



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Oct 23, 2021 – 01:30 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1VZC
Title : L. CASEI THYMIDYLATE SYNTHASE MUTANT E60Q BINARY COM-
PLEX WITH FDUMP
Authors : Birdsall, D.L.; Finer-Moore, J.; Stroud, R.M.
Deposited on : 1996-09-18
Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.23.2
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.23.2

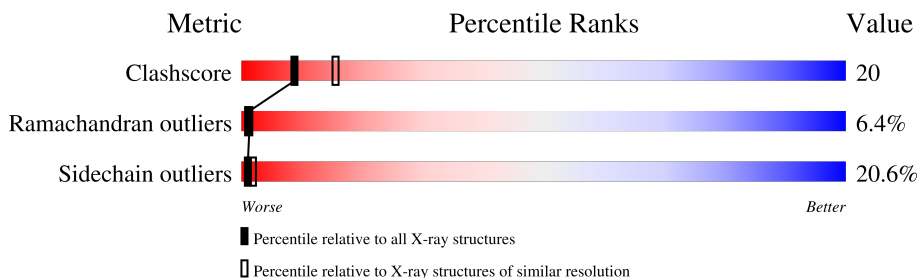
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	316	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	UFP	A	317	X	-	-	-

2 Entry composition i

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3267 atoms, of which 615 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

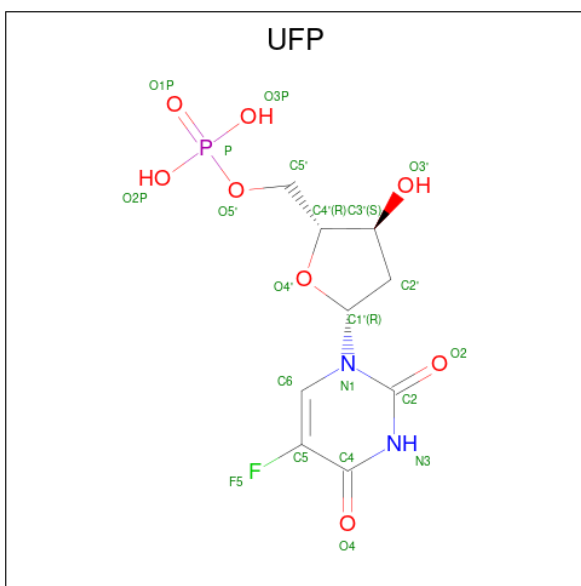
- Molecule 1 is a protein called THYMIDYLATE SYNTHASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S			
1	A	316	3122	1677	532	439	466	8	0	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	60	GLN	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P00469
A	111	ALA	ASP	conflict	UNP P00469

- Molecule 2 is 5-FLUORO-2'-DEOXYURIDINE-5'-MONOPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: UFP) (formula: C₉H₁₂FN₂O₈P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	F	H	N	O	P		
2	A	1	22	9	1	1	2	8	1	0	0

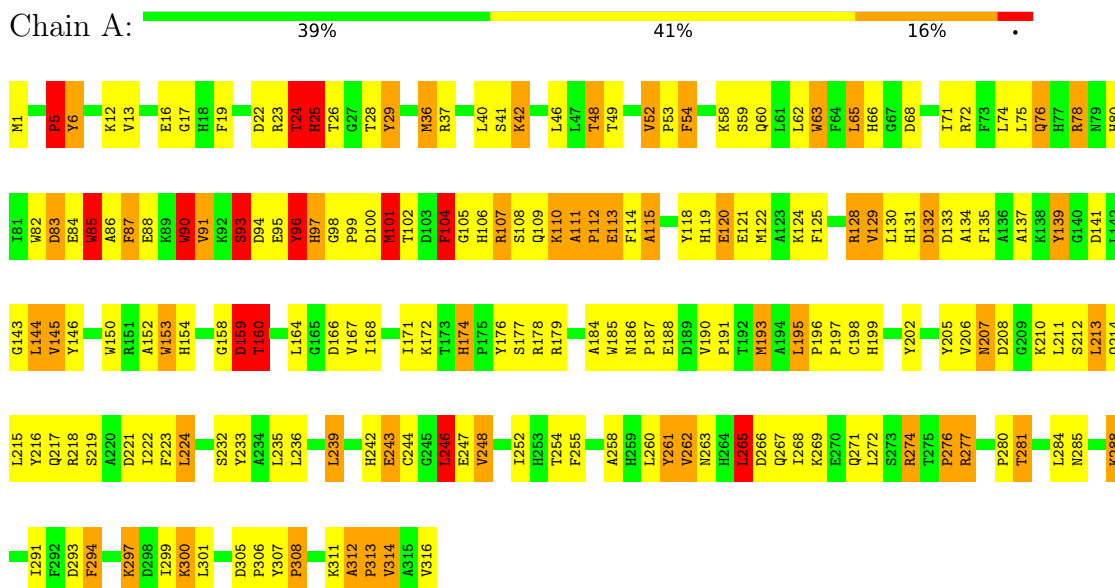
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	H	O		
3	A	41	123	82	41	0	0

