

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	2P1N
Title	:	Mechanism of Auxin Perception by the TIR1 Ubiqutin Ligase
Authors	:	Tan, X.; Calderon-Villalobos, L.I.A.; Sharon, M.; Robinson, C.V.; Estelle, M.;
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Deposited on	:	2007-03-06
Resolution	:	2.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.35
buster-report	:	1.1.7(2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\;DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$		
R _{free}	130704	4661 (2.50-2.50)		
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)		
RSRZ outliers	127900	4559 (2.50-2.50)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain							
			28%							
1	А	160	36%	31%	10% •	21%				
			24%							
1	D	160	35%	29%	12% •	21%				
			% •							
2	В	594	55%		31%	8% • •				
			% •							
2	Ε	594	53%		32%	9% • •				
			8%							
3	С	13	15% 3	8%	38%	8%				



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Mol	Chain	Length	Qual	ity of chain		
3	F	13	46%	31%	15%	8%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11872 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called SKP1-like protein 1A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	А	126	Total 1009	C 638	N 165	O 201	${ m S}{ m 5}$	0	0	0
1	D	127	Total 1023	C 649	N 167	O 202	${f S}{5}$	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called TRANSPORT INHIBITOR RESPONSE 1 protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	571	Total	С	Ν	0	\mathbf{S}	0	0	0
	011	4495	2871	759	828	37	Ŭ	Ŭ	Ű	
9	9 F	571	Total	С	Ν	0	\mathbf{S}	0	0	0
	571	4495	2871	759	828	37	0	0	0	

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Auxin-responsive protein IAA7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	С	13	Total 114	C 74	N 23	O 17	0	0	0
3	F	13	Total 114	C 74	N 23	O 17	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is INOSITOL HEXAKISPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: IHP) (formula: C₆H₁₈O₂₄P₆).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	
4	A B	1	Total C O P	0	0	
4 D	T	36 6 24 6	0	0		
4		1	Total C O P	0	0	
4	Ľ	L	36 6 24 6	0		

• Molecule 5 is (2,4-DICHLOROPHENOXY)ACETIC ACID (three-letter code: CFA) (formula: C₈H₆Cl₂O₃).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	1	Total 13	C 8	Cl 2	0 3	0	0



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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	E	1	Total	С	Cl	Ο	0	0
			13	8	2	3	0	

• Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	25	TotalO2525	0	0
6	В	217	Total O 217 217	0	0
6	С	6	Total O 6 6	0	0
6	D	32	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{O} \\ 32 & 32 \end{array}$	0	0
6	Ε	240	Total O 240 240	0	0
6	F	4	Total O 4 4	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: SKP1-like protein 1A



Q1 V2

Pe



• Molecule 3: Auxin-responsive protein IAA7

Chain F:	46%	31%	15%	8%



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	102.67Å 82.75Å 125.79Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 100.40° 90.00°	Depositor
Bosolution (Å)	50.00 - 2.50	Depositor
	49.55 - 2.50	EDS
% Data completeness	90.5 (50.00-2.50)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	90.5 (49.55 - 2.50)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.07	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$3.00 (at 2.51 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
B.B.	0.195 , 0.274	Depositor
II, II, <i>free</i>	0.235 , 0.241	DCC
R_{free} test set	3305 reflections $(5.07%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	29.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.177	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36 , 34.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	11872	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	7.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 52.31 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 4.9529e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: IHP, CFA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain Bo		ond lengths	Bond angles	
Moi Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	1.01	2/1022~(0.2%)	1.03	5/1377~(0.4%)
1	D	0.92	2/1038~(0.2%)	1.14	5/1400~(0.4%)
2	В	1.31	11/4593~(0.2%)	1.36	53/6226~(0.9%)
2	Ε	1.29	13/4593~(0.3%)	1.34	39/6226~(0.6%)
3	С	4.02	1/118~(0.8%)	0.90	0/159
3	F	1.12	0/118	1.06	0/159
All	All	1.30	29/11482~(0.3%)	1.30	102/15547~(0.7%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	3	3
1	D	0	4
2	В	2	14
2	Е	3	7
3	F	0	3
All	All	8	31

