

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Oct 23, 2023 – 07:10 pm BST

PDB ID : 7QGW

Title : Sulfonated Calpeptin is a promising drug candidate against SARS-CoV-2 in-

fections

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Deposited on : 2021-12-10

Resolution : 1.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

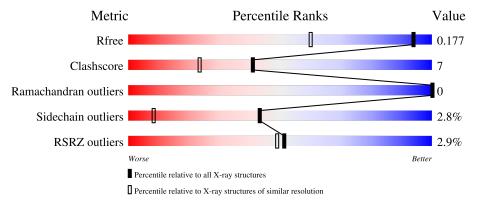
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{A})}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	1058 (1.30-1.30)
Clashscore	141614	1101 (1.30-1.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1058 (1.30-1.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1058 (1.30-1.30)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1029 (1.30-1.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	A	221	92%	8%		
1	В	221	94%	6%		

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	CL	A	302	-	-	X	-
3	MPD	A	304	-	-	-	X
3	MPD	A	308	-	-	X	-
3	MPD	В	504	-	-	X	-
3	MPD	В	508	-	-	X	-
4	GOL	В	503	-	-	-	X



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9073 atoms, of which 4780 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Cathepsin L2.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	221	Total 3441	C 1104	H 1690	N 298	O 338	S 11	1693	10	0
1	В	221	Total 3396	C 1089	H 1668	N 298	O 330	S 11	1668	5	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

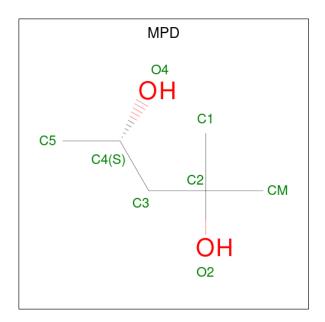
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	108	GLN	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP O60911
A	179	GLN	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP O60911
В	330	GLN	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP O60911
В	401	GLN	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP O60911

• Molecule 2 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	4	Total Cl 4 4	0	0
2	В	2	Total Cl 2 2	0	0

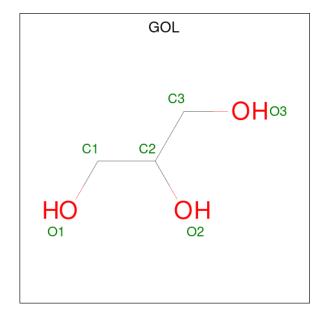
• Molecule 3 is (4S)-2-METHYL-2,4-PENTANEDIOL (three-letter code: MPD) (formula:  $C_6H_{14}O_2$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0
3	A	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0

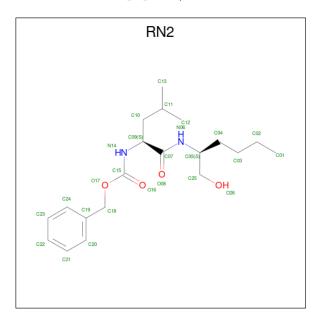
 $\bullet$  Molecule 4 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_3H_8O_3}).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	В	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	В	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	В	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	В	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 5 is Calpeptin (three-letter code: RN2) (formula:  $\rm C_{20}H_{32}N_2O_4).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf			
5	Λ	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	31	0	
9	A	1	57	20	31	2	4	31		
5	D	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	91	0	
3	D	B   I		20	31	2	4	31	0	

• Molecule 6 is water.

