

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 29, 2024 – 02:39 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	10VO
Title	:	CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC REFINEMENT OF JAPANESE QUAIL OVOMU-
		COID, A KAZAL-TYPE INHIBITOR, AND MODEL BUILDING STUDIES
		OF COMPLEXES WITH SERINE PROTEASES
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Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.90 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

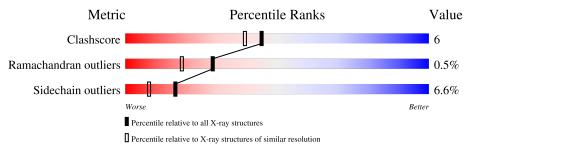
MolProbity Xtriage (Phenix) EDS	:	
		20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
		5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
Clashscore	141614	6847 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6760 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6760 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	56	77%	20%	••
1	В	56	79%	18%	••
1	С	56	79%	14%	7%
1	D	56	70%	29%	•



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2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1730 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atc	ms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	А	56	Total	С	Ν	Ο	\mathbf{S}	28	0	0
	A	50	421	259	72	84	6	20	0	0
1	В	56	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	22	0	0
	D	50	421	259	72	84	6	22	0	0
1	С	56	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	11	0	0
	U	50	421	259	72	84	6		0	U
1	D	56	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	13	0	0
	D	50	421	259	72	84	6	10	0	U

• Molecule 1 is a protein called OVOMUCOID THIRD DOMAIN.

• Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	17	Total O 17 17	0	0
2	В	10	Total O 10 10	0	0
2	С	19	Total O 19 19	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: OVOMUCOID THIRD DOMAIN

Chain A:	77%	20% ••
L1 V4 S5 V11 P12 D27 D27 T30	N 33 N 36 N 36 N 51 N 51 F 53 F 55 F 55 F 55 F 55 F 55 F 55 F 55	
• Molecule 1: O	VOMUCOID THIRD DOMAIN	
Chain B:	79%	18% ••
L1 V6 K13 R17 R20 R21 P22	130 133 144 150 151 150 151 150 151 150 151 150 151 150 151 150 151 150 151 150 151 150 150	
• Molecule 1: O	VOMUCOID THIRD DOMAIN	
Chain C:	79%	14% 7%
L1 V4 K13 K13 P19 P19 P22 P22 N28	130 844 M51 C56 C56	
• Molecule 1: O	VOMUCOID THIRD DOMAIN	
Chain D:	70%	29% •
L1 V4 S5 S5 V6 K13 K13 K13 Y20	R21 130 N36 N36 N39 N39 N39 H85 F53 C56 C56 C56 C56 C56	



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 4 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	92.00Å 92.00Å 64.00Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	(Not available) - 1.90	Depositor
Resolution (A)	19.95 - 1.90	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) ((Not available)- 1.90)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	74.9(19.95-1.90)	EDS
R _{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$	_	Xtriage
Refinement program	REAL-SPACE REFINEMENT	Depositor
B B.	(Not available) , (Not available)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	(Not available) , (Not available)	DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	14.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.363	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 56.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ¹	$< L > = 0.40, < L^2 > = 0.22$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	1730	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.24% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

¹Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.90	0/430	1.14	0/582	
1	В	0.94	0/430	1.27	2/582~(0.3%)	
1	С	0.93	0/430	1.13	0/582	
1	D	0.92	0/430	1.24	1/582~(0.2%)	
All	All	0.92	0/1720	1.20	3/2328~(0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	0	5
1	В	0	3
1	С	0	7
1	D	0	4
All	All	0	19

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	21	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.62	115.49	120.30
1	D	21	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-6.62	116.99	120.30
1	В	21	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.42	123.01	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 19 planarity outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Group
1	А	27	ASP	Sidechain
1	А	33	ASN	Sidechain

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	А	36	ASN	Sidechain
1	А	39	ASN	Sidechain
1	А	4	VAL	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	421	0	397	6	0
1	В	421	0	397	4	0
1	С	421	0	397	4	0
1	D	421	0	397	7	1
2	А	17	0	0	0	0
2	В	10	0	0	0	0
2	С	19	0	0	0	0
All	All	1730	0	1588	20	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 20 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:13:LYS:H	1:C:39:ASN:HD21	1.42	0.68
1:D:13:LYS:H	1:D:39:ASN:HD21	1.42	0.66
1:D:6:VAL:HG23	1:D:50:LEU:HD22	1.80	0.62
1:A:12:PRO:HD3	1:A:42:VAL:HG11	1.82	0.60
1:C:20:TYR:CZ	1:C:22:PRO:HG3	2.39	0.57

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:1:LEU:CD1	1:D:1:LEU:CD2[3_645]	1.95	0.25



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	54/56~(96%)	52 (96%)	2~(4%)	0	100 100
1	В	54/56~(96%)	51 (94%)	2~(4%)	1 (2%)	8 1
1	С	54/56~(96%)	53~(98%)	1 (2%)	0	100 100
1	D	54/56~(96%)	52 (96%)	2~(4%)	0	100 100
All	All	216/224~(96%)	208 (96%)	7 (3%)	1 (0%)	29 18

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	45	ASN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percent	iles
1	А	49/49~(100%)	46 (94%)	3~(6%)	18	9
1	В	49/49~(100%)	46 (94%)	3~(6%)	18	9
1	С	49/49~(100%)	45 (92%)	4 (8%)	11	4
1	D	49/49~(100%)	46 (94%)	3~(6%)	18	9
All	All	196/196~(100%)	183~(93%)	13 (7%)	16	8

5 of 13 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	4	VAL
1	С	30	THR
1	D	51	ASN
1	D	10	GLU
1	D	30	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 13 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	28	ASN
1	С	39	ASN
1	D	51	ASN
1	D	36	ASN
1	D	39	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