The worst 5 of 29 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	С	13	LYS	C-OXT	-41.90	0.43	1.23
2	Е	440	SER	CB-OG	-8.13	1.31	1.42
1	А	20	GLU	CB-CG	7.43	1.66	1.52
1	А	20	GLU	CG-CD	7.25	1.62	1.51
2	Е	408	GLU	CB-CG	7.25	1.66	1.52

The worst 5 of 102 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	D	144	THR	C-N-CD	-19.80	77.03	120.60
2	В	220	ARG	N-CA-CB	-16.51	80.88	110.60
2	Е	435	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-12.82	113.89	120.30
2	Е	555	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	12.14	126.37	120.30
2	В	339	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	10.63	127.86	118.30

5 of 8 chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
1	А	99	PHE	CA
1	А	112	ASN	CA
1	А	153	ARG	CA
2	В	60	THR	CA
2	В	478	SER	CA

5 of 31 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	А	152	ARG	Peptide
1	А	87	ASP	Peptide
1	А	97	THR	Peptide
2	В	10	PRO	Peptide
2	В	9	PHE	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1009	0	1003	71	3
1	D	1023	0	1013	114	0
2	В	4495	0	4529	219	0
2	Е	4495	0	4529	220	0
3	С	114	0	118	24	3
3	F	114	0	118	17	0
4	В	36	0	6	1	0
4	Е	36	0	6	2	0
5	В	13	0	5	1	0
5	E	13	0	5	0	0



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	А	25	0	0	3	0
6	В	217	0	0	21	0
6	С	6	0	0	1	0
6	D	32	0	0	6	0
6	Е	240	0	0	22	0
6	F	4	0	0	1	0
All	All	11872	0	11332	642	3

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The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 28.

The worst 5 of 642 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:351:PHE:CD2	3:C:13:LYS:HD2	1.56	1.40
1:D:144:THR:CB	1:D:145:PRO:CD	2.02	1.35
1:A:129:THR:HG23	1:A:132:GLU:OE1	1.14	1.31
1:D:144:THR:CB	1:D:145:PRO:HD2	1.40	1.26
2:B:11:GLU:N	2:B:12:GLU:HG3	1.55	1.21

All (3) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:15:SER:O	3:C:11:TYR:O[1_545]	0.76	1.44
1:A:15:SER:O	3:C:11:TYR:C[1_545]	1.98	0.22
1:A:15:SER:C	3:C:11:TYR:O[1_545]	1.98	0.22

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percer	ntiles
1	А	120/160~(75%)	98~(82%)	15 (12%)	7~(6%)	1	1
1	D	121/160~(76%)	98 (81%)	18 (15%)	5(4%)	3	3
2	В	569/594~(96%)	520 (91%)	41 (7%)	8 (1%)	11	20
2	Ε	569/594~(96%)	510 (90%)	50 (9%)	9~(2%)	9	17
3	С	11/13~(85%)	10 (91%)	1 (9%)	0	100	100
3	F	11/13~(85%)	8 (73%)	2 (18%)	1 (9%)	1	0
All	All	1401/1534~(91%)	1244 (89%)	127 (9%)	30 (2%)	7	11

5 of 30 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	10	SER
1	А	92	LYS
2	В	42	ARG
2	В	83	ASN
2	В	219	ASN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	113/137~(82%)	94 (83%)	19~(17%)	2 4
1	D	114/137~(83%)	88~(77%)	26~(23%)	1 1
2	В	504/525~(96%)	432 (86%)	72 (14%)	3 6
2	Е	504/525~(96%)	420 (83%)	84 (17%)	2 4
3	С	12/12~(100%)	6 (50%)	6~(50%)	0 0
3	F	12/12~(100%)	10 (83%)	2(17%)	2 4
All	All	1259/1348~(93%)	1050~(83%)	209 (17%)	2 4

 $5~{\rm of}~209$ residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	112	ASN
	~ .		



