

## wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Apr 21, 2022 – 04:21 am BST

PDB ID	:	70D5
Title	:	F(M197)H mutant structure of Photosynthetic Reaction Center From
		Rhodobacter Sphaeroides strain RV LSP crystallization
Authors	:	Gabdulkhakov, A.G.; Selikhanov, G.K.; Fufina, T.Y.; Vasilieva, L.G.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	2.10  Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

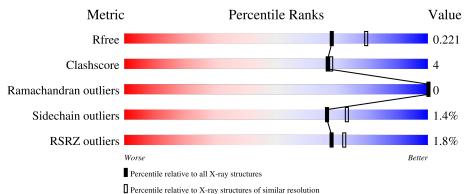
MolProbity		4 02b 467
•		
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as $541$ be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	2.27
buster-report	:	1.1.7(2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0267
CCP4	:	7.1.010 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.27

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	5197(2.10-2.10)
Clashscore	141614	5710 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5647 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5648 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5083 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	Н	241	2% <b>8</b> 7%	13%
2	L	281	<sup>2%</sup> 94%	5%•
3	М	303	% 89%	11%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 14 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7703 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Reaction center protein H chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Н	241	Total 1880	C 1201	N 323	O 346	S 10	0	5	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Reaction center protein L chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	L	281	Total 2436	C 1650	N 388	O 390	S 8	0	22	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference	
L	178	THR	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P0C0Y8	

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Reaction center protein M chain.

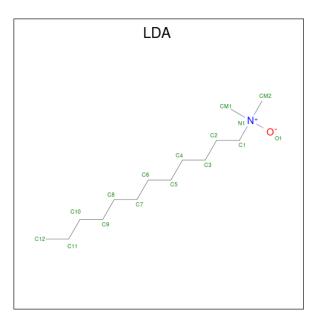
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
3	М	303	Total 2460	C 1639	N 404	0 405	S 12	0	6	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference	
М	8	THR	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P0C0Y9	
М	197	HIS	PHE	engineered mutation	UNP P0C0Y9	

• Molecule 4 is LAURYL DIMETHYLAMINE-N-OXIDE (three-letter code: LDA) (formula:  $C_{14}H_{31}NO$ ).





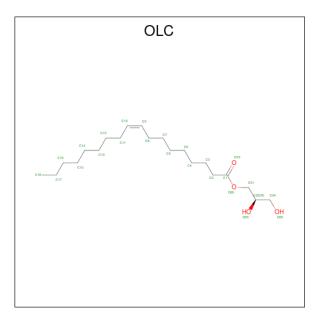
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	Н	1	Total	С	Ν	0	0	0
4	11	1	16	14	1	1	0	0
4	Н	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0
4	11	1	16	14	1	1	0	0
4	М	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0
4	111	1	16	14	1	1	0	0
4	М	1	Total	С	Ν	0	0	0
4	1/1	T	16	14	1	1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is UNKNOWN LIGAND (three-letter code: UNL) (formula: ).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	Н	1	Total C 15 15	0	0
5	L	2	Total         C           30         30	0	0
5	М	1	Total         C           15         15	0	0

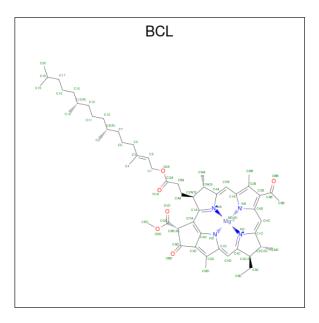
• Molecule 6 is (2R)-2,3-dihydroxypropyl (9Z)-octadec-9-enoate (three-letter code: OLC) (formula:  $C_{21}H_{40}O_4$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	L	1	Total 25	C 21	0 4	0	0

• Molecule 7 is BACTERIOCHLOROPHYLL A (three-letter code: BCL) (formula:  $C_{55}H_{74}MgN_4O_6$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



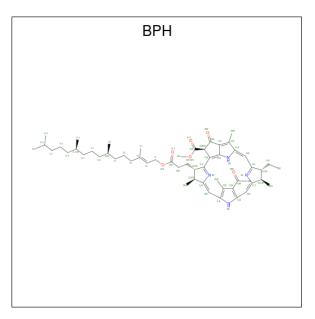
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
7	T	1	Total		0			0	0
1	L	1	66	55	1	4	6	0	
7	т	1	Total	С	Mg	Ν	Ο	0	0
1		1	66	55	1	4	6	0	

Continued on next page...



