WORLDWIDE PDB PROTEIN DATA BANK

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jan 6, 2024 – 10:04 pm GMT

PDB ID	:	5NJ4
Title	:	From macrocrystals to microcrystals: a strategy for membrane protein serial crystallography
Authors	:	Dods, R.; Baath, P.; Branden, G.; Neutze, R.
Deposited on	:	2017-03-28
Resolution	:	2.40 Å(reported)

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

|		
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1   Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
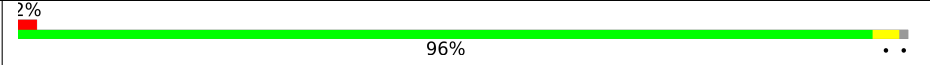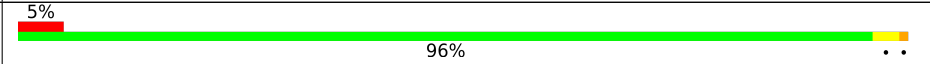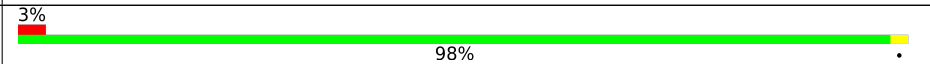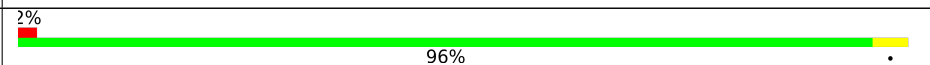*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.
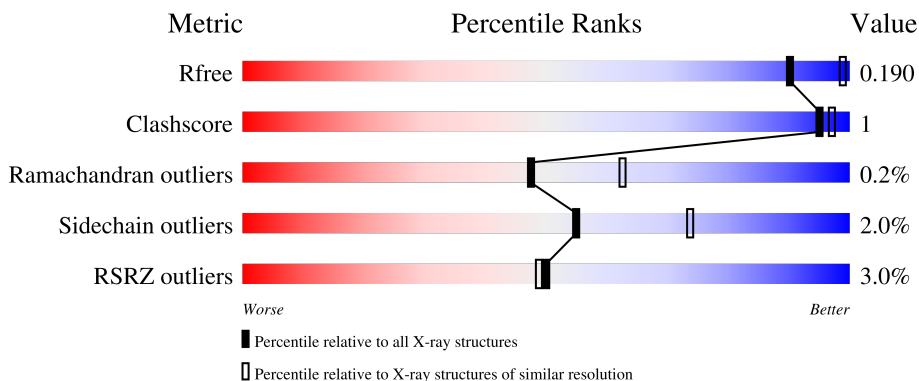
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R$_{free}$	130704	3907 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	141614	4398 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4318 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4319 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3811 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	C	336	2% 96% ··
2	H	258	5% 96% ··
3	L	273	3% 98% ·
4	M	323	2% 96% ·

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard

residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
10	BCB	L	301	X	-	-	-
10	BCB	L	302	X	-	-	-
10	BCB	M	402	X	-	-	-
10	BCB	M	403	X	-	-	-
6	DGA	C	405	-	-	-	X
8	LDA	M	415	-	-	-	X
8	LDA	M	416	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition ⓘ

There are 15 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10402 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Photosynthetic reaction center cytochrome c subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	C	332	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2602	1640	466	478	18			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Reaction center protein H chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	H	258	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2018	1292	344	380	2			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Reaction center protein L chain.

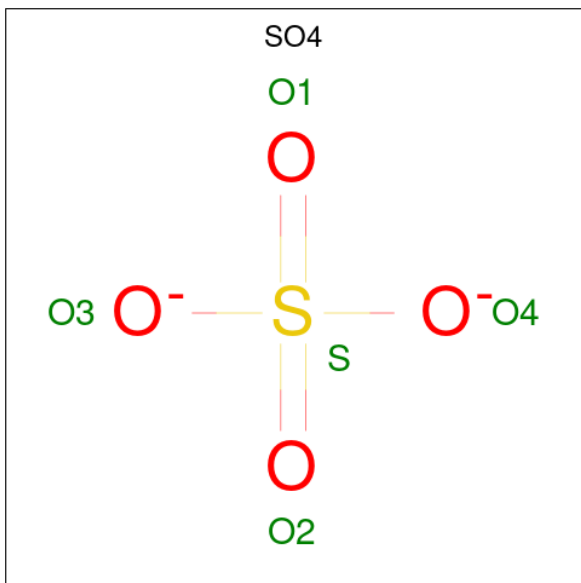| Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	L	273	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			2172	1460	350	355	7			

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Reaction center protein M chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	M	323	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2555	1702	419	423	11			

- Molecule 5 is HEME C (three-letter code: HEC) (formula: $C_{34}H_{34}FeN_4O_4$).

HEC

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	C	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			43	34	1	4	4		
5	C	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			43	34	1	4	4		
5	C	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			43	34	1	4	4		
5	C	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			43	34	1	4	4		

- Molecule 6 is DIACYL GLYCEROL (three-letter code: DGA) (formula: $C_{39}H_{76}O_5$).

DGA

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	C	1	Total 37	C 33	O 4	0	0

- Molecule 7 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O_4S).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	C	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0
7	C	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0
7	C	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0
7	H	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0
7	H	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0
7	H	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0
7	H	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0
7	M	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0
7	M	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0
7	M	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0
7	M	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0

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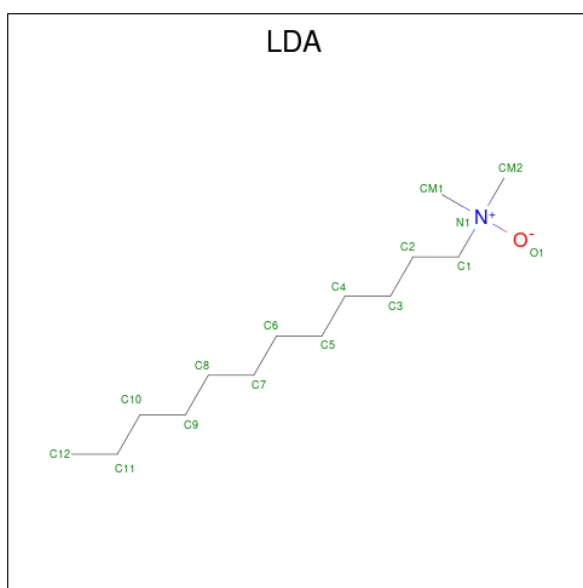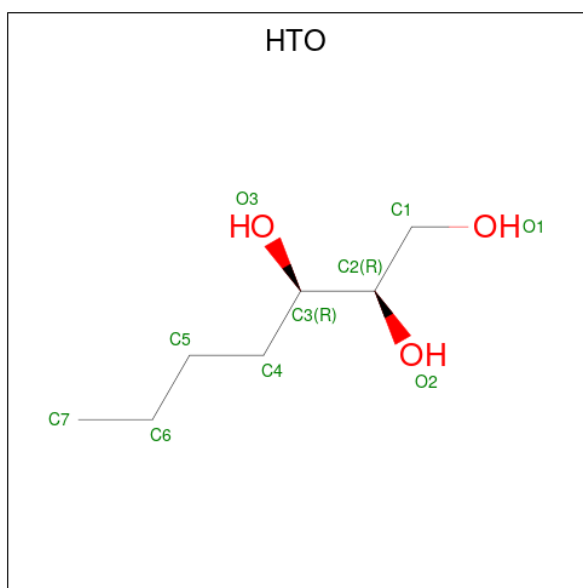
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	M	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0
7	M	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0
7	M	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0
7	M	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0

- Molecule 8 is LAURYL DIMETHYLAMINE-N-OXIDE (three-letter code: LDA) (formula: $C_{14}H_{31}NO$).

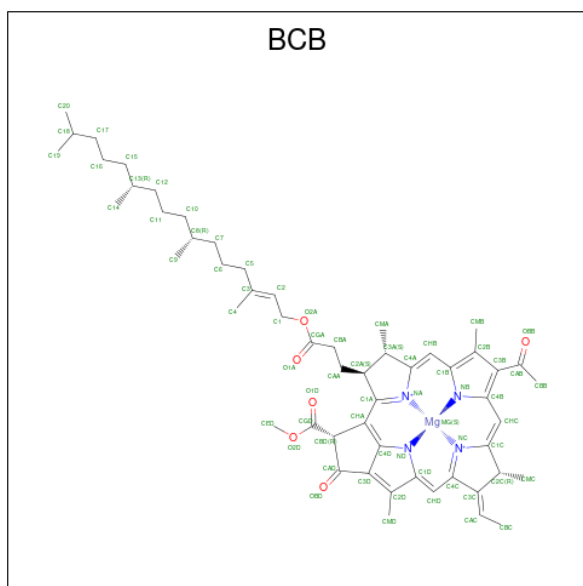
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	H	1	Total 16	C 14	N 1	O 1	0	0
8	H	1	Total 16	C 14	N 1	O 1	0	0
8	H	1	Total 16	C 14	N 1	O 1	0	0
8	L	1	Total 16	C 14	N 1	O 1	0	0
8	M	1	Total 16	C 14	N 1	O 1	0	0
8	M	1	Total 16	C 14	N 1	O 1	0	0
8	M	1	Total 16	C 14	N 1	O 1	0	0

- Molecule 9 is HEPTANE-1,2,3-TRIOL (three-letter code: HTO) (formula: $C_7H_{16}O_3$).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	H	1	Total 10	C 7	O 3	0	0
9	H	1	Total 10	C 7	O 3	0	0
9	L	1	Total 10	C 7	O 3	0	0

- Molecule 10 is BACTERIOCHLOROPHYLL B (three-letter code: BCB) (formula: $C_{55}H_{72}MgN_4O_6$).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	L	1	Total	C	Mg	N	O	0	0
			66	55	1	4	6		
10	L	1	Total	C	Mg	N	O	0	0
			66	55	1	4	6		
10	M	1	Total	C	Mg	N	O	0	0
			66	55	1	4	6		
10	M	1	Total	C	Mg	N	O	0	0
			66	55	1	4	6		

