



## Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 14, 2026 – 10:17 am BST

PDB ID : 9SFF / pdb\_00009sff  
EMDB ID : EMD-54822  
Title : E. coli cytochrome bd-I monomer  
Authors : van der Velden, T.T.; Kayastha, K.; Bruenle, S.; Jeuken, L.J.C.  
Deposited on : 2025-08-19  
Resolution : 2.38 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

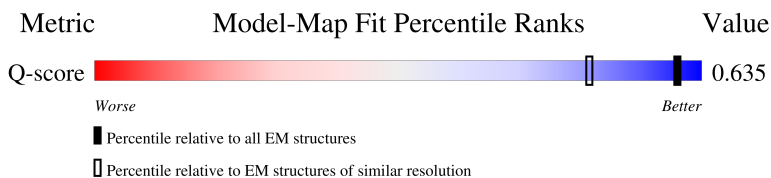
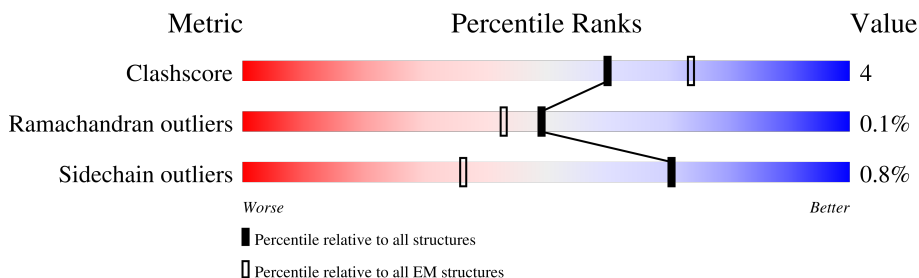
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev132  
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)  
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
Buster-report : wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)  
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.49

# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  
*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.38 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	4811 ( 1.88 - 2.88 )

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	522	
2	B	379	
3	H	29	
4	X	37	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	A1JN4	A	601	X	-	-	-

## 2 Entry composition

There are 11 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 15023 atoms, of which 7521 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cytochrome bd-I ubiquinol oxidase subunit 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
1	A	457	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			7175	2387	3565	583	617	23		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Cytochrome bd-I ubiquinol oxidase subunit 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
2	B	379	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			6010	1986	3014	483	505	22		

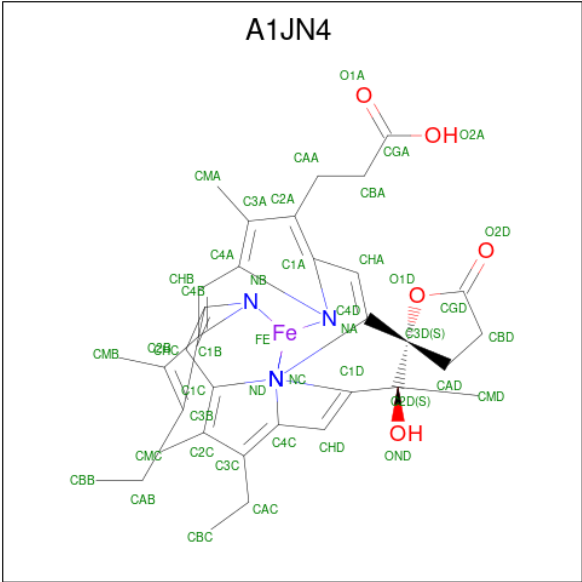
- Molecule 3 is a protein called Cytochrome bd-I ubiquinol oxidase CydH (Uncharacterized protein YnhF).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
3	H	29	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			432	139	222	32	38	1		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Cytochrome bd-I ubiquinol oxidase subunit X.

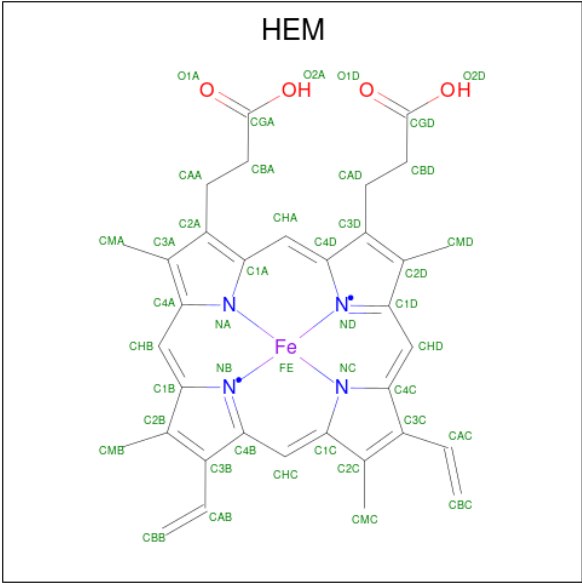
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
4	X	29	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			412	155	184	33	38	2		

- Molecule 5 is TRANS-HEME D HYDROXYCHLORIN GAMMA-SPIROLACTONE (CCD ID: A1JN4) (formula: C<sub>34</sub>H<sub>36</sub>FeN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>5</sub>).



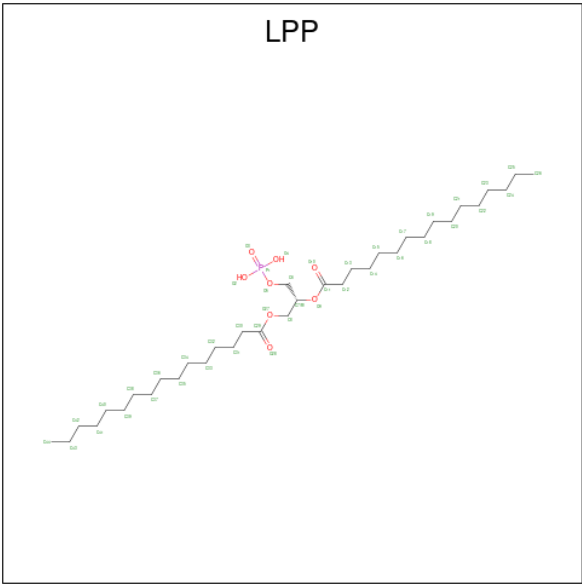
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	Fe	H	N	O	0
			75	34	1	31	4	5	

- Molecule 6 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (CCD ID: HEM) (formula:  $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$ ).



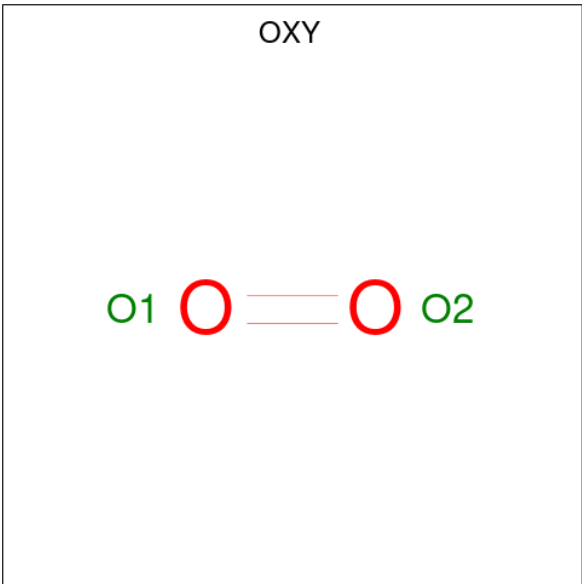
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf
6	A	1	Total	C	Fe	H	N	O	0
			73	34	1	30	4	4	
6	A	1	Total	C	Fe	H	N	O	0
			73	34	1	30	4	4	

- Molecule 7 is 2-(HEXADECANOYLOXY)-1-[(PHOSPHONOOXY)METHYL]ETHYL HEXADECANOATE (CCD ID: LPP) (formula: C<sub>35</sub>H<sub>69</sub>O<sub>8</sub>P).



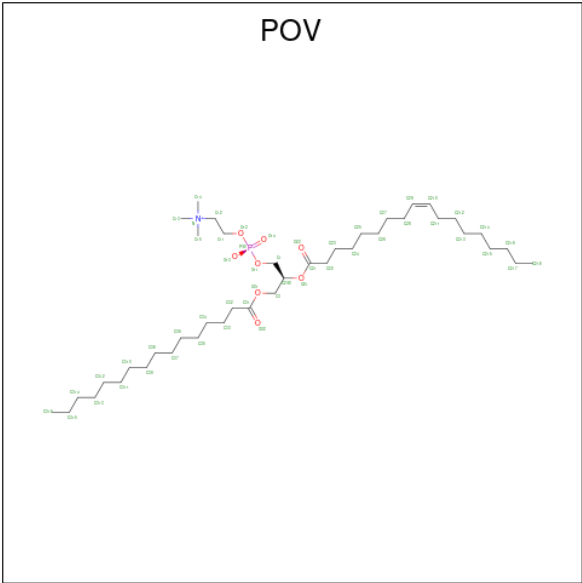
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	H	O	P	
7	A	1	Total 111	35	67	8	1	0
7	B	1	Total 111	35	67	8	1	0
7	B	1	Total 111	35	67	8	1	0

- Molecule 8 is OXYGEN MOLECULE (CCD ID: OXY) (formula: O<sub>2</sub>).



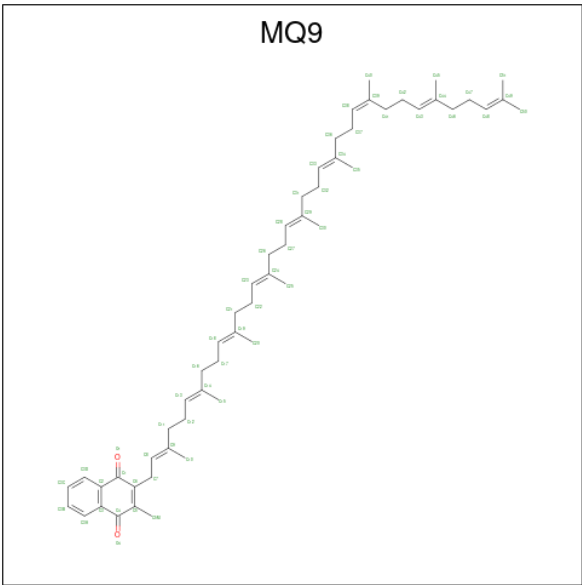
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
8	A	1	Total	O	0
			2	2	

- Molecule 9 is (2S)-3-(hexadecanoyloxy)-2-[(9Z)-octadec-9-enoyloxy]propyl 2-(trimethylamm onio)ethyl phosphate (CCD ID: POV) (formula: C<sub>42</sub>H<sub>82</sub>NO<sub>8</sub>P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf
9	B	1	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			134	42	82	1	8	1	
9	B	1	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			134	42	82	1	8	1	

- Molecule 10 is MENAQUINONE-9 (CCD ID: MQ9) (formula: C<sub>56</sub>H<sub>80</sub>O<sub>2</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
10	B	1	Total	C	H	O	0
			138	56	80	2	

- Molecule 11 is water.

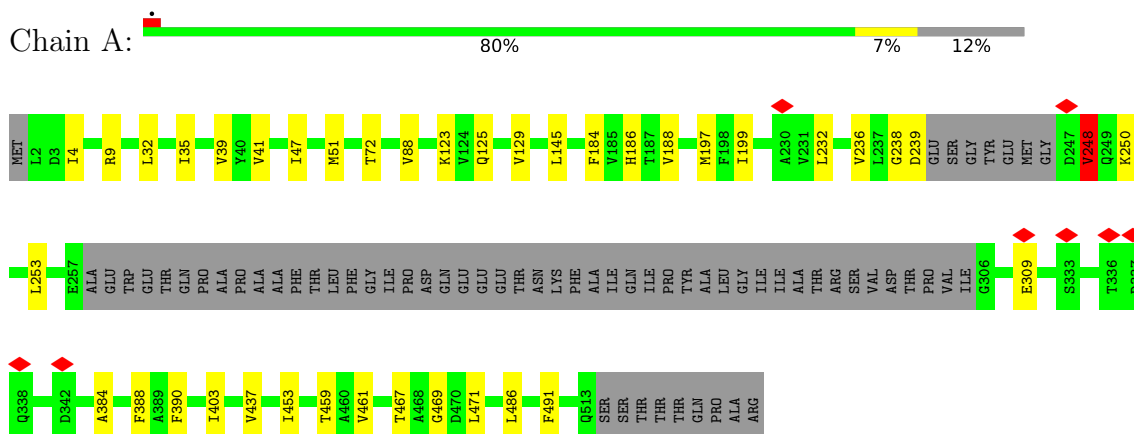
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
11	A	16	Total	O	0
			16	16	
11	B	16	Total	O	0
			16	16	



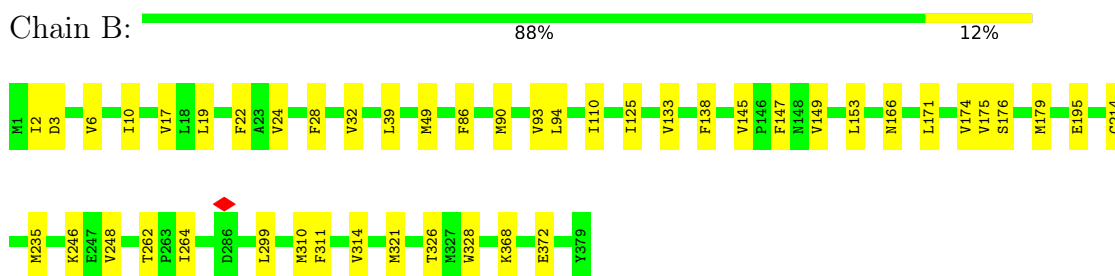
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