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
7	М	1	Total	С	Mg	Ν	0	0	0
1	101	L	66	55	1	4	6	0	
7	М	1	Total	С	Mg	Ν	Ο	0	0
1	1/1		66	55	1	4	6	0	

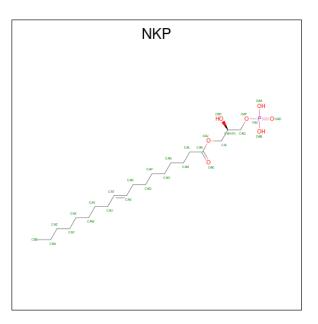
• Molecule 8 is BACTERIOPHEOPHYTIN A (three-letter code: BPH) (formula:  $C_{55}H_{76}N_4O_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	L	1	Total 65			0	0
8	М	1	Total 65			0	0

• Molecule 9 is (2R)-2-hydroxy-3-(phosphonooxy) propyl (9E)-octadec-9-enoate (three-letter code: NKP) (formula:  $\rm C_{21}H_{41}O_7P).$ 



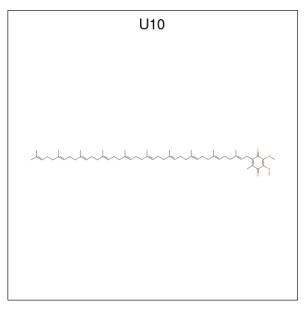


Mo	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	М	1	Total 29	C 21			0	0
9	М	1	Total 29	C 21	0 7	Р 1	0	0

• Molecule 10 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	М	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0

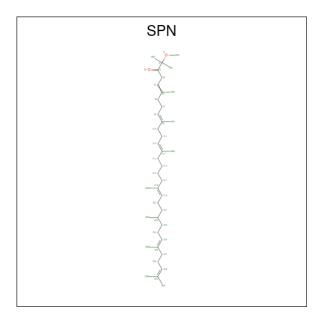
• Molecule 11 is UBIQUINONE-10 (three-letter code: U10) (formula:  $C_{59}H_{90}O_4$ ).





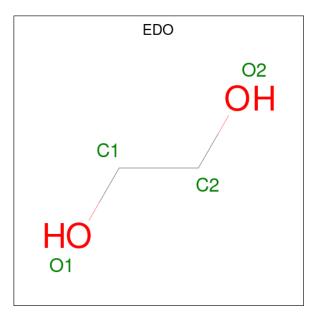
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	М	1	Total 48	С 44	0 4	0	0

• Molecule 12 is SPEROIDENONE (three-letter code: SPN) (formula:  $C_{41}H_{70}O_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
12	М	1	Total 43	C 41	O 2	0	0

• Molecule 13 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula:  $C_2H_6O_2$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
13	М	1	Total 4	С 2	O 2	0	0

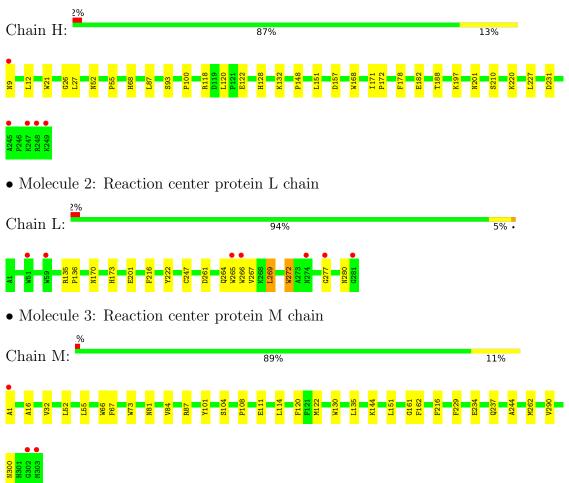
• Molecule 14 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
14	Н	101	Total O 101 101	0	0
14	L	65	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{O} \\ 65 & 65 \end{array}$	0	0
14	М	64	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{O} \\ 64 & 64 \end{array}$	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Reaction center protein H chain



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 42 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	99.98Å 99.98Å 238.12Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	46.09 - 2.10	Depositor
	48.93 - 2.10	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (46.09-2.10)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$100.0 \ (48.93-2.10)$	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.12	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.50 (at 2.10 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 1.18_3861, PHENIX 1.18_3861	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.179 , $0.221$	Depositor
It, It <sub>free</sub>	0.181 , $0.221$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2101 reflections $(2.95\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	38.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.062	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	(Not available), (Not available)	EDS
L-test for $twinning^2$	$< L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	7703	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	40.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.60% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BCL, UNL, OLC, SPN, FE, LDA, EDO, U10, NKP, BPH

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Chain		lengths	Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	Н	0.37	0/1932	0.55	0/2627	
2	L	0.38	0/2539	0.49	0/3480	
3	М	0.42	0/2552	0.50	0/3483	
All	All	0.39	0/7023	0.51	0/9590	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Н	1880	0	1883	22	0
2	L	2436	0	2365	14	0
3	М	2460	0	2376	23	0
4	Н	32	0	62	4	0
4	М	32	0	62	2	0
5	Н	15	0	0	0	0
5	L	30	0	0	0	0
5	М	15	0	0	0	0
6	L	25	0	40	1	0
7	L	132	0	148	3	0

Continued on next page...