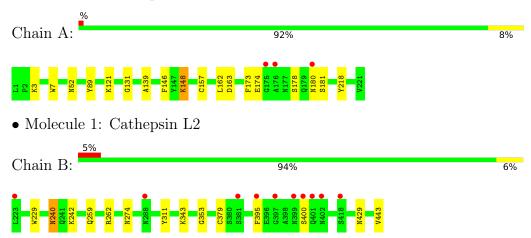
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	333	Total 999	H 666	O 333	666	0
6	В	347	Total 1041	H 694	O 347	694	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Cathepsin L2





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	94.24Å 94.24Å 126.96Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	47.12 - 1.30	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	47.12 - 1.30	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (47.12-1.30)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.9 (47.12-1.30)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.13 (at 1.30Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	MAIN 2021	Depositor
D D.	0.172 , 0.196	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.176 , $0.177$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	6806  reflections  (4.90%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	15.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.012	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 69.9	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	9073	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	22.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.22% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CL, RN2, GOL, MPD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.75	0/1809	0.79	0/2445	
1	В	0.70	0/1774	0.78	0/2396	
All	All	0.72	0/3583	0.79	0/4841	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1751	1690	1676	17	0
1	В	1728	1668	1658	13	0
2	A	4	0	0	4	0
2	В	2	0	0	1	0
3	A	16	0	28	9	0
3	В	24	0	42	16	0
4	A	12	0	16	5	0
4	В	24	0	32	4	0
5	A	26	31	0	0	0
5	В	26	31	0	0	0
6	A	333	666	0	3	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	В	347	694	0	5	0
All	All	4293	4780	3452	50	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 50 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} \operatorname{Clash} \ \operatorname{overlap}\ (\mathring{\mathbf{A}}) \end{aligned}$	
2:A:302:CL:CL	4:B:506:GOL:H32	1.77	1.21	
3:A:304:MPD:H52	3:A:304:MPD:O2	1.51	1.03	
2:A:302:CL:CL	4:B:506:GOL:C3	2.52	0.95	
3:A:304:MPD:O2	3:A:304:MPD:C5	2.21	0.89	
1:B:262[B]:ARG:NH1	3:B:504:MPD:H53	1.90	0.87	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percen	tiles
1	A	229/221 (104%)	224 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
1	В	224/221 (101%)	217 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	453/442 (102%)	441 (97%)	12 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar



resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percer	$_{ m tiles}$
1	A	189/179 (106%)	183 (97%)	6 (3%)	39	6
1	В	184/179 (103%)	179 (97%)	5 (3%)	44	9
All	All	373/358 (104%)	362 (97%)	11 (3%)	43	7

5 of 11 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	274	ASN
1	В	311	TYR
1	В	429	ASN
1	В	379	CYS
1	A	180[A]	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type
1	A	145	GLN
1	В	240	ASN
1	В	259	GLN
1	В	383	ASN
1	В	399	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 19 ligands modelled in this entry, 6 are monoatomic - leaving 13 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Trino	Chain	Dag	T inle	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	GOL	В	509	-	5,5,5	0.18	0	5,5,5	0.36	0
3	MPD	A	304	-	7,7,7	0.23	0	9,10,10	0.34	0
3	MPD	В	504	-	7,7,7	0.24	0	9,10,10	0.29	0
4	GOL	В	503	-	5,5,5	0.19	0	5,5,5	0.16	0
5	RN2	A	309	1	26,26,26	0.79	2 (7%)	32,32,32	0.58	0
4	GOL	A	307	-	5,5,5	0.16	0	5,5,5	0.16	0
3	MPD	A	308	-	7,7,7	0.26	0	9,10,10	0.32	0
4	GOL	В	506	-	5,5,5	0.42	0	5,5,5	0.42	0
5	RN2	В	510	1	26,26,26	0.68	0	32,32,32	0.76	1 (3%)
4	GOL	A	305	-	5,5,5	0.22	0	5,5,5	0.37	0
3	MPD	В	501	-	7,7,7	0.39	0	9,10,10	0.46	0
4	GOL	В	505	-	5,5,5	0.38	0	5,5,5	0.43	0
3	MPD	В	508	-	7,7,7	0.19	0	9,10,10	0.31	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	GOL	В	509	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
3	MPD	A	304	-	-	5/5/5/5	-
3	MPD	В	504	-	-	1/5/5/5	-
4	GOL	В	503	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
5	RN2	A	309	1	-	0/27/27/27	0/1/1/1
4	GOL	A	307	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
3	MPD	A	308	-	-	3/5/5/5	-
4	GOL	В	506	-	-	3/4/4/4	-
5	RN2	В	510	1	-	0/27/27/27	0/1/1/1
4	GOL	A	305	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	MPD	В	501	-	-	1/5/5/5	-
4	GOL	В	505	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
3	MPD	В	508	-	-	1/5/5/5	-

