

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Jun 26, 2024 – 01:16 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	6TB0
Title	:	Crystal structure of thermostable omega transaminase 4-fold mutant from
		Pseudomonas jessenii
Authors	:	Capra, N.; Rozeboom, H.J.; Thunnissen, A.M.W.H.; Janssen, D.B.
Deposited on	:	2019-10-31
Resolution	:	1.95 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

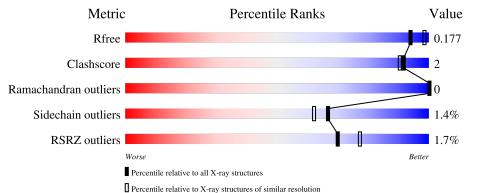
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	2.37.1
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber $(2001)$
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.95 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\# \textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	2580 (1.96-1.96)
Clashscore	141614	2705 (1.96-1.96)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2678 (1.96-1.96)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2678 (1.96-1.96)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2539 (1.96-1.96)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	453	<sup>2%</sup> 96% •	-
1	В	453	% 96% •	•



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7691 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	451	Total	С	Ν	0	$\mathbf{S}$	0	3	0
	1 A	401	3489	2226	606	640	17	0		
1	В	452	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	4	0
I B	453	3502	2234	606	645	17	0	4	U	

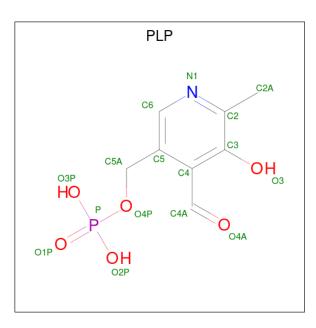
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Aspartate aminotransferase family protein.

Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
9	ALA	PRO	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2D8IND4
38	GLN	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2D8IND4
87	ASP	SER	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2D8IND4
154	VAL	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2D8IND4
456	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP A0A2D8IND4
457	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A2D8IND4
458	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A2D8IND4
9	ALA	PRO	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2D8IND4
38	GLN	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2D8IND4
87	ASP	SER	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2D8IND4
154	VAL	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP A0A2D8IND4
456	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP A0A2D8IND4
457	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A2D8IND4
458	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A2D8IND4
	$\begin{array}{r} 9\\ 38\\ 87\\ 154\\ 456\\ 457\\ 458\\ 9\\ 38\\ 87\\ 154\\ 456\\ 457\\ \end{array}$	9         ALA           38         GLN           87         ASP           154         VAL           456         PRO           457         GLY           458         GLY           9         ALA           38         GLN           87         ASP           154         VAL           455         GLY           9         ALA           38         GLN           87         ASP           154         VAL           456         PRO           457         GLY	9         ALA         PRO           38         GLN         GLU           87         ASP         SER           154         VAL         ILE           456         PRO         -           457         GLY         -           458         GLY         -           9         ALA         PRO           38         GLY         -           458         GLY         -           9         ALA         PRO           38         GLN         GLU           87         ASP         SER           154         VAL         ILE           456         PRO         -           456         PRO         -           457         GLY         -	9ALAPROengineered mutation38GLNGLUengineered mutation87ASPSERengineered mutation154VALILEengineered mutation456PRO-expression tag457GLY-expression tag458GLY-expression tag9ALAPROengineered mutation38GLNGLUengineered mutation87ASPSERengineered mutation154VALILEengineered mutation456PRO-expression tag457GLY-expression tag457GLY-engineered mutation

There are 14 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

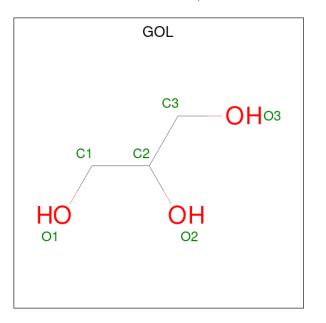
• Molecule 2 is PYRIDOXAL-5'-PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: PLP) (formula: C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>10</sub>NO<sub>6</sub>P).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf			
0	Λ	1	Total	С	Ν	0	Р	0	0			
			15	8	1	5	1	0				
0	2 B	D	D	D	1	Total	С	Ν	0	Р	0	0
		1	15	8	1	5	1	0	U			

• Molecule 3 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_3$ ).



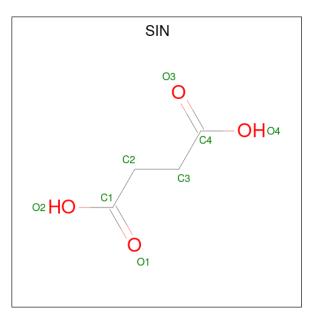
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0
3	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0
3	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total}  \text{C}  \text{O} \\ 6  3  3 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 4 is SUCCINIC ACID (three-letter code: SIN) (formula:  $C_4H_6O_4$ ).



N	[o]	Chain	Residues	Ato	oms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
	4	В	1	Total 8	С 4	0 4	0	0

• Molecule 5 is water.