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	М	132	0	148	1	0
8	L	65	0	76	0	0
8	М	65	0	76	0	0
9	М	58	0	78	2	0
10	М	1	0	0	0	0
11	М	48	0	63	0	0
12	М	43	0	70	6	0
13	М	4	0	6	0	0
14	Н	101	0	0	5	0
14	L	65	0	0	1	0
14	М	64	0	0	0	0
All	All	7703	0	7453	58	0

Continued from previous page...

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 58 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:L:267[A]:VAL:HG13	2:L:280[A]:ASN:HB3	1.63	0.80
2:L:277[B]:GLY:O	3:M:87:ARG:NH2	2.17	0.77
1:H:118[A]:ARG:HD3	1:H:120:LEU:HD12	1.64	0.77
3:M:161:GLY:HA3	12:M:409:SPN:H201	1.76	0.68
1:H:197:LYS:HD3	3:M:1:ALA:O	1.94	0.67

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	Η	$244/241 \ (101\%)$	240~(98%)	4 (2%)	0	100 100

Continued on next page...



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers Percent		ntiles
2	L	300/281~(107%)	294~(98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
3	М	307/303~(101%)	297~(97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	851/825~(103%)	831 (98%)	20 (2%)	0	100	100

Continued from previous page...

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	Н	201/196~(103%)	199~(99%)	2(1%)	76 82		
2	L	238/220~(108%)	230~(97%)	8 (3%)	37 39		
3	М	242/237~(102%)	239~(99%)	3 (1%)	71 77		
All	All	681/653~(104%)	668~(98%)	13 (2%)	67 63		

 $5~{\rm of}~13$  residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	L	269[B]	LEU
2	L	272[A]	TRP
3	М	216	PHE
3	М	52[A]	LEU
3	М	52[B]	LEU

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such side chains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 21 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are unknown and 1 is monoatomic - leaving 16 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	gths	Bo	ond ang	es
WIOI	Type	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
8	BPH	L	506	-	64,70,70	0.96	4 (6%)	76,101,101	1.04	3 (3%)
4	LDA	Н	401	-	12,15,15	2.05	1 (8%)	$14,\!17,\!17$	0.57	0
12	SPN	М	409	-	40,42,42	0.58	1 (2%)	$50,\!52,\!52$	1.50	8 (16%)
13	EDO	М	412	-	3,3,3	0.37	0	2,2,2	1.15	0
7	BCL	L	504	-	58,74,74	1.32	5 (8%)	69,115,115	1.42	11 (15%)
11	U10	М	408	-	48,48,63	2.60	12 (25%)	58,61,79	1.83	17 (29%)
7	BCL	М	405	-	58,74,74	1.23	5 (8%)	69,115,115	1.29	9 (13%)
9	NKP	М	402	-	28,28,28	0.53	0	31,32,32	0.47	0
4	LDA	Н	403	-	$12,\!15,\!15$	2.05	1 (8%)	$14,\!17,\!17$	0.63	0
6	OLC	L	501	-	24,24,24	0.94	1 (4%)	$25,\!25,\!25$	0.83	1 (4%)
7	BCL	М	404	-	58,74,74	1.24	4 (6%)	69,115,115	1.40	9 (13%)
7	BCL	L	505	-	58,74,74	1.32	4 (6%)	69,115,115	1.31	10 (14%)
8	BPH	М	406	-	64,70,70	0.98	3 (4%)	76,101,101	1.14	6 (7%)
4	LDA	М	410	-	12,15,15	2.00	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.39	0
9	NKP	М	401	-	28,28,28	0.33	0	31,32,32	0.47	0
4	LDA	М	411	-	12,15,15	2.05	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.50	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
8	BPH	L	506	-	-	5/54/105/105	0/5/6/6
4	LDA	Н	401	-	-	7/13/13/13	-
12	SPN	М	409	-	-	12/50/51/51	-
13	EDO	М	412	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
7	BCL	L	504	-	-	1/37/137/137	-
11	U10	М	408	-	-	6/45/69/87	0/1/1/1
7	BCL	М	405	-	-	4/37/137/137	-
9	NKP	М	402	-	-	10/28/28/28	-
4	LDA	Н	403	-	-	5/13/13/13	-
6	OLC	L	501	-	-	9/24/24/24	-
7	BCL	М	404	-	-	1/37/137/137	-
7	BCL	L	505	-	-	1/37/137/137	-
8	BPH	М	406	-	-	14/54/105/105	0/5/6/6
4	LDA	М	410	-	-	6/13/13/13	-
9	NKP	М	401	-	-	6/28/28/28	-
4	LDA	М	411	-	-	4/13/13/13	-

centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

The worst 5 of 43 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
4	Н	403	LDA	01-N1	-7.06	1.25	1.42
4	Н	401	LDA	01-N1	-7.06	1.25	1.42
4	М	411	LDA	01-N1	-7.00	1.25	1.42
4	М	410	LDA	01-N1	-6.74	1.26	1.42
11	М	408	U10	C8-C9	6.10	1.47	1.33