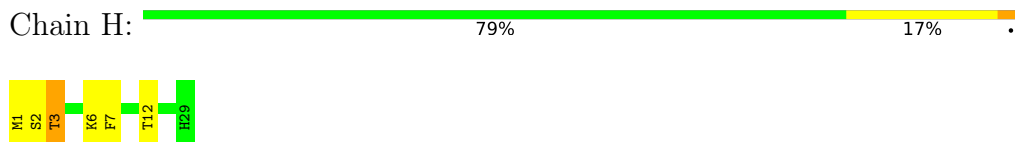
- Molecule 1: Cytochrome bd-I ubiquinol oxidase subunit 1



- Molecule 2: Cytochrome bd-I ubiquinol oxidase subunit 2



- Molecule 3: Cytochrome bd-I ubiquinol oxidase CydH (Uncharacterized protein YnhF)



- Molecule 4: Cytochrome bd-I ubiquinol oxidase subunit X



W1	W6	S29	GLY	LYS	ALA	GLY	GLN	GLU	ASP	ILE
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## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	417969	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	100	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	105000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.392	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.190	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.007	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0647	Depositor
Map size (Å)	300.96002, 300.96002, 300.96002	wwPDB
Map dimensions	360, 360, 360	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.8360001, 0.8360001, 0.8360001	Depositor

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEM, LPP, MQ9, A1JN4, POV, OXY

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.16	0/3702	0.33	2/5012 (0.0%)
2	B	0.15	0/3083	0.32	0/4212
3	H	0.83	2/211 (0.9%)	0.48	0/286
4	X	0.11	0/235	0.19	0/321
All	All	0.21	2/7231 (0.0%)	0.33	2/9831 (0.0%)

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	H	2	SER	CA-C	-5.69	1.45	1.53
3	H	3	THR	N-CA	-5.25	1.39	1.46

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	390	PHE	CA-C-N	6.53	128.93	120.44
1	A	390	PHE	C-N-CA	6.53	128.93	120.44

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3610	3565	3656	25	0
2	B	2996	3014	3025	31	0
3	H	210	222	238	4	0
4	X	228	184	227	1	0
5	A	44	31	0	0	0
6	A	86	60	60	9	0
7	A	44	67	67	0	0
7	B	88	134	134	2	0
8	A	2	0	0	0	0
9	B	104	164	162	2	0
10	B	58	80	80	8	0
11	A	16	0	0	0	0
11	B	16	0	0	0	0
All	All	7502	7521	7649	68	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (68) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
6:A:602:HEM:HMC2	6:A:602:HEM:HBC2	1.61	0.80
10:B:405:MQ9:C8	10:B:405:MQ9:H5M2	2.16	0.75
1:A:188:VAL:HG11	4:X:6:TRP:HE1	1.53	0.73
3:H:1:MET:HG2	3:H:6:LYS:HG3	1.71	0.71
2:B:138:PHE:HB3	10:B:405:MQ9:H351	1.77	0.66
6:A:603:HEM:HMC1	6:A:603:HEM:HBC2	1.78	0.66
3:H:1:MET:HG2	3:H:6:LYS:CG	2.28	0.63
1:A:309:GLU:H	1:A:309:GLU:CD	2.07	0.62
2:B:17:VAL:HG21	7:B:404:LPP:H431	1.83	0.60
1:A:491:PHE:HE2	2:B:110:ILE:HD11	1.67	0.59
2:B:326:THR:HG22	2:B:328:TRP:H	1.67	0.59
2:B:179:MET:SD	2:B:299:LEU:HD23	2.43	0.58
2:B:22:PHE:HD2	10:B:405:MQ9:H252	1.71	0.56
1:A:232:LEU:O	1:A:236:VAL:HG22	2.06	0.56
6:A:602:HEM:HMB1	6:A:602:HEM:HBB2	1.86	0.55
1:A:197:MET:HE1	1:A:403:ILE:HG21	1.89	0.55
1:A:186:HIS:CE1	1:A:238:GLY:HA2	2.42	0.55
2:B:235:MET:HE1	2:B:326:THR:HG21	1.88	0.55
2:B:175:VAL:HG22	2:B:214:CYS:HB3	1.89	0.54
1:A:467:THR:HG22	1:A:469:GLY:H	1.74	0.53
2:B:19:LEU:HG	10:B:405:MQ9:H251	1.89	0.53

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:186:HIS:HE1	1:A:238:GLY:HA2	1.72	0.53
1:A:248:VAL:HG12	1:A:250:LYS:HE3	1.92	0.51
1:A:145:LEU:HD13	1:A:184:PHE:HA	1.93	0.51
1:A:186:HIS:CE1	1:A:239:ASP:H	2.29	0.50
2:B:314:VAL:O	10:B:405:MQ9:H101	2.12	0.49
6:A:603:HEM:HHC	6:A:603:HEM:HBB2	1.94	0.49
1:A:72:THR:HA	2:B:94:LEU:HD21	1.95	0.49
3:H:3:THR:HG23	3:H:7:PHE:CZ	2.48	0.49
1:A:461:VAL:HG12	1:A:461:VAL:O	2.13	0.49
1:A:125:GLN:O	1:A:129:VAL:HG23	2.13	0.48
1:A:35:ILE:O	1:A:39:VAL:HG23	2.14	0.48
6:A:602:HEM:HBB2	6:A:602:HEM:CMB	2.44	0.48
1:A:32:LEU:HD13	1:A:199:ILE:HD12	1.96	0.47
6:A:602:HEM:HBA1	6:A:602:HEM:HHA	1.96	0.47
2:B:248:VAL:HB	2:B:321:MET:O	2.14	0.47
2:B:24:VAL:HG21	9:B:403:POV:C218	2.44	0.47
2:B:24:VAL:HG21	9:B:403:POV:H21H	1.95	0.47
2:B:149:VAL:HG13	2:B:153:LEU:HA	1.96	0.47
1:A:437:VAL:HG12	6:A:602:HEM:HAC	1.97	0.47
2:B:145:VAL:HG23	2:B:147:PHE:HD1	1.80	0.47
2:B:28:PHE:O	2:B:32:VAL:HG23	2.15	0.47
1:A:486:LEU:HD23	3:H:12:THR:HG23	1.96	0.46
6:A:603:HEM:HBC2	6:A:603:HEM:CMC	2.44	0.46
2:B:171:LEU:O	2:B:175:VAL:HG23	2.15	0.45
2:B:368:LYS:O	2:B:372:GLU:HG2	2.17	0.45
2:B:2:ILE:HG22	2:B:3:ASP:N	2.32	0.45
2:B:86:PHE:O	2:B:90:MET:HG2	2.18	0.44
2:B:93:VAL:HG23	2:B:133:VAL:HG11	1.99	0.44
6:A:603:HEM:HBB2	6:A:603:HEM:CHC	2.48	0.44
1:A:384:ALA:O	1:A:388:PHE:HD2	2.01	0.43
2:B:174:VAL:HG22	7:B:401:LPP:H421	2.00	0.43
2:B:262:THR:HG22	2:B:264:ILE:HG22	1.99	0.43
10:B:405:MQ9:C8	10:B:405:MQ9:C5M	2.89	0.43
10:B:405:MQ9:H5M2	10:B:405:MQ9:H8	2.00	0.43
1:A:47:ILE:O	1:A:51:MET:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:A:9:ARG:HD3	1:A:459:THR:HG21	2.00	0.42
1:A:88:VAL:HG11	1:A:453:ILE:HG13	2.02	0.42
2:B:176:SER:HA	2:B:179:MET:HE2	2.02	0.41
1:A:4:ILE:HD12	1:A:4:ILE:HA	1.91	0.41
1:A:41:VAL:HG22	1:A:123:LYS:HG2	2.02	0.41
2:B:195:GLU:OE2	2:B:195:GLU:O	2.39	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:248:VAL:HG12	1:A:250:LYS:NZ	2.35	0.41
2:B:6:VAL:HG12	2:B:10:ILE:HD12	2.02	0.41
2:B:39:LEU:C	2:B:49:MET:HE1	2.46	0.41
2:B:310:MET:O	2:B:311:PHE:C	2.64	0.41
2:B:138:PHE:CZ	10:B:405:MQ9:H5M1	2.56	0.40
2:B:39:LEU:O	2:B:49:MET:HE1	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	451/522 (86%)	440 (98%)	10 (2%)	1 (0%)	43	56
2	B	377/379 (100%)	363 (96%)	14 (4%)	0	100	100
3	H	27/29 (93%)	27 (100%)	0	0	100	100
4	X	27/37 (73%)	27 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	882/967 (91%)	857 (97%)	24 (3%)	1 (0%)	49	62

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	248	VAL

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	373/426 (88%)	370 (99%)	3 (1%)	73	85
2	B	313/313 (100%)	310 (99%)	3 (1%)	68	82
3	H	24/24 (100%)	24 (100%)	0	100	100
4	X	23/28 (82%)	23 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	733/791 (93%)	727 (99%)	6 (1%)	70	85

All (6) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	248	VAL
1	A	253	LEU
1	A	471	LEU
2	B	125	ILE
2	B	166	ASN
2	B	246	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (8) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	11	GLN
1	A	76	GLN
1	A	80	ASN
1	A	86	HIS
1	A	186	HIS
2	B	143	GLN
2	B	160	ASN
2	B	374	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

10 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$
8	OXY	A	605	-	1,1,1	0.15	0	-		
9	POV	B	403	-	51,51,51	1.09	3 (5%)	57,59,59	1.12	3 (5%)
10	MQ9	B	405	-	59,59,59	0.34	0	72,75,75	0.91	1 (1%)
6	HEM	A	603	1	50,50,50	1.47	7 (14%)	66,82,82	1.20	7 (10%)
7	LPP	B	401	-	43,43,43	1.09	2 (4%)	47,48,48	1.12	2 (4%)
7	LPP	B	404	-	43,43,43	0.97	2 (4%)	47,48,48	1.13	2 (4%)
6	HEM	A	602	1	50,50,50	1.34	6 (12%)	66,82,82	1.26	8 (12%)
7	LPP	A	604	-	43,43,43	1.06	2 (4%)	47,48,48	1.18	2 (4%)
5	A1JN4	A	601	1	46,52,52	2.93	16 (34%)	62,89,89	4.87	38 (61%)
9	POV	B	402	-	51,51,51	1.09	3 (5%)	57,59,59	1.07	3 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
9	POV	B	403	-	-	19/55/55/55	-
10	MQ9	B	405	-	-	11/53/73/73	0/2/2/2
6	HEM	A	603	1	-	3/14/54/54	-
7	LPP	B	401	-	-	15/45/45/45	-
7	LPP	B	404	-	-	14/45/45/45	-
6	HEM	A	602	1	-	4/14/54/54	-

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	LPP	A	604	-	-	19/45/45/45	-
5	A1JN4	A	601	1	2/2/12/12	4/9/89/89	0/1/9/9
9	POV	B	402	-	-	28/55/55/55	-

All (41) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	A	601	A1JN4	C3D-C2D	-12.01	1.25	1.55
5	A	601	A1JN4	O1D-C3D	6.18	1.56	1.46
5	A	601	A1JN4	CBB-CAB	-5.84	1.25	1.51
5	A	601	A1JN4	CBC-CAC	-5.75	1.25	1.51
5	A	601	A1JN4	CBD-CGD	-4.38	1.41	1.50
6	A	603	HEM	FE-NB	4.16	2.07	1.94
7	B	404	LPP	O9-C11	4.16	1.46	1.34
6	A	603	HEM	FE-ND	4.13	2.07	1.94
5	A	601	A1JN4	O1D-CGD	-4.10	1.29	1.35
7	B	404	LPP	O27-C29	3.83	1.44	1.33
5	A	601	A1JN4	C1B-NB	-3.43	1.33	1.39
6	A	602	HEM	FE-NB	3.24	2.04	1.94
5	A	601	A1JN4	OND-C2D	3.22	1.49	1.42
7	B	401	LPP	O27-C29	3.19	1.42	1.33
5	A	601	A1JN4	CAD-C3D	3.19	1.59	1.53
7	A	604	LPP	O27-C29	3.19	1.42	1.33
7	B	401	LPP	O9-C11	3.08	1.43	1.34
6	A	602	HEM	FE-NC	3.02	2.05	1.95
7	A	604	LPP	O9-C11	2.94	1.42	1.34
6	A	603	HEM	FE-NA	2.93	2.05	1.95
5	A	601	A1JN4	C4C-NC	-2.91	1.34	1.39
6	A	603	HEM	CAC-C3C	2.90	1.55	1.47
9	B	403	POV	O31-C31	2.89	1.41	1.33
6	A	602	HEM	CAB-C3B	2.83	1.55	1.47
9	B	402	POV	O31-C31	2.81	1.41	1.33
6	A	602	HEM	CAC-C3C	2.74	1.54	1.47
6	A	603	HEM	CAB-C3B	2.73	1.54	1.47
9	B	402	POV	O21-C21	2.71	1.42	1.34
6	A	603	HEM	FE-NC	2.71	2.04	1.95
9	B	403	POV	O21-C21	2.69	1.41	1.34
6	A	602	HEM	FE-ND	2.60	2.02	1.94
5	A	601	A1JN4	C2A-C3A	-2.51	1.32	1.38
6	A	602	HEM	FE-NA	2.50	2.03	1.95
9	B	403	POV	O21-C2	-2.40	1.40	1.46
9	B	402	POV	O21-C2	-2.38	1.40	1.46

