

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID 7U5W

> Title : Crystal Structure Analysis of human Carbonic anhydrase 2

Authors : Seo, H.-S.; Dhe-Paganon, S.

2022-03-02 Deposited on

1.13 Å(reported) Resolution

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

> The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity 4.02b-467

> 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020) Mogul

Xtriage (Phenix) 1.13

EDS 2.36

20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) Percentile statistics

> Refmac 5.8.0158

CCP4 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Parkinson et al. (1996)

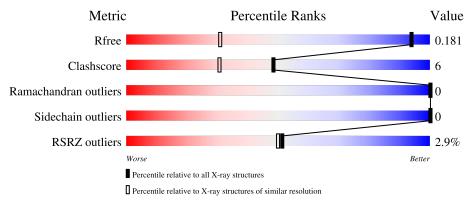
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.13 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	1168 (1.14-1.10)
Clashscore	141614	1205 (1.14-1.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1168 (1.14-1.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1165 (1.14-1.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1146 (1.14-1.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
			3%		
1	A	260	87%	10%	•••



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2415 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Carbonic anhydrase 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace			
1	A	257	Total 2056	C 1312	F 12	N 351	O 379	S 2	0	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P00918
A	2	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P00918

• Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mo	l Cł	nain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2		A	1	Total 1	Zn 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

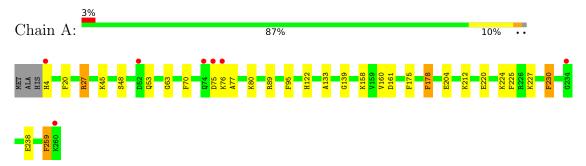
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	358	Total O 358 358	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Carbonic anhydrase 2





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	42.16Å 71.46Å 73.82Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	36.61 - 1.13	Depositor
Resolution (A)	36.61 - 1.13	EDS
% Data completeness	97.3 (36.61-1.13)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.3 (36.61-1.13)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.45 (at 1.13Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.20.1_4487	Depositor
D.D.	0.157 , 0.180	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.156 , 0.181	DCC
R_{free} test set	4156 reflections (5.08%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	12.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.338	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.31 , 37.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.012 for -h,l,k	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	2415	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	17.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.90% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, PFF

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles	
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ $ $ $\# Z > 5$		RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.50	1/1949 (0.1%)	0.72	0/2629

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	27	ARG	CB-CG	-5.10	1.38	1.52

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2056	0	1969	24	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	358	0	0	13	3
All	All	2415	0	1969	24	3

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 24 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:227:LYS:NZ	3:A:402:HOH:O	2.08	0.87
1:A:75:ASP:OD1	3:A:401:HOH:O	2.01	0.79
1:A:160:VAL:HG13	1:A:224:LYS:HG3	1.73	0.71
1:A:77:ALA:N	3:A:407:HOH:O	2.25	0.69
1:A:212:LYS:NZ	3:A:409:HOH:O	2.30	0.65

All (3) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} & ext{Interatomic} \ & ext{distance} \ & ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:599:HOH:O	3:A:641:HOH:O[1_655]	1.67	0.53
3:A:558:HOH:O	3:A:667:HOH:O[3_555]	2.08	0.12
3:A:430:HOH:O	3:A:557:HOH:O[1_655]	2.09	0.11

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	243/260 (94%)	234 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100 100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric			
1	A	209/212 (99%)	209 (100%)	0	100 100	

