

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 18, 2021 – 10:54 am BST

PDB ID	:	7003
EMDB ID	:	EMD-13004
Title	:	Pol II-CSB-CSA-DDB1-UVSSA (Structure1)
Authors	:	Kokic, G.; Cramer, P.
Deposited on	:	2021-05-26
Resolution	:	2.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis	:	$0.0.0.{ m dev}97$
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.23.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f EM\ structures}\ (\#{ m Entries})$
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826
RNA backbone	4643	859

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	1970	71%	28%
2	В	1174	<u>5%</u> 96%	
3	С	275	94%	5%
4	D	142	71% 89%	11%
5	Е	210	99%	
6	F	127	6%	35%
7	G	172	60% 99%	
8	Н	150	● 99%	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
9	Ι	125	• 94%	6%
10	J	67	100%	
11	Κ	117	98%	·
12	L	58	9%	21%
13	Ν	47	74%	26%
14	Т	47	9%	
15	Р	10	90%	10%
16	a	396	92%	8%
17	b	1493	3 5% 64%	
18	x	35	11%	
19	с	709	20% 80%	
20	d	1143	95%	

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2 Entry composition (i)

There are 22 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 95988 atoms, of which 46598 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB1.

Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf	Trace				
1	А	1412	Total 22493	C 7033	Н 11314	N 2002	O 2074	S 70	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf	Trace				
2	В	1131	Total 18140	C 5727	Н 9088	N 1592	O 1669	S 64	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB3.

Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf	Trace				
3	С	260	Total 4119	C 1309	Н 2030	N 359	O 415	S 6	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called RPOL4c domain-containing protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf	Trace				
4	D	126	Total 2046	C 642	Н 1016	N 175	O 209	${S \atop 4}$	0	0

• Molecule 5 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit E.

Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf	Trace				
5	Е	209	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Total} \\ 3457 \end{array}$	C 1089	Н 1737	N 300	O 323	S 8	0	0

• Molecule 6 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit F.

Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf	Trace				
6	F	82	Total 1341	C 418	Н 684	N 113	0 121	${f S}{5}$	0	0



• Molecule 7 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB7.

Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf	Trace				
7	G	171	Total 2709	C 875	H 1358	N 219	0 249	S 8	0	0

• Molecule 8 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerases I, II, and III subunit RPABC3.

Mol	Chain	Residues			Atom	.s			AltConf	Trace
8	Н	148	Total 2333	C 750	H 1147	N 194	O 237	${ m S}{ m 5}$	0	0

• Molecule 9 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB9.

Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf	Trace				
9	Ι	117	Total 1828	C 587	Н 879	N 169	0 182	S 11	0	0

• Molecule 10 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerases I, II, and III subunit RPABC5.

Mol	Chain	Residues		A	Atom	s			AltConf	Trace
10	J	67	Total 1086	C 345	Н 553	N 90	O 92	S 6	0	0

• Molecule 11 is a protein called RNA_pol_L_2 domain-containing protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues			Aton	ns			AltConf	Trace
11	K	115	Total 1862	C 593	Н 942	N 152	0 173	${ m S} { m 2}$	0	0

• Molecule 12 is a protein called RNA polymerase II subunit K.

Mol	Chain	Residues		A	AltConf	Trace				
12	L	46	Total 781	C 241	Н 393	N 75	O 66	S 6	0	0

• Molecule 13 is a DNA chain called NTS.

Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{A}	toms			AltConf	Trace
13	N	35	Total 727	C 344	N 142	O 206	Р 35	0	0

• Molecule 14 is a DNA chain called TS.



Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{A}	toms			AltConf	Trace
14	Т	47	Total 947	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{C} \\ 453 \end{array}$	N 159	O 288	Р 47	0	0

• Molecule 15 is a RNA chain called RNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues			Aton	ıs			AltConf	Trace
15	Р	10	Total 329	C 98	Н 109	N 45	O 67	Р 10	0	0

• Molecule 16 is a protein called DNA excision repair protein ERCC-8.

Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf	Trace				
16	2	265	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	\mathbf{S}	0	0
10	a	305	5541	1775	2692	507	548	19	0	0

• Molecule 17 is a protein called DNA excision repair protein ERCC-6.

Mol	Chain	Residues			Atom	s			AltConf	Trace
17	b	534	Total 8744	C 2803	Н 4390	N 761	O 769	S 21	0	0

• Molecule 18 is a protein called CSB element.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
18	x	35	Total 317	C 105	Н 142	N 35	O 35	0	0

• Molecule 19 is a protein called UV-stimulated scaffold protein A.

Mol	Chain	Residues		A	toms			AltConf	Trace
19	С	141	Total 707	C 282	Н 143	N 141	O 141	0	0

• Molecule 20 is a protein called DNA damage-binding protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues			Aton	ns			AltConf	Trace
20	d	1096	Total 16472	C 5397	Н 7981	N 1423	O 1625	S 46	0	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:



Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
d	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q16531
d	-1	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q16531
d	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q16531

• Molecule 21 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
21	А	2	Total Zn 2 2	0
21	В	1	Total Zn 1 1	0
21	С	1	Total Zn 1 1	0
21	Ι	2	Total Zn 2 2	0
21	J	1	Total Zn 1 1	0
21	L	1	Total Zn 1 1	0

• Molecule 22 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
22	А	1	Total Mg 1 1	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB1

ASP GLU GLU ASN









• Molecule 7: DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB7



V171 SER

• Molecule 8: DNA-directed RNA polymerases I, II, and III subunit RPABC3

Chain H:	99%	
MET A2 G68 A149 PHE		

 \bullet Molecule 9: DNA-directed RNA polymerase II subunit RPB9

Chain I:		94%	6%
MET ALV ASP ASP ASP ASP ALV TYR TVR CLU CLU CLU	H60 R103 A104 E105 P106 E125		

• Molecule 10: DNA-directed RNA polymerases I, II, and III subunit RPABC5

Chain J:	100%
M1 K67	
• Molecule	11: RNA_pol_L_2 domain-containing protein
Chain K:	98% •



• Molecule 12: RNA polymerase II subunit K



Chain L:	79%	21%
MET ASP THR GLN CLVS CLN VAL CLN PRO PRO PRO PRO PRO PRO P14 4 4 4 4 530	KS K50 R58	
• Molecule 13: NTS		
Chain N:	74%	26%
CI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI DI D	647	
• Molecule 14: TS		
Chain T:	100%	
C1 630 631 632 733 647 647		
• Molecule 15: RNA		
Chain P:	90%	10%
A1 A10 A10		
• Molecule 16: DNA exc	ision repair protein ERCC-8	
Chain a:	92%	8%
M1 K34 E55 E55 E55 K174 K174 K233 K233 K233 K233 K233 K233 K233 K23	S2239 A2360 A2	PRO ALA ALA ASP GLU TRP ASP SER SER SER CLU GLU GLU
• Molecule 17: DNA exc	ision repair protein ERCC-6	
Chain b: 35%	64	%
MET PRO ASN GIUY GIUY CIUY FIIG PRO FIIG FIIG CIUY GIUN CIUY CASP CASP CASP	GLM GLM GLM CLM CLM CLM CLM SER ASN CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU	VAL OLU OLU OLU TTR DELEU VAL VAL ARG SER SER VAL OLIV VAL ARG ARG ARG ARG ARG ARG ARG CIY VAL OLIV OLIV OLIV OLIV OLIV OLIV OLIV OLI
CYS ALA SER ALA ALA ALA PRO ARC ARC ARC ARC CLY PRO ARC ARC ARC ARC ARC ARC ARC ARC ALA	GLN TILE GLN ALA ALA CLA CLU CLU GLU GLU GLU GLU GLY GLY VAL CLEU CLU GLY VAL	ASP ASP ASP VAL LEU GLV GLV GLV GLV GLN VAL LEU GLN ASP ASN ALA ALA
SER ARG ALA SER SER SER CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU	ASP LIEU THR SER CYS CYS CYS CHR SER ASR CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU	ALA ALA ALA ALA ALA ARA SER ASP ASP ASN ASN ASC CLN CLN CLN SER CLN ASN ASN ASN ASN ASN ASN ASN ASN ASN AS
LYS CIU CIU CIU CIN CIN LYS LYS LYS LYS CIN LYS LYS CIN CIN CIN CIN CIN CIN CIN CIN CIN CIN	LEU GLY GLY ALA ALA ALA CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU	PRC SER SER SER SER SER LEU MET MET MET MET MET ARA CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU
ARG THR GLV GLV GLV GLV HET PHE CLV GLV GLV GLV CLVS CLV CLVS	LYS PRO ARC ARC ILYS ILE MET ALA ALA ASN GLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU C	LED. SER PHE QIU ARG LYS CYS CYS CYS CYS ARG ALA ARA ARA ARA ARA ARA ARA ARA ARA ARA









