



## wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 10, 2024 – 04:46 PM EDT

PDB ID : 6URO  
EMDB ID : EMD-20861  
Title : Cryo-EM structure of human CPSF160-WDR33-CPSF30-PAS RNA-CstF77 complex  
Authors : Sun, Y.; Zhang, Y.; Walz, T.; Tong, L.  
Deposited on : 2019-10-23  
Resolution : 3.60 Å (reported)  
Based on initial models : 2OOE, 6DNH

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

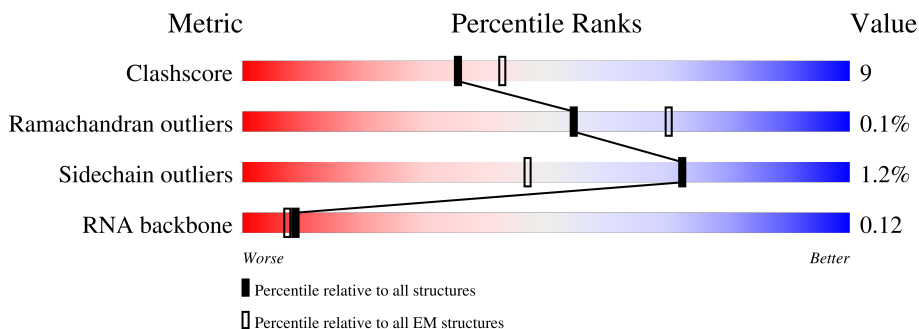
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev70  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  
*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826
RNA backbone	4643	859

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1443	
2	B	587	
3	C	250	
4	D	47	
5	E	717	
5	F	717	

## 2 Entry composition i

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 22401 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cleavage and polyadenylation specificity factor subunit 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	1199	9498	6100	1626	1717	55	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called pre-mRNA 3' end processing protein WDR33.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	378	3051	1926	560	545	20	0	0

There are 15 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	-14	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C0J8
B	-13	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C0J8
B	-12	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C0J8
B	-11	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C0J8
B	-10	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C0J8
B	-9	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C0J8
B	-8	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C0J8
B	-7	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C0J8
B	-6	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C0J8
B	-5	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C0J8
B	-4	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C0J8
B	-3	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C0J8
B	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C0J8
B	-1	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C0J8
B	0	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP Q9C0J8

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Cleavage and polyadenylation specificity factor subunit 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	C	116	913	585	150	164	14	0	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	245	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O95639
C	246	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O95639
C	247	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O95639
C	248	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O95639
C	249	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O95639
C	250	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O95639

- Molecule 4 is a RNA chain called PAS RNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	D	8	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			172	78	35	51	8		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Cleavage stimulation factor subunit 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	E	527	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4382	2815	741	803	23		
5	F	527	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4382	2815	741	803	23		

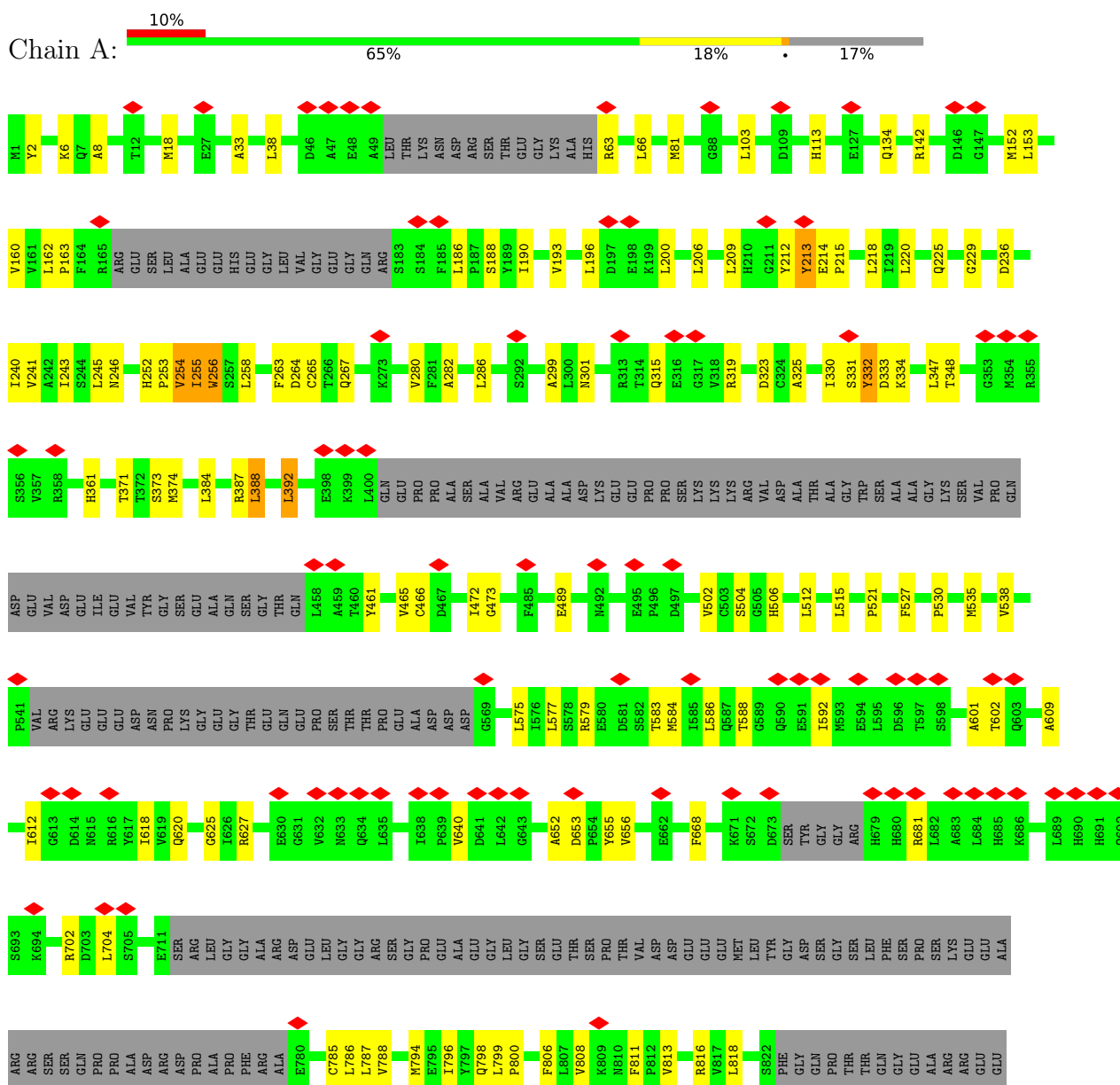
- Molecule 6 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
6	C	3	Total	Zn	0
			3	3	

