

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 3, 2023 – 02:39 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	6OHX
BMRB ID	:	30598
Title	:	Solution structure of scorpion Hottentotta jayakari venom toxin Hj1a
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Deposited on	:	2019-04-08

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

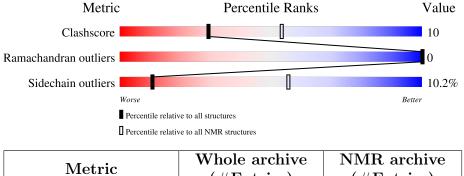
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.33

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 89%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	(#Entries)	(#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	А	67	55%	18%	•	25%			



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 11 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model						
1	A:4-A:39, A:48-A:61 (50)	0.13	11			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19
2	1, 2, 5, 8
Single-model clusters	9; 20



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1008 atoms, of which 483 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Venom toxin Hj1a.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
1	۸	67	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	0
	1 A	A 67	1008	328	483	93	96	8	0

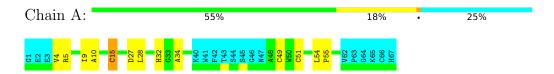


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

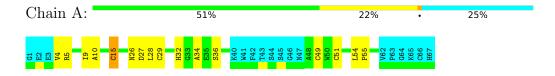
• Molecule 1: Venom toxin Hj1a



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 11. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Venom toxin Hj1a





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: torsion angle dynamics.

Of the 30 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	refinement	
CYANA	structure calculation	
TALOS	geometry optimization	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	747
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	747
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	89%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	395	367	367	8±2
All	All	7900	7340	7340	155

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Moo	dels
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:17:TYR:CD1	1:A:28:LEU:HD21	0.61	2.31	9	1
1:A:51:CYS:HB3	1:A:54:LEU:HD13	0.60	1.72	6	20
1:A:4:VAL:HG12	1:A:55:PRO:HA	0.56	1.76	13	15
1:A:5:ARG:NH2	1:A:60:ILE:HD13	0.55	2.16	12	6
1:A:9:ILE:HD11	1:A:32:HIS:CE1	0.51	2.41	5	17

5 of 16 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	50/67~(75%)	$44 \pm 0 (88 \pm 1\%)$	$6\pm0~(12\pm1\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	1000/1340~(75%)	884 (88%)	116 (12%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	44/58~(76%)	40 ± 1 (90 $\pm2\%$)	$4\pm1~(10\pm2\%)$	11	56	
All	All	880/1160 (76%)	790 (90%)	90 (10%)	11	56	

5 of 16 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	5	ARG	20
1	А	15	CYS	20
1	А	27	ASP	11
1	А	53	LYS	8
1	А	14	ASN	6

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 89% for the well-defined parts and 87% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *hj1a-CORef.bmrb*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	747
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	747
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	65	0.25 ± 0.17	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	61	0.07 ± 0.13	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	56	0.40 ± 0.20	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
¹⁵ N	61	0.96 ± 0.49	None needed (imprecise)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 89%, i.e. 583 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 653. 0 out of 5 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$		
Backbone	239/246~(97%)	99/99~(100%)	93/100~(93%)	47/47~(100%)		
Sidechain	300/337~(89%)	204/218~(94%)	93/106~(88%)	3/13~(23%)		

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	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Aromatic	44/70~(63%)	26/35~(74%)	17/31~(55%)	1/4~(25%)
Overall	583/653~(89%)	329/352~(93%)	203/237~(86%)	51/64~(80%)

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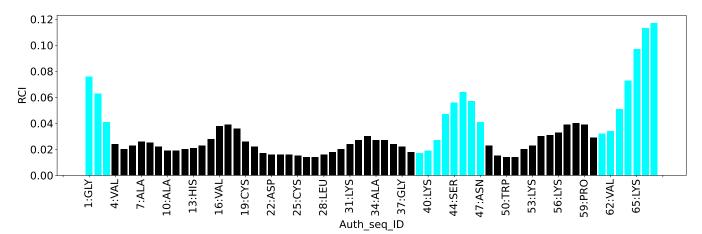
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (1)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	1088
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	250
Sequential (i-j =1)	302
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	152
Long range $(i-j \ge 5)$	360
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	24
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	16.2
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	5.7

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation. There are no distance violations

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

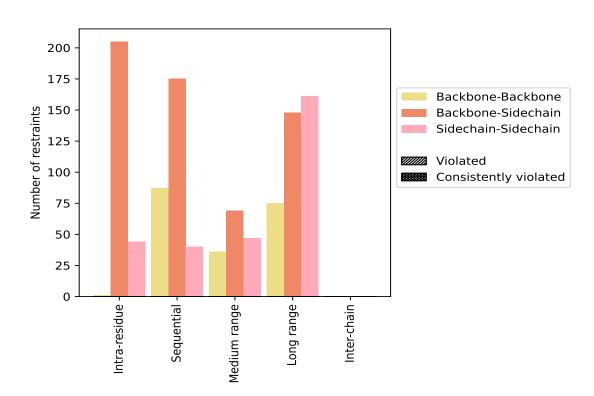
9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Destroints torms	Count	$\%^1$	$Violated^3$			Consistently		$\sqrt{Violated^4}$
Restraints type			Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	250	23.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	1	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	205	18.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	44	4.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (i-j =1)	302	27.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	87	8.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	175	16.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	40	3.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ($ i-j > 1 \& i-j < 5$)	152	14.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	36	3.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	69	6.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	47	4.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range $(i-j \ge 5)$	360	33.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	75	6.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	148	13.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	137	12.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	24	2.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	1088	100.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	199	18.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	597	54.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	292	26.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

 1 percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models





9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)

Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

No violations found

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

No violations found

9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

No violations found

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

No violations found



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

Dihedral angle analysis failed due to data error in the dihedral angle restraints, possibly missing target value