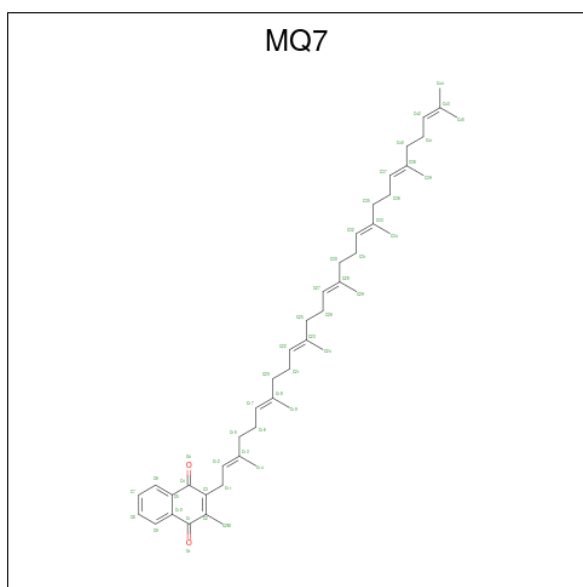- Molecule 11 is BACTERIOPHEOPHYTIN B (three-letter code: BPB) (formula: $C_{55}H_{74}N_4O_6$).
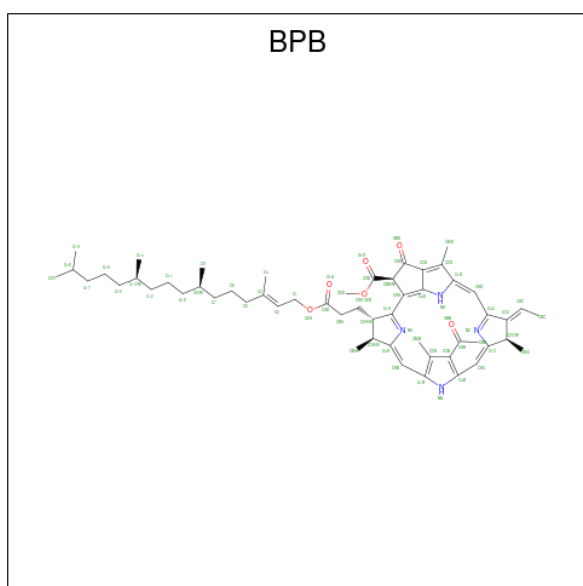
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	L	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			65	55	4	6		
11	M	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			65	55	4	6		

- Molecule 12 is FE (II) ION (three-letter code: FE2) (formula: Fe).
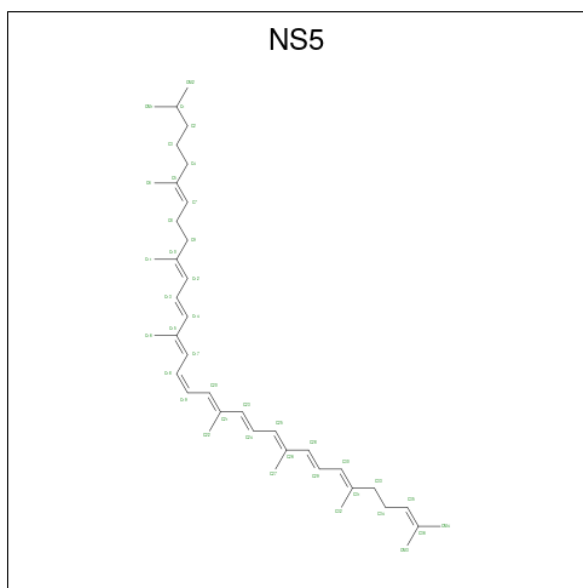
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
12	L	1	Total	Fe	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 13 is MENAQUINONE-7 (three-letter code: MQ7) (formula: $C_{46}H_{64}O_2$).

MQ7

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
13	M	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			48	46	2		

- Molecule 14 is 15-cis-1,2-dihydroneurosporene (three-letter code: NS5) (formula: $C_{40}H_{60}$).

NS5

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
14	M	1	Total	C	0	0
			40	40		

- Molecule 15 is water.

| Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
15	C	58	Total 58	O 58	0	0
15	H	23	Total 23	O 23	0	0
15	L	24	Total 24	O 24	0	0
15	M	41	Total 41	O 41	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

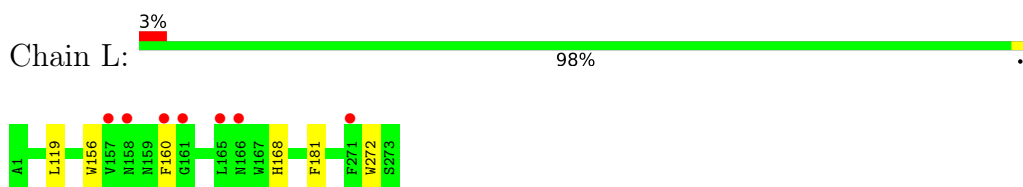• Molecule 1: Photosynthetic reaction center cytochrome c subunit
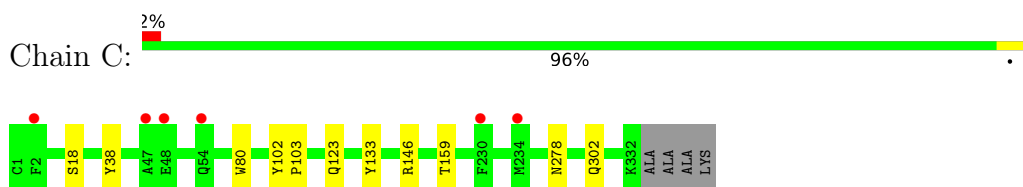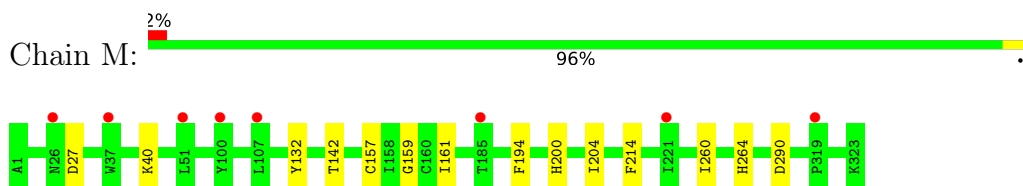
Chain C:

• Molecule 2: Reaction center protein H chain
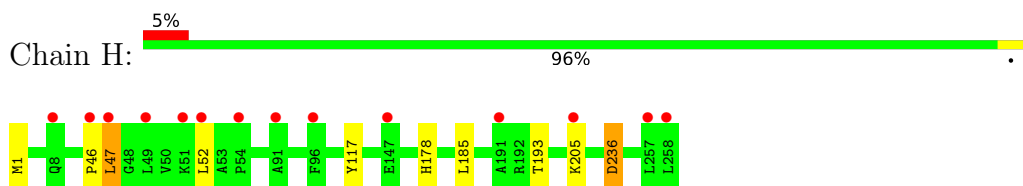
Chain H:

• Molecule 3: Reaction center protein L chain

Chain L:

• Molecule 4: Reaction center protein M chain

Chain M:

4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	226.50Å 226.50Å 113.90Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	35.70 – 2.40	Depositor
	35.55 – 2.40	EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (35.70-2.40)	Depositor
	100.0 (35.55-2.40)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	1.55 (at 2.39Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0158	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.161 , 0.186	Depositor
	0.168 , 0.190	DCC
R_{free} test set	5711 reflections (4.95%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	73.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.005	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.30 , 62.9	EDS
L-test for twinning [2]	$< |L| > = 0.46, < L^2 > = 0.28$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	10402	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	82.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 1.81% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

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[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.
[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5   Model quality   ⓘ

5.1   Standard geometry   ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEC, SO4, DGA, MQ7, BPB, HTO, BCB, NS5, LDA, FE2, FME

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$|Z|$>5	RMSZ	#$|Z|$>5
1	C	0.40	0/2669	0.66	0/3637
2	H	0.43	0/2055	0.66	0/2807
3	L	0.43	0/2267	0.60	0/3095
4	M	0.43	0/2659	0.59	0/3637
All	All	0.42	0/9650	0.62	0/13176

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2   Too-close contacts   ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	C	2602	0	2578	6	0
2	H	2018	0	2020	1	0
3	L	2172	0	2097	4	0
4	M	2555	0	2452	5	0
5	C	172	0	120	3	0
6	C	37	0	58	0	0
7	C	15	0	0	0	0
7	H	20	0	0	0	0
7	M	40	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	H	48	0	93	0	0
8	L	16	0	31	0	0
8	M	48	0	93	0	0
9	H	20	0	32	0	0
9	L	10	0	16	0	0
10	L	132	0	144	4	0
10	M	132	0	144	1	0
11	L	65	0	74	1	0
11	M	65	0	74	3	0
12	L	1	0	0	0	0
13	M	48	0	64	0	0
14	M	40	0	60	1	0
15	C	58	0	0	1	0
15	H	23	0	0	0	0
15	L	24	0	0	0	0
15	M	41	0	0	0	0
All	All	10402	0	10150	24	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 24 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:M:159:GLY:HA3	14:M:405:NS5:H272	1.73	0.70
11:L:303:BPB:HBBB	11:L:303:BPB:HMB	1.75	0.69
11:M:404:BPB:HHC	11:M:404:BPB:HBBB	1.78	0.66
10:M:402:BCB:HBB2	10:M:402:BCB:HHC	1.82	0.62
5:C:401:HEC:HMC1	5:C:401:HEC:HBC3	1.85	0.58

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	330/336 (98%)	324 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
2	H	256/258 (99%)	249 (97%)	5 (2%)	2 (1%)	19	29
3	L	272/273 (100%)	265 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
4	M	321/323 (99%)	311 (97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	1179/1190 (99%)	1149 (98%)	28 (2%)	2 (0%)	47	62

