



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 26, 2020 – 11:57 pm BST

PDB ID : 1PJC
Title : L-ALANINE DEHYDROGENASE COMPLEXED WITH NAD
Authors : Baker, P.J.; Sawa, Y.; Shibata, H.; Sedelnikova, S.E.; Rice, D.W.
Deposited on : 1998-06-05
Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtrriage (Phenix) : **NOT EXECUTED**
EDS : **NOT EXECUTED**
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

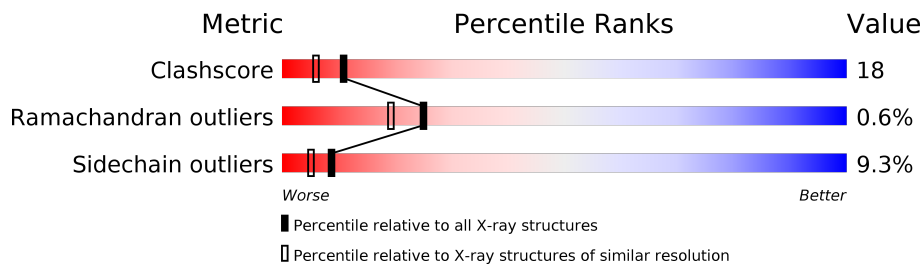
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	361	 68% 26% 6%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

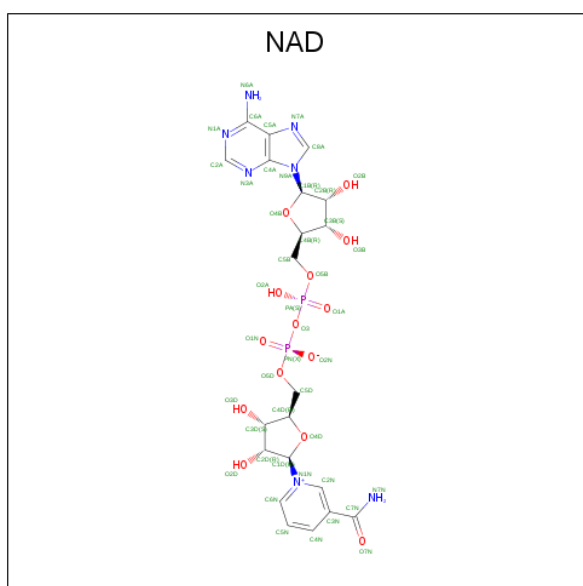
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2854 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called PROTEIN (L-ALANINE DEHYDROGENASE).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	361	2715	1730	467	509	9	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: NAD) (formula: C₂₁H₂₇N₇O₁₄P₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P		
2	A	1	44	21	7	14	2	0	0

- Molecule 3 is water.

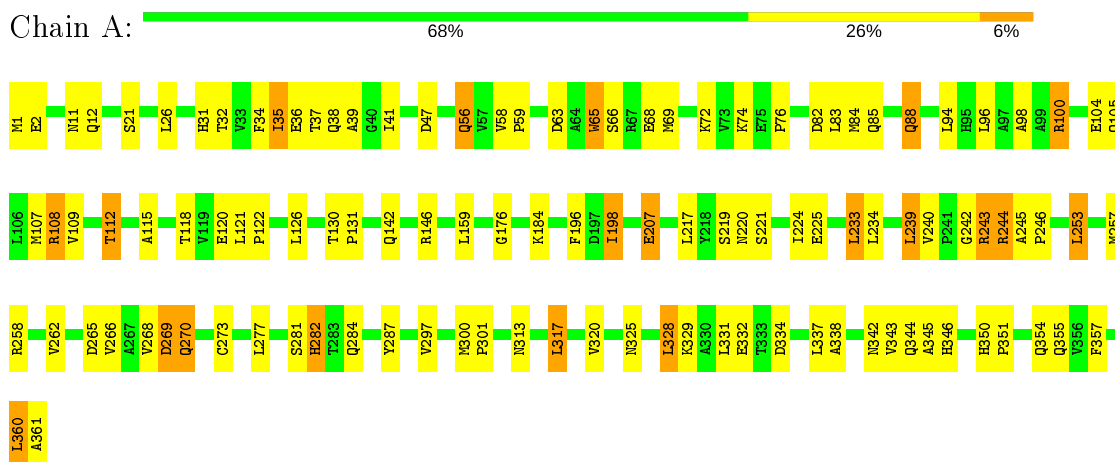
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	95	Total	O	0	0
			95	95		