• Molecule 20: DNA damage-binding protein 1





4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	100000	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{\AA}^2)$	40.4	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 $(6k \times 4k)$	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.181	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.105	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.003	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.01	Depositor
Map size (Å)	419.99997, 419.99997, 419.99997	wwPDB
Map dimensions	400, 400, 400	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	$1.05, 1.05, \overline{1.05}$	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bo	ond angles
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	А	0.29	0/11382	0.53	1/15368~(0.0%)
2	В	0.31	0/9233	0.53	0/12463
3	С	0.33	0/2132	0.55	1/2896~(0.0%)
4	D	0.27	0/1043	0.46	0/1400
5	Е	0.29	0/1751	0.52	0/2366
6	F	0.31	0/667	0.49	0/901
7	G	0.27	0/1382	0.55	0/1874
8	Н	0.32	0/1207	0.52	0/1628
9	Ι	0.30	0/972	0.54	0/1316
10	J	0.32	0/542	0.50	0/730
11	K	0.30	0/939	0.49	0/1271
12	L	0.32	0/394	0.60	0/524
13	N	0.51	0/817	0.88	0/1258
14	Т	0.61	0/1056	0.97	0/1624
15	Р	0.49	0/247	0.76	0/384
16	a	0.32	0/2908	0.56	0/3939
17	b	0.29	0/4458	0.55	0/6021
19	с	0.22	0/563	0.42	0/702
20	d	0.94	6/8646~(0.1%)	0.85	7/11725~(0.1%)
All	All	0.49	6/50339~(0.0%)	0.62	9/68390~(0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	0	1
16	a	0	1
17	b	0	2
20	d	0	1

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Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
All	All	0	5

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms		Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
20	d	1047	TRP	CB-CG	-6.53	1.38	1.50
20	d	676	VAL	CB-CG2	-6.41	1.39	1.52
20	d	725	CYS	CB-SG	-5.46	1.73	1.81
20	d	179	CYS	CB-SG	-5.32	1.73	1.81
20	d	660	TYR	CD2-CE2	-5.24	1.31	1.39

The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
20	d	761	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	5.81	120.88	111.00
20	d	666	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.81	128.66	115.30
20	d	933	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.74	128.49	115.30
3	С	67	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.64	117.48	120.30
20	d	931	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.44	127.82	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	А	538	VAL	Peptide
16	а	174	LYS	Peptide
17	b	912	LEU	Peptide
17	b	995	PHE	Peptide
20	d	884	ILE	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