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

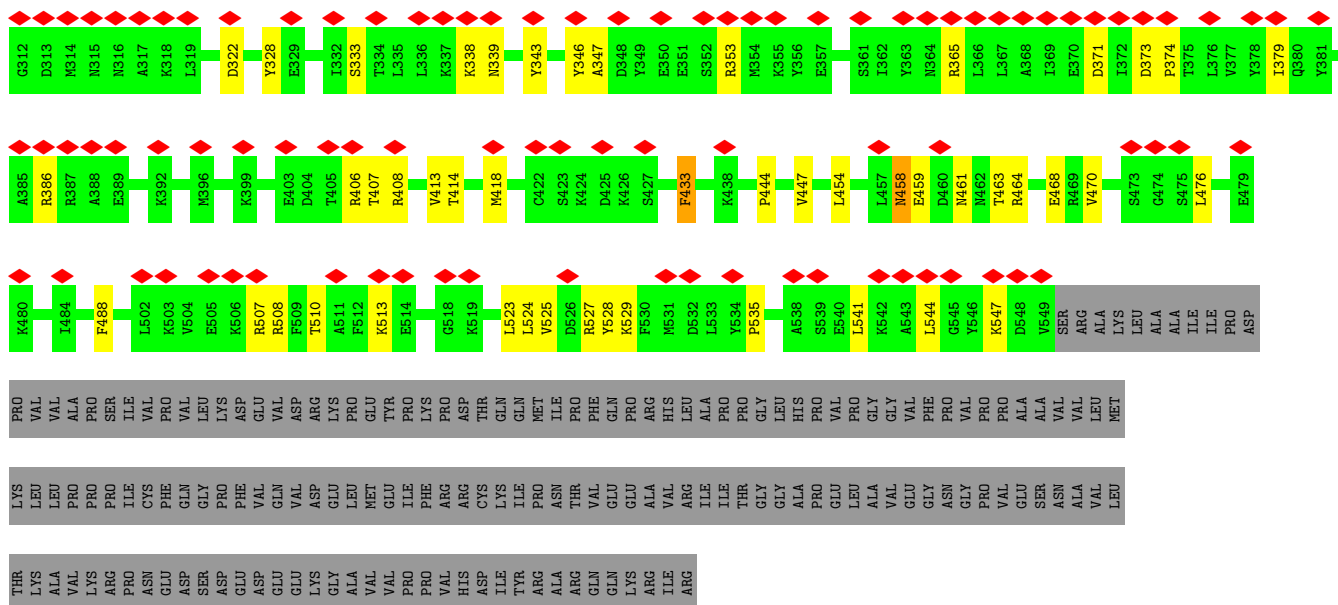
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Cleavage and polyadenylation specificity factor subunit 1