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	A	601	A1JN4	CHA-C1A	-2.23	1.34	1.39
5	A	601	A1JN4	CMC-C2C	2.19	1.55	1.50
5	A	601	A1JN4	C1A-NA	-2.10	1.35	1.39
5	A	601	A1JN4	C4D-ND	-2.04	1.34	1.37
6	A	603	HEM	CMC-C2C	2.02	1.55	1.50
5	A	601	A1JN4	C4A-C3A	2.01	1.48	1.43

All (66) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	A	601	A1JN4	O1D-C3D-C4D	-12.16	83.54	108.25
5	A	601	A1JN4	C3B-C4B-NB	-10.43	100.17	110.32
5	A	601	A1JN4	O1D-C3D-CAD	-10.11	84.00	103.01
5	A	601	A1JN4	CHD-C1D-ND	9.89	138.70	124.20
5	A	601	A1JN4	C4C-NC-C1C	9.38	114.53	105.35
5	A	601	A1JN4	C4B-NB-C1B	9.15	114.31	105.35
5	A	601	A1JN4	O1D-CGD-CBD	-9.12	100.99	110.19
5	A	601	A1JN4	OND-C2D-CMD	-8.23	94.43	109.59
5	A	601	A1JN4	CAC-C3C-C4C	-7.96	113.86	124.92
5	A	601	A1JN4	CHC-C4B-NB	7.74	132.82	124.44
5	A	601	A1JN4	C3C-C4C-NC	-7.04	102.28	110.15
5	A	601	A1JN4	C4B-C3B-C2B	6.71	115.87	107.13
5	A	601	A1JN4	C2A-C1A-NA	-6.61	102.75	110.15
5	A	601	A1JN4	C4A-NA-C1A	5.83	111.06	105.35
10	B	405	MQ9	C7-C6-C1	-5.80	112.29	118.50
5	A	601	A1JN4	CAB-C3B-C4B	-5.68	115.73	124.68
5	A	601	A1JN4	CHB-C1B-NB	5.46	130.35	124.44
5	A	601	A1JN4	C1A-C2A-C3A	5.44	115.45	106.89
5	A	601	A1JN4	O1A-CGA-CBA	-5.10	106.70	123.08
5	A	601	A1JN4	CHD-C4C-NC	4.73	132.54	123.85
5	A	601	A1JN4	CHA-C4D-ND	-4.72	117.29	124.20
5	A	601	A1JN4	CAC-C3C-C2C	4.46	134.00	126.86
5	A	601	A1JN4	O2A-CGA-O1A	4.45	134.40	123.30
7	B	404	LPP	O9-C11-C12	4.24	120.64	111.50
9	B	403	POV	O21-C21-C22	4.23	120.62	111.50
7	A	604	LPP	O9-C11-C12	4.12	120.38	111.50
5	A	601	A1JN4	C2D-C1D-CHD	-4.11	117.49	124.28
5	A	601	A1JN4	C4A-C3A-C2A	-3.97	102.19	106.83
7	B	401	LPP	O9-C11-C12	3.93	119.98	111.50
9	B	403	POV	C28-C29-C210	3.82	154.00	124.73
9	B	402	POV	C28-C29-C210	3.80	153.91	124.73
9	B	402	POV	O21-C21-C22	3.77	119.63	111.50

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	A	601	A1JN4	OND-C2D-C3D	-3.61	101.48	110.45
5	A	601	A1JN4	C3D-C4D-CHA	3.59	135.01	124.34
5	A	601	A1JN4	C4C-C3C-C2C	3.33	112.14	106.89
5	A	601	A1JN4	CBB-CAB-C3B	3.25	121.38	112.43
6	A	602	HEM	C4D-ND-C1D	3.21	108.39	105.07
5	A	601	A1JN4	CAA-CBA-CGA	-3.19	106.75	113.60
5	A	601	A1JN4	C1B-C2B-C3B	-3.14	102.35	106.94
6	A	602	HEM	C4A-NA-C1A	3.12	108.41	105.35
5	A	601	A1JN4	CAA-C2A-C1A	-2.98	119.02	124.89
5	A	601	A1JN4	C1C-CHC-C4B	-2.90	115.79	124.74
5	A	601	A1JN4	CHC-C1C-NC	2.87	129.13	123.85
6	A	603	HEM	C1B-NB-C4B	2.87	108.04	105.07
6	A	602	HEM	C4C-NC-C1C	2.79	108.08	105.35
6	A	602	HEM	C1B-NB-C4B	2.77	107.94	105.07
5	A	601	A1JN4	C2C-C1C-NC	-2.77	105.87	110.08
5	A	601	A1JN4	CBA-CAA-C2A	-2.76	104.95	112.63
5	A	601	A1JN4	CAD-CBD-CGD	-2.74	100.33	104.56
6	A	603	HEM	C4D-ND-C1D	2.66	107.82	105.07
6	A	603	HEM	C4A-NA-C1A	2.63	107.92	105.35
7	A	604	LPP	O27-C29-C30	2.57	119.97	111.91
7	B	404	LPP	O27-C29-C30	2.55	119.92	111.91
7	B	401	LPP	O27-C29-C30	2.53	119.86	111.91
6	A	603	HEM	C4C-NC-C1C	2.45	107.75	105.35
6	A	603	HEM	C3B-C2B-C1B	2.43	108.29	106.49
9	B	403	POV	O31-C31-C32	2.41	119.47	111.91
6	A	603	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA	-2.40	108.44	113.60
6	A	602	HEM	C2A-C1A-NA	-2.30	107.58	110.15
6	A	602	HEM	C3D-C4D-ND	-2.26	107.64	110.17
9	B	402	POV	O31-C31-C32	2.23	118.91	111.91
5	A	601	A1JN4	CHA-C1A-C2A	2.16	130.08	125.36
5	A	601	A1JN4	CMA-C3A-C4A	2.15	128.64	125.37
6	A	602	HEM	C3B-C2B-C1B	2.11	108.06	106.49
6	A	602	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD	-2.04	109.21	113.60
6	A	603	HEM	C2A-C1A-NA	-2.03	107.88	110.15

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
5	A	601	A1JN4	NB
5	A	601	A1JN4	ND

All (117) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	A	602	HEM	C1A-C2A-CAA-CBA
7	A	604	LPP	C6-O5-P1-O2
7	A	604	LPP	C6-O5-P1-O3
7	A	604	LPP	C6-O5-P1-O4
7	B	401	LPP	C6-O5-P1-O3
7	B	401	LPP	C12-C11-O9-C7
7	B	404	LPP	C12-C11-O9-C7
9	B	402	POV	C11-O12-P-O13
9	B	402	POV	C11-O12-P-O14
9	B	402	POV	O11-C1-C2-O21
9	B	403	POV	O12-C11-C12-N
9	B	403	POV	O22-C21-O21-C2
10	B	405	MQ9	C5-C6-C7-C8
10	B	405	MQ9	C1-C6-C7-C8
10	B	405	MQ9	C19-C21-C22-C23
10	B	405	MQ9	C30-C29-C31-C32
10	B	405	MQ9	C39-C41-C42-C43
5	A	601	A1JN4	C2C-C3C-CAC-CBC
7	B	404	LPP	O28-C29-O27-C8
5	A	601	A1JN4	C4C-C3C-CAC-CBC
7	B	404	LPP	C30-C29-O27-C8
7	A	604	LPP	O28-C29-O27-C8
7	B	401	LPP	O28-C29-O27-C8
7	B	401	LPP	O10-C11-O9-C7
7	B	404	LPP	O10-C11-O9-C7
7	B	401	LPP	C30-C29-O27-C8
9	B	403	POV	C22-C21-O21-C2
10	B	405	MQ9	C28-C29-C31-C32
7	A	604	LPP	C30-C29-O27-C8
9	B	402	POV	C11-O12-P-O11
9	B	403	POV	C310-C311-C312-C313
7	B	404	LPP	C38-C39-C40-C41
9	B	402	POV	C312-C313-C314-C315
9	B	402	POV	C213-C214-C215-C216
9	B	402	POV	C310-C311-C312-C313
7	A	604	LPP	C33-C34-C35-C36
10	B	405	MQ9	C24-C26-C27-C28
10	B	405	MQ9	C44-C46-C47-C48
9	B	403	POV	C25-C26-C27-C28
9	B	402	POV	C35-C36-C37-C38
9	B	403	POV	C39-C310-C311-C312
7	B	401	LPP	C17-C18-C19-C20
7	B	401	LPP	C12-C13-C14-C15

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
9	B	402	POV	C22-C21-O21-C2
7	B	401	LPP	C29-C30-C31-C32
7	B	404	LPP	C40-C41-C42-C43
7	B	401	LPP	O5-C6-C7-O9
9	B	402	POV	O22-C21-O21-C2
9	B	402	POV	C26-C27-C28-C29
9	B	403	POV	C26-C27-C28-C29
9	B	402	POV	O11-C1-C2-C3
7	B	404	LPP	C37-C38-C39-C40
9	B	402	POV	C23-C24-C25-C26
9	B	402	POV	C212-C213-C214-C215
7	B	404	LPP	C30-C31-C32-C33
9	B	403	POV	C212-C213-C214-C215
7	A	604	LPP	C18-C19-C20-C21
9	B	402	POV	C22-C23-C24-C25
7	B	401	LPP	O9-C7-C8-O27
6	A	602	HEM	C3A-C2A-CAA-CBA
7	B	401	LPP	O5-C6-C7-C8
7	B	401	LPP	C6-C7-C8-O27
7	B	404	LPP	C20-C21-C22-C23
7	A	604	LPP	C15-C16-C17-C18
7	B	404	LPP	C13-C14-C15-C16
7	A	604	LPP	C12-C11-O9-C7
7	B	401	LPP	C20-C21-C22-C23
9	B	403	POV	C33-C34-C35-C36
7	A	604	LPP	O10-C11-O9-C7
7	A	604	LPP	C6-C7-C8-O27
7	A	604	LPP	O9-C7-C8-O27
7	B	401	LPP	C7-C6-O5-P1
7	A	604	LPP	C23-C24-C25-C26
9	B	402	POV	C11-C12-N-C14
9	B	402	POV	O12-C11-C12-N
6	A	603	HEM	C3D-CAD-CBD-CGD
9	B	403	POV	C27-C28-C29-C210
7	A	604	LPP	C38-C39-C40-C41
7	A	604	LPP	C36-C37-C38-C39
9	B	402	POV	C21-C22-C23-C24
7	B	404	LPP	C22-C23-C24-C25
7	B	404	LPP	C8-C7-O9-C11
9	B	402	POV	C3-C2-O21-C21
9	B	403	POV	C11-O12-P-O11
9	B	403	POV	O32-C31-O31-C3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	B	404	LPP	C34-C35-C36-C37
9	B	402	POV	C32-C31-O31-C3
9	B	403	POV	C32-C31-O31-C3
9	B	402	POV	C33-C34-C35-C36
9	B	402	POV	C11-C12-N-C15
9	B	402	POV	O32-C31-O31-C3
6	A	602	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD-O1D
9	B	402	POV	C11-C12-N-C13
7	A	604	LPP	C39-C40-C41-C42
5	A	601	A1JN4	CAA-CBA-CGA-O1A
9	B	402	POV	C210-C211-C212-C213
6	A	602	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD-O2D
10	B	405	MQ9	C25-C24-C26-C27
7	A	604	LPP	C21-C22-C23-C24
7	A	604	LPP	C12-C13-C14-C15
9	B	403	POV	C22-C23-C24-C25
10	B	405	MQ9	C20-C19-C21-C22
7	A	604	LPP	C32-C33-C34-C35
7	B	401	LPP	C6-O5-P1-O2
6	A	603	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA-O2A
9	B	402	POV	C25-C26-C27-C28
9	B	403	POV	C29-C210-C211-C212
9	B	402	POV	C29-C210-C211-C212
9	B	402	POV	C32-C33-C34-C35
6	A	603	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA-O1A
10	B	405	MQ9	C15-C14-C16-C17
7	B	404	LPP	C36-C37-C38-C39
9	B	403	POV	C11-O12-P-O14
5	A	601	A1JN4	CAA-CBA-CGA-O2A
9	B	403	POV	C21-C22-C23-C24
9	B	403	POV	O21-C21-C22-C23
9	B	403	POV	O22-C21-C22-C23

There are no ring outliers.