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: THYMIDYLATE SYNTHASE



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 61 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	79.50Å 79.50Å 229.10Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	15.00 – 2.50 59.01 – 2.05	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (15.00-2.50) 41.8 (59.01-2.05)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.51 (at 2.05Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.1	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.201 , (Not available) 0.319 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	15.0	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.337	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.31 , 350.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.46$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.29$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.76	EDS
Total number of atoms	3267	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	13.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.62% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: UFP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	1.47	11/2674 (0.4%)	2.20	110/3634 (3.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	8

The worst 5 of 11 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	150	TRP	CG-CD2	-6.01	1.33	1.43
1	A	23	ARG	NE-CZ	5.91	1.40	1.33
1	A	63	TRP	CA-CB	-5.46	1.42	1.53
1	A	177	SER	CA-CB	-5.42	1.44	1.52
1	A	212	SER	CA-CB	-5.42	1.44	1.52

The worst 5 of 110 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	179	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	15.68	128.14	120.30
1	A	274	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	14.08	127.34	120.30
1	A	179	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-11.32	114.64	120.30
1	A	78	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-11.23	114.68	120.30
1	A	176	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-10.87	114.48	121.00

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	139	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	29	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	6	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	96	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	98	GLY	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2590	532	2501	105	3
2	A	21	1	10	0	0
3	A	41	82	0	2	0
All	All	2652	615	2511	105	3

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 20.

The worst 5 of 105 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:243:GLU:HG3	1:A:291:ILE:HG23	1.53	0.89
1:A:76:GLN:HB3	1:A:130:LEU:HD11	1.64	0.79
1:A:195:LEU:CD1	3:A:359:HOH:O	2.30	0.79
1:A:104:PHE:HB2	1:A:118:TYR:CD2	2.22	0.74
1:A:195:LEU:HD11	3:A:359:HOH:O	1.87	0.73

All (3) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:107:ARG:HH21	1:A:107:ARG:HH21[11_654]	0.98	0.62
1:A:178:ARG:HH11	1:A:219:SER:HG[11_554]	1.35	0.25
1:A:107:ARG:NH2	1:A:107:ARG:NH2[11_654]	2.16	0.04

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	314/316 (99%)	248 (79%)	46 (15%)	20 (6%)	1 1

5 of 20 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	24	THR
1	A	25	HIS
1	A	102	THR
1	A	104	PHE
1	A	111	ALA

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	277/277 (100%)	220 (79%)	57 (21%)	1 2

5 of 57 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	145	VAL
1	A	313	PRO
1	A	206	VAL
1	A	311	LYS
1	A	271	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such

sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	186	ASN
1	A	207	ASN
1	A	289	HIS
1	A	77	HIS
1	A	76	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	UFP	A	317	-	19,22,22	2.52	4 (21%)	24,33,33	3.48	7 (29%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	UFP	A	317	-	1/1/4/4	2/7/22/22	0/2/2/2

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	317	UFP	C4-C5	7.34	1.47	1.38
2	A	317	UFP	C4-N3	5.00	1.41	1.33
2	A	317	UFP	O4'-C1'	3.59	1.50	1.42
2	A	317	UFP	F5-C5	-2.16	1.32	1.36

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	317	UFP	C4-N3-C2	13.64	126.66	115.14
2	A	317	UFP	C5-C4-N3	-6.97	115.03	122.39
2	A	317	UFP	C2'-C3'-C4'	-3.32	95.83	102.76
2	A	317	UFP	C6-N1-C1'	-3.07	112.34	119.24
2	A	317	UFP	O4'-C4'-C3'	-2.82	99.08	105.67

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
2	A	317	UFP	C1'

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

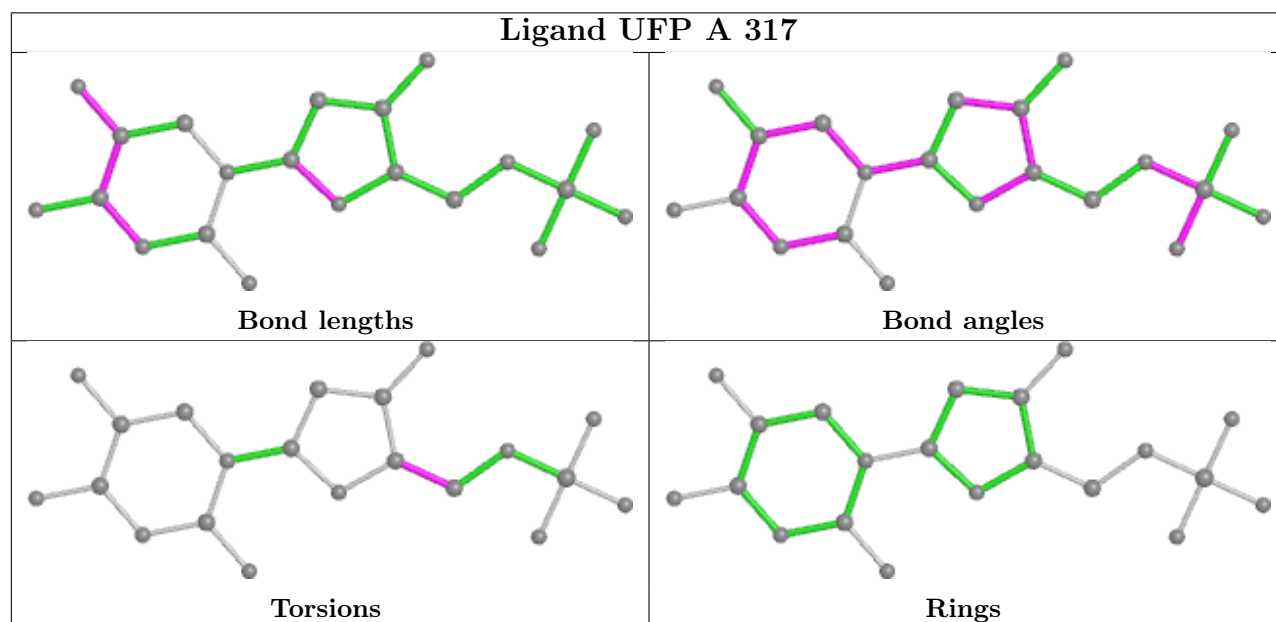
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	317	UFP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
2	A	317	UFP	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier.