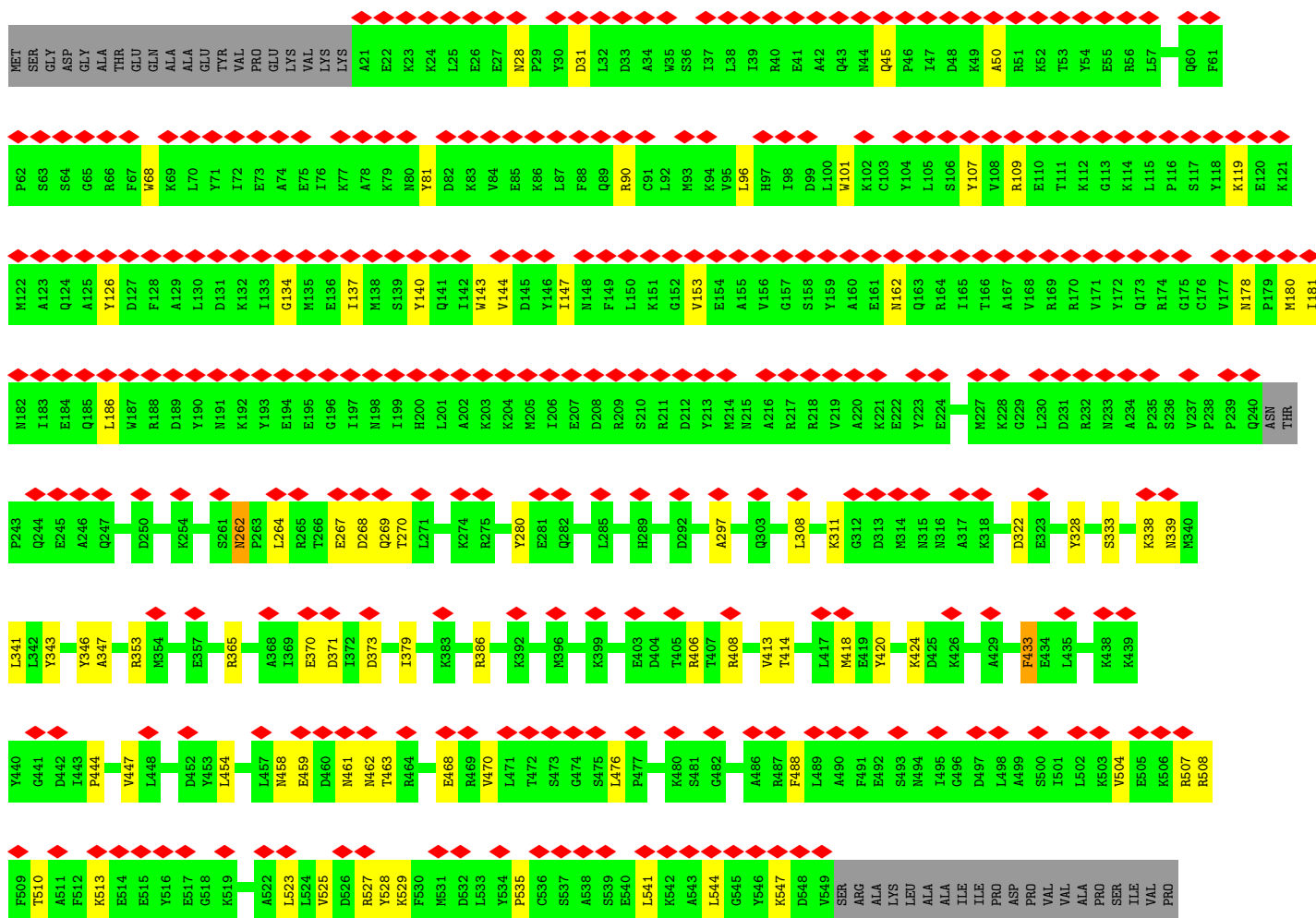








• Molecule 5: Cleavage stimulation factor subunit 3





VAL  
LEU  
LYS  
ASP  
GLU  
VAL  
VAL  
ASP  
ARG  
LYS  
PRO  
GLU  
MET  
GLU  
TYR  
PRO  
LYS  
PRO  
ARG  
THR  
GLN  
GLN  
MET  
ILE  
ASN  
THR  
PHE  
GLN  
PRO  
ARG  
HIS  
LEU  
ALA  
PRO  
PRO  
GLY  
LEU  
HIS  
PRO  
VAL  
VAL  
PRO  
GLY  
GLY  
VAL  
PHE  
PRO  
VAL  
PRO  
ALA  
ALA  
SER  
VAL  
VAL  
VAL  
LEU  
MET  
LYS  
LEU  
LEU  
PRO  
PRO  
ILE  
CYS  
PHE

GLN  
GLY  
PRO  
PHE  
VAL  
GLN  
VAL  
ASP  
GLU  
LEU  
MET  
GLU  
ILE  
PHE  
ARG  
ARG  
CYS  
LYS  
ILE  
PRO  
ASN  
THR  
VAL  
GLN  
GLU  
ALA  
VAL  
ARG  
LEU  
ILE  
ILE  
THR  
GLY  
GLY  
ALA  
PRO  
GLU  
LEU  
ALA  
VAL  
GLU  
GLY  
ASN  
GLY  
PRO  
VAL  
GLU  
SER  
ASN  
ALA  
VAL  
LEU  
THR  
LYS  
ALA  
VAL  
LYS  
ARG  
PRO  
ASN  
GLU  
PHE

ASP  
SER  
ASP  
GLU  
ASP  
GLU  
GLY  
LYS  
GLY  
ALA  
VAL  
VAL  
PRO  
PRO  
VAL  
HIS  
ASP  
ILE  
TYR  
ARG  
ALA  
ARG  
GLN  
GLN  
LYS  
ARG  
ILE  
ARG

## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	50092	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	70	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	900	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2800	Depositor
Magnification	46729	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.105	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.061	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.003	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.02	Depositor
Map size (Å)	299.6, 299.6, 299.6	wwPDB
Map dimensions	280, 280, 280	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.07, 1.07, 1.07	Depositor

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section:  
ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.49	0/9717	0.65	0/13194
2	B	0.53	0/3136	0.67	0/4246
3	C	0.35	0/937	0.56	0/1256
4	D	0.44	0/193	0.87	0/298
5	E	0.31	0/4479	0.46	0/6030
5	F	0.31	0/4479	0.46	0/6030
All	All	0.43	0/22941	0.59	0/31054

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	9498	0	9538	200	0
2	B	3051	0	2966	93	0
3	C	913	0	884	5	0
4	D	172	0	88	0	0
5	E	4382	0	4378	54	0
5	F	4382	0	4378	51	0
6	C	3	0	0	0	0
All	All	22401	0	22232	380	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 380 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:1346:GLY:C	1:A:1347:LEU:HD12	1.54	1.28
2:B:58:ASP:HA	2:B:149:LEU:CD2	1.65	1.24
5:F:510:THR:HG23	5:F:513:LYS:CE	1.73	1.19
2:B:58:ASP:HA	2:B:149:LEU:HD22	1.24	1.14
1:A:1126:CYS:SG	1:A:1172:VAL:N	2.25	1.10

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	1177/1443 (82%)	1057 (90%)	118 (10%)	2 (0%)	47	79
2	B	376/587 (64%)	333 (89%)	43 (11%)	0	100	100
3	C	114/250 (46%)	94 (82%)	20 (18%)	0	100	100
5	E	523/717 (73%)	510 (98%)	13 (2%)	0	100	100
5	F	523/717 (73%)	511 (98%)	12 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	2713/3714 (73%)	2505 (92%)	206 (8%)	2 (0%)	54	83