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	H	46	PRO
2	H	47	LEU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	281/282 (100%)	277 (99%)	4 (1%)	67	82
2	H	212/212 (100%)	205 (97%)	7 (3%)	38	57
3	L	219/218 (100%)	216 (99%)	3 (1%)	67	82
4	M	249/249 (100%)	244 (98%)	5 (2%)	55	74
All	All	961/961 (100%)	942 (98%)	19 (2%)	55	74

5 of 19 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	M	27	ASP
4	M	214	PHE
4	M	290	ASP
4	M	194	PHE
2	H	193	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	123	GLN
1	C	302	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$
2	FME	H	1	2	8,9,10	0.79	0	7,9,11	3.41	3 (42%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FME	H	1	2	-	3/7/9/11	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	H	1	FME	CA-N-CN	-7.77	110.88	122.82
2	H	1	FME	CE-SD-CG	3.06	110.90	100.40
2	H	1	FME	O1-CN-N	-2.22	119.42	125.27

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	H	1	FME	O1-CN-N-CA
2	H	1	FME	C-CA-CB-CG
2	H	1	FME	CB-CA-N-CN

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 39 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 38 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$
7	SO4	C	407	-	4,4,4	0.34	0	6,6,6	0.13	0
8	LDA	H	701	-	12,15,15	1.90	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.54	0
9	HTO	H	709	-	9,9,9	0.41	0	10,10,10	0.58	0
8	LDA	M	414	-	12,15,15	2.11	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.48	0
8	LDA	M	415	-	12,15,15	2.08	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.34	0
10	BCB	L	302	-	63,74,74	1.81	13 (20%)	74,115,115	2.66	19 (25%)
7	SO4	M	411	-	4,4,4	0.36	0	6,6,6	0.17	0
7	SO4	M	410	-	4,4,4	0.32	0	6,6,6	0.18	0
8	LDA	H	707	-	12,15,15	2.06	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.82	0
10	BCB	M	402	-	63,74,74	1.78	13 (20%)	74,115,115	2.75	20 (27%)
7	SO4	M	407	-	4,4,4	0.28	0	6,6,6	0.06	0
5	HEC	C	404	1	32,50,50	1.51	3 (9%)	24,82,82	1.65	6 (25%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#|Z| > 2	Counts	RMSZ	#|Z| > 2
8	LDA	M	416	-	12,15,15	2.01	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.38	0
7	SO4	M	412	-	4,4,4	0.35	0	6,6,6	0.19	0
7	SO4	H	703	-	4,4,4	0.34	0	6,6,6	0.08	0
5	HEC	C	403	1	32,50,50	1.62	4 (12%)	24,82,82	1.66	4 (16%)
5	HEC	C	402	1	32,50,50	1.51	2 (6%)	24,82,82	1.87	6 (25%)
7	SO4	C	406	-	4,4,4	0.37	0	6,6,6	0.31	0
11	BPB	L	303	-	49,70,70	2.03	10 (20%)	47,101,101	1.83	9 (19%)
9	HTO	H	708	-	9,9,9	0.53	0	10,10,10	0.55	0
8	LDA	L	304	-	12,15,15	2.09	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.50	0
7	SO4	M	408	-	4,4,4	0.22	0	6,6,6	0.49	0
7	SO4	M	406	-	4,4,4	0.22	0	6,6,6	0.26	0
14	NS5	M	405	-	39,39,39	1.44	1 (2%)	44,46,46	1.89	11 (25%)
7	SO4	H	704	-	4,4,4	0.28	0	6,6,6	0.17	0
13	MQ7	M	401	-	49,49,49	1.59	2 (4%)	60,63,63	1.13	6 (10%)
6	DGA	C	405	1	36,36,43	1.22	2 (5%)	38,38,45	1.17	4 (10%)
7	SO4	H	702	-	4,4,4	0.32	0	6,6,6	0.27	0
11	BPB	M	404	-	49,70,70	2.08	10 (20%)	47,101,101	1.86	9 (19%)
7	SO4	H	705	-	4,4,4	0.34	0	6,6,6	0.17	0
10	BCB	L	301	-	63,74,74	1.88	13 (20%)	74,115,115	2.74	26 (35%)
8	LDA	H	706	-	12,15,15	2.04	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.76	1 (7%)
7	SO4	M	409	-	4,4,4	0.39	0	6,6,6	0.18	0
10	BCB	M	403	-	63,74,74	1.81	12 (19%)	74,115,115	2.79	23 (31%)
7	SO4	M	413	-	4,4,4	0.34	0	6,6,6	0.07	0
9	HTO	L	305	-	9,9,9	0.51	0	10,10,10	0.76	0
7	SO4	C	408	-	4,4,4	0.33	0	6,6,6	0.14	0
5	HEC	C	401	1	32,50,50	1.69	2 (6%)	24,82,82	2.15	4 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
8	LDA	H	701	-	-	2/13/13/13	-
9	HTO	H	709	-	-	0/10/10/10	-
8	LDA	M	415	-	-	3/13/13/13	-
10	BCB	L	302	-	3/3/21/26	5/37/137/137	-
8	LDA	H	707	-	-	7/13/13/13	-
10	BCB	M	402	-	3/3/21/26	8/37/137/137	-

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	HEC	C	404	1	-	0/10/54/54	-
8	LDA	M	416	-	-	6/13/13/13	-
5	HEC	C	403	1	-	2/10/54/54	-
5	HEC	C	402	1	-	3/10/54/54	-
11	BPB	L	303	-	-	6/37/105/105	0/5/6/6
9	HTO	H	708	-	-	4/10/10/10	-
14	NS5	M	405	-	-	8/43/43/43	-
13	MQ7	M	401	-	-	0/41/61/61	0/2/2/2
6	DGA	C	405	1	-	15/37/37/45	-
11	BPB	M	404	-	-	5/37/105/105	0/5/6/6
10	BCB	L	301	-	3/3/21/26	7/37/137/137	-
5	HEC	C	401	1	-	2/10/54/54	-
10	BCB	M	403	-	3/3/21/26	12/37/137/137	-
8	LDA	H	706	-	-	6/13/13/13	-
9	HTO	L	305	-	-	4/10/10/10	-
8	LDA	M	414	-	-	4/13/13/13	-
8	LDA	L	304	-	-	7/13/13/13	-

The worst 5 of 94 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
13	M	401	MQ7	C3-C2	8.41	1.50	1.35
11	M	404	BPB	CAC-C3C	7.52	1.52	1.33
14	M	405	NS5	C35-C36	7.36	1.53	1.32
8	M	414	LDA	O1-N1	-7.21	1.25	1.42
8	L	304	LDA	O1-N1	-7.14	1.25	1.42

The worst 5 of 148 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
10	M	402	BCB	C1C-NC-C4C	-15.98	99.52	106.71
10	L	302	BCB	C1C-NC-C4C	-15.21	99.87	106.71
10	M	403	BCB	C1C-NC-C4C	-15.12	99.91	106.71
10	L	301	BCB	C1C-NC-C4C	-14.66	100.11	106.71
5	C	401	HEC	CBA-CAA-C2A	-7.13	100.58	112.60

5 of 12 chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
10	L	301	BCB	NC
10	L	301	BCB	ND
10	L	301	BCB	NA
10	L	302	BCB	NC
10	L	302	BCB	ND

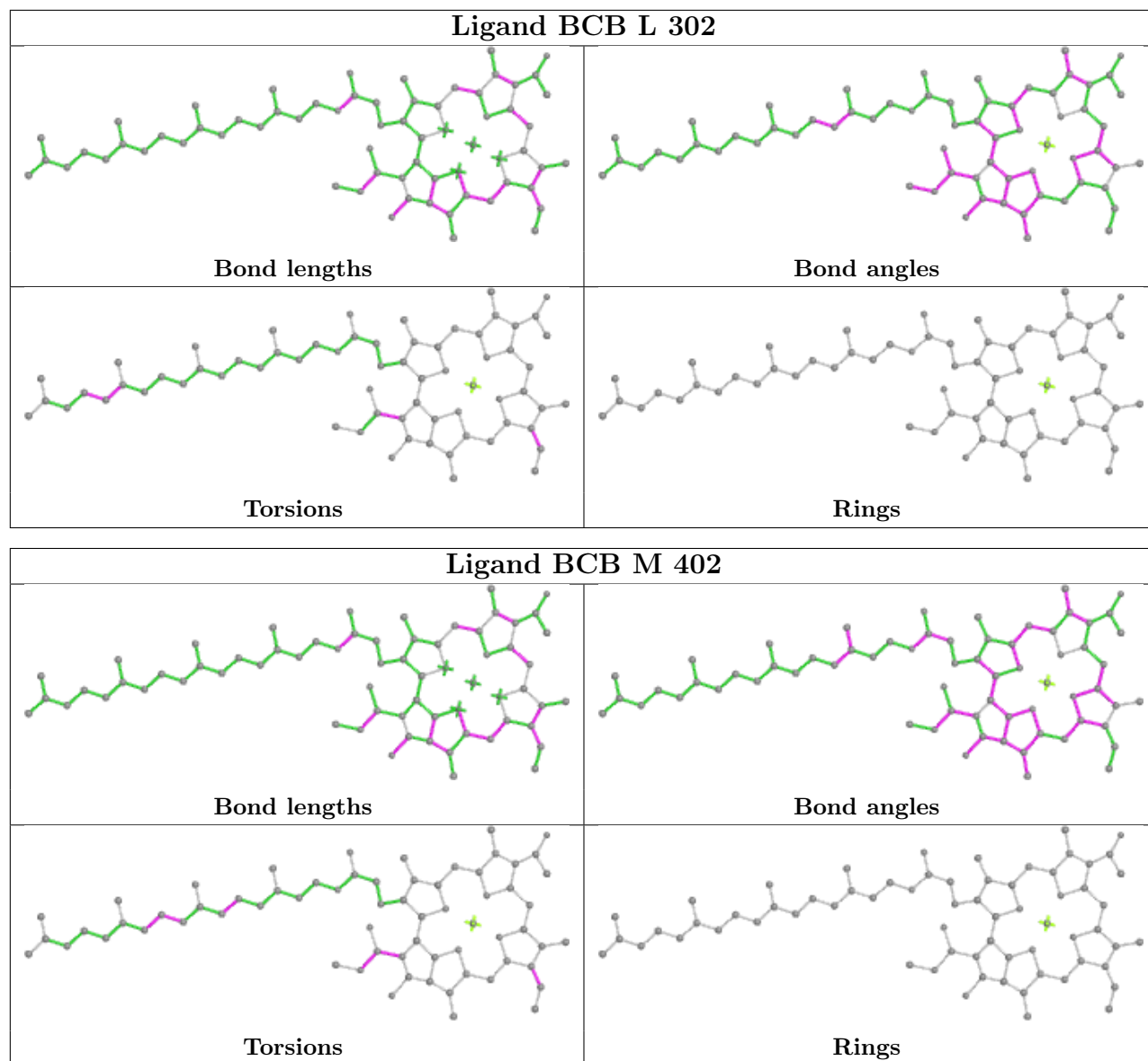5 of 116 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	C	405	DGA	OG1-CG1-CG2-OG2
6	C	405	DGA	OG1-CG1-CG2-CG3
8	H	706	LDA	C2-C1-N1-O1
8	H	706	LDA	C2-C1-N1-CM1
8	H	706	LDA	C2-C1-N1-CM2