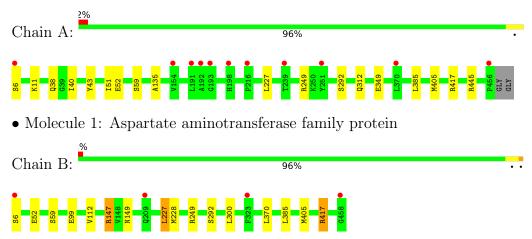
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	289	Total O 295 295	0	6
5	В	337	Total O 343 343	0	6



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Aspartate aminotransferase family protein





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43	Depositor
Cell constants	98.07Å 98.07Å 119.31Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.08 - 1.95	Depositor
Resolution (A)	49.03 - 1.95	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (49.08-1.95)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$100.0 \ (49.03 - 1.95)$	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.10	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.30 (at 1.95 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0257	Depositor
D D.	0.140 , $0.169$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.152 , $0.177$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	4191 reflections $(5.11\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	22.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.088	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.37, $50.4$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$<  L  > = 0.50, < L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.035 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	7691	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	25.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.75% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PLP, GOL, SIN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond	lengths	Bo	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{ angles} \\ \#  Z  > 5 \\ \hline 1/4837 \ (0.0\%) \\ \hline 0/4855 \end{array} $	
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.70	0/3570	0.77	1/4837~(0.0%)	
1	В	0.71	0/3583	0.77	0/4855	
All	All	0.70	0/7153	0.77	1/9692~(0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	417	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.18	117.71	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	3489	0	3461	9	0
1	В	3502	0	3468	14	0
2	А	15	0	6	0	0
2	В	15	0	6	0	0
3	А	12	0	16	0	0
3	В	12	0	16	0	0
4	В	8	0	4	0	0
5	А	295	0	0	1	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	В	343	0	0	1	0
All	All	7691	0	6977	22	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 22 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:385[B]:LEU:HD11	1:B:405:MET:HG3	1.75	0.67
1:A:445[B]:ARG:NH1	5:A:1101:HOH:O	2.31	0.63
1:B:385[B]:LEU:CD1	1:B:405:MET:HG3	2.34	0.58
1:B:417:ARG:HD2	5:B:1343:HOH:O	2.07	0.54
1:B:149:ASN:C	1:B:228:MET:CE	2.78	0.52

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	$\mathbf{ntiles}$
1	А	452/453~(100%)	431 (95%)	21 (5%)	0	100	100
1	В	455/453~(100%)	436 (96%)	19 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	907/906~(100%)	867~(96%)	40 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar



resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	362/359~(101%)	358~(99%)	4 (1%)	73	71
1	В	363/359~(101%)	357~(98%)	6 (2%)	60	55
All	All	725/718~(101%)	715~(99%)	10 (1%)	67	62

5 of 10 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	227	LEU
1	В	249	ARG
1	В	417	ARG
1	А	349	GLU
1	В	6	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	38	GLN
1	В	167	ASN
1	В	396	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

7 ligands are modelled in this entry.



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In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	B	ond ang	gles
IVIOI	Type	Unam	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	PLP	А	1001	1	$15,\!15,\!16$	0.77	1 (6%)	20,22,23	1.10	1 (5%)
3	GOL	В	1003	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.15	0	5,5,5	0.26	0
3	GOL	В	1004	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.16	0	5,5,5	0.44	0
4	SIN	В	1002	-	7,7,7	1.02	0	8,8,8	1.27	0
3	GOL	А	1003	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.16	0	5,5,5	0.14	0
2	PLP	В	1001	1	$15,\!15,\!16$	0.70	1 (6%)	20,22,23	1.10	2 (10%)
3	GOL	А	1002	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.09	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.35	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	PLP	А	1001	1	-	0/6/6/8	0/1/1/1
3	GOL	В	1003	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	В	1004	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
4	SIN	В	1002	-	-	2/5/5/5	-
3	GOL	А	1003	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
2	PLP	В	1001	1	-	0/6/6/8	0/1/1/1
3	GOL	А	1002	-	_	2/4/4/4	_

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	А	1001	PLP	C4A-C4	-2.33	1.46	1.51
2	В	1001	PLP	C4A-C4	-2.09	1.47	1.51

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	1001	PLP	O4P-C5A-C5	3.03	115.12	109.35
2	А	1001	PLP	O4P-C5A-C5	2.98	115.03	109.35

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Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	1001	PLP	C4A-C4-C5	2.21	123.21	120.94

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	В	1004	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
3	В	1004	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
3	А	1002	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
3	В	1004	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
3	А	1002	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	#RSRZ>2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	451/453~(99%)	-0.06	11 (2%) 59 68	15, 23, 41, 83	0
1	В	453/453~(100%)	-0.21	4 (0%) 84 89	14, 22, 36, 59	0
All	All	904/906~(99%)	-0.14	15 (1%) 70 77	14, 22, 38, 83	0

The worst 5 of 15 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	456	PRO	6.5
1	А	6	SER	4.5
1	А	192	ALA	4.2
1	А	191	LEU	3.8
1	А	193	GLY	3.3

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	GOL	В	1003	6/6	0.83	0.26	$42,\!48,\!51,\!57$	0
3	GOL	В	1004	6/6	0.91	0.18	$36,\!49,\!57,\!63$	0
4	SIN	В	1002	8/8	0.91	0.22	41,47,50,60	0
3	GOL	А	1002	6/6	0.94	0.25	34,42,46,51	0
3	GOL	А	1003	6/6	0.95	0.12	23,37,38,46	0
2	PLP	В	1001	15/16	0.98	0.14	14,16,18,20	0
2	PLP	А	1001	15/16	0.99	0.14	15,18,19,23	0

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