#### All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\textup{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
5	A	309	RN2	C25-C05	-2.15	1.49	1.52
5	A	309	RN2	O17-C18	-2.05	1.41	1.45

#### All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	В	510	RN2	C05-N06-C07	-2.17	119.73	123.20

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 20 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	304	MPD	O2-C2-C3-C4
3	A	304	MPD	C2-C3-C4-O4
3	A	304	MPD	C2-C3-C4-C5
3	В	504	MPD	C2-C3-C4-O4
4	A	305	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3

There are no ring outliers.

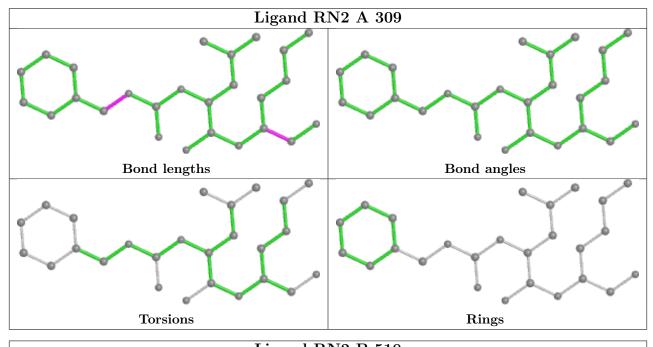
9 monomers are involved in 34 short contacts:

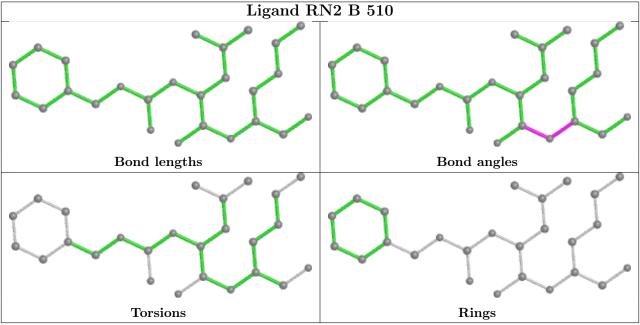
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	В	509	GOL	1	0
3	A	304	MPD	3	0
3	В	504	MPD	7	0
4	A	307	GOL	3	0
3	A	308	MPD	6	0
4	В	506	GOL	3	0
4	A	305	GOL	2	0
3	В	501	MPD	5	0
3	В	508	MPD	9	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In



addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	$221/221 \ (100\%)$	-0.08	3 (1%) 75 77	10, 15, 31, 67	1 (0%)
1	В	221/221 (100%)	0.21	10 (4%) 33 31	11, 17, 38, 97	3 (1%)
All	All	442/442 (100%)	0.07	13 (2%) 51 49	10, 16, 35, 97	4 (0%)

The worst 5 of 13 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	381	SER	8.8
1	В	288	ASN	7.5
1	A	180[A]	ASN	5.6
1	В	402	ASN	4.3
1	В	418	SER	4.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

