

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 23, 2024 – 08:30 AM EDT

PDB ID : 4QJQ

Title: Crystal structure of goat lactoperoxidase in complex with octopamine at 2.1

Angstrom resolution

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Deposited on : 2014-06-04

Resolution : 2.10 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.37.1

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

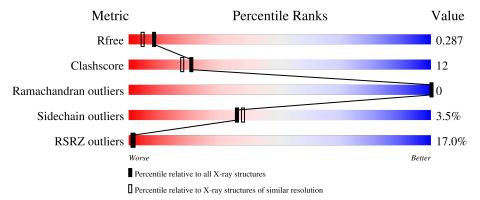
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	5197 (2.10-2.10)
Clashscore	141614	5710 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5647 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5648 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5083 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
			17%		
1	A	595	83%	16%	•

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
ſ	7	OTR	A	614	_	-	X	_



2 Entry composition (i)

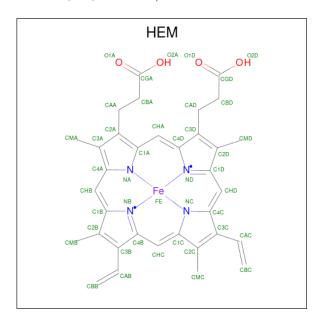
There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5216 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Lactoperoxidase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	595	Total 4758	C 3021	N 844	O 866	P 1	S 26	0	0	0

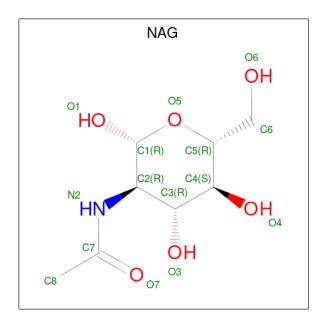
• Molecule 2 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: C₃₄H₃₂FeN₄O₄).



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total 43	C 34	Fe 1	N 4	O 4	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
3	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
3	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
3	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0

• Molecule 4 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

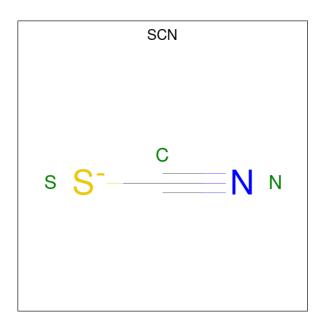
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is IODIDE ION (three-letter code: IOD) (formula: I).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	13	Total I 13 13	0	0

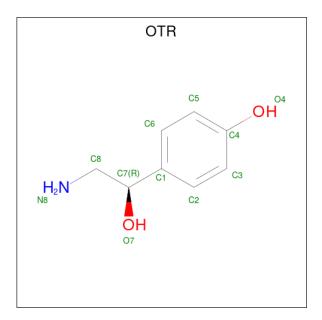
 \bullet Molecule 6 is THIOCYANATE ION (three-letter code: SCN) (formula: CNS).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total 3	C 1	N 1	S 1	0	0

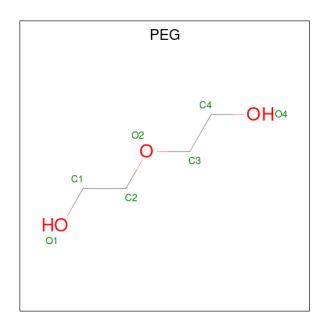
• Molecule 7 is 4-(2R-AMINO-1-HYDROXYETHYL) PHENOL (three-letter code: OTR) (formula: $C_8H_{11}NO_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total 11	C 8	N 1	O 2	0	0

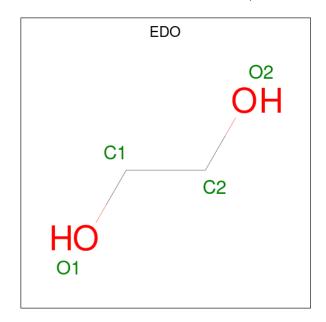
• Molecule 8 is DI(HYDROXYETHYL)ETHER (three-letter code: PEG) (formula: $C_4H_{10}O_3$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
8	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 9 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula: $\mathrm{C_2H_6O_2}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
9	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0



• Molecule 10 is water.