The worst 5 of 74 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
12	М	409	SPN	CM6-C18-C17	4.45	122.76	115.27
7	М	404	BCL	C4A-NA-C1A	4.42	108.69	106.71
7	L	504	BCL	CMB-C2B-C1B	-4.21	121.99	128.46
7	L	505	BCL	CMB-C2B-C1B	-4.20	122.01	128.46
11	М	408	U10	C32-C33-C34	-4.06	117.89	127.66

There are no chirality outliers.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	Н	403	LDA	C2-C1-N1-O1
4	Н	403	LDA	C2-C1-N1-CM1
4	М	410	LDA	C2-C1-N1-CM1
4	М	410	LDA	C2-C1-N1-CM2
6	L	501	OLC	O20-C21-C22-O23

5 of 92 torsion outliers are listed below:

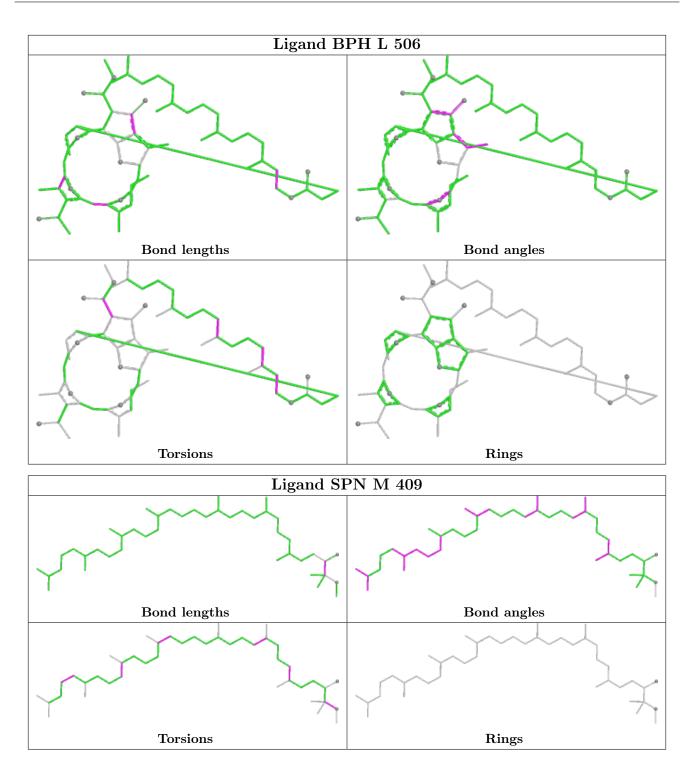
There are no ring outliers.

9 monomers are involved in 16 short contacts:

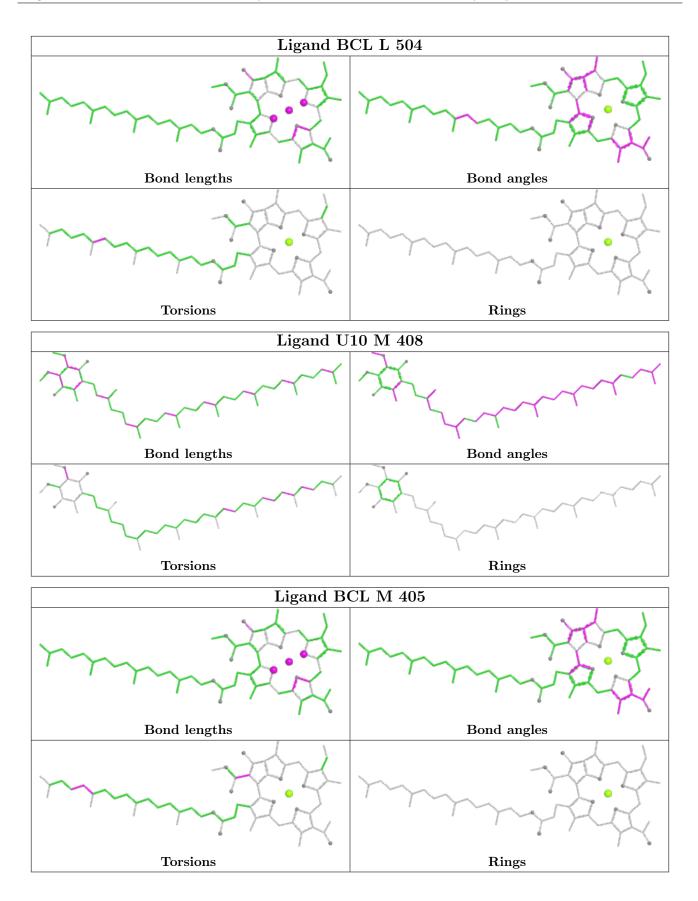
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	Н	401	LDA	2	0
12	М	409	SPN	6	0
7	L	504	BCL	2	0
4	Н	403	LDA	2	0
6	L	501	OLC	1	0
7	М	404	BCL	1	0
7	L	505	BCL	1	0
4	М	410	LDA	2	0
9	М	401	NKP	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