6 monomers are involved in 21 short contacts:

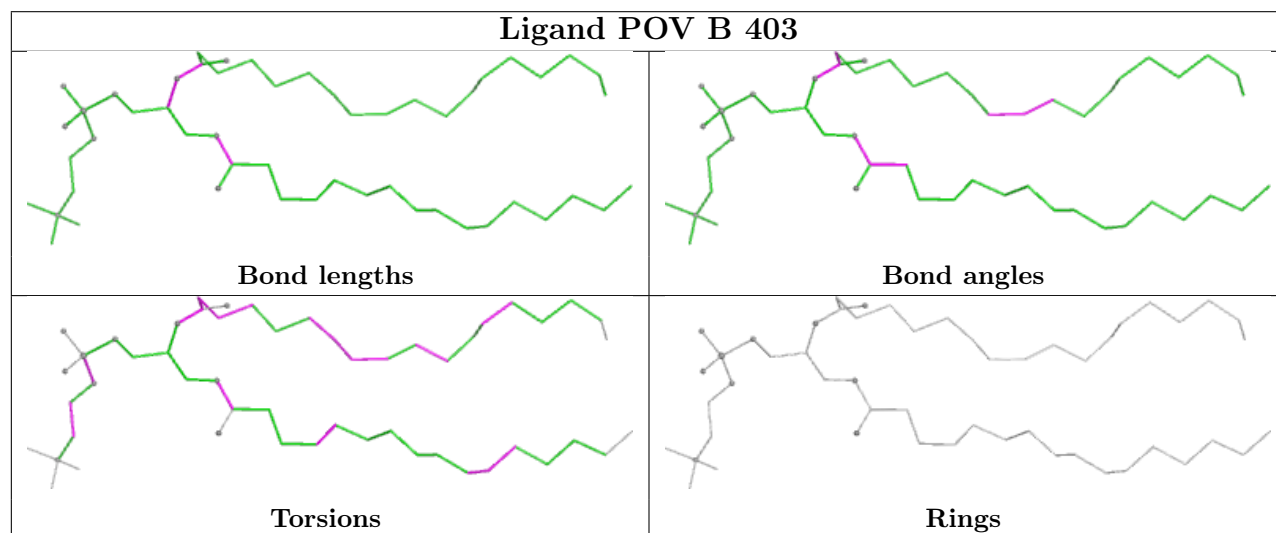
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
9	B	403	POV	2	0
10	B	405	MQ9	8	0
6	A	603	HEM	4	0
7	B	401	LPP	1	0
7	B	404	LPP	1	0

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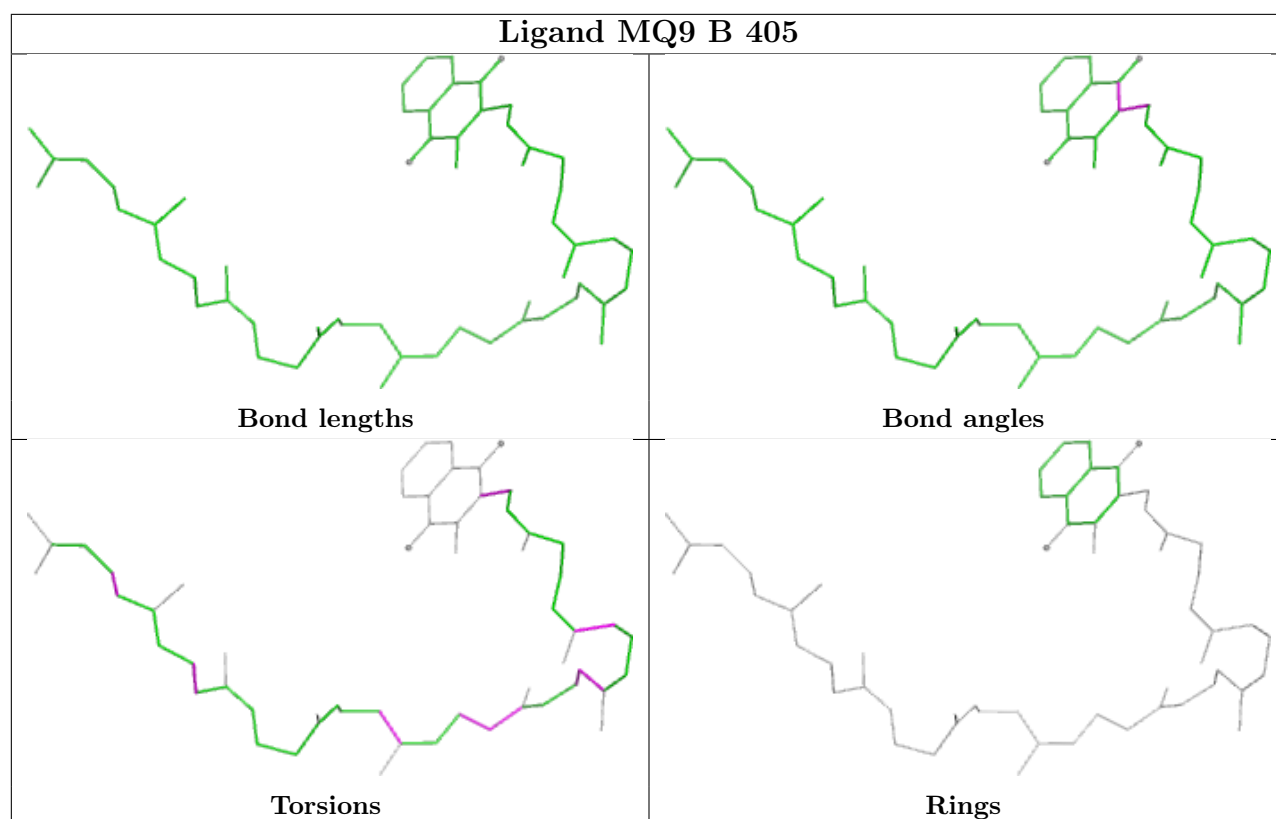
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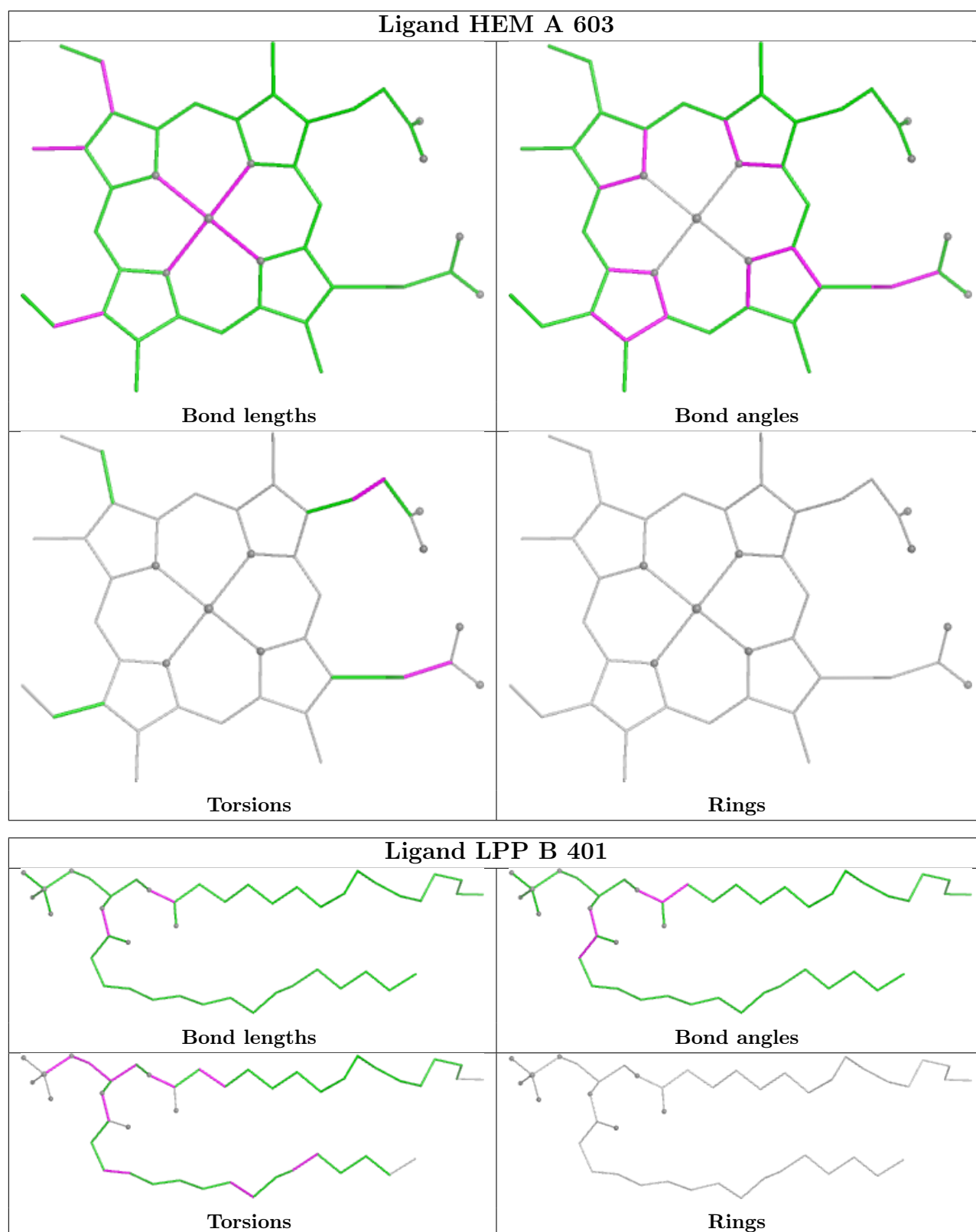
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	602	HEM	5	0

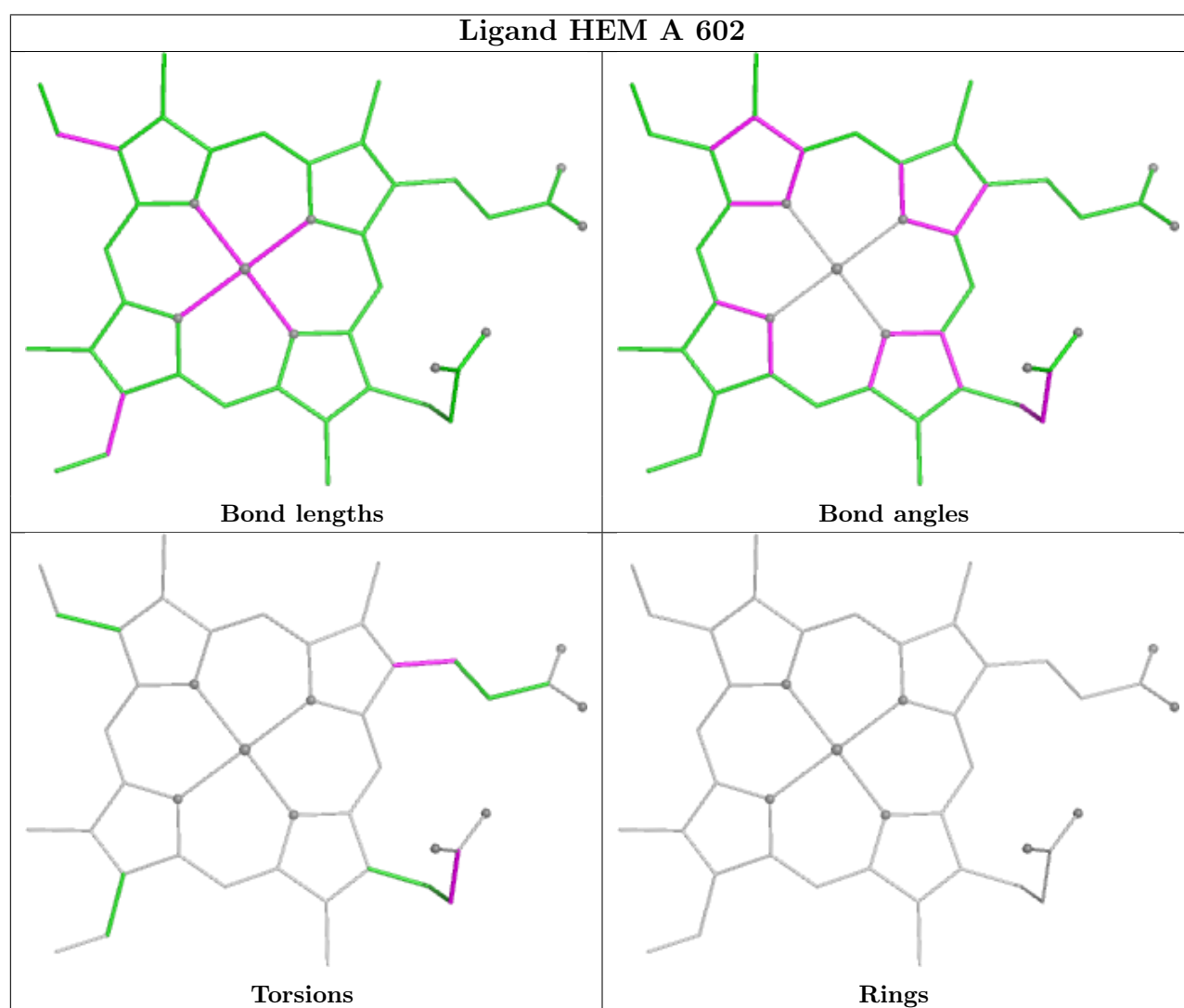
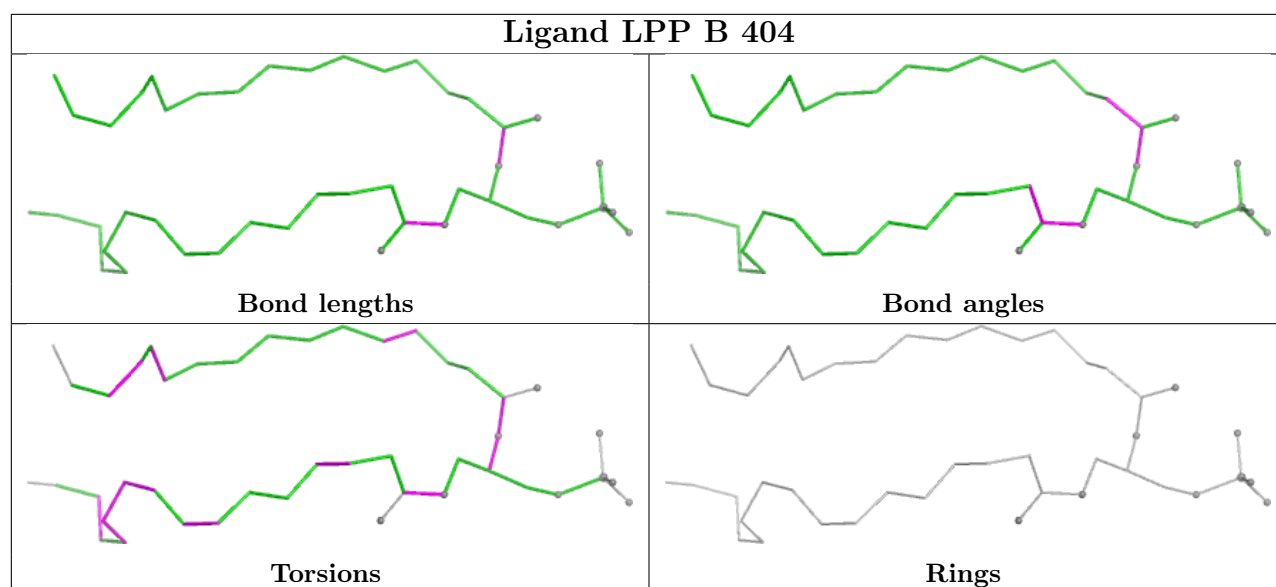
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