There are no ring outliers.

10 monomers are involved in 13 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
10	L	302	BCB	2	0
10	M	402	BCB	1	0
5	C	404	HEC	1	0
5	C	403	HEC	1	0
5	C	402	HEC	1	0
11	L	303	BPB	1	0
14	M	405	NS5	1	0
11	M	404	BPB	3	0
10	L	301	BCB	2	0
5	C	401	HEC	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.
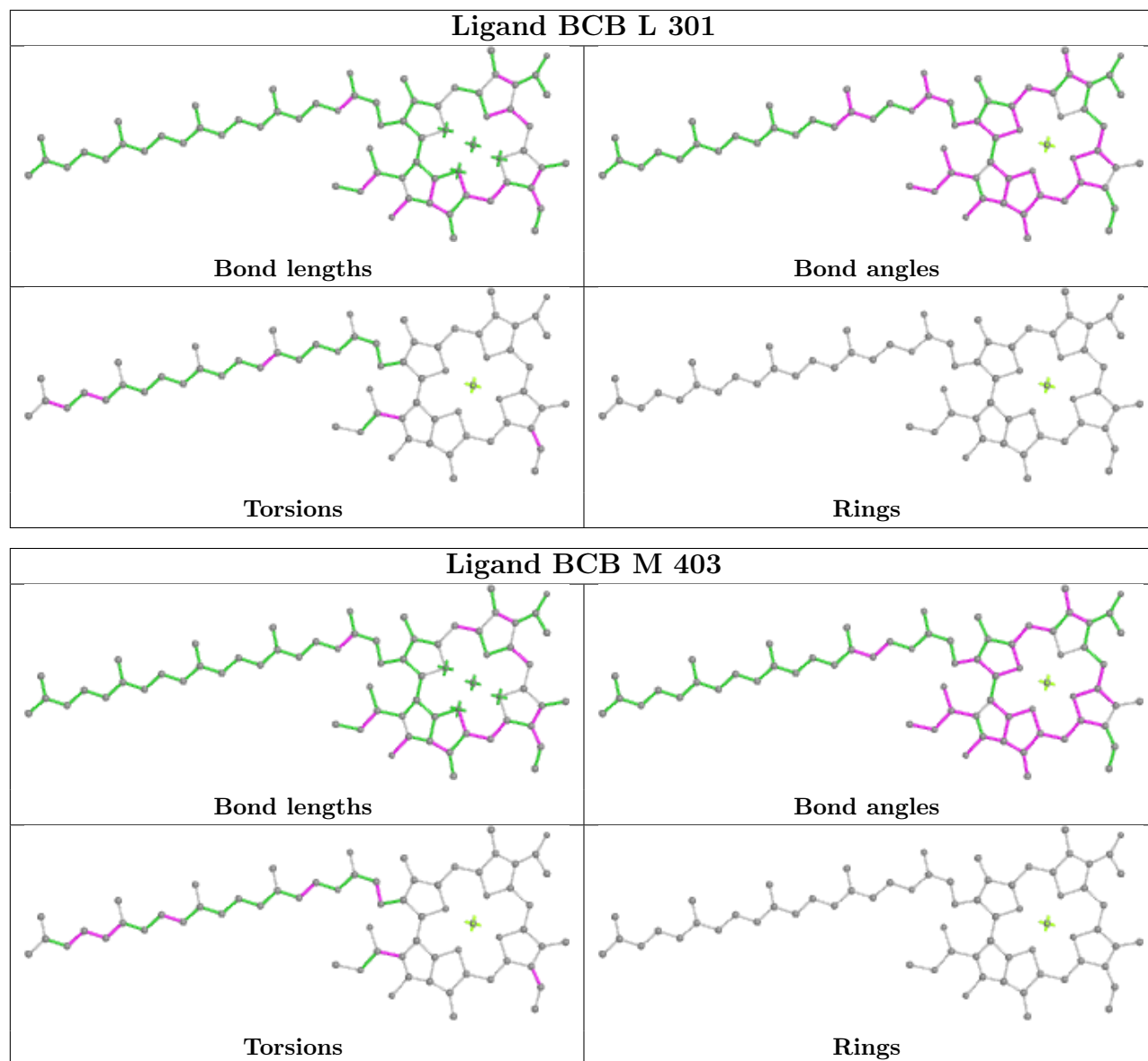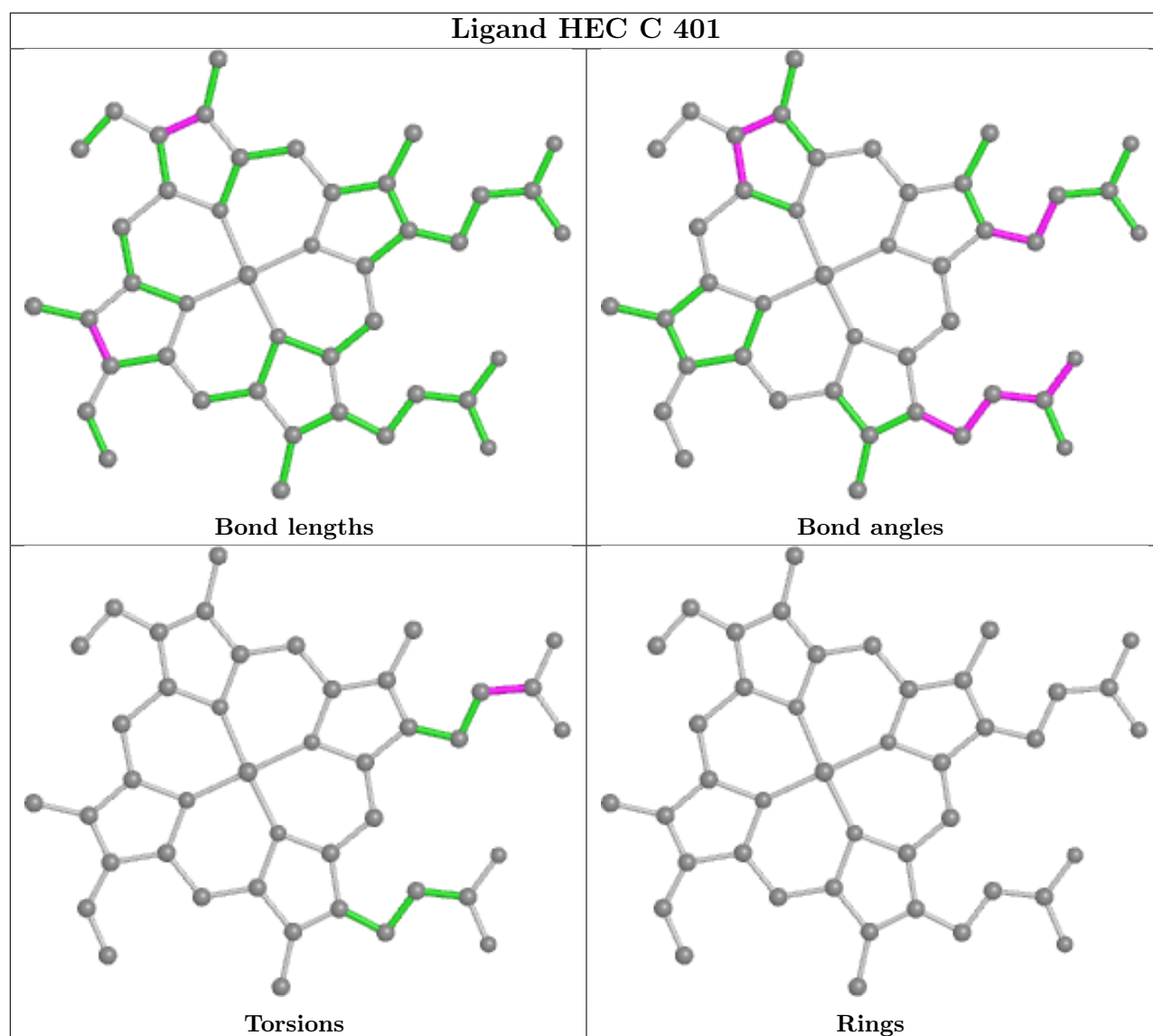
Ligand BCB L 302