Due to software issues we are unable to calculate clashes - this section is therefore empty.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM



entries.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	1402/1970~(71%)	1367 (98%)	35~(2%)	0	100	100
2	В	1123/1174 (96%)	1076 (96%)	47 (4%)	0	100	100
3	С	256/275~(93%)	249 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
4	D	124/142~(87%)	119 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
5	Е	207/210~(99%)	204 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
6	F	80/127~(63%)	75~(94%)	5~(6%)	0	100	100
7	G	169/172~(98%)	165 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
8	Н	146/150~(97%)	142 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100	100
9	Ι	115/125~(92%)	111 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
10	J	65/67~(97%)	65 (100%)	0	0	100	100
11	K	113/117~(97%)	111 (98%)	2(2%)	0	100	100
12	L	44/58~(76%)	40 (91%)	4 (9%)	0	100	100
16	a	363/396~(92%)	348 (96%)	15 (4%)	0	100	100
17	b	526/1493~(35%)	507 (96%)	19 (4%)	0	100	100
19	с	139/709~(20%)	136 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
20	d	1082/1143 (95%)	1010 (93%)	72 (7%)	0	100	100
All	All	5954/8328~(72%)	5725 (96%)	229 (4%)	0	100	100

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	1242/1749~(71%)	1240 (100%)	2(0%)	93 98
2	В	992/1027~(97%)	990 (100%)	2(0%)	93 98

Continued on next page...



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
3	С	237/252~(94%)	237 (100%)	0	100	100
4	D	116/126~(92%)	116 (100%)	0	100	100
5	Е	191/192~(100%)	190 (100%)	1 (0%)	88	96
6	F	71/111~(64%)	71 (100%)	0	100	100
7	G	152/153~(99%)	152 (100%)	0	100	100
8	Н	129/131~(98%)	129 (100%)	0	100	100
9	Ι	105/112~(94%)	105 (100%)	0	100	100
10	J	56/56~(100%)	56 (100%)	0	100	100
11	Κ	104/106~(98%)	104 (100%)	0	100	100
12	L	43/55~(78%)	43 (100%)	0	100	100
16	a	320/348~(92%)	320 (100%)	0	100	100
17	b	476/1297~(37%)	474 (100%)	2(0%)	91	97
20	d	938/1001 (94%)	938 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	5172/6716 (77%)	5165 (100%)	7 (0%)	93	98

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5 of 7 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type
2	В	1080	ARG
5	Е	166	ARG
17	b	745	ARG
17	b	555	ARG
2	В	1072	ARG

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such side chains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
20	d	467	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
15	Р	9/10~(90%)	1 (11%)	0

All (1) RNA backbone outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
15	Р	9	G

There are no RNA pucker outliers to report.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 9 ligands modelled in this entry, 9 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-13004. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.



6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 200



Y Index: 200



Z Index: 200

6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 200

Y Index: 200

Z Index: 200

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 203



Y Index: 215



Z Index: 169

6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 206

Y Index: 161



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.01. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.4.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.



6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

6.5.1 emd_13004_msk_1.map (i)



6.5.2 emd_13004_msk_5.map (i)



Y

Ζ



$6.5.3 \quad \mathrm{emd_13004_msk_3.map} \ \fbox{i}$



 $6.5.4 \quad \mathrm{emd_13004_msk_2.map} \ \fbox{i}$



 $6.5.5 \quad \mathrm{emd_13004_msk_4.map} \ \fbox{i}$



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 401 $\rm nm^3;$ this corresponds to an approximate mass of 362 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.357 ${\rm \AA^{-1}}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.357 ${\rm \AA^{-1}}$



8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

$\mathbf{Bosolution} \text{ ostimato } (\mathbf{\hat{\lambda}})$	Estim	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)			
Resolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit		
Reported by author	2.80	-	-		
Author-provided FSC curve	2.83	3.20	2.88		
Unmasked-calculated*	3.15	3.68	3.20		

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.15 differs from the reported value 2.8 by more than 10 %



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-13004 and PDB model 7003. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 8.

9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.01 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.



9.2 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 92% of all backbone atoms, 86% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