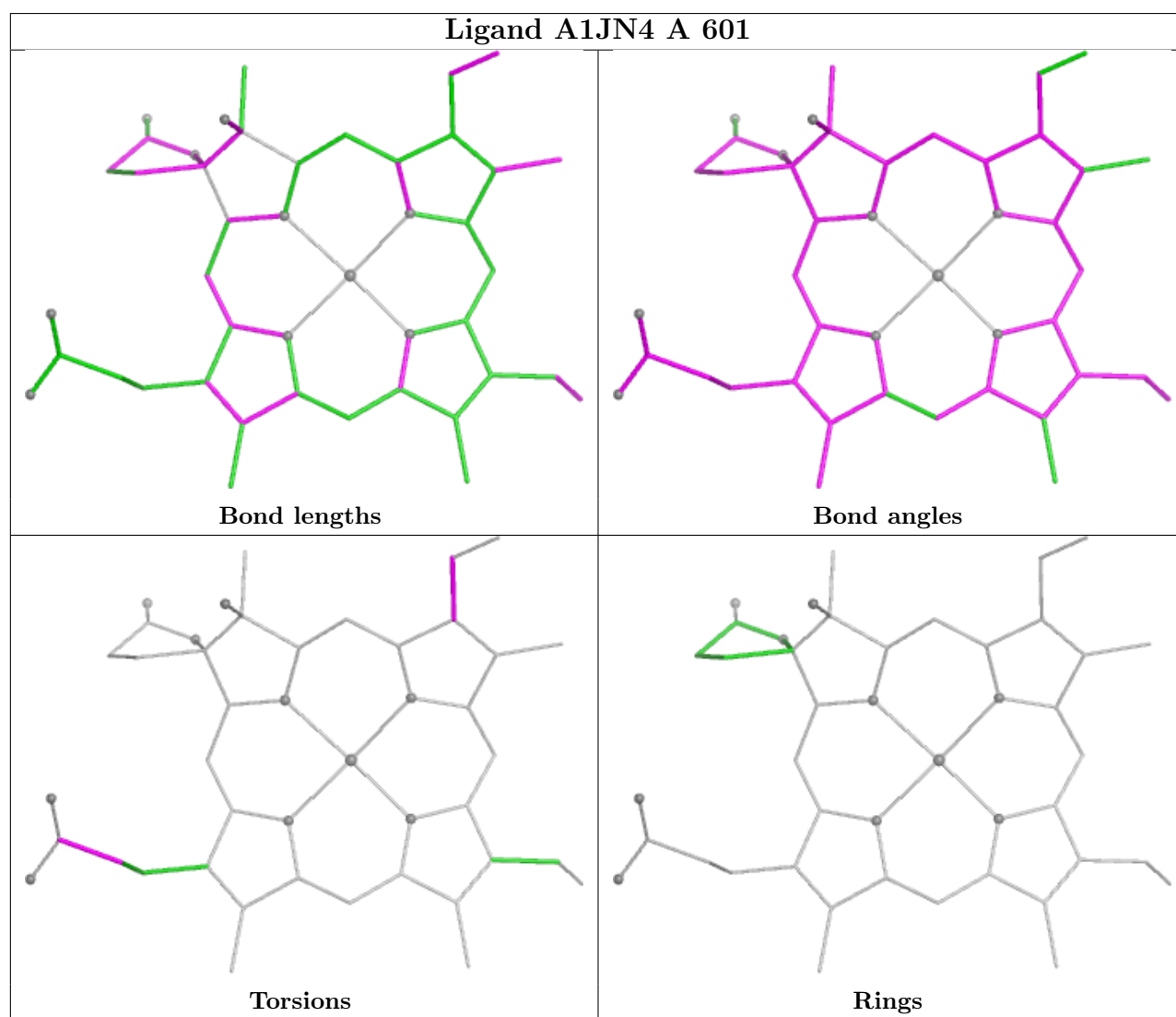
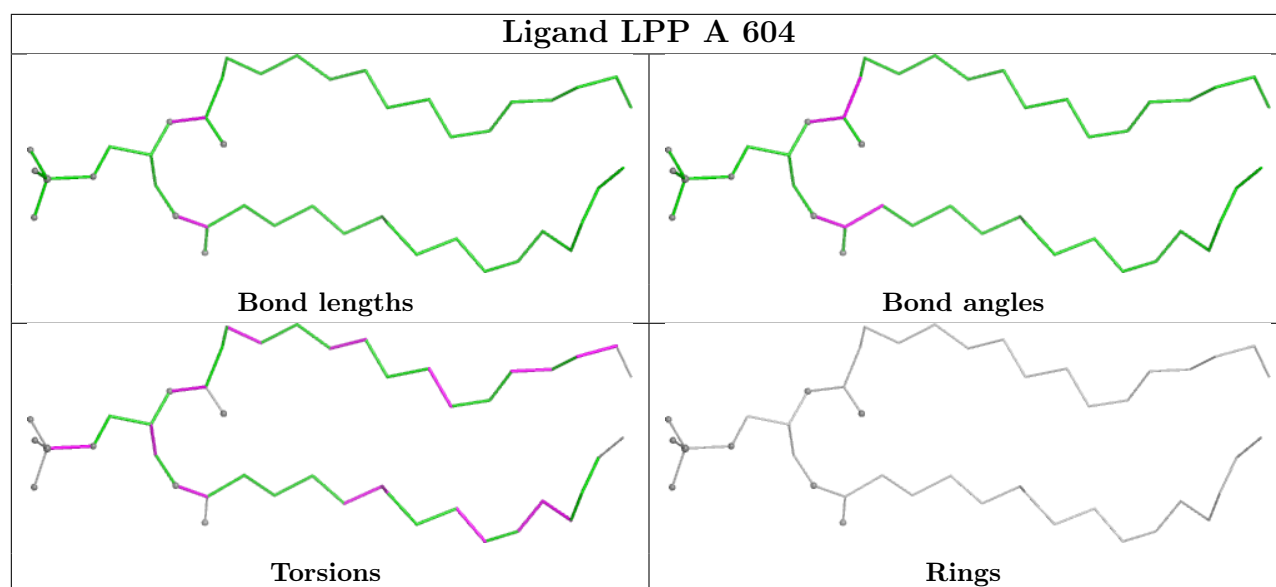


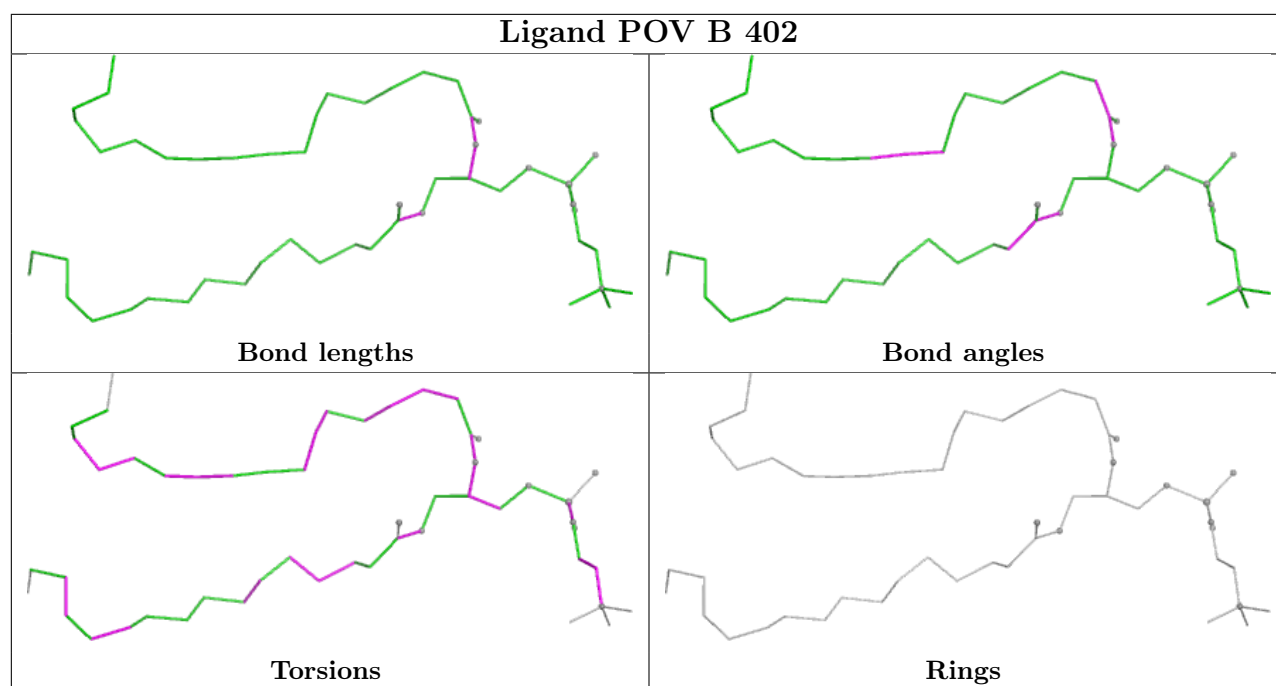












## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

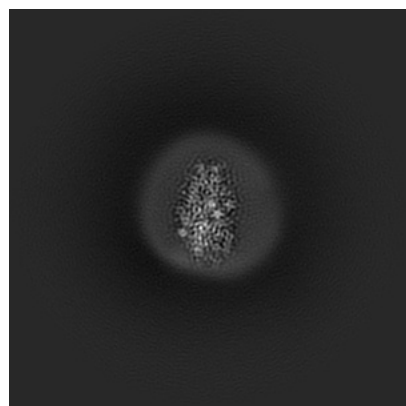
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-54822. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

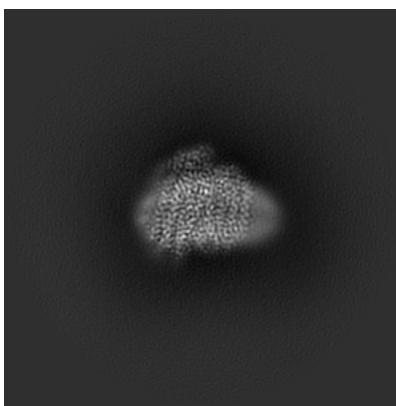
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

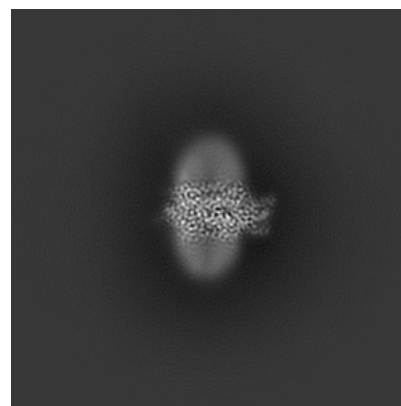
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X

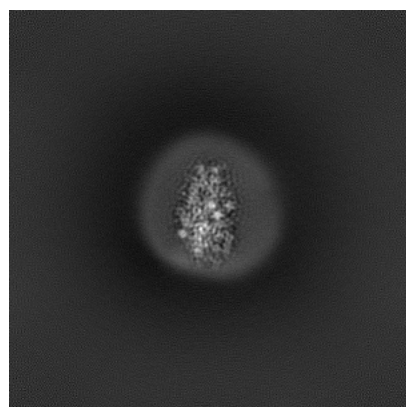


Y

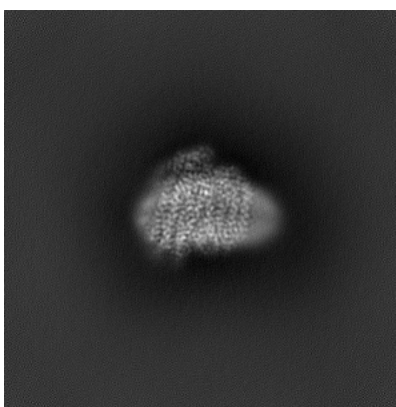


Z

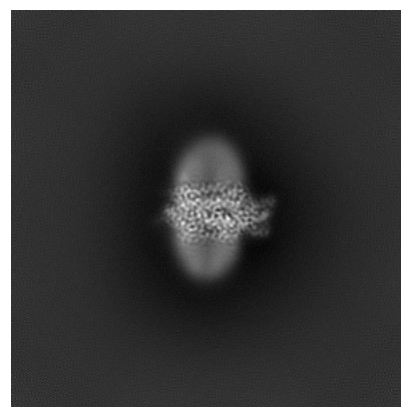
#### 6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