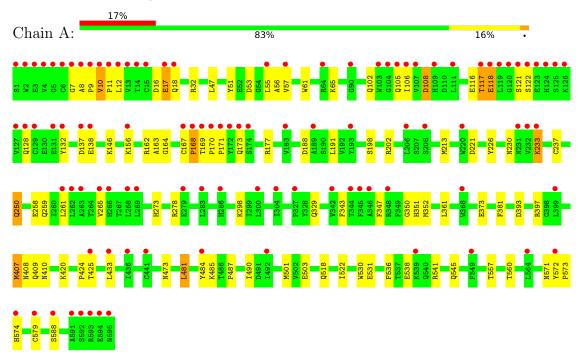
Mol	Chain	Residues	Aton	ns	ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	A	309	Total 309	O 309	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Lactoperoxidase





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	53.95Å 80.36Å 75.39Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 102.81° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	73.51 - 2.10	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	33.86 - 2.10	EDS
% Data completeness	95.7 (73.51-2.10)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.2 (33.86-2.10)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.08	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.54 (at 2.10Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0049	Depositor
P.P.	0.204 , 0.278	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.220 , 0.287	DCC
R_{free} test set	1837 reflections (5.01%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (\mathring{A}^2)	37.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.922	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.31, 55.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5216	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	65.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.46% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: OTR, NAG, HEM, SEP, IOD, SCN, CA, PEG, EDO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles	
IVIOI	$\operatorname{Mol} \mid \operatorname{Chain} \mid$		# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.63	1/4876 (0.0%)	0.77	3/6621 (0.0%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	168	PRO	N-CD	5.03	1.54	1.47

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	108	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.52	123.27	118.30
1	A	188	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.18	122.97	118.30
1	A	10	VAL	C-N-CD	-5.03	109.54	120.60

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4758	0	4644	111	0
2	A	43	0	30	14	0
3	A	56	0	52	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	13	0	0	2	0
6	A	3	0	0	0	0
7	A	11	0	10	9	0
8	A	14	0	20	1	0
9	A	8	0	12	2	0
10	A	309	0	0	19	0
All	All	5216	0	4768	119	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 119 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap (Å)} \end{array}$
1:A:53:ASP:CG	1:A:55:LEU:HB2	1.45	1.37
1:A:258:GLU:OE2	2:A:601:HEM:HMB3	1.45	1.15
1:A:108:ASP:OD2	2:A:601:HEM:HMD1	1.46	1.15
1:A:484:TYR:CE1	1:A:490:ILE:HA	1.91	1.05
1:A:108:ASP:OD2	2:A:601:HEM:CMD	2.06	1.02

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	592/595 (100%)	564 (95%)	28 (5%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	516/516 (100%)	498 (96%)	18 (4%)	36 38	

5 of 18 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	481	LEU
1	A	545	GLN
1	A	538	GLU
1	A	233	LYS
1	A	410	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	423	GLN
1	A	545	GLN
1	A	571	ASN
1	A	147	ASN
1	A	18	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the



expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths				Bond angles		
WIOI	туре	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	
1	SEP	A	198	1	8,9,10	0.75	0	8,12,14	1.14	0	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	SEP	A	198	1	-	5/5/8/10	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	198	SEP	N-CA-CB-OG
1	A	198	SEP	CA-CB-OG-P
1	A	198	SEP	CB-OG-P-O1P
1	A	198	SEP	CB-OG-P-O2P
1	A	198	SEP	CB-OG-P-O3P

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	198	SEP	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 25 ligands modelled in this entry, 14 are monoatomic - leaving 11 for Mogul analysis.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