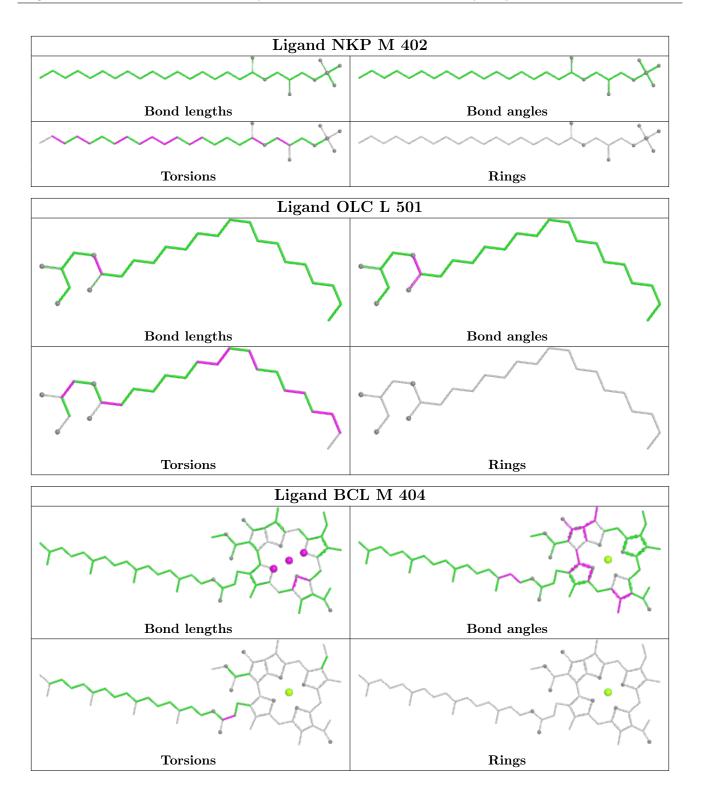




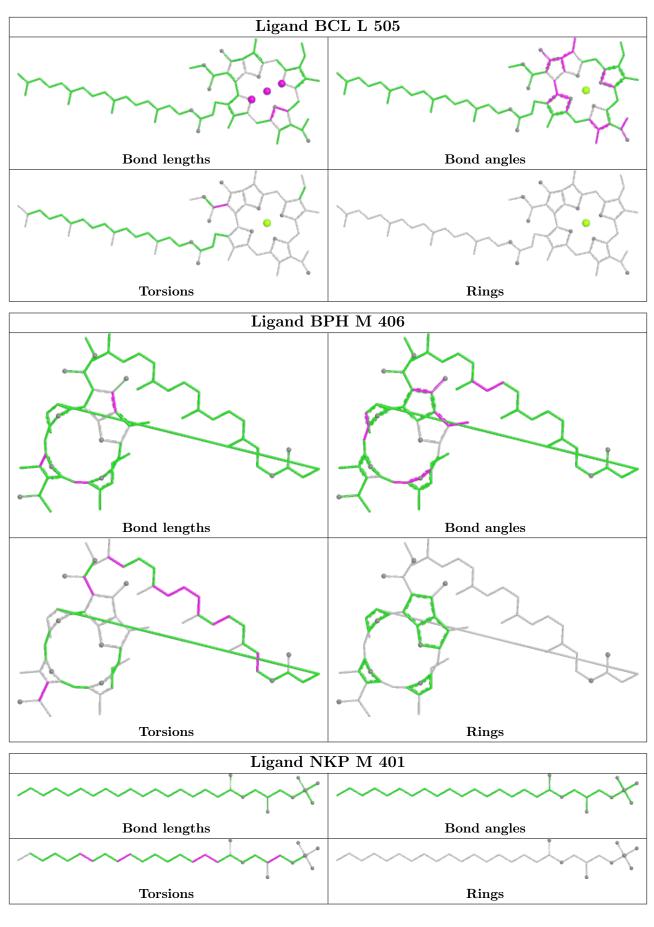














### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RSRZ>2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	) Q<0.9
1	Н	241/241~(100%)	-0.35	5 (2%) 63 68	3 29, 41, 57, 12	0 0
2	L	$281/281 \ (100\%)$	-0.38	7 (2%) 57 62	2 27, 36, 49, 6	3 0
3	М	303/303~(100%)	-0.31	3 (0%) 82 85	5 26, 36, 58, 9	8 0
All	All	825/825~(100%)	-0.35	15 (1%) 68 7	$2 \qquad 26,  38,  56,  12$	0 0