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	256	TRP
1	A	254	VAL

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	1047/1235 (85%)	1037 (99%)	10 (1%)	76	88
2	B	328/514 (64%)	324 (99%)	4 (1%)	71	87
3	C	99/217 (46%)	99 (100%)	0	100	100
5	E	465/627 (74%)	457 (98%)	8 (2%)	60	82
5	F	465/627 (74%)	457 (98%)	8 (2%)	60	82
All	All	2404/3220 (75%)	2374 (99%)	30 (1%)	72	87

5 of 30 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	E	162	ASN
5	F	461	ASN
5	E	433	PHE
5	F	547	LYS
5	F	339	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 24 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	E	299	GLN
5	F	162	ASN
5	E	461	ASN
5	F	262	ASN
2	B	215	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
4	D	7/47 (14%)	1 (14%)	0

All (1) RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	D	2	A

There are no RNA pucker outliers to report.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

#### 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

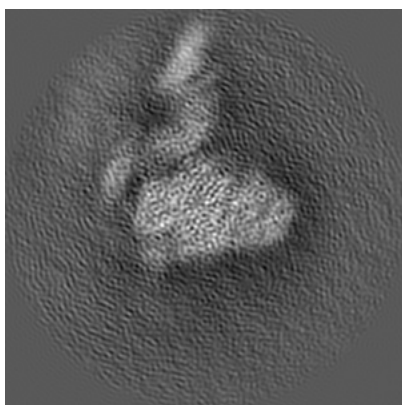
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-20861. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

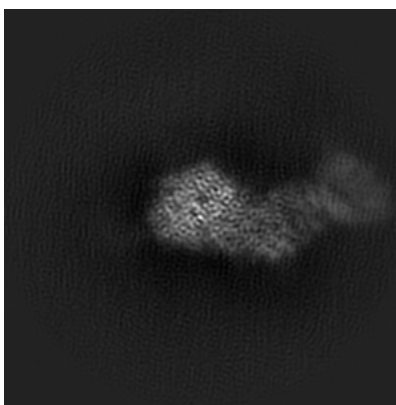
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

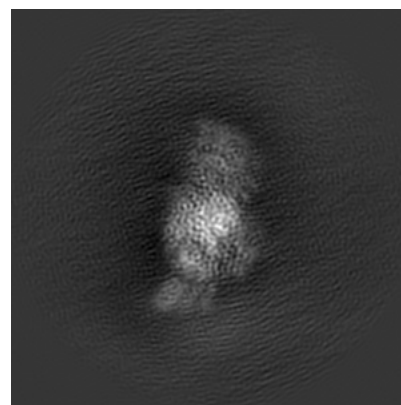
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

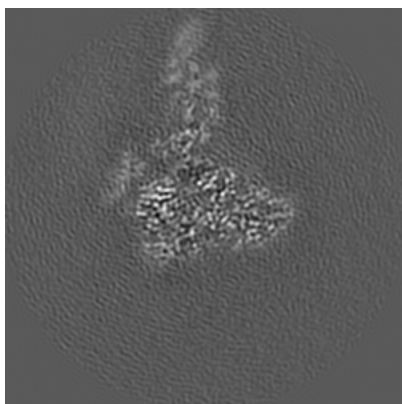


Z

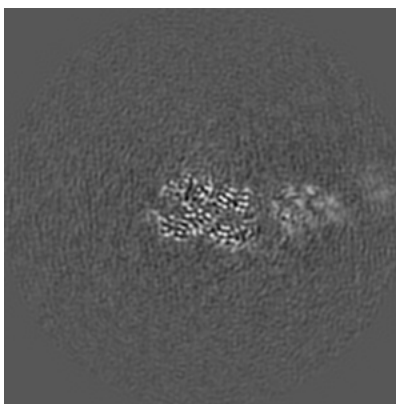
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

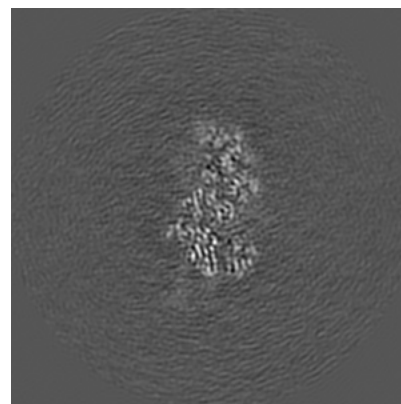
#### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 140



Y Index: 140

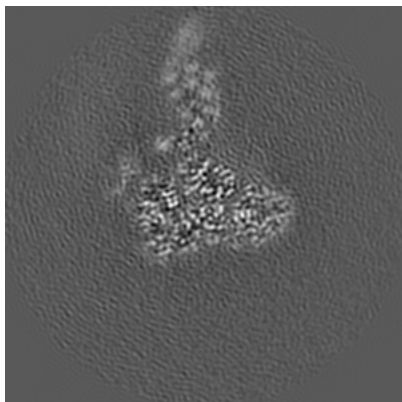


Z Index: 140

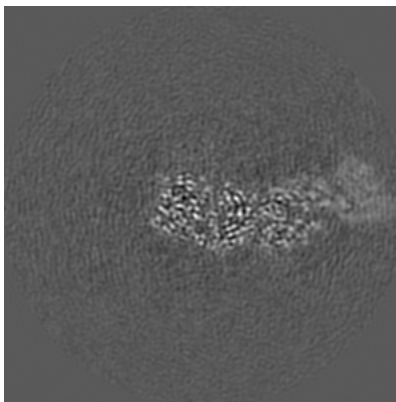
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

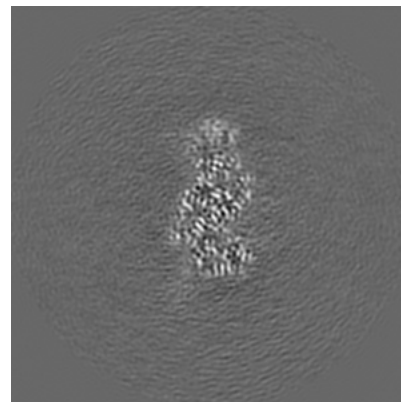
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 142