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

12 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Т	Clasica	Das	T : 1-	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	PFF	A	259	1	11,12,13	1.00	1 (9%)	12,15,17	1.44	2 (16%)
1	PFF	A	175	1	11,12,13	1.10	1 (9%)	12,15,17	1.14	1 (8%)
1	PFF	A	93	1	11,12,13	0.96	0	12,15,17	0.80	0
1	PFF	A	70	1	11,12,13	0.82	0	12,15,17	1.26	2 (16%)
1	PFF	A	178	1	11,12,13	1.16	1 (9%)	12,15,17	1.07	1 (8%)
1	PFF	A	95	1	11,12,13	0.72	0	12,15,17	1.05	1 (8%)
1	PFF	A	146	1	11,12,13	0.69	0	12,15,17	0.88	0
1	PFF	A	130	1	11,12,13	0.92	0	12,15,17	0.61	0
1	PFF	A	20	1	11,12,13	1.12	1 (9%)	12,15,17	1.14	1 (8%)
1	PFF	A	66	1	11,12,13	0.99	0	12,15,17	0.58	0
1	PFF	A	225	1	11,12,13	0.79	0	12,15,17	1.33	2 (16%)
1	PFF	A	230	1	11,12,13	1.15	2 (18%)	12,15,17	1.28	2 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.



,_,	means	nο	outliers	α f	that	kind	were	identified.
	means	\mathbf{n}	Outilities	OI	unat	MILLA	WCIC	identifica.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	PFF	A	259	1	-	0/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
1	PFF	A	175	1	-	2/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
1	PFF	A	93	1	-	0/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
1	PFF	A	70	1	-	0/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
1	PFF	A	178	1	-	0/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
1	PFF	A	95	1	-	0/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
1	PFF	A	146	1	-	1/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
1	PFF	A	130	1	-	0/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
1	PFF	A	20	1	-	0/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
1	PFF	A	66	1	-	0/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
1	PFF	A	225	1	-	2/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
1	PFF	A	230	1	-	0/5/6/8	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	230	PFF	CE1-CZ	2.18	1.41	1.37
1	A	175	PFF	CE2-CZ	2.11	1.41	1.37
1	A	230	PFF	CE2-CZ	2.10	1.41	1.37
1	A	178	PFF	CE1-CZ	2.09	1.41	1.37
1	A	20	PFF	CE1-CZ	2.06	1.41	1.37

The worst 5 of 12 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	70	PFF	CB-CA-C	-3.04	105.77	111.47
1	A	95	PFF	CB-CA-C	-3.02	105.81	111.47
1	A	230	PFF	CB-CA-C	-2.76	106.30	111.47
1	A	70	PFF	CG-CB-CA	-2.59	108.85	114.10
1	A	259	PFF	CG-CB-CA	-2.50	109.03	114.10

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	146	PFF	O-C-CA-CB
1	A	225	PFF	CA-CB-CG-CD2
1	A	225	PFF	CA-CB-CG-CD1
1	A	175	PFF	C-CA-CB-CG
1	A	175	PFF	N-CA-CB-CG



There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	259	PFF	1	0
1	A	178	PFF	1	0
1	A	230	PFF	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	245/260 (94%)	0.18	7 (2%) 51 50	8, 14, 28, 34	0

The worst 5 of 7 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	76	LYS	5.6
1	A	75	ASP	3.9
1	A	260	LYS	3.2
1	A	234	GLY	3.2
1	A	74	GLN	2.8

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}({ m \AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	PFF	A	259	12/13	0.77	0.19	20,25,30,35	0
1	PFF	A	178	12/13	0.92	0.08	13,15,16,22	0
1	PFF	A	230	12/13	0.93	0.08	13,14,15,18	0
1	PFF	A	130	12/13	0.93	0.09	14,15,19,24	0
1	PFF	A	20	12/13	0.94	0.08	12,15,20,26	0
1	PFF	A	66	12/13	0.94	0.08	11,13,15,20	0
1	PFF	A	70	12/13	0.95	0.07	12,13,15,18	0
1	PFF	A	225	12/13	0.95	0.10	10,11,17,19	0
1	PFF	A	146	12/13	0.95	0.08	8,10,11,15	0
1	PFF	A	175	12/13	0.95	0.07	12,13,17,22	0
1	PFF	A	95	12/13	0.97	0.07	8,10,12,19	0
1	PFF	A	93	12/13	0.98	0.07	8,9,11,17	0



6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	ZN	A	301	1/1	1.00	0.06	8,8,8,8	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