The worst 5 of 15 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	Н	245	ALA	6.6
2	L	59[A]	TRP	4.4
2	L	277[A]	GLY	4.3
3	М	302	GLY	4.1
3	М	1	ALA	4.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

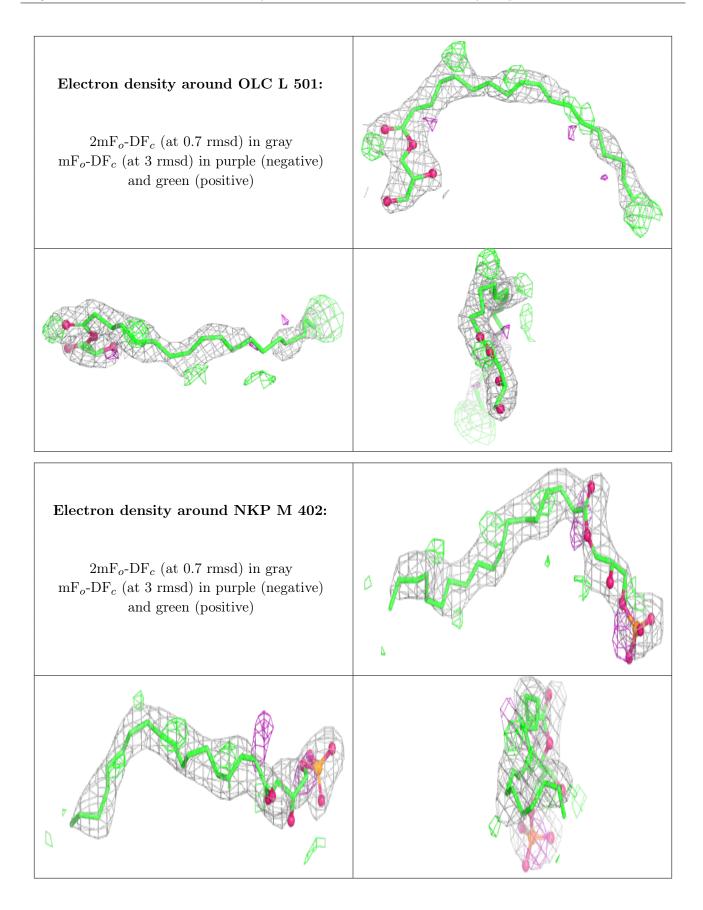


70D5
------

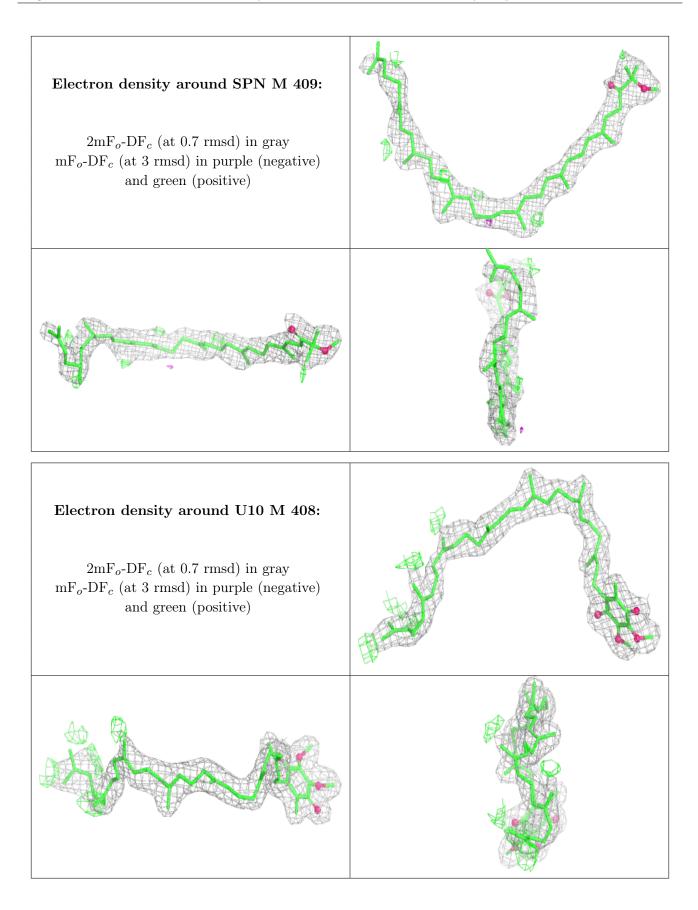
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	LDA	М	410	16/16	0.59	0.31	30,55,73,76	0
4	LDA	Н	401	16/16	0.77	0.23	54,71,85,86	0
4	LDA	М	411	16/16	0.77	0.34	59,66,93,93	0
6	OLC	L	501	25/25	0.78	0.23	38,52,64,67	0
5	UNL	L	502	15/-	0.80	0.17	42,49,66,68	0
5	UNL	L	503	15/-	0.82	0.22	54,60,73,74	0
5	UNL	Н	402	15/-	0.82	0.15	52,59,71,71	0
9	NKP	М	402	29/29	0.82	0.21	38,68,79,88	0
12	SPN	М	409	43/43	0.84	0.22	36,53,71,76	0
5	UNL	М	403	15/-	0.90	0.18	41,51,62,65	0
4	LDA	Н	403	16/16	0.91	0.16	36,51,63,67	0
11	U10	М	408	48/63	0.92	0.17	22,34,58,67	0
9	NKP	М	401	29/29	0.93	0.15	$39,\!58,\!82,\!95$	0
8	BPH	М	406	65/65	0.93	0.13	$26,\!33,\!85,\!99$	0
13	EDO	М	412	4/4	0.93	0.09	46,49,54,61	0
7	BCL	L	505	66/66	0.95	0.12	25,32,38,44	0
7	BCL	L	504	66/66	0.96	0.11	25,35,67,75	0
7	BCL	М	404	66/66	0.96	0.11	25,31,49,68	0
7	BCL	М	405	66/66	0.97	0.14	23,31,44,57	0
8	BPH	L	506	65/65	0.97	0.15	24,30,36,38	0
10	FE	М	407	1/1	1.00	0.11	29,29,29,29	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