Y Index: 130

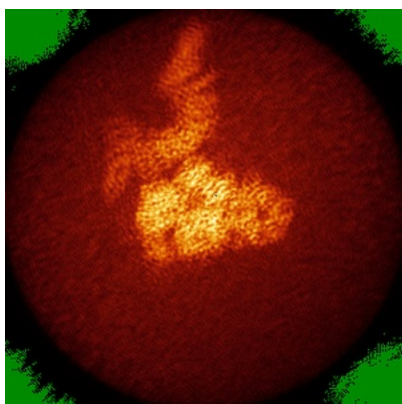


Z Index: 133

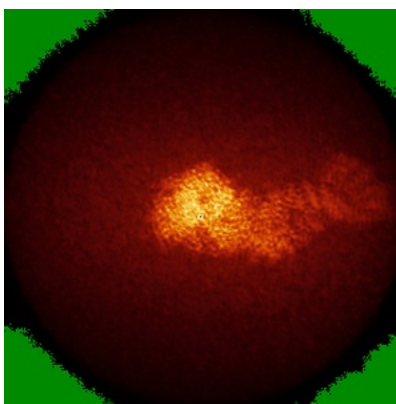
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

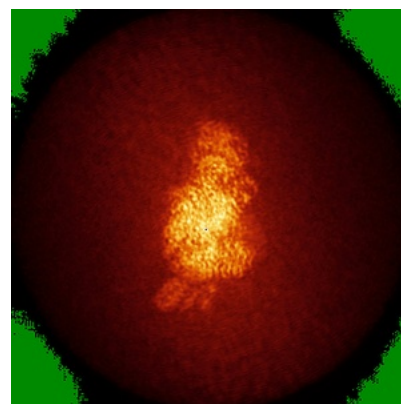
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.02. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

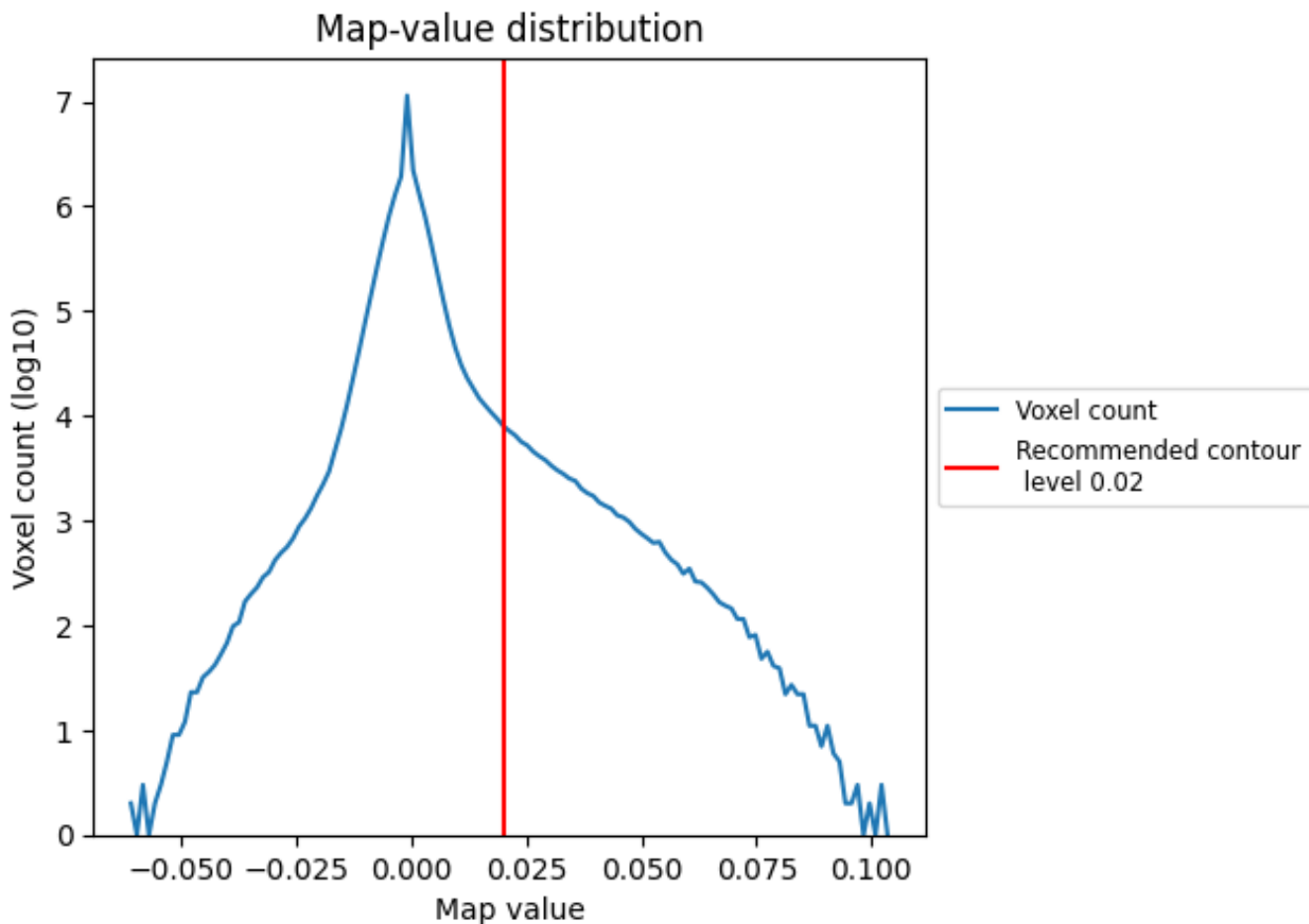
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