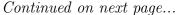
N / - 1	Т	Clasica	Das	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	A	603	1	14,14,15	0.64	0	17,19,21	1.49	3 (17%)
8	PEG	A	615	-	6,6,6	0.49	0	5,5,5	0.35	0
7	OTR	A	614	-	11,11,11	2.30	5 (45%)	13,14,14	1.90	2 (15%)
2	HEM	A	601	10	41,50,50	1.32	5 (12%)	45,82,82	1.73	6 (13%)
8	PEG	A	616	-	6,6,6	0.51	0	5,5,5	0.81	0
9	EDO	A	624	-	3,3,3	0.52	0	2,2,2	0.16	0
3	NAG	A	605	1	14,14,15	0.59	0	17,19,21	1.44	2 (11%)
6	SCN	A	613	-	1,2,2	1.26	0	0,1,1	-	-
3	NAG	A	604	1	14,14,15	0.59	0	17,19,21	1.58	3 (17%)
9	EDO	A	625	-	3,3,3	0.46	0	2,2,2	1.17	0
3	NAG	A	602	1	14,14,15	0.84	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.27	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	A	603	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	PEG	A	615	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
7	OTR	A	614	-	-	4/6/6/6	0/1/1/1
2	HEM	A	601	10	-	4/12/54/54	-
8	PEG	A	616	-	-	3/4/4/4	-
9	EDO	A	624	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
3	NAG	A	605	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	604	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	EDO	A	625	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
3	NAG	A	602	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 11 bond length outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$ \operatorname{Ideal}(\check{\mathbf{A}}) $
7	A	614	OTR	C1-C7	-4.21	1.44	1.51





Continued	trom	mmoninonic	maaa
COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
7	A	614	OTR	C3-C4	-3.50	1.32	1.38
2	A	601	HEM	C4D-ND	-3.32	1.34	1.40
2	A	601	HEM	C1B-NB	-3.32	1.34	1.40
2	A	601	HEM	FE-NB	2.80	2.10	1.96

The worst 5 of 17 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	A	601	HEM	C1B-NB-C4B	4.64	109.86	105.07
7	A	614	OTR	O7-C7-C1	-4.34	101.14	111.15
2	A	601	HEM	CHC-C4B-NB	4.30	129.10	124.43
3	A	605	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-3.98	105.00	111.29
2	A	601	HEM	CHD-C1D-ND	3.84	128.60	124.43

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 15 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	A	614	OTR	O7-C7-C8-N8
8	A	616	PEG	O1-C1-C2-O2
3	A	604	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
8	A	615	PEG	O1-C1-C2-O2
7	A	614	OTR	C1-C7-C8-N8

There are no ring outliers.

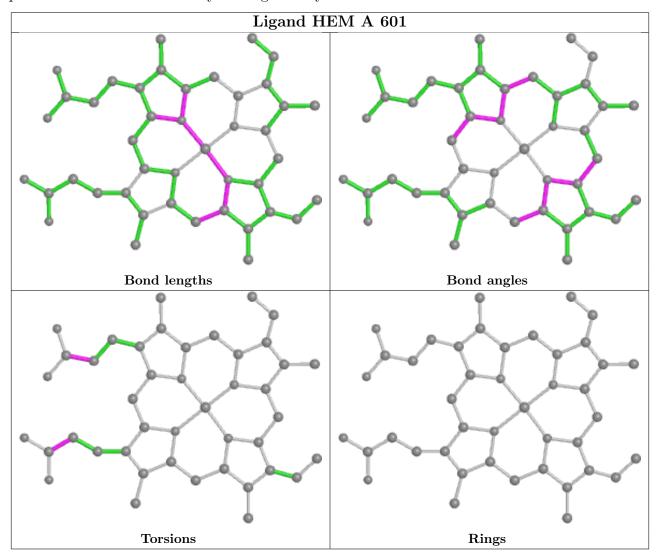
4 monomers are involved in 26 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	A	614	OTR	9	0
2	A	601	HEM	14	0
8	A	616	PEG	1	0
9	A	625	EDO	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and



any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	594/595~(99%)	1.11	101 (17%) 1 1	37, 58, 118, 207	0