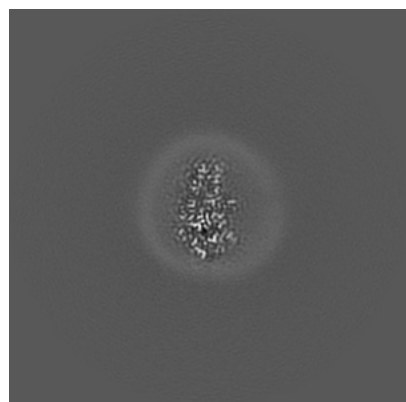


Z

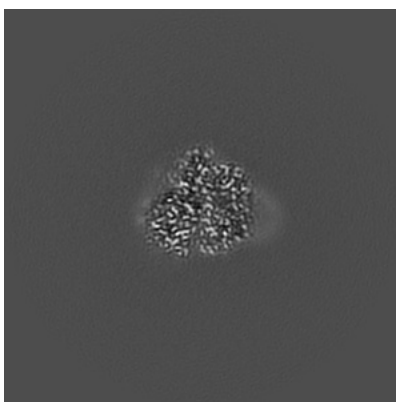
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

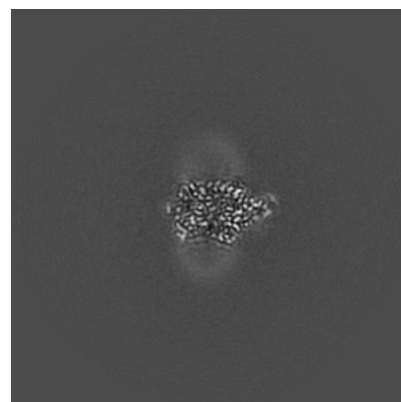
### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 180

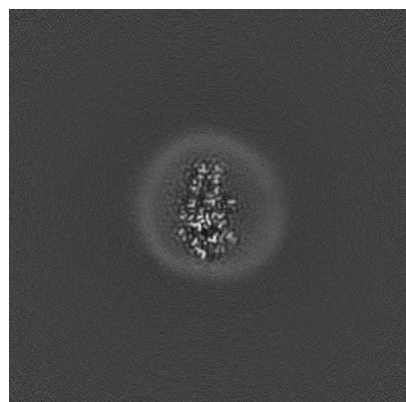


Y Index: 180

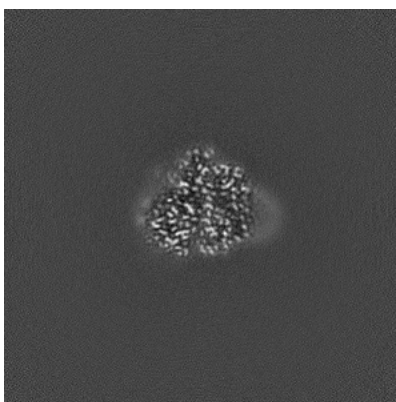


Z Index: 180

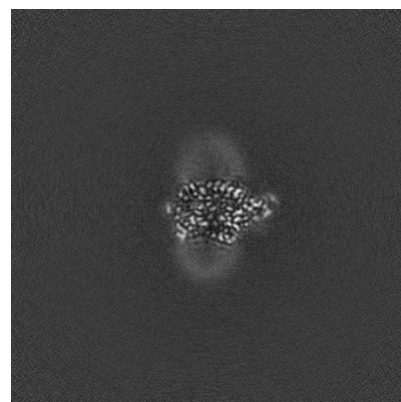
### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 180



Y Index: 180

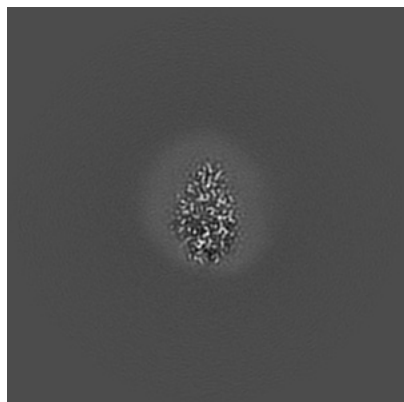


Z Index: 180

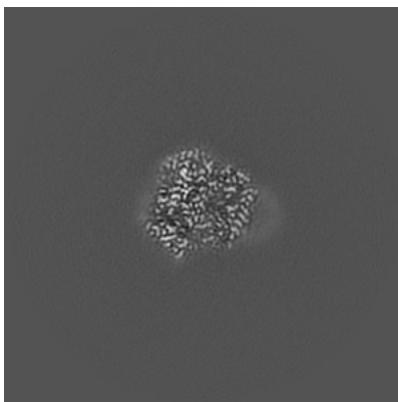
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

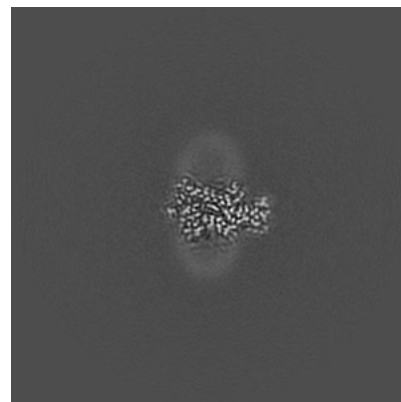
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 157

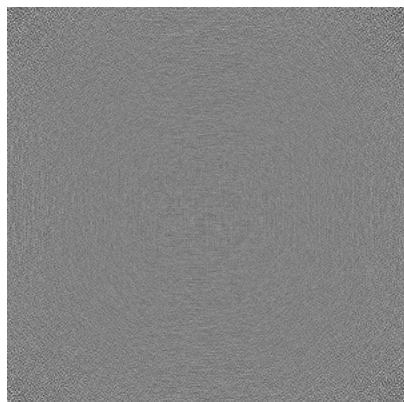


Y Index: 172

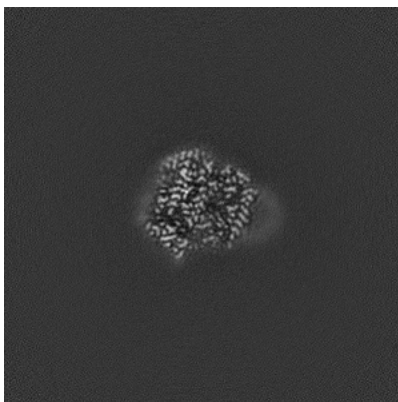


Z Index: 166

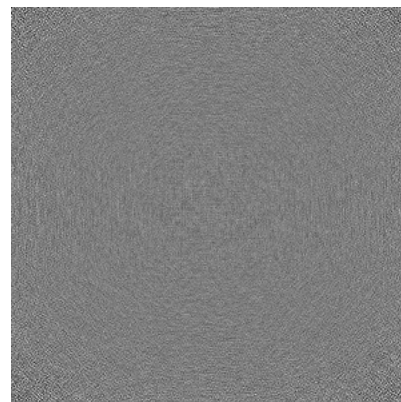
### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 0



Y Index: 172



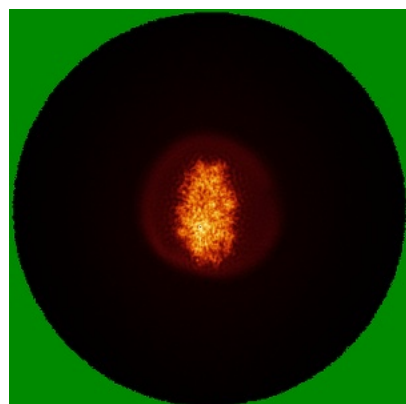
Z Index: 359

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

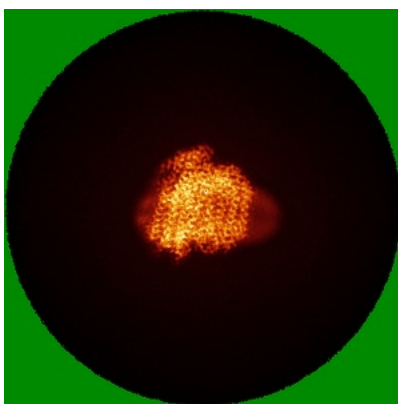


## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

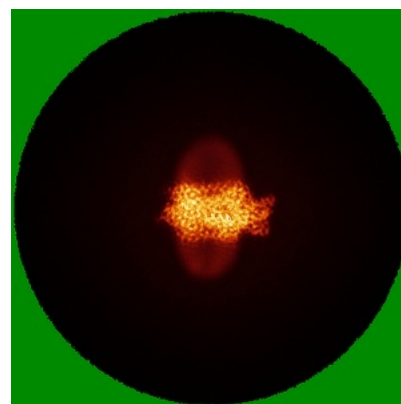
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X

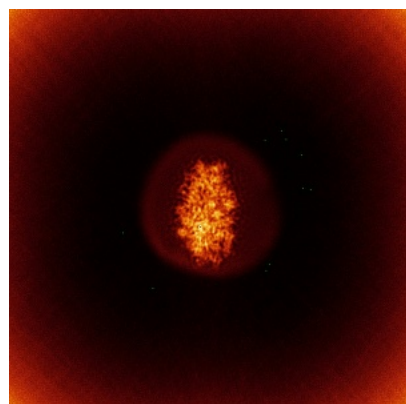


Y

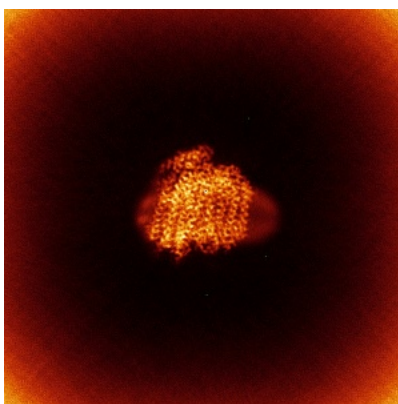


Z

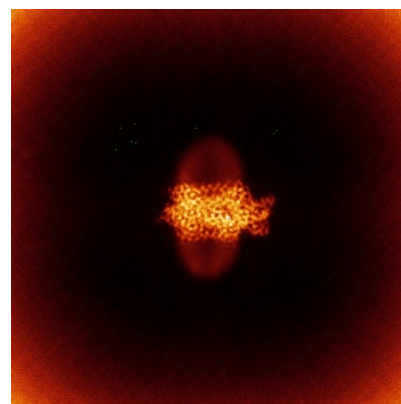
### 6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

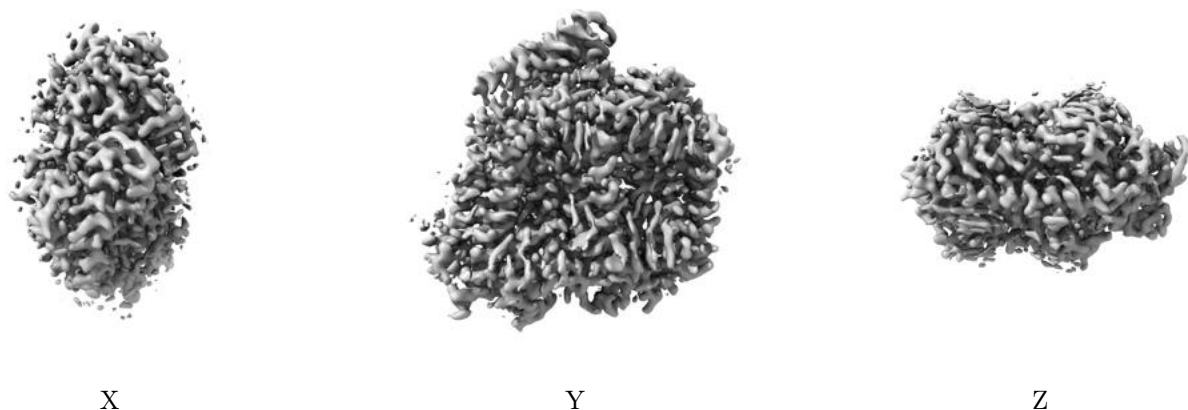


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

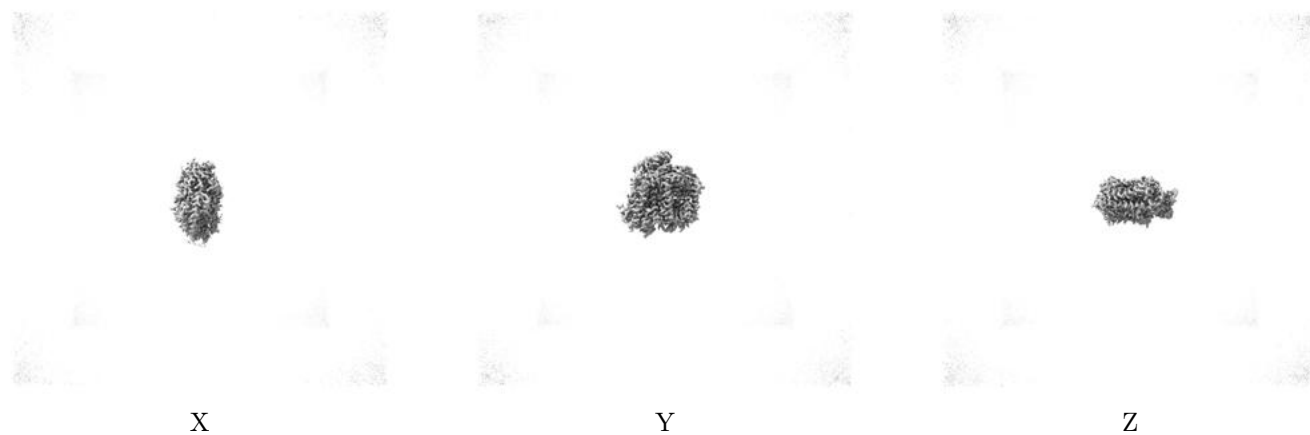
## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0647. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

