	0.47
1:B:108:LEU:HD12	1:B:108:LEU:N	2.28	0.47
1:A:161:ARG:NH2	1:A:275:GLU:HB3	2.29	0.47
1:B:261:VAL:C	1:B:263:ALA:H	2.17	0.47
1:C:182:ILE:CG2	1:C:183:SER:N	2.77	0.47
1:C:157:VAL:HG23	1:C:278:TYR:CD1	2.50	0.47
1:C:137:LEU:O	1:C:141:ARG:HG2	2.15	0.47
1:B:161:ARG:HB3	1:B:278:TYR:CE2	2.50	0.46
1:C:245:VAL:HG21	2:C:1285:GOL:H11	1.96	0.46
1:B:182:ILE:O	1:C:92:THR:HA	2.16	0.46
1:A:265:ALA:O	1:A:269:GLN:HG2	2.16	0.46
1:B:51:GLY:HA2	1:B:220:THR:O	2.16	0.45
1:B:148:ILE:HA	1:B:207:VAL:O	2.16	0.45
1:C:136:ARG:HG3	1:C:199:MET:CE	2.34	0.45
1:C:235:LYS:HE3	1:C:235:LYS:HB2	1.60	0.45
1:B:182:ILE:HG22	1:B:183:SER:O	2.16	0.45
1:B:108:LEU:O	1:B:115:PRO:HA	2.17	0.44
1:C:182:ILE:CG2	1:C:183:SER:H	2.31	0.44
1:A:151:GLY:O	1:A:211:VAL:HG12	2.17	0.44
1:C:89:THR:HB	1:C:97:HIS:HB3	1.99	0.43
1:A:32:SER:HB2	1:A:34:ASP:OD2	2.17	0.43
1:B:20:MET:HE3	1:B:78:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.43
1:B:166:THR:HG23	1:B:212:HIS:CE1	2.53	0.43
1:C:20:MET:HE2	1:C:131:PHE:HD2	1.84	0.43
1:C:153:VAL:HA	1:C:154:PRO:HD3	1.91	0.42
1:B:91:LYS:O	1:B:92:THR:HB	2.18	0.42
1:C:100:ASP:HA	1:C:101:PRO:HD3	1.83	0.42
1:B:223:PRO:HB2	1:B:250:ALA:HA	2.01	0.42
1:C:107:ALA:C	1:C:108:LEU:HD12	2.41	0.41
1:C:73:PHE:O	1:C:75:ILE:N	2.54	0.41
1:A:65:LEU:HD22	1:A:109:ARG:O	2.19	0.41
1:B:32:SER:HB3	1:B:34:ASP:OD2	2.21	0.41
1:B:179:GLN:HA	1:B:180:PRO:HD3	1.90	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:87:LEU:HD12	1:B:87:LEU:HA	1.87	0.41
1:B:138:LEU:HD23	1:B:138:LEU:HA	1.89	0.41
1:C:20:MET:HE3	1:C:73:PHE:HD2	1.85	0.41
1:A:137:LEU:C	1:A:137:LEU:HD23	2.41	0.41
1:A:312:ALA:O	1:A:316:GLU:HG2	2.20	0.41
1:B:189:GLY:O	1:C:85:ARG:HD3	2.21	0.41
1:C:24:GLU:HB3	1:C:69:LEU:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:85:ARG:HD3	1:C:189:GLY:O	2.21	0.41
1:C:23:LEU:HD23	1:C:23:LEU:HA	1.86	0.41
1:B:241:LEU:HA	1:B:242:PRO:HD2	1.76	0.40
1:C:87:LEU:HD23	1:C:87:LEU:HA	1.88	0.40
1:A:195:LEU:O	1:A:199:MET:HG2	2.22	0.40
1:B:13:TYR:OH	1:B:18:PRO:HB3	2.21	0.40
1:B:171:ASN:C	1:B:171:ASN:OD1	2.60	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	290/351 (83%)	277 (96%)	13 (4%)	0	100 100
1	B	283/351 (81%)	271 (96%)	12 (4%)	0	100 100
1	C	273/351 (78%)	257 (94%)	14 (5%)	2 (1%)	22 43
All	All	846/1053 (80%)	805 (95%)	39 (5%)	2 (0%)	47 71

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	74	ALA
1	C	184	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	235/287 (82%)	233 (99%)	2 (1%)	78 91
1	B	229/287 (80%)	227 (99%)	2 (1%)	78 91
1	C	221/287 (77%)	221 (100%)	0	100 100
All	All	685/861 (80%)	681 (99%)	4 (1%)	86 95

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	102	GLU
1	A	192	SER
1	B	130	ARG
1	B	192	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	29	GLN

5.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	GOL	C	1285	-	5,5,5	0.70	0	5,5,5	1.01	0
2	GOL	C	1286	-	5,5,5	0.47	0	5,5,5	0.35	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GOL	C	1285	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
2	GOL	C	1286	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	C	1285	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
2	C	1285	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
2	C	1286	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
2	C	1285	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
2	C	1286	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
2	C	1285	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	C	1285	GOL	1	0
2	C	1286	GOL	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	294/351 (83%)	-0.13	8 (2%)	54	48	23, 38, 100, 133	0
1	B	287/351 (81%)	-0.20	5 (1%)	70	66	25, 48, 112, 139	0
1	C	275/351 (78%)	-0.27	7 (2%)	57	51	24, 37, 91, 141	0
All	All	856/1053 (81%)	-0.20	20 (2%)	60	54	23, 42, 107, 141	0

All (20) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	181	SER	4.1
1	C	182	ILE	3.3
1	A	10	ALA	3.2
1	A	267	VAL	3.0
1	C	281	PHE	2.9
1	A	181	SER	2.8
1	B	172	ARG	2.7
1	A	266	GLU	2.7
1	B	262	GLN	2.6
1	A	310	PHE	2.4
1	B	33	SER	2.3
1	C	265	ALA	2.3
1	A	281	PHE	2.2
1	C	34	ASP	2.2
1	A	282	ILE	2.2
1	C	266	GLU	2.2
1	A	305	ALA	2.1
1	B	34	ASP	2.1
1	C	283	ASP	2.1
1	B	309	ARG	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
2	GOL	C	1286	6/6	0.83	0.30	47,58,68,69	0
2	GOL	C	1285	6/6	0.93	0.29	38,47,61,62	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.