The worst 5 of 101 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	2	TRP	21.3
1	A	171	PRO	18.1
1	A	119	LEU	15.9
1	A	3	GLU	15.3
1	A	1	SER	14.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	SEP	A	198	10/11	0.71	0.27	51,57,69,79	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,

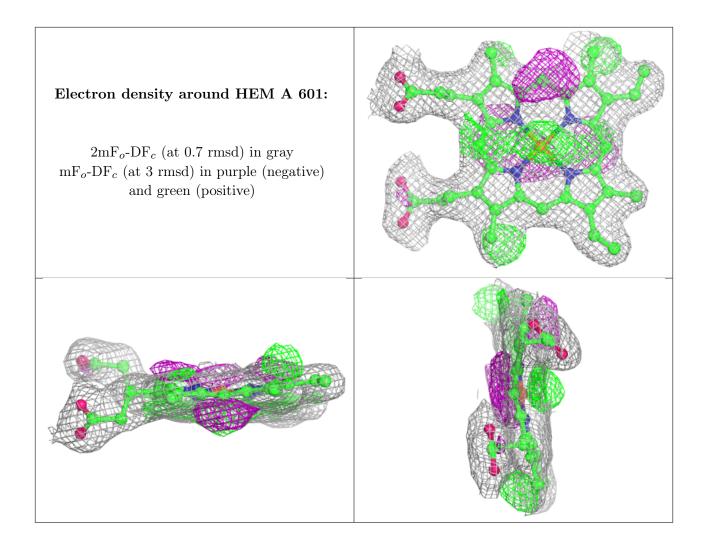


median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
6	SCN	A	613	3/3	0.71	0.14	62,62,83,93	0
5	IOD	A	623	1/1	0.76	0.10	119,119,119,119	0
3	NAG	A	603	14/15	0.84	0.34	76,85,92,93	0
5	IOD	A	618	1/1	0.84	0.09	149,149,149,149	0
5	IOD	A	621	1/1	0.85	0.10	134,134,134,134	0
5	IOD	A	622	1/1	0.86	0.15	123,123,123,123	0
8	PEG	A	615	7/7	0.86	0.19	63,69,73,76	0
8	PEG	A	616	7/7	0.87	0.20	67,71,77,79	0
3	NAG	A	604	14/15	0.88	0.23	71,86,93,98	0
9	EDO	A	624	4/4	0.88	0.31	54,55,57,58	0
7	OTR	A	614	11/11	0.89	0.31	28,52,63,68	0
3	NAG	A	602	14/15	0.89	0.17	50,59,72,77	0
2	HEM	A	601	43/43	0.90	0.25	31,37,47,52	0
5	IOD	A	617	1/1	0.92	0.11	105,105,105,105	0
5	IOD	A	612	1/1	0.93	0.06	113,113,113,113	0
5	IOD	A	619	1/1	0.93	0.15	148,148,148,148	0
3	NAG	A	605	14/15	0.94	0.17	56,62,72,74	0
5	IOD	A	609	1/1	0.96	0.04	79,79,79,79	0
5	IOD	A	620	1/1	0.97	0.05	83,83,83,83	0
5	IOD	A	608	1/1	0.97	0.06	71,71,71,71	0
4	CA	A	606	1/1	0.97	0.13	45,45,45,45	0
9	EDO	A	625	4/4	0.98	0.21	40,40,43,52	0
5	IOD	A	611	1/1	0.99	0.03	88,88,88,88	0
5	IOD	A	607	1/1	0.99	0.12	49,49,49,49	0
5	IOD	A	610	1/1	0.99	0.03	82,82,82,82	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