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand BCB M 402

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand HEC C 404

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand HEC C 403

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand HEC C 402

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand BPB L 303

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand NS5 M 405

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand MQ7 M 401

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand DGA C 405

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand BPB M 404

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand BCB L 301

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand BCB M 403

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand HEC C 401

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å²)	Q<0.9
1	C	332/336 (98%)	-0.35	6 (1%)	68	66	60, 76, 106, 138	0
2	H	257/258 (99%)	-0.20	14 (5%)	25	24	67, 89, 139, 200	0
3	L	273/273 (100%)	-0.43	7 (2%)	56	54	60, 74, 102, 120	0
4	M	323/323 (100%)	-0.18	8 (2%)	57	55	60, 74, 103, 128	0
All	All	1185/1190 (99%)	-0.29	35 (2%)	50	49	60, 77, 112, 200	0

The worst 5 of 35 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	H	52	LEU	4.9
4	M	37	TRP	4.4
2	H	47	LEU	4.2
2	H	49	LEU	3.9
2	H	46	PRO	3.5

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.
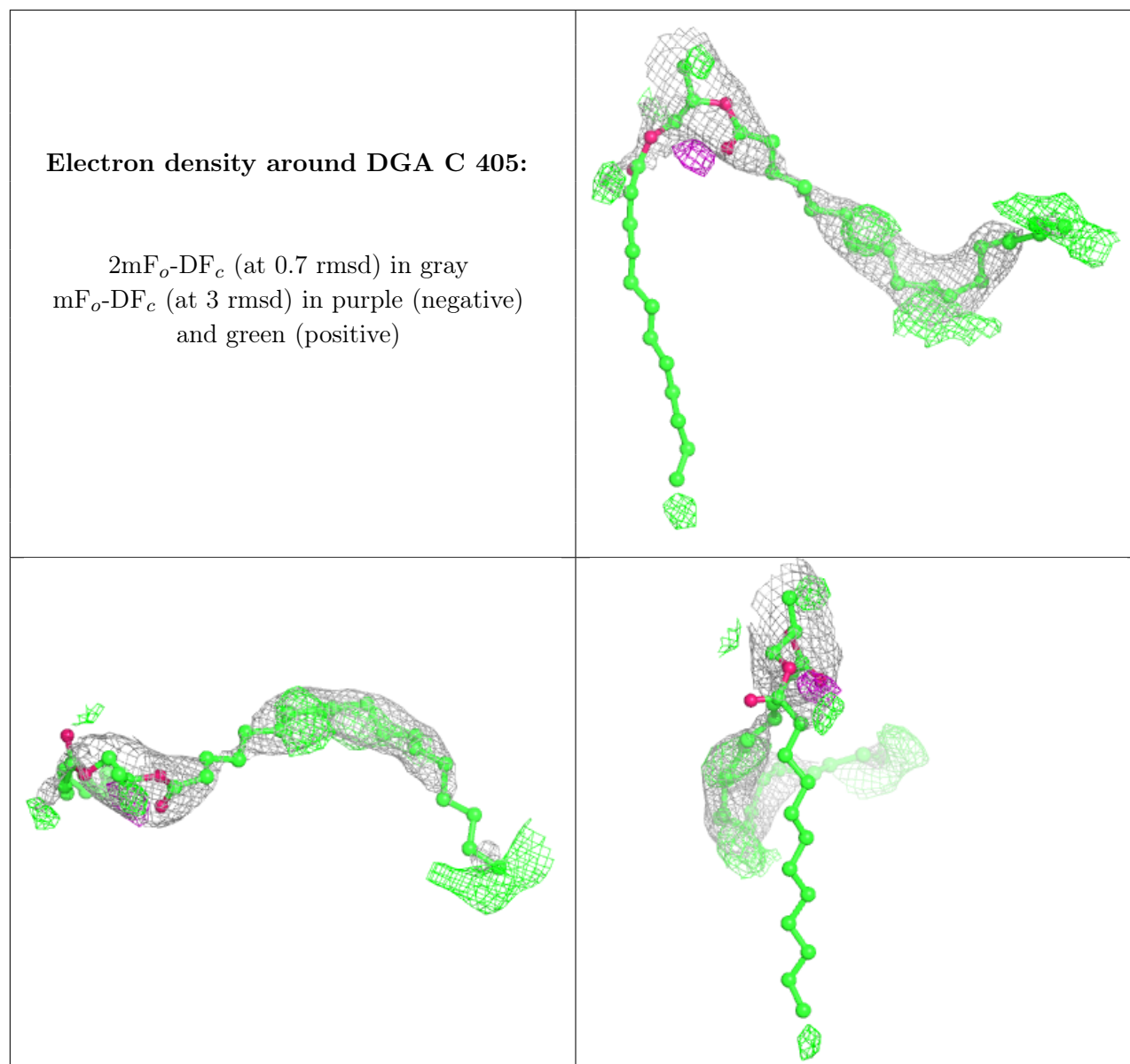
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å²)	Q<0.9
2	FME	H	1	10/11	0.98	0.10	74,90,102,110	0

6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
6	DGA	C	405	37/44	0.54	0.43	106,133,171,173	0
8	LDA	M	415	16/16	0.61	0.46	100,129,160,162	0
8	LDA	H	706	16/16	0.67	0.34	88,103,162,165	0
8	LDA	M	416	16/16	0.71	0.41	119,131,154,155	0
7	SO4	M	413	5/5	0.75	0.39	208,211,215,229	0
9	HTO	L	305	10/10	0.75	0.39	102,114,122,129	0
8	LDA	L	304	16/16	0.81	0.45	133,139,169,169	0
7	SO4	C	408	5/5	0.81	0.46	100,103,108,108	5
7	SO4	H	704	5/5	0.82	0.40	90,93,97,98	5
9	HTO	H	709	10/10	0.83	0.16	108,116,128,129	0
7	SO4	M	411	5/5	0.84	0.32	140,148,160,162	0
7	SO4	C	406	5/5	0.84	0.22	128,143,148,152	0
7	SO4	C	407	5/5	0.84	0.66	102,107,112,113	5
7	SO4	M	410	5/5	0.84	0.25	89,97,101,105	5
9	HTO	H	708	10/10	0.85	0.43	102,117,128,128	0
7	SO4	M	412	5/5	0.86	0.49	143,150,158,164	0
14	NS5	M	405	40/40	0.86	0.22	70,89,128,128	0
8	LDA	M	414	16/16	0.88	0.35	115,120,158,159	0
7	SO4	M	409	5/5	0.92	0.35	130,130,144,150	0
13	MQ7	M	401	48/48	0.94	0.22	64,71,114,126	0
8	LDA	H	707	16/16	0.95	0.26	95,110,135,135	0
8	LDA	H	701	16/16	0.96	0.24	72,87,99,100	0
10	BCB	M	402	66/66	0.96	0.17	60,70,151,157	0
7	SO4	M	407	5/5	0.96	0.10	102,105,117,122	0
7	SO4	H	703	5/5	0.96	0.39	163,163,172,174	0
11	BPB	M	404	65/65	0.97	0.16	64,75,157,163	0
10	BCB	L	301	66/66	0.97	0.19	55,60,78,91	0
7	SO4	H	705	5/5	0.97	0.06	95,96,112,113	5
7	SO4	H	702	5/5	0.98	0.09	95,100,107,112	0
10	BCB	L	302	66/66	0.98	0.20	59,64,105,109	0
5	HEC	C	401	43/43	0.98	0.11	69,81,90,98	0
10	BCB	M	403	66/66	0.98	0.18	54,63,95,99	0
11	BPB	L	303	65/65	0.98	0.18	60,66,76,80	0
5	HEC	C	402	43/43	0.98	0.13	69,75,86,94	0
5	HEC	C	403	43/43	0.98	0.18	51,63,70,77	0
5	HEC	C	404	43/43	0.98	0.12	60,67,86,105	0
12	FE2	L	306	1/1	0.99	0.15	68,68,68,68	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
7	SO4	M	408	5/5	0.99	0.07	77,83,86,90	0
7	SO4	M	406	5/5	0.99	0.09	88,96,107,109	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.
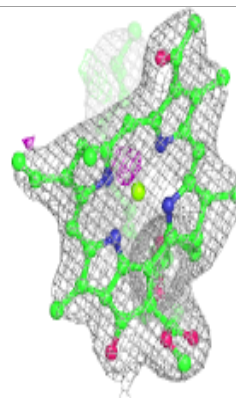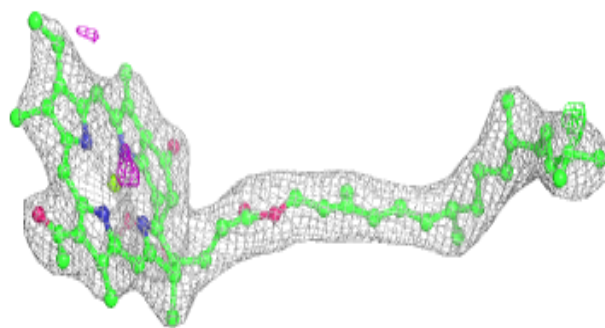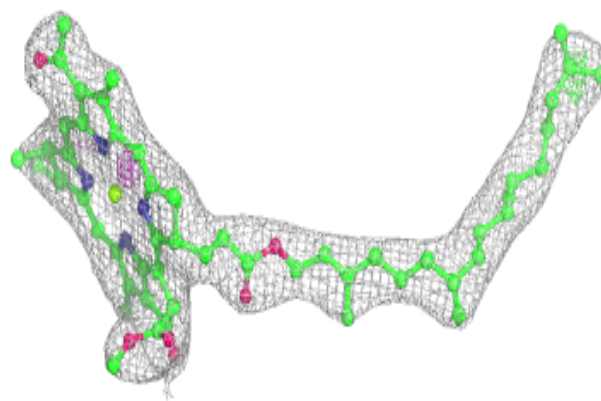

Electron density around DGA C 405:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

Electron density around NS5 M 405:

$2mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
$mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)
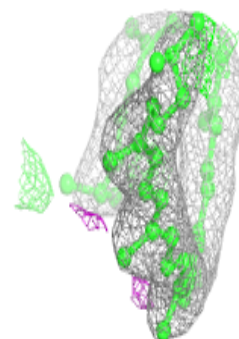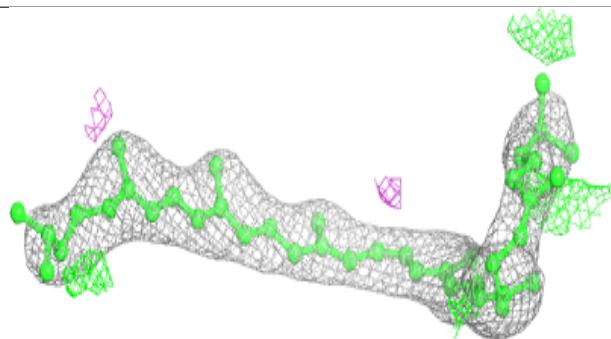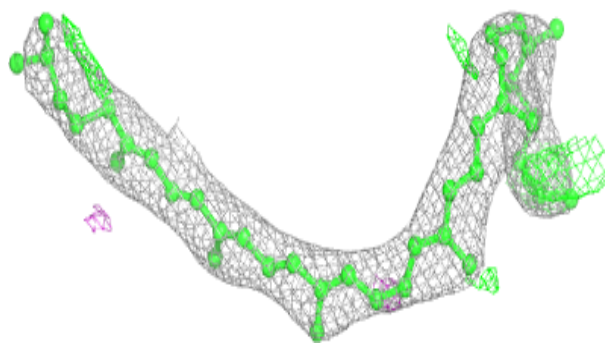
Electron density around MQ7 M 401:

$2mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
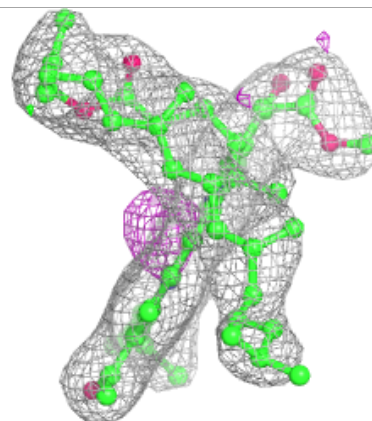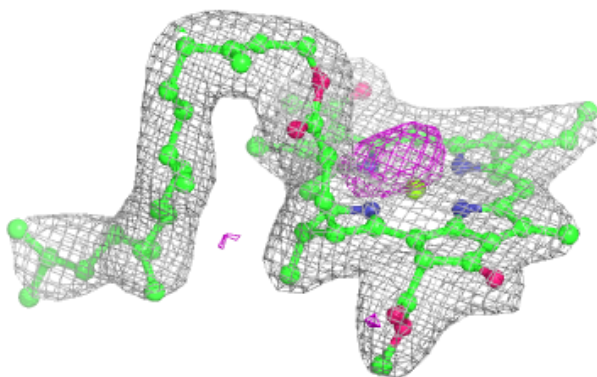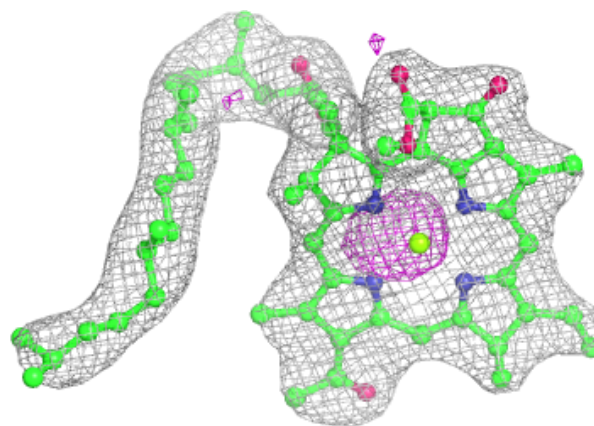$mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)
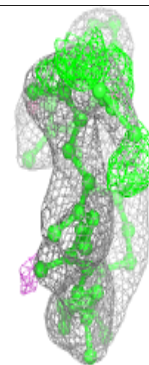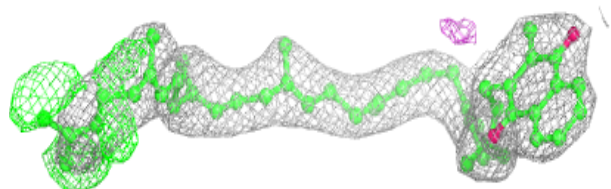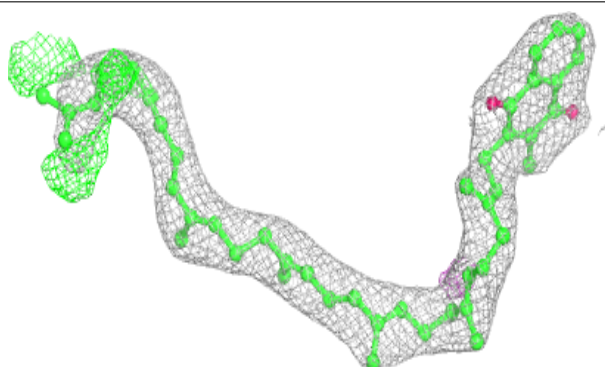
Electron density around BCB M 402:

$2mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
$mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)
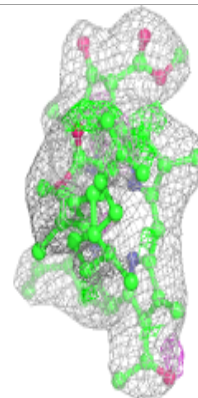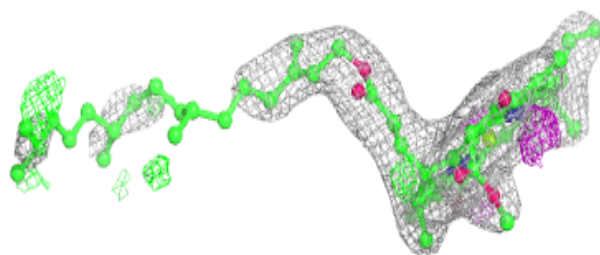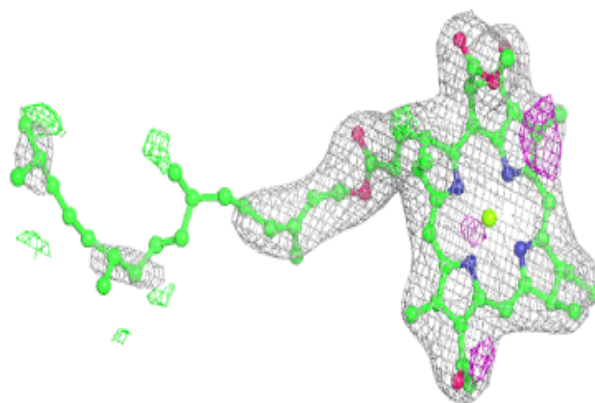
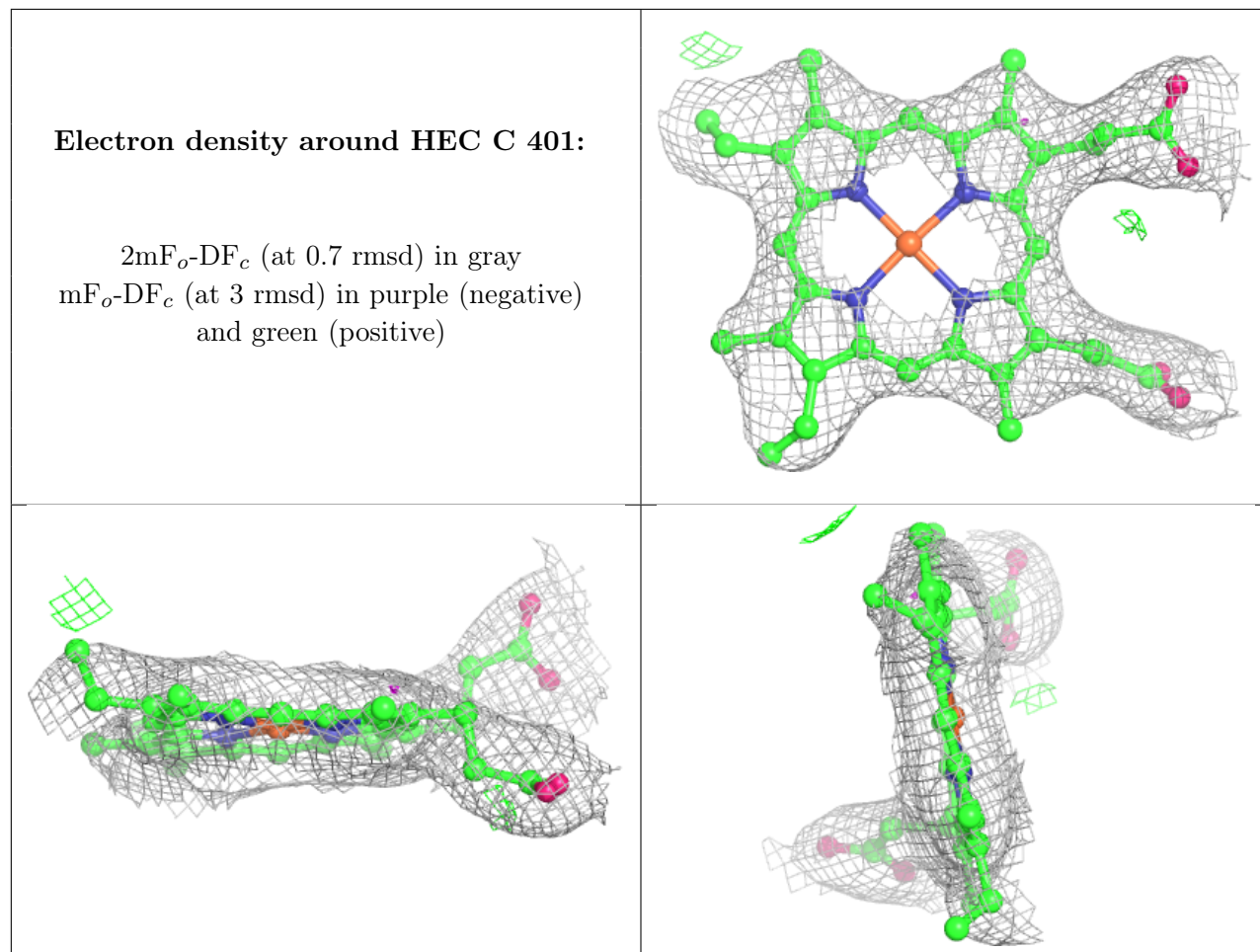**Electron density around BPB M 404:**