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

- Molecule 1: PROTEIN (L-ALANINE DEHYDROGENASE)



4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtrriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	122.10Å 122.10Å 184.00Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 – 2.00	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	85.0 (30.00-2.00)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.04	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	TNT 5E	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.200 , 0.260	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
Total number of atoms	2854	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	40.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.97	4/2765 (0.1%)	0.74	0/3766

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	257	MET	SD-CE	-8.09	1.32	1.77
1	A	88	GLN	CB-CG	-6.72	1.34	1.52
1	A	65	TRP	CB-CG	-5.36	1.40	1.50
1	A	142	GLN	CB-CG	-5.04	1.39	1.52

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2715	0	2775	101	1
2	A	44	0	26	5	0
3	A	95	0	0	4	0
All	All	2854	0	2801	101	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 18.

All (101) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:37:THR:HG22	1:A:38:GLN:HE21	1.11	1.08
1:A:265:ASP:HB3	1:A:277:LEU:CD2	1.95	0.96
1:A:207:GLU:HG2	3:A:556:HOH:O	1.68	0.92
1:A:118:THR:HB	1:A:350:HIS:HE1	1.37	0.90
1:A:329:LYS:HA	1:A:332:GLU:OE1	1.72	0.87
1:A:266:VAL:O	2:A:500:NAD:H2N	1.75	0.86
1:A:69:MET:HE3	1:A:320:VAL:HG13	1.57	0.85
1:A:265:ASP:CB	1:A:277:LEU:HD22	2.07	0.85
1:A:100:ARG:NH2	1:A:360:LEU:HD22	1.93	0.82
1:A:1:MET:N	1:A:31:HIS:HD2	1.78	0.81
1:A:1:MET:H1	1:A:31:HIS:HD2	1.29	0.81
1:A:334:ASP:HB3	1:A:337:LEU:HB2	1.64	0.77
1:A:118:THR:HB	1:A:350:HIS:CE1	2.21	0.73
1:A:265:ASP:CB	1:A:277:LEU:CD2	2.66	0.71
1:A:270:GLN:HB2	3:A:579:HOH:O	1.91	0.70
1:A:265:ASP:HB2	1:A:277:LEU:HD22	1.74	0.70
1:A:242:GLY:O	1:A:243:ARG:HB3	1.90	0.69
1:A:239:LEU:CD1	2:A:500:NAD:H3D	2.23	0.69
1:A:269:ASP:O	1:A:270:GLN:HB2	1.93	0.68
1:A:37:THR:HG22	1:A:38:GLN:NE2	1.97	0.67
1:A:350:HIS:HD2	1:A:351:PRO:HD2	1.60	0.66
1:A:265:ASP:HB3	1:A:277:LEU:HD21	1.78	0.65
1:A:118:THR:CB	1:A:350:HIS:HE1	2.10	0.64
1:A:11:ASN:O	1:A:12:GLN:HB2	2.00	0.62
1:A:239:LEU:HD12	2:A:500:NAD:H3D	1.80	0.62
1:A:281:SER:O	1:A:297:VAL:HG22	2.00	0.61
1:A:37:THR:HG23	1:A:47:ASP:OD2	2.01	0.61
1:A:37:THR:CG2	1:A:38:GLN:HE21	2.02	0.61
1:A:69:MET:CE	1:A:320:VAL:HG13	2.30	0.60
1:A:37:THR:O	1:A:38:GLN:HB2	2.01	0.60
1:A:107:MET:O	1:A:346:HIS:CD2	2.58	0.57
1:A:244:ARG:HA	1:A:270:GLN:HG2	1.87	0.56
1:A:1:MET:N	1:A:31:HIS:CD2	2.68	0.56
1:A:246:PRO:O	1:A:273:CYS:HA	2.06	0.56
1:A:107:MET:O	1:A:346:HIS:HD2	1.90	0.55
1:A:2:GLU:HG2	1:A:34:PHE:HE1	1.72	0.55
1:A:207:GLU:CG	3:A:556:HOH:O	2.41	0.54
1:A:277:LEU:HA	1:A:287:TYR:OH	2.08	0.54
1:A:32:THR:HG23	1:A:34:PHE:CE1	2.43	0.54
1:A:357:PHE:HB3	1:A:360:LEU:HB2	1.89	0.53