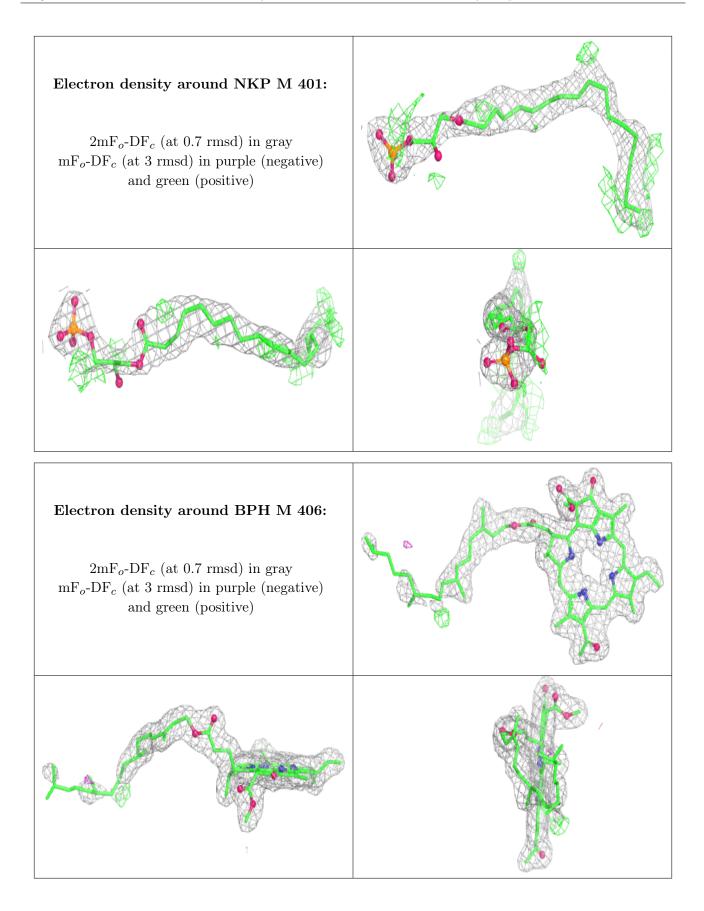




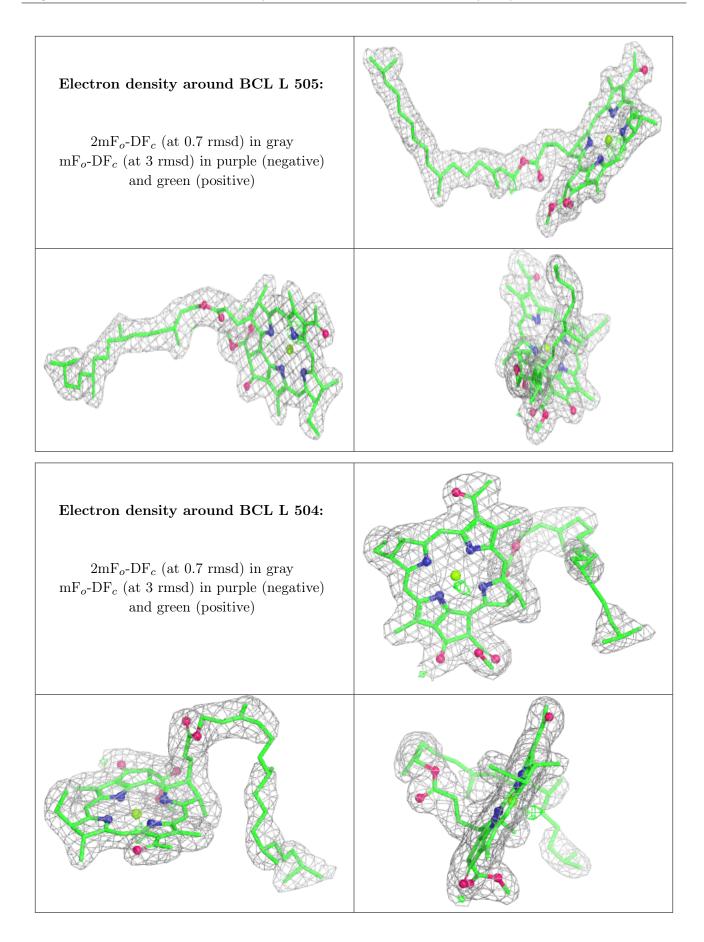




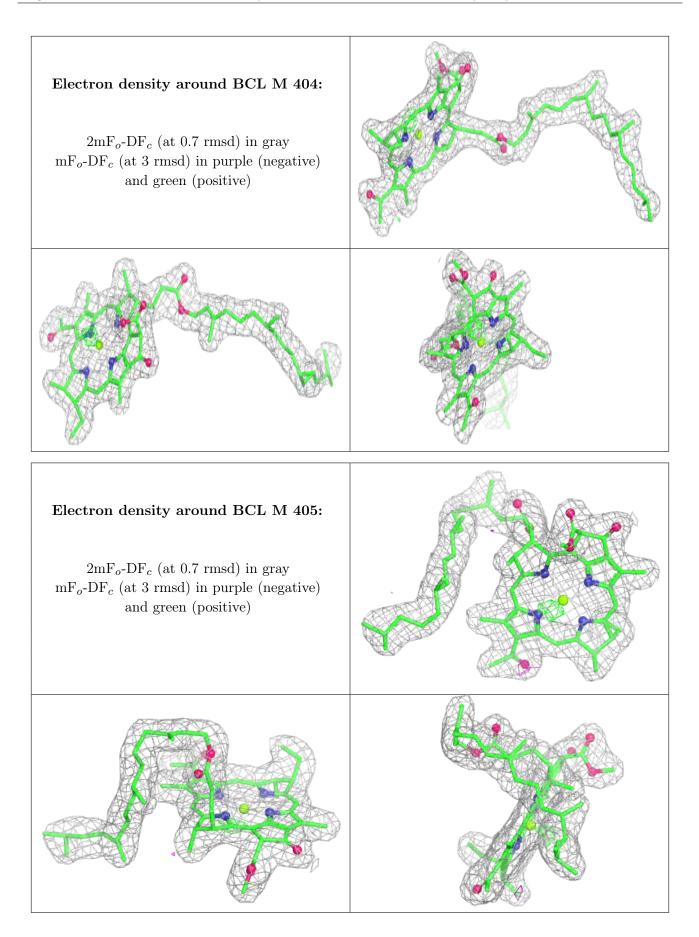




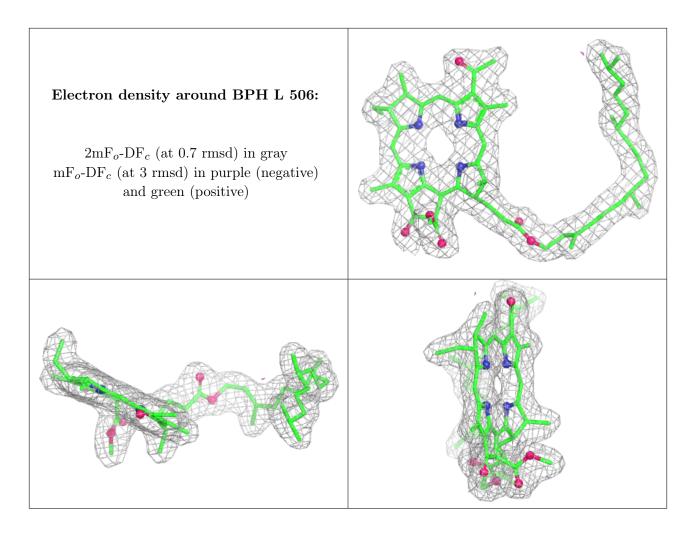












### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