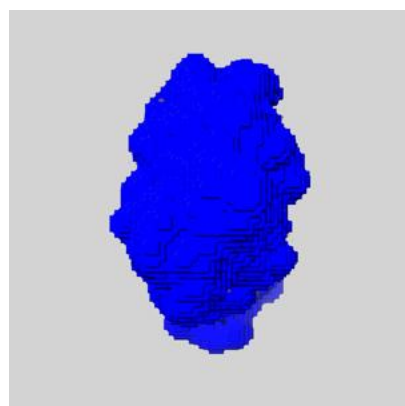
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

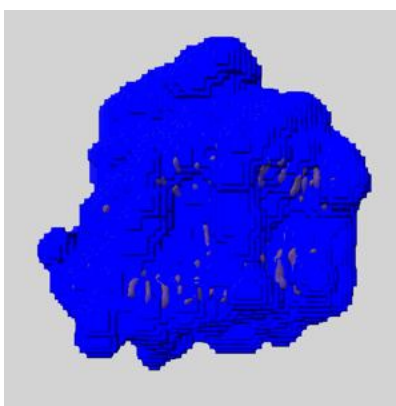
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

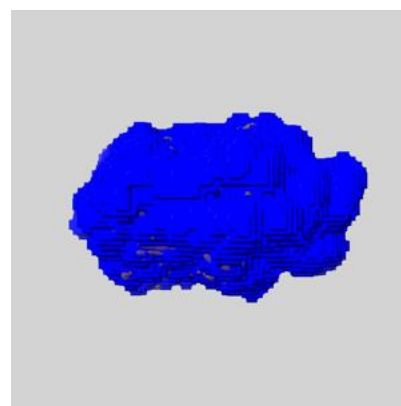
### 6.6.1 emd\_54822\_msk\_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

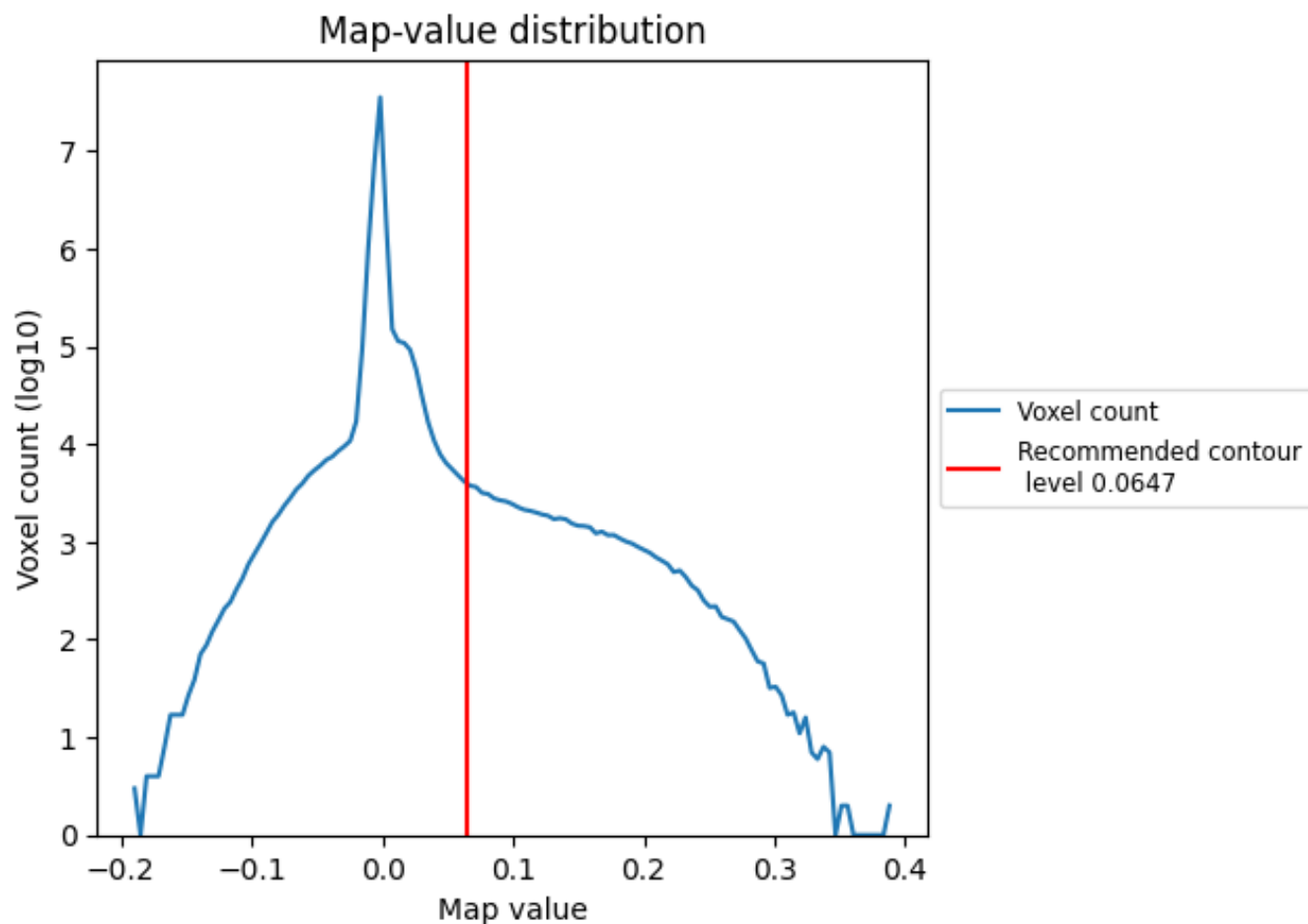


Z

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

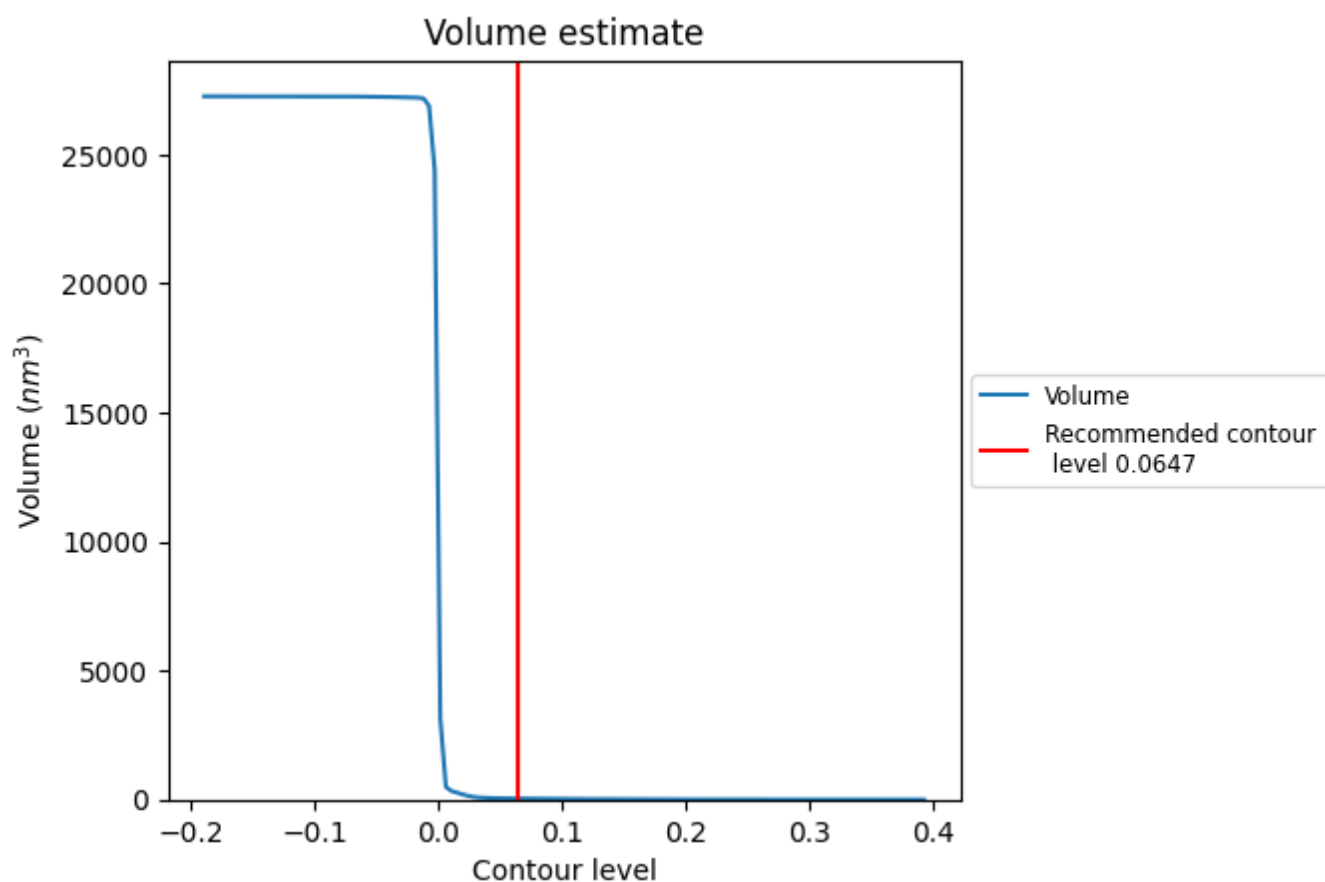
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

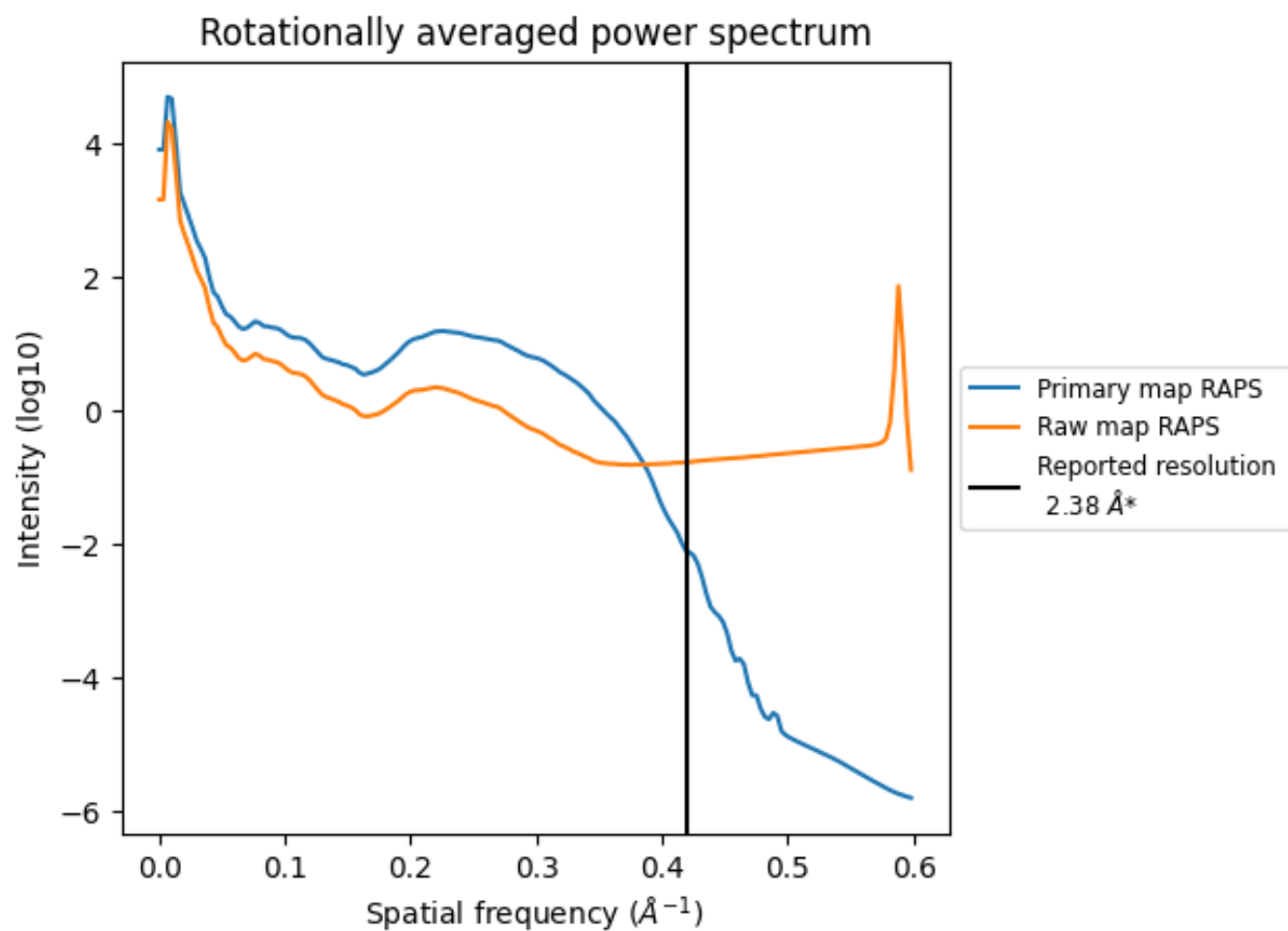
## 7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 39  $\text{nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 35 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