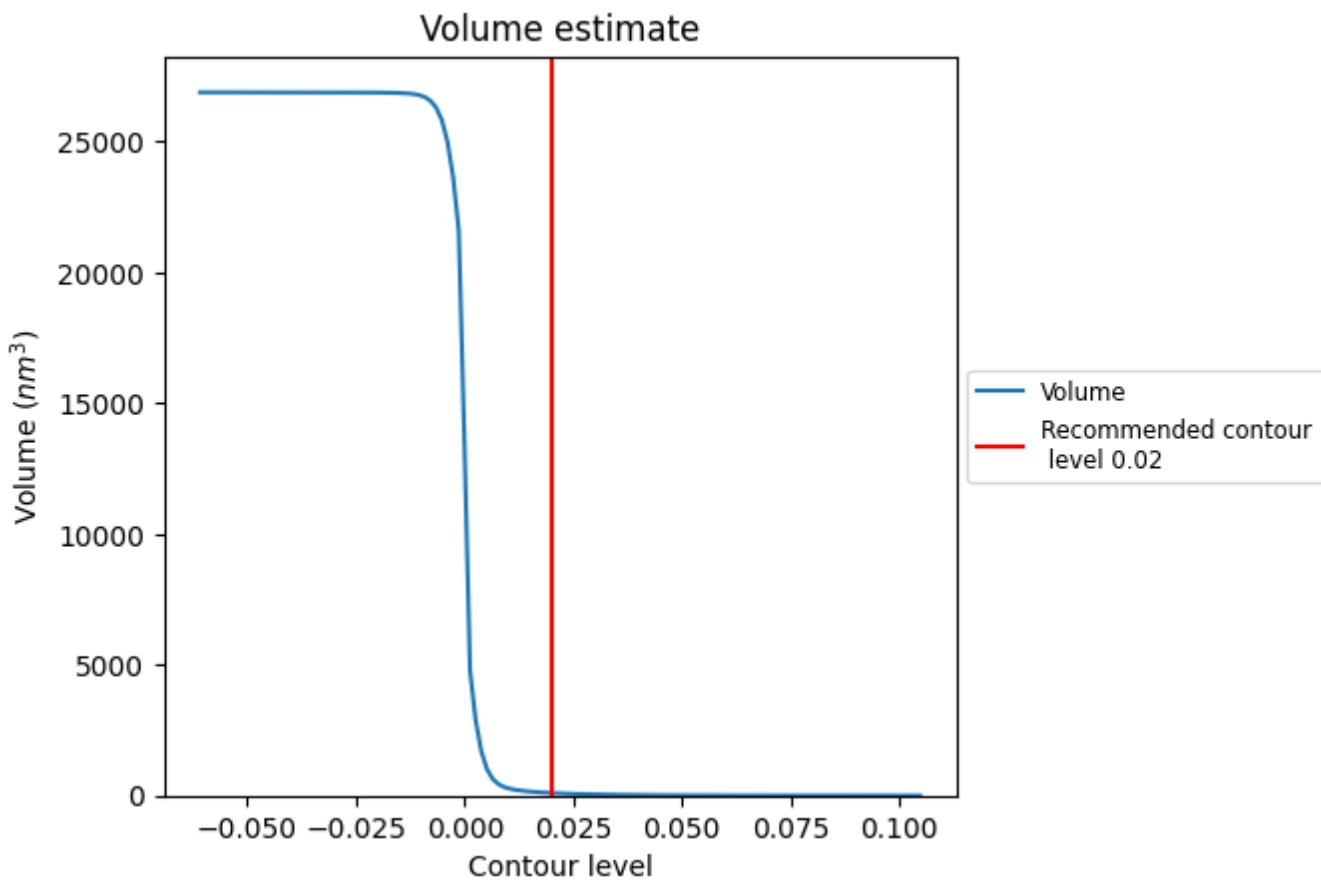
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

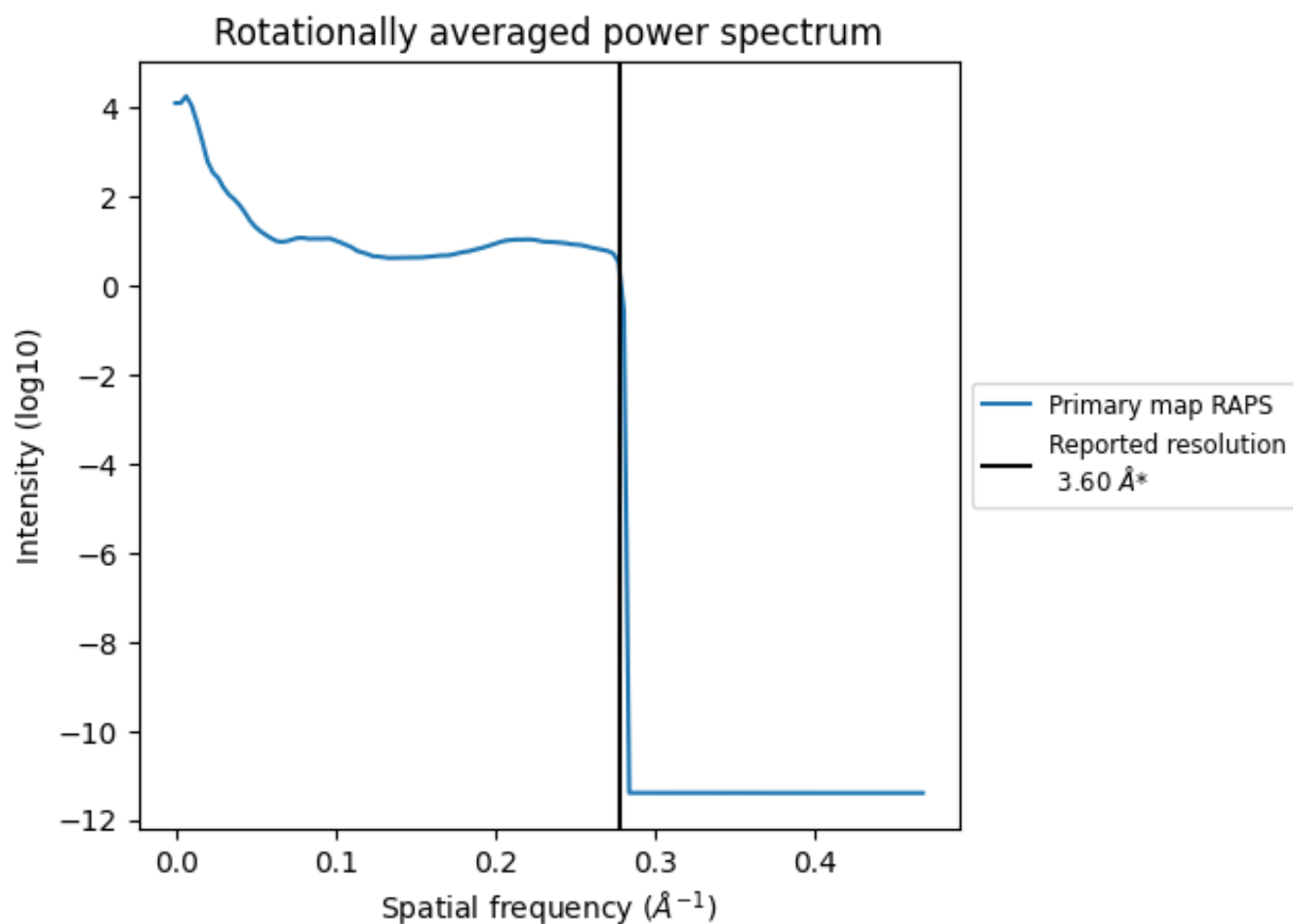
## 7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 98 nm<sup>3</sup>; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 88 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.278 Å<sup>-1</sup>