The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [\(i\)](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [\(i\)](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositor's R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [\(i\)](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositor's R factor - this section is therefore empty.

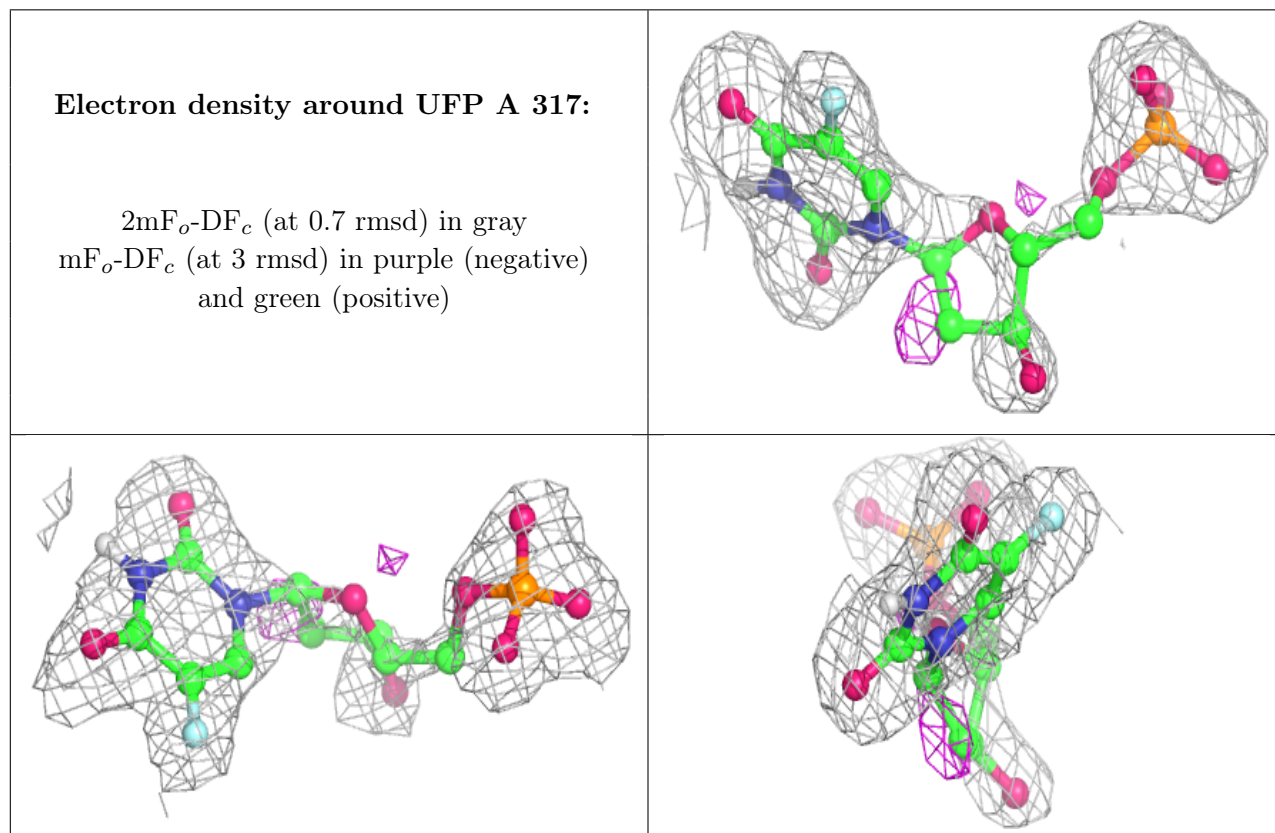
6.3 Carbohydrates [\(i\)](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositor's R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands [\(i\)](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositor's R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.