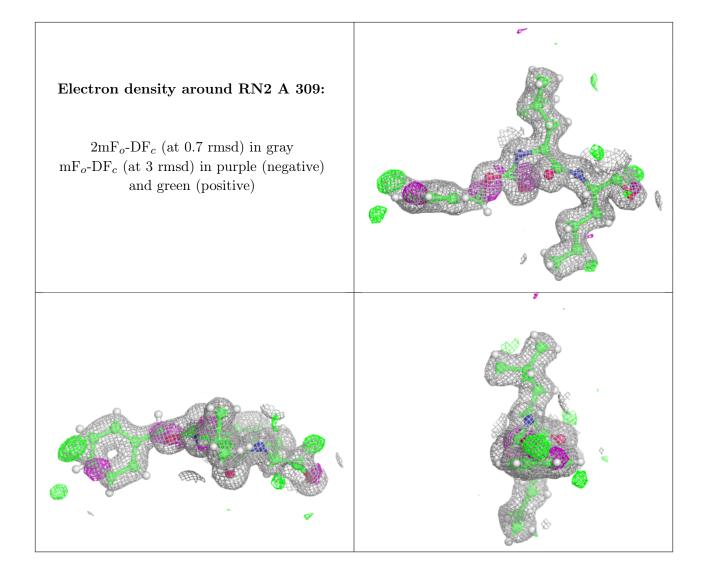
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



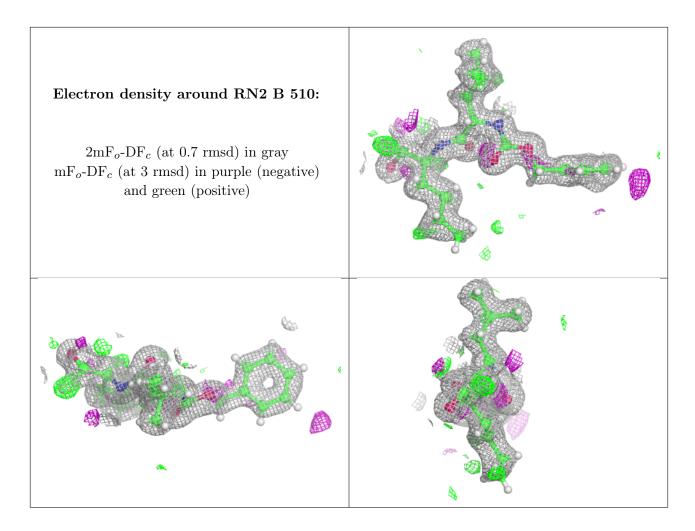
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	MPD	A	304	8/8	0.47	0.44	106,111,115,115	0
3	MPD	В	501	8/8	0.65	0.19	35,41,45,46	0
4	GOL	A	305	6/6	0.66	0.23	68,78,88,91	0
4	GOL	A	307	6/6	0.67	0.24	99,100,104,105	0
3	MPD	A	308	8/8	0.69	0.25	58,60,62,62	0
3	MPD	В	504	8/8	0.75	0.27	112,114,115,116	0
4	GOL	В	503	6/6	0.75	1.23	157,157,157,158	6
4	GOL	В	509	6/6	0.75	0.30	87,90,95,99	0
3	MPD	В	508	8/8	0.80	0.24	70,79,96,97	0
2	$\operatorname{CL}$	A	301	1/1	0.84	0.22	48,48,48,48	0
4	GOL	В	506	6/6	0.85	0.32	24,34,46,47	0
4	GOL	В	505	6/6	0.88	0.11	21,24,26,28	0
2	$\operatorname{CL}$	В	507	1/1	0.90	0.24	43,43,43,43	0
2	$\operatorname{CL}$	A	303	1/1	0.91	0.09	31,31,31,31	0
5	RN2	A	309	26/26	0.91	0.10	13,20,27,32	31
5	RN2	В	510	26/26	0.92	0.10	12,20,30,47	31
2	$\operatorname{CL}$	A	302	1/1	0.96	0.09	20,20,20,20	0
2	$\operatorname{CL}$	A	306	1/1	0.99	0.05	20,20,20,20	0
2	$\operatorname{CL}$	В	502	1/1	0.99	0.04	18,18,18,18	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.









## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