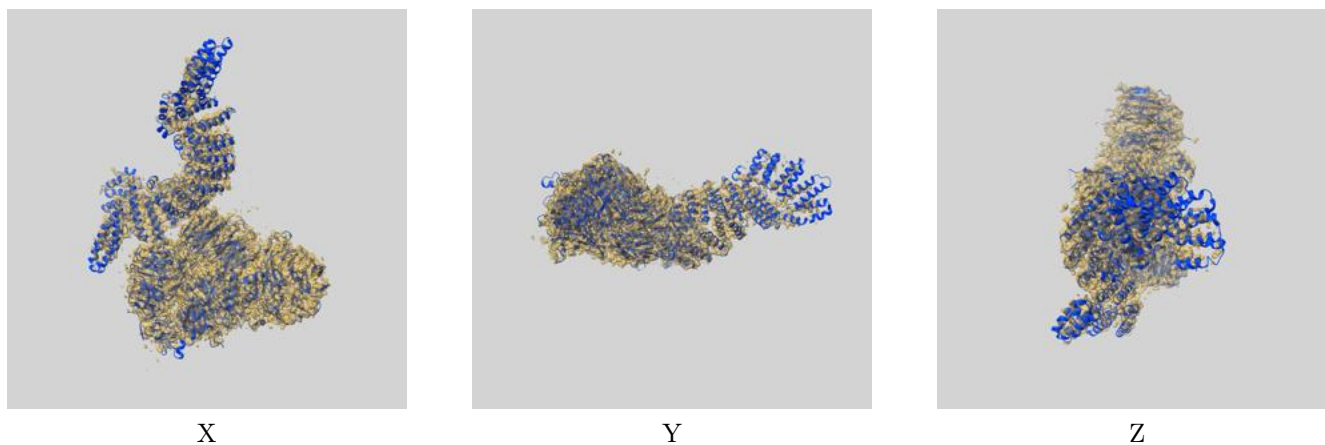
## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

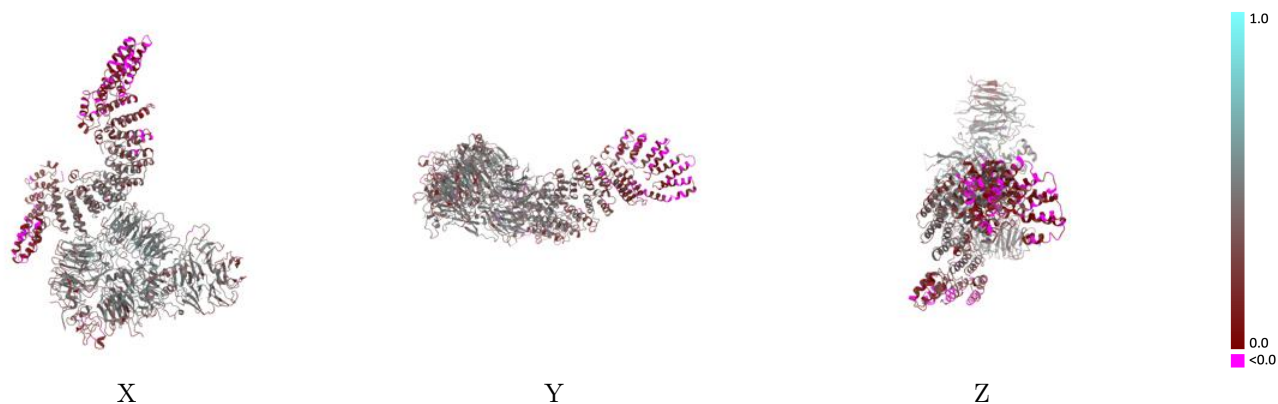
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-20861 and PDB model 6URO. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [5](#).

### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



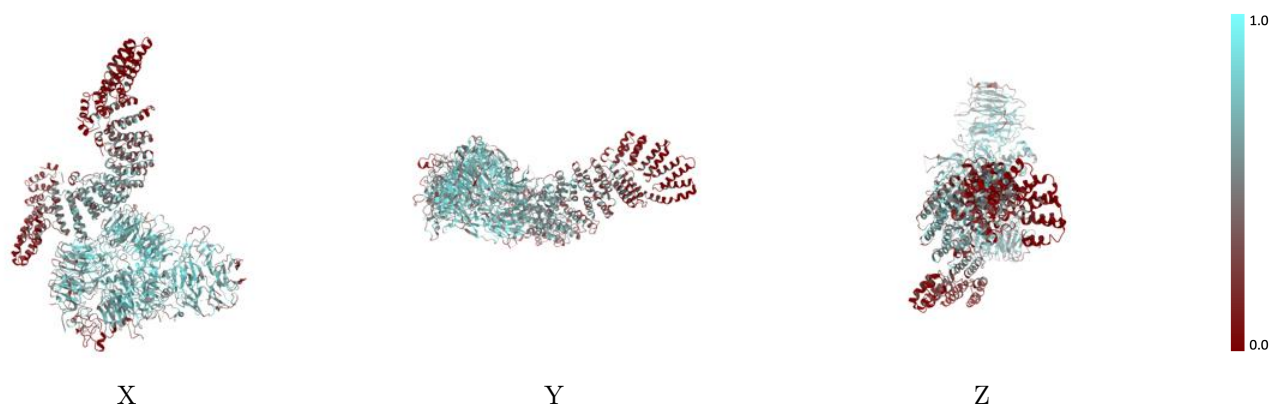
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.02 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



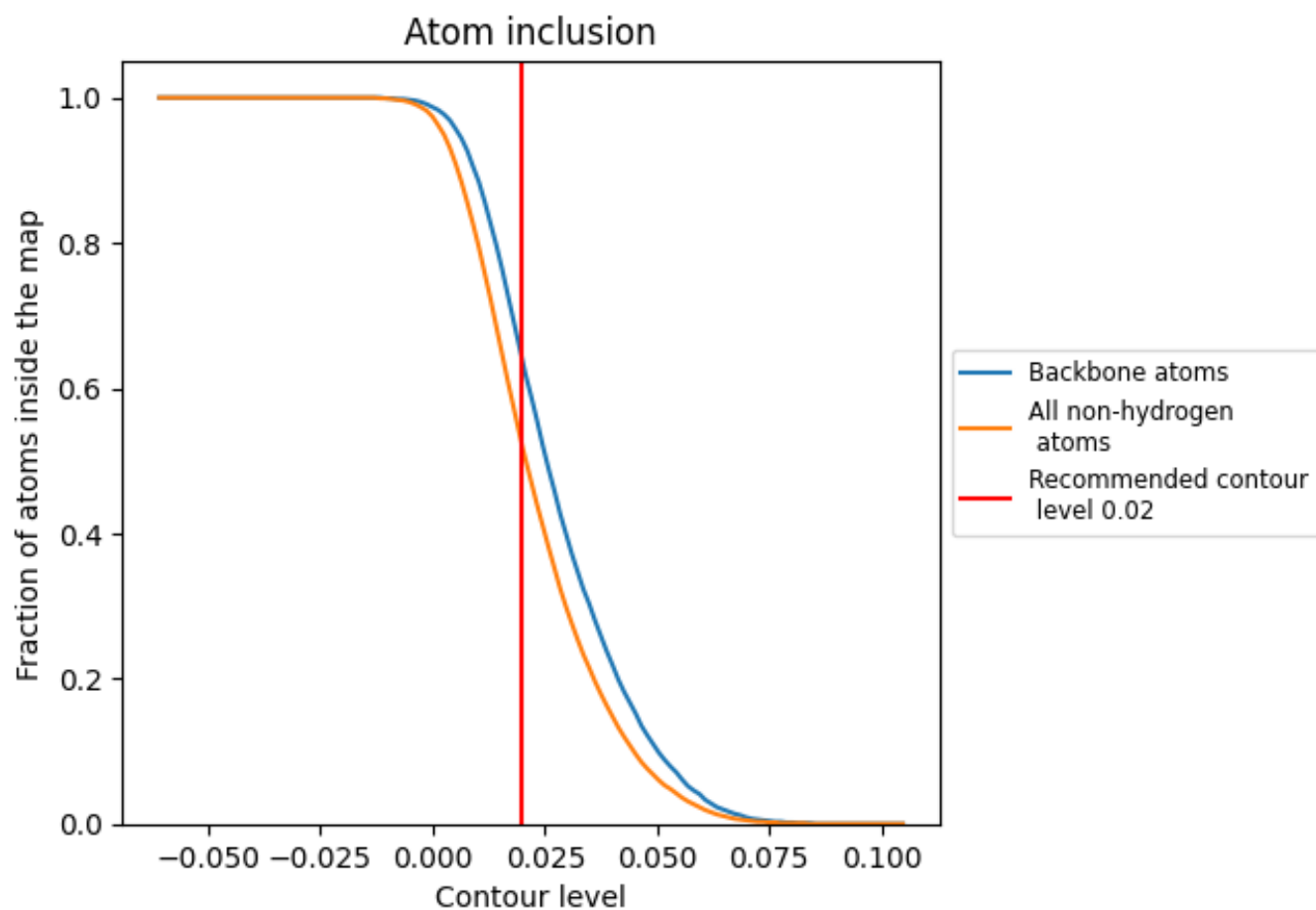
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.02).

## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)

















At the recommended contour level, 64% of all backbone atoms, 52% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



## 9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.02) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.5190	 0.3480
A	 0.6700	 0.4370
B	 0.6570	 0.4220
C	 0.3230	 0.2660
D	 0.5760	 0.4170
E	 0.2970	 0.2020
F	 0.3560	 0.2650