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:345:ALA:O	1:A:346:HIS:HB2	2.08	0.53
1:A:120:GLU:HB2	1:A:126:LEU:CD2	2.37	0.53
1:A:300:MET:N	1:A:301:PRO:CD	2.72	0.52
1:A:35:ILE:HD11	1:A:39:ALA:HB3	1.91	0.52
1:A:100:ARG:NH2	1:A:360:LEU:CD2	2.71	0.51
1:A:244:ARG:HA	1:A:270:GLN:CG	2.40	0.51
1:A:220:ASN:O	1:A:224:ILE:HG13	2.12	0.50
1:A:269:ASP:O	1:A:270:GLN:CB	2.60	0.50
1:A:130:THR:N	1:A:131:PRO:CD	2.74	0.49
1:A:176:GLY:HA3	2:A:500:NAD:O5B	2.12	0.49
1:A:120:GLU:HB2	1:A:126:LEU:HD23	1.93	0.49
1:A:2:GLU:HG2	1:A:34:PHE:CE1	2.47	0.49
1:A:130:THR:OG1	1:A:131:PRO:HD3	2.13	0.49
1:A:146:ARG:NH1	3:A:516:HOH:O	2.22	0.48
1:A:239:LEU:HD13	2:A:500:NAD:H3D	1.95	0.48
1:A:328:LEU:HD21	1:A:344:GLN:OE1	2.13	0.48
1:A:112:THR:HA	1:A:343:VAL:O	2.14	0.48
1:A:104:GLU:O	1:A:107:MET:HB2	2.14	0.48
1:A:360:LEU:HA	1:A:360:LEU:HD13	1.56	0.47
1:A:221:SER:O	1:A:225:GLU:HG3	2.14	0.47
1:A:198:ILE:HG23	1:A:219:SER:HB3	1.97	0.47
1:A:56:GLN:HB3	1:A:56:GLN:HE21	1.49	0.47
1:A:76:PRO:CB	1:A:84:MET:HE1	2.44	0.47
1:A:196:PHE:HA	1:A:217:LEU:O	2.16	0.47
1:A:118:THR:CB	1:A:350:HIS:CE1	2.92	0.46
1:A:233:LEU:HD23	1:A:262:VAL:HG22	1.97	0.46
1:A:31:HIS:CE1	1:A:325:ASN:OD1	2.69	0.46
1:A:74:LYS:HA	1:A:74:LYS:HD2	1.54	0.46
1:A:198:ILE:HG13	1:A:198:ILE:H	1.63	0.46
1:A:350:HIS:CD2	1:A:351:PRO:HD2	2.47	0.45
1:A:72:LYS:HE3	1:A:74:LYS:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:1:MET:CG	1:A:2:GLU:N	2.79	0.45
1:A:65:TRP:O	1:A:88:GLN:NE2	2.48	0.45
1:A:100:ARG:HH21	1:A:360:LEU:HD22	1.78	0.45
1:A:313:ASN:O	1:A:317:LEU:HB2	2.18	0.44
1:A:242:GLY:O	1:A:243:ARG:CB	2.57	0.44
1:A:108:ARG:O	1:A:346:HIS:CD2	2.71	0.44
1:A:31:HIS:HE1	1:A:325:ASN:OD1	2.00	0.43
1:A:245:ALA:CB	1:A:246:PRO:HD2	2.48	0.43
1:A:342:ASN:HA	1:A:350:HIS:HB2	2.00	0.43
1:A:331:LEU:O	1:A:338:ALA:HB2	2.18	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:1:MET:H3	1:A:31:HIS:HD2	1.63	0.42
1:A:34:PHE:CD1	1:A:34:PHE:N	2.87	0.42
1:A:253:LEU:HA	1:A:253:LEU:HD23	1.74	0.42
1:A:96:LEU:C	1:A:98:ALA:H	2.23	0.42
1:A:94:LEU:HD12	1:A:115:ALA:HB2	2.01	0.41
1:A:350:HIS:HA	1:A:351:PRO:HD2	1.74	0.41
1:A:245:ALA:HB1	1:A:246:PRO:HD2	2.02	0.41
1:A:329:LYS:HA	1:A:332:GLU:CD	2.37	0.41
1:A:244:ARG:N	1:A:244:ARG:HD3	2.35	0.41
1:A:354:GLN:HG2	1:A:361:ALA:HB2	2.02	0.41
1:A:121:LEU:HB3	1:A:122:PRO:CD	2.51	0.41
1:A:240:VAL:HG11	1:A:243:ARG:HE	1.85	0.41
1:A:121:LEU:HB3	1:A:122:PRO:HD2	2.03	0.41
1:A:282:HIS:C	1:A:284:GLN:H	2.24	0.41
1:A:105:GLN:O	1:A:109:VAL:HG23	2.21	0.41
1:A:105:GLN:HA	1:A:108:ARG:HG3	2.02	0.40
1:A:159:LEU:HA	1:A:159:LEU:HD23	1.91	0.40
1:A:36:GLU:HA	1:A:58:VAL:O	2.21	0.40
1:A:68:GLU:HG3	1:A:68:GLU:H	1.63	0.40
1:A:59:PRO:HD2	1:A:63:ASP:OD2	2.21	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:184:LYS:NZ	1:A:207:GLU:OE2[2_555]	2.18	0.02