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	Е	118	THR
2	Е	528	GLN
1	D	136	THR
2	Е	42	ARG

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 21 such side chains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	Ε	174	HIS
2	Е	383	GLN
2	Е	578	GLN
2	Е	501	ASN
2	Е	312	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mal	Turne	Chain	Dec	Tink	В	ond leng	gths	E	Bond ang	gles
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
5	CFA	В	602	-	$13,\!13,\!13$	1.43	3 (23%)	17,17,17	1.44	3 (17%)
5	CFA	Е	602	-	13,13,13	1.79	3 (23%)	17,17,17	2.39	7 (41%)
4	IHP	Е	601	-	36,36,36	<mark>3.03</mark>	14 (38%)	54,60,60	1.82	15 (27%)
4	IHP	В	601	-	36,36,36	2.67	10 (27%)	54,60,60	1.92	16 (29%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	CFA	В	602	-	-	0/5/5/5	0/1/1/1
5	CFA	Е	602	-	-	0/5/5/5	0/1/1/1
4	IHP	Е	601	-	-	3/30/54/54	0/1/1/1
4	IHP	В	601	-	-	5/30/54/54	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 30 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
4	Ε	601	IHP	P2-O42	7.67	1.84	1.54
4	В	601	IHP	P3-O13	7.37	1.73	1.59
4	Е	601	IHP	P3-O43	6.67	1.80	1.54
4	В	601	IHP	P5-O15	6.65	1.71	1.59
4	В	601	IHP	P2-O32	6.12	1.78	1.54

The worst 5 of 41 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	В	601	IHP	O41-P1-O31	-5.37	87.11	107.64
4	Е	601	IHP	O41-P1-O31	5.32	127.95	107.64
5	Е	602	CFA	C1'-C2'-CL3	-5.16	113.36	119.43
5	Е	602	CFA	C2'-C3'-C4'	-4.75	113.40	118.71
4	В	601	IHP	O12-C2-C3	-4.23	98.72	108.69

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	В	601	IHP	C1-O11-P1-O21
4	В	601	IHP	C2-O12-P2-O22



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	В	601	IHP	C3-O13-P3-O23
4	Е	601	IHP	C2-O12-P2-O22
4	Е	601	IHP	C4-O14-P4-O24

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There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	В	602	CFA	1	0
4	Е	601	IHP	2	0
4	В	601	IHP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RSRZ>2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	А	126/160~(78%)	1.58	44 (34%) 0 0	2,6,13,22	0
1	D	127/160~(79%)	1.37	38 (29%) 0 0	2,6,13,22	0
2	В	571/594~(96%)	-0.07	4 (0%) 87 89	2,6,18,41	0
2	Е	571/594~(96%)	0.04	7 (1%) 79 80	2, 6, 16, 32	0
3	С	13/13~(100%)	0.56	1 (7%) 13 13	5, 8, 13, 16	0
3	F	13/13~(100%)	0.51	0 100 100	2, 7, 11, 12	0
All	All	1421/1534 (92%)	0.26	94 (6%) 18 19	2, 6, 16, 41	0

The worst 5 of 94 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	96	ALA	5.5
1	D	137	PHE	5.2
1	А	90	PHE	4.4
1	А	99	PHE	4.4
1	А	40	ASN	4.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	IHP	В	601	36/36	0.96	0.16	$2,\!6,\!30,\!44$	0
4	IHP	Е	601	36/36	0.97	0.17	2,7,25,32	0
5	CFA	В	602	13/13	0.97	0.16	2,2,9,10	0
5	CFA	Е	602	13/13	0.97	0.15	2,2,10,16	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.









6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