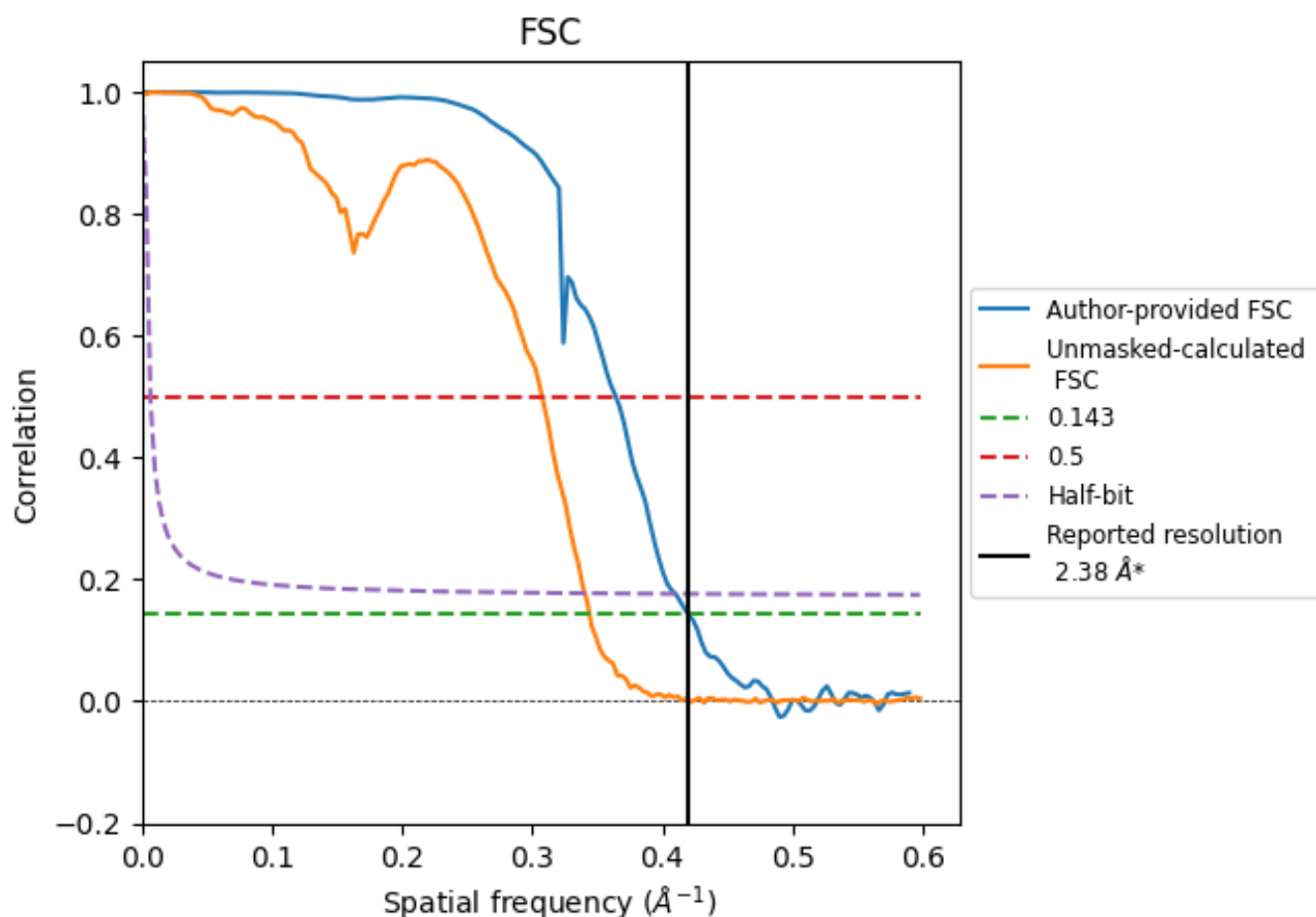


\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.420 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.420  $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

## 8.2 Resolution estimates

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.38	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.38	2.74	2.44
Unmasked-calculated*	2.91	3.25	2.94

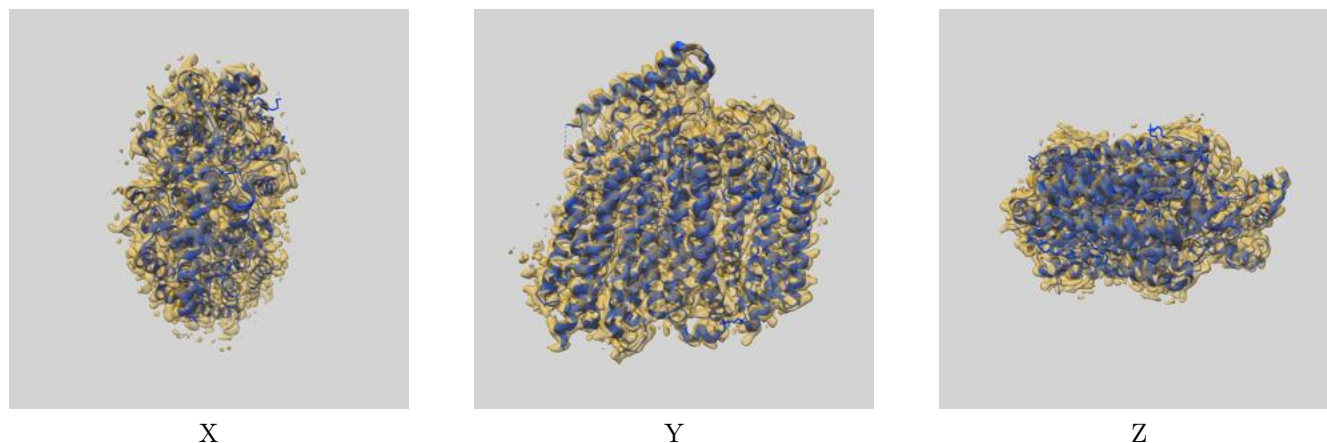
\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 2.91 differs from the reported value 2.38 by more than 10 %



## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

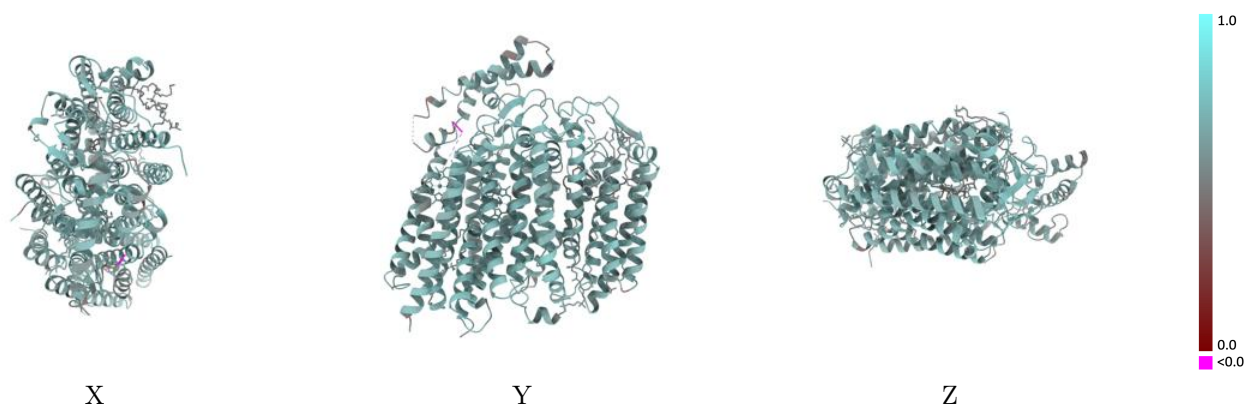
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-54822 and PDB model 9SFF. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [9](#).

### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



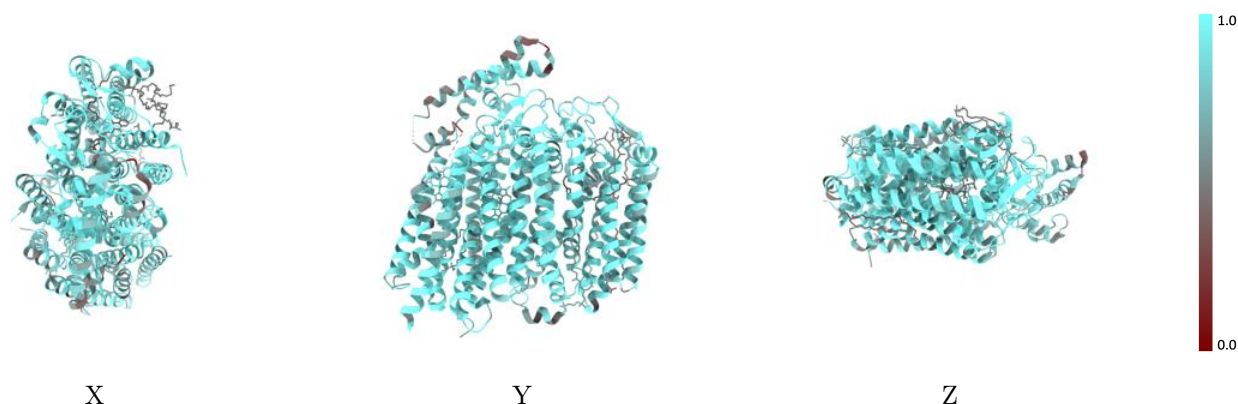
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0647 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



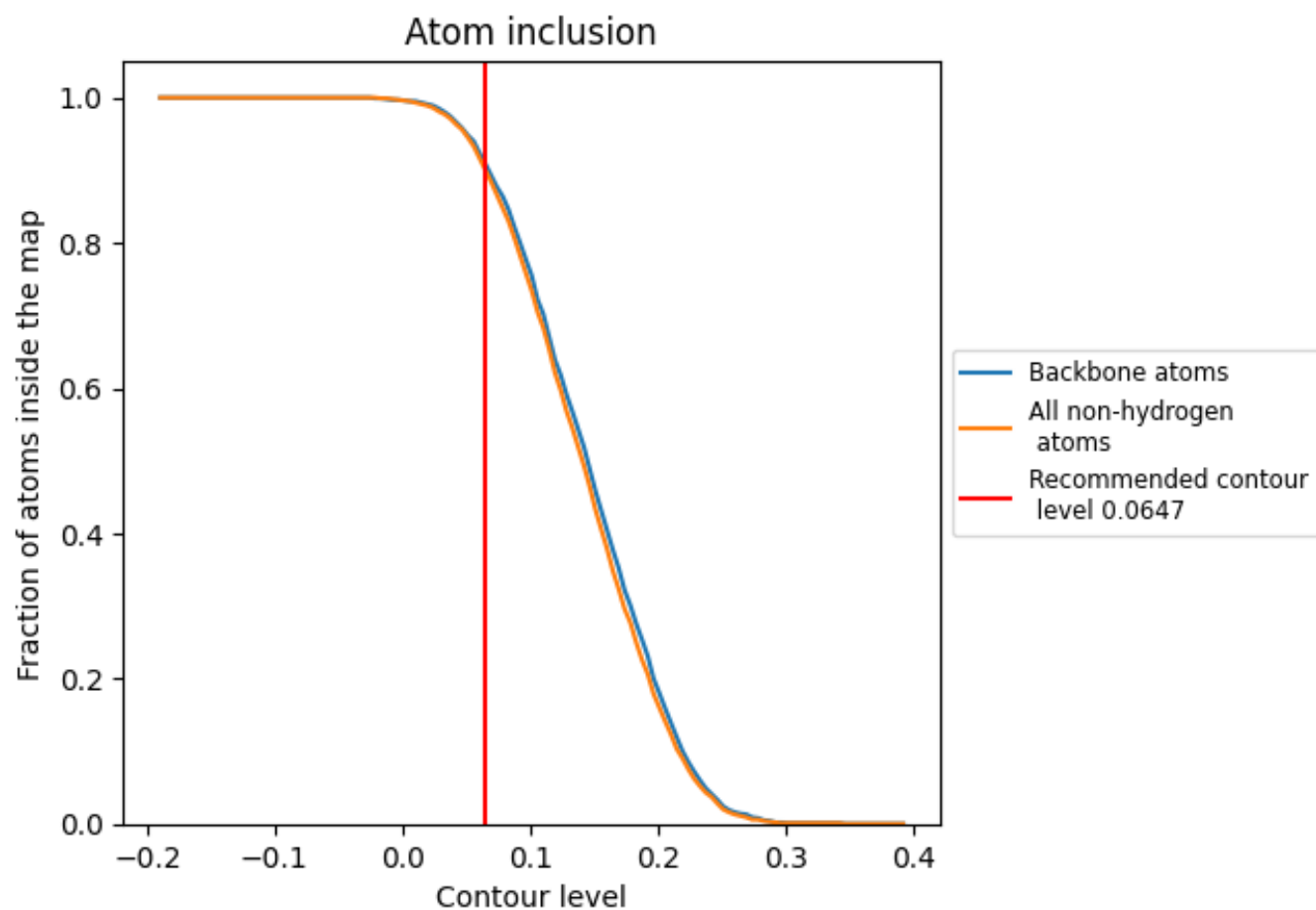
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0647).

## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 91% of all backbone atoms, 90% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0647) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div></div> 0.9020	<div></div> 0.6350
A	<div></div> 0.9070	<div></div> 0.6350
B	<div></div> 0.8970	<div></div> 0.6350
H	<div></div> 0.8620	<div></div> 0.6330
X	<div></div> 0.8310	<div></div> 0.6200