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	359/361 (99%)	345 (96%)	12 (3%)	2 (1%)	25 19

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	270	GLN
1	A	243	ARG

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	289/289 (100%)	262 (91%)	27 (9%)	9 5

All (27) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	21	SER
1	A	26	LEU
1	A	35	ILE
1	A	41	ILE
1	A	56	GLN
1	A	66	SER
1	A	82	ASP
1	A	83	LEU
1	A	85	GLN
1	A	100	ARG
1	A	108	ARG
1	A	112	THR
1	A	198	ILE
1	A	207	GLU
1	A	233	LEU
1	A	234	LEU
1	A	239	LEU
1	A	244	ARG
1	A	253	LEU
1	A	258	ARG
1	A	268	VAL
1	A	269	ASP
1	A	282	HIS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	317	LEU
1	A	328	LEU
1	A	355	GLN
1	A	360	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (11) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	31	HIS
1	A	38	GLN
1	A	56	GLN
1	A	85	GLN
1	A	105	GLN
1	A	142	GLN
1	A	194	GLN
1	A	284	GLN
1	A	299	ASN
1	A	346	HIS
1	A	350	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The

Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	NAD	A	500	-	42,48,48	2.78	15 (35%)	50,73,73	2.45	14 (28%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAD	A	500	-	-	7/26/62/62	0/5/5/5

All (15) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	500	NAD	C3N-C7N	9.49	1.64	1.50
2	A	500	NAD	C2N-N1N	9.49	1.46	1.35
2	A	500	NAD	O4D-C4D	4.06	1.54	1.45
2	A	500	NAD	O3B-C3B	3.85	1.52	1.43
2	A	500	NAD	C2N-C3N	3.64	1.44	1.39
2	A	500	NAD	C5N-C4N	3.26	1.45	1.38
2	A	500	NAD	C4A-N3A	3.02	1.39	1.35
2	A	500	NAD	C3D-C4D	2.75	1.60	1.53
2	A	500	NAD	C3B-C4B	2.73	1.60	1.53
2	A	500	NAD	C2D-C1D	2.59	1.57	1.53
2	A	500	NAD	C7N-N7N	2.47	1.37	1.33
2	A	500	NAD	C2A-N3A	2.36	1.35	1.32
2	A	500	NAD	C8A-N7A	-2.23	1.30	1.34
2	A	500	NAD	C2D-C3D	2.16	1.59	1.53
2	A	500	NAD	C5D-C4D	-2.02	1.45	1.51

All (14) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	500	NAD	C2N-C3N-C4N	7.47	126.72	118.26
2	A	500	NAD	C3N-C2N-N1N	-6.74	113.83	120.43
2	A	500	NAD	C5N-C4N-C3N	-5.88	113.39	120.34
2	A	500	NAD	C2A-N1A-C6A	5.22	127.69	118.75
2	A	500	NAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-4.46	121.71	128.68

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	500	NAD	C5A-C6A-N6A	3.78	126.10	120.35
2	A	500	NAD	C5A-C6A-N1A	-3.68	112.01	120.35
2	A	500	NAD	C3B-C2B-C1B	-3.47	95.75	100.98
2	A	500	NAD	C6N-C5N-C4N	2.95	123.73	119.44
2	A	500	NAD	C2B-C3B-C4B	2.87	108.22	102.64
2	A	500	NAD	O3D-C3D-C4D	-2.45	103.97	111.05
2	A	500	NAD	O2N-PN-O1N	2.34	123.82	112.24
2	A	500	NAD	C2D-C3D-C4D	2.11	106.75	102.64
2	A	500	NAD	C2N-C3N-C7N	-2.07	113.44	119.46

There are no chirality outliers.