$2mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
$mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)
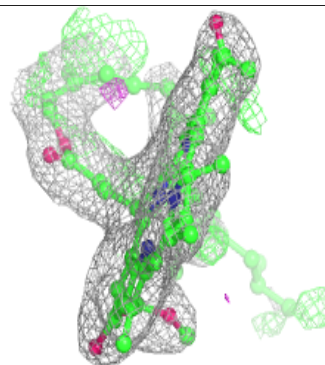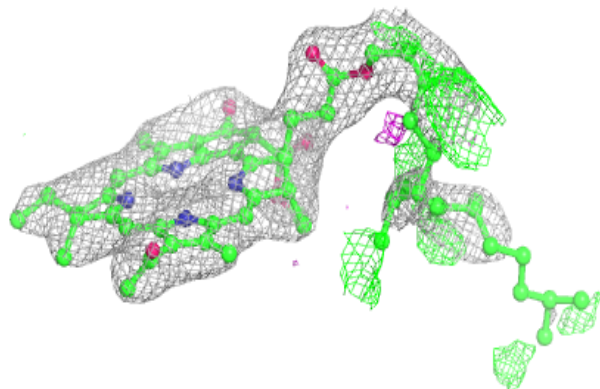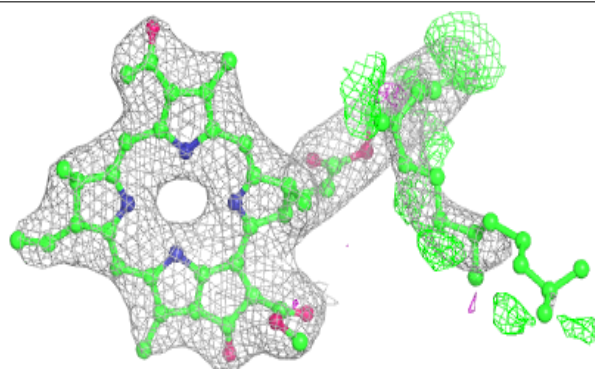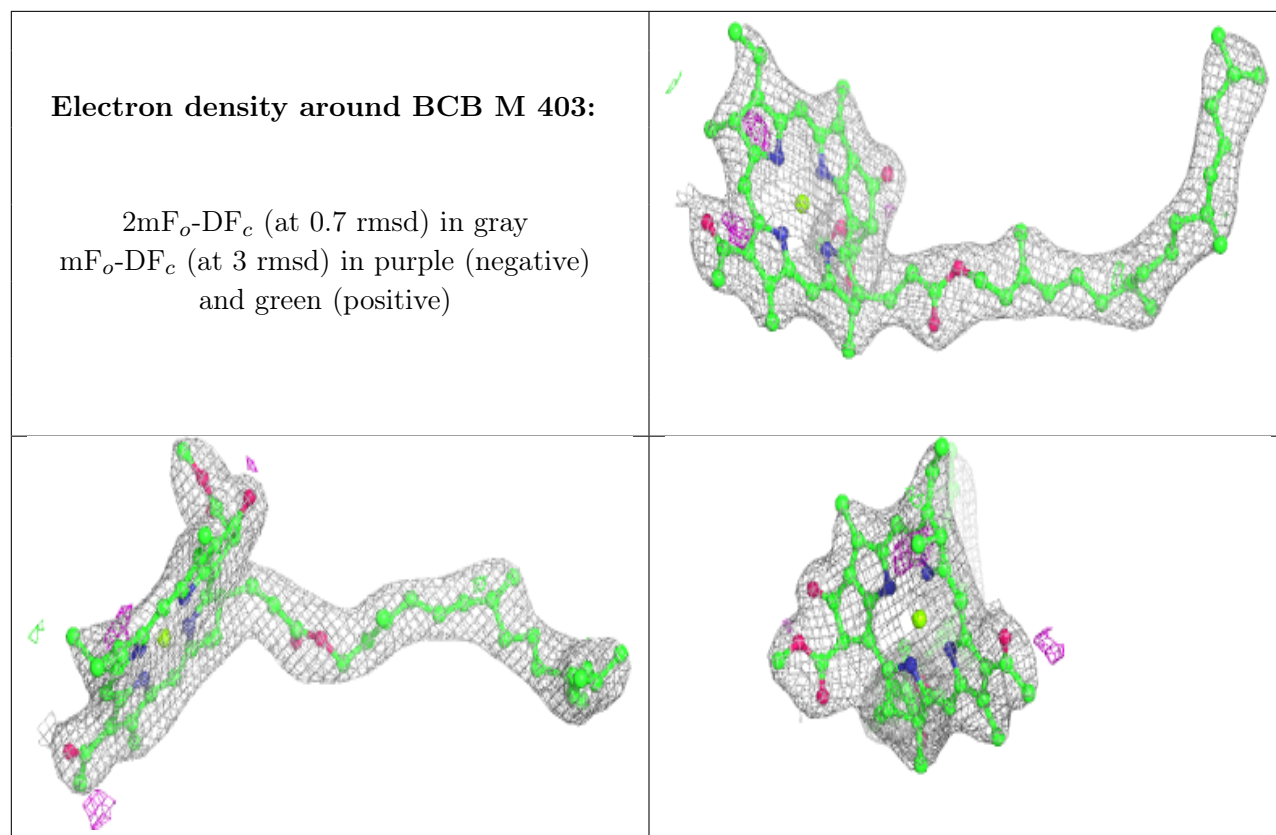
Electron density around BCB L 301:

$2mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
$mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

Electron density around BCB L 302:

$2mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
$mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

Electron density around HEC C 401:

$2mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
$mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

Electron density around BCB M 403:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

Electron density around BPB L 303:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
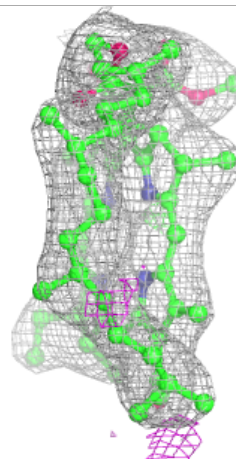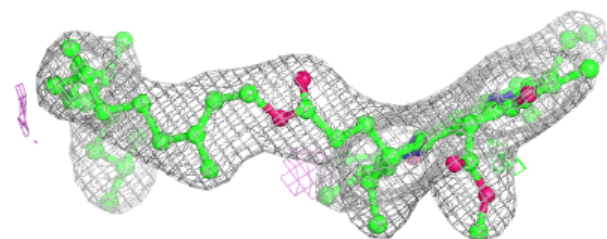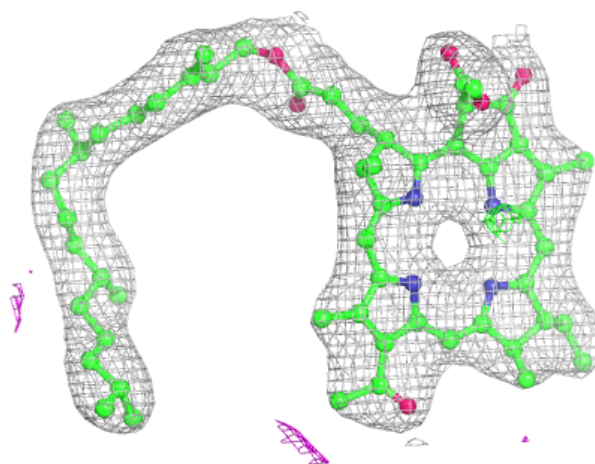mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

