

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 16, 2024 – 01:51 AM EDT

PDB ID : 2SNS

Title : STAPHYLOCOCCAL NUCLEASE. PROPOSED MECHANISM OF AC-

TION BASED ON STRUCTURE OF ENZYME-THYMIDINE 3(PRIME),5(PRIME)-BIPHOSPHATE-CALCIUM ION COMPLEX AT 1.5-

ANGSTROMS RESOLUTION

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Deposited on : 1982-05-14

Resolution : 1.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED

EDS : NOT EXECUTED

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

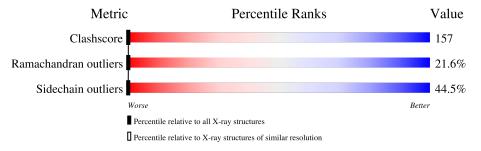
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	3144 (1.50-1.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3066 (1.50-1.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3064 (1.50-1.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length			Quality of chain		
1	A	149	8%	30%	42%	15%	5%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	THP	A	151	-	X	-	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1151 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called THERMONUCLEASE PRECURSOR.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	141	Total 1125	C 717	N 199	O 205	S 4	0	0	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

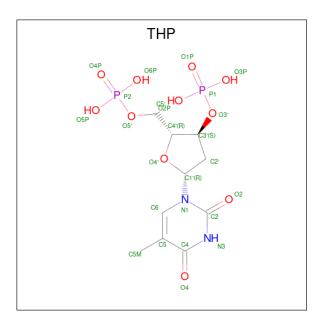
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	77	ASN	ASP	CONFLICT	UNP P00644
A	143	ASN	ASP	CONFLICT	UNP P00644
A	144	ASP	ASN	CONFLICT	UNP P00644

• Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is THYMIDINE-3',5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: THP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_2O_{11}P_2$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
9	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
3	A	1	25	10	2	11	2		U

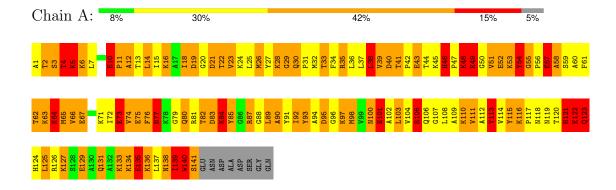


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: THERMONUCLEASE PRECURSOR





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 41	Depositor	
Cell constants	48.19Å 48.19Å 63.40Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	(Not available) – 1.50	Depositor	
% Data completeness	(Not available) ((Not available)-1.50)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	, , ,		
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
Refinement program	unknown	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	(Not available) , (Not available)	Depositor	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
Total number of atoms	1151	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	0.0	wwPDB-VP	



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: THP, CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	1.35	17/1146 (1.5%)	2.17	41/1536 (2.7%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3

The worst 5 of 17 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
1	A	76	PHE	CA-CB	-10.12	1.31	1.53
1	A	140	TRP	NE1-CE2	-7.54	1.27	1.37
1	A	123	GLN	CA-CB	6.93	1.69	1.53
1	A	52	GLU	CD-OE1	-6.33	1.18	1.25
1	A	55	GLY	CA-C	-6.05	1.42	1.51

The worst 5 of 41 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	76	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	-58.87	79.59	120.80
1	A	109	ALA	N-CA-CB	-15.82	87.95	110.10
1	A	46	HIS	N-CA-CB	-9.99	92.62	110.60
1	A	22	THR	N-CA-CB	-8.39	94.36	110.30
1	A	23	VAL	N-CA-CB	-8.07	93.75	111.50

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	105	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	76	PHE	Sidechain
1	A	87	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1125	0	1172	366	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	25	0	12	1	0
All	All	1151	0	1184	366	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 157.

The worst 5 of 366 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:48:LYS:CD	1:A:48:LYS:O	1.75	1.32
1:A:20:GLY:HA2	1:A:62:THR:CG2	1.62	1.29
1:A:38:LEU:O	1:A:39:VAL:HG23	1.15	1.29
1:A:138:ASN:O	1:A:141:SER:HB2	1.18	1.29
1:A:134:LYS:NZ	1:A:134:LYS:CB	1.94	1.28

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	139/149 (93%)	89 (64%)	20 (14%)	30 (22%)	0 0

5 of 30 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	4	THR
1	A	5	LYS
1	A	6	LYS
1	A	29	GLY
1	A	30	GLN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric Out		Percentiles
1	A	119/125 (95%)	66 (56%)	53 (44%)	0 0

5 of 53 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	80	GLN
1	A	100	ASN
1	A	135	GLU
1	A	82	THR
1	A	89	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	46	HIS
1	A	124	HIS
1	A	131	GLN
1	A	138	ASN



5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains i

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		Bond angles			
IVIOI	Туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	THP	A	151	2,1	26,26,26	4.90	18 (69%)	39,40,40	4.40	20 (51%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	\mathbf{Type}	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	THP	A	151	2,1	-	1/15/27/27	0/2/2/2

The worst 5 of 18 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}})$	Ideal(A)
3	A	151	THP	C4-N3	11.53	1.60	1.38
3	A	151	THP	P2-O5'	9.91	1.91	1.60
3	A	151	THP	O4-C4	8.50	1.39	1.23
3	A	151	THP	C6-N1	6.87	1.49	1.38

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
3	A	151	THP	P2-O6P	6.02	1.77	1.54

The worst 5 of 20 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	A	151	THP	C4-N3-C2	-15.30	107.27	127.34
3	A	151	THP	N3-C2-N1	12.36	130.97	114.89
3	A	151	THP	C5-C4-N3	11.68	125.47	115.32
3	A	151	THP	O2-C2-N3	-6.12	110.20	121.49
3	A	151	THP	C5-C6-N1	-5.48	117.36	123.31

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	151	THP	C5'-O5'-P2-O4P

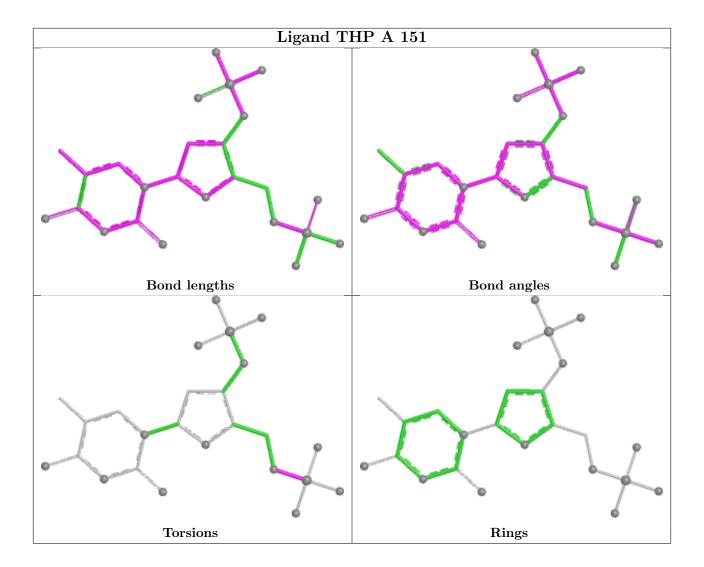
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	151	THP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