All (7) torsion outliers are listed below:

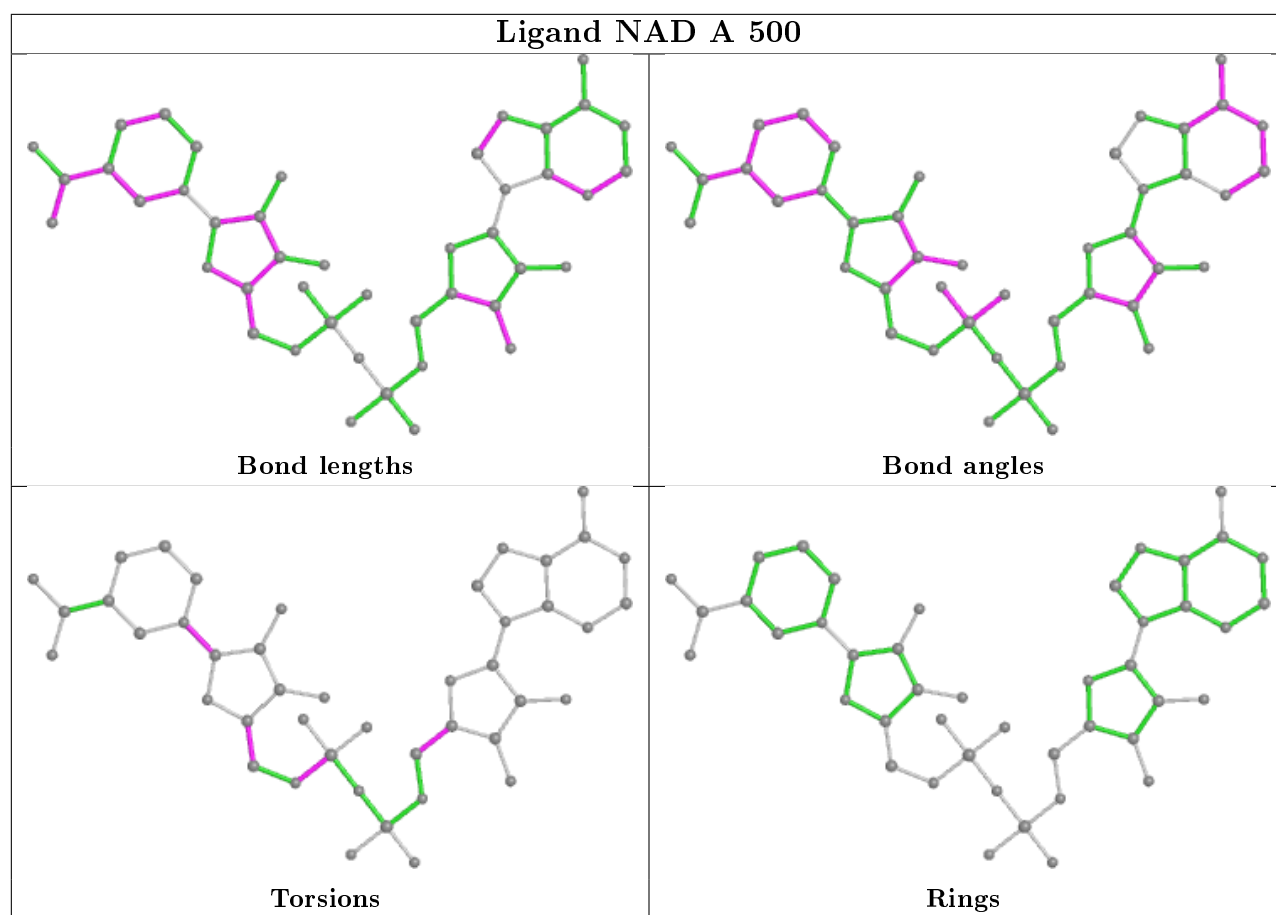
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	500	NAD	C5D-O5D-PN-O1N
2	A	500	NAD	O4D-C1D-N1N-C2N
2	A	500	NAD	O4D-C1D-N1N-C6N
2	A	500	NAD	C2D-C1D-N1N-C6N
2	A	500	NAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
2	A	500	NAD	C3D-C4D-C5D-O5D
2	A	500	NAD	C2D-C1D-N1N-C2N

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	500	NAD	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.