Electron density around HEC C 402:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
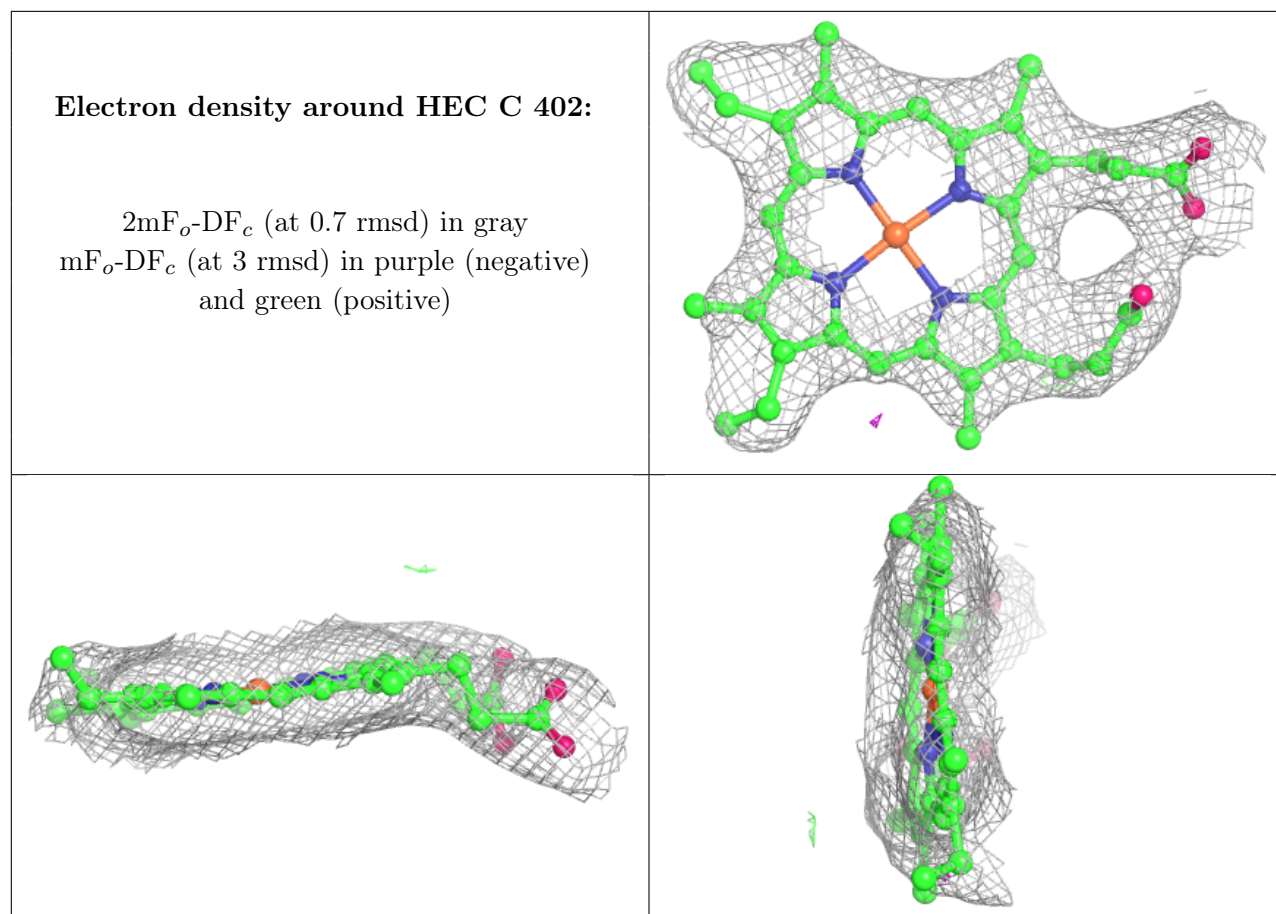mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

Electron density around HEC C 403:

$2mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
$mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
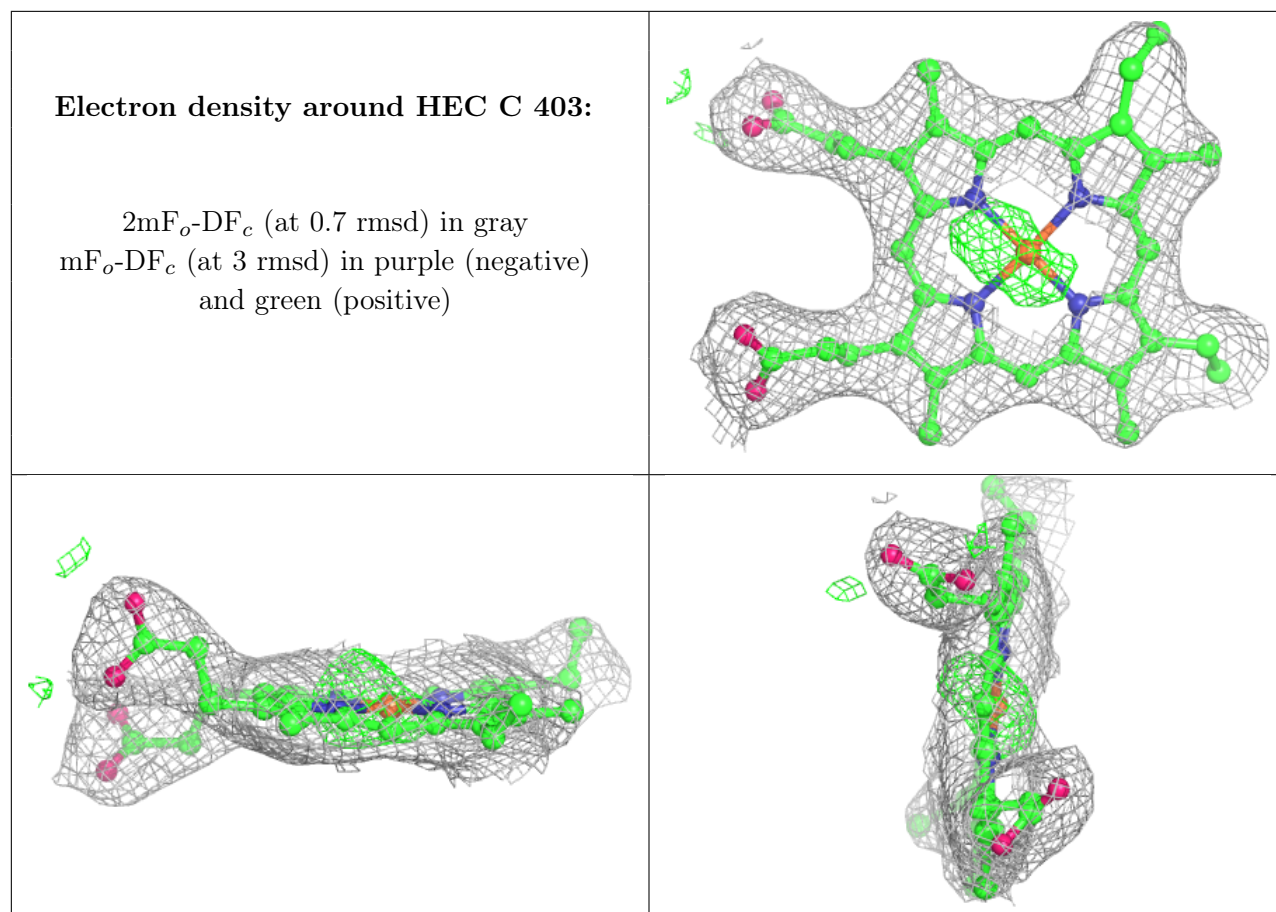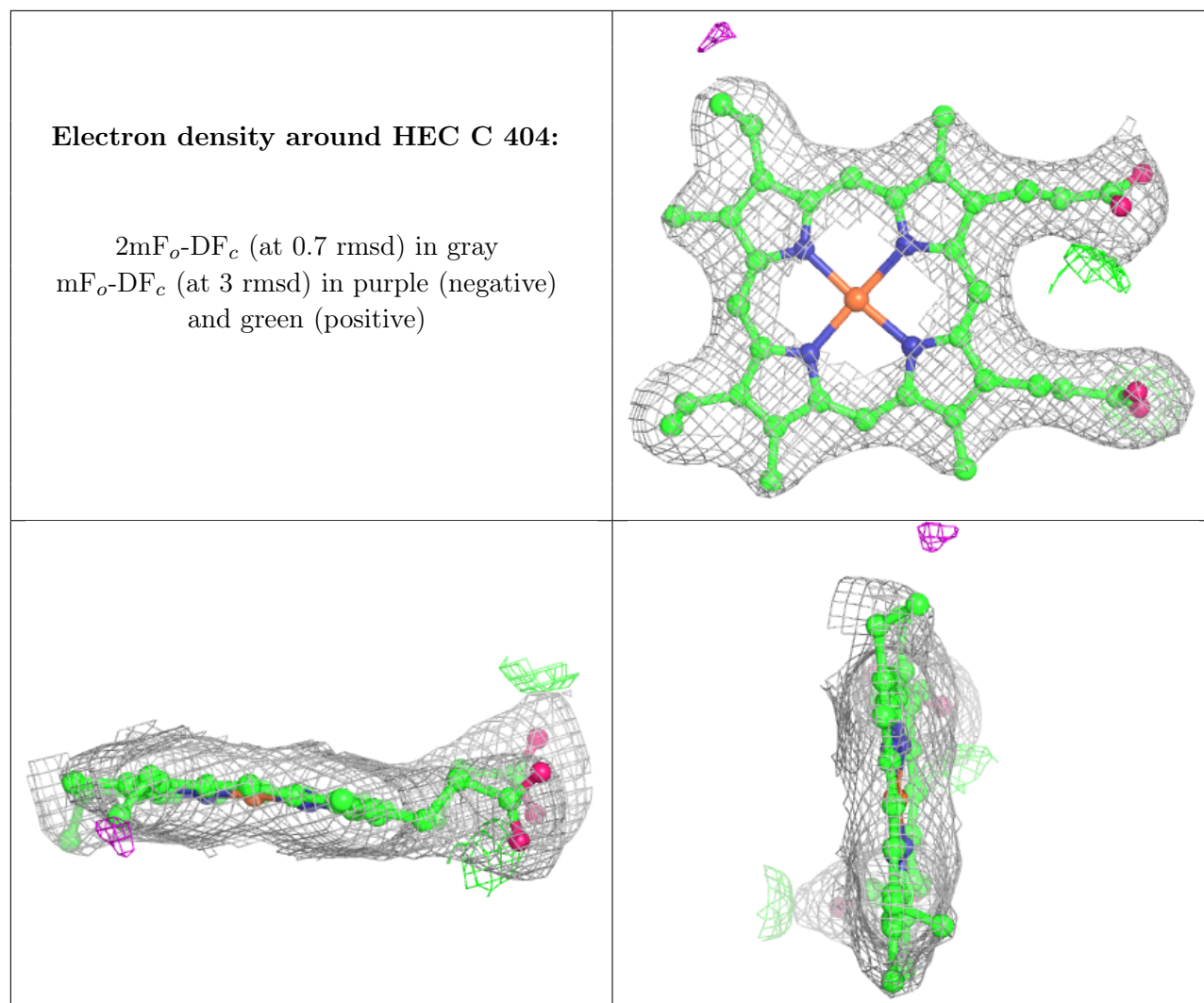and green (positive)

Electron density around HEC C 404:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.