



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 26, 2020 – 11:26 pm BST

PDB ID : 4NCC
Title : Neutralizing antibody to murine norovirus
Authors : Smith, T.; Li, M.
Deposited on : 2013-10-24
Resolution : 2.49 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.11
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

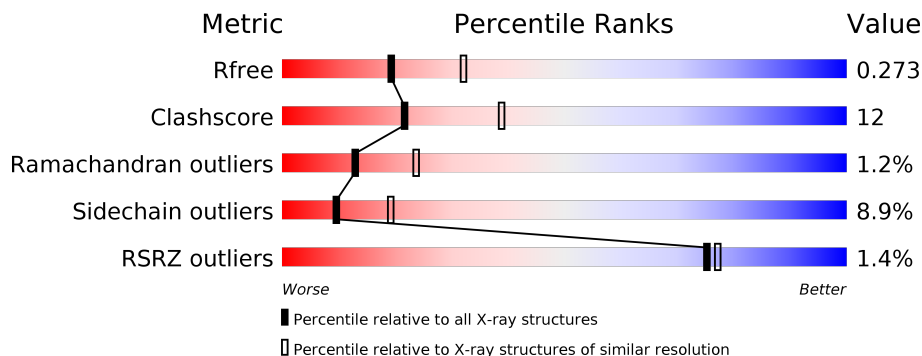
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.49 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	4661 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4559 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	1	211	 2% 77% 19%
1	L	211	 79% 19%
2	2	221	 2% 68% 28%
2	H	221	 2% 64% 31%

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6930 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Fab fragment light.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	L	211	Total 1620	C 1010	N 272	O 330	S 8	0	0	0
1	1	210	Total 1612	C 1006	N 270	O 328	S 8	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Fab fragment heavy.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	H	220	Total 1664	C 1066	N 282	O 309	S 7	0	0	0
2	2	220	Total 1664	C 1066	N 282	O 309	S 7	0	0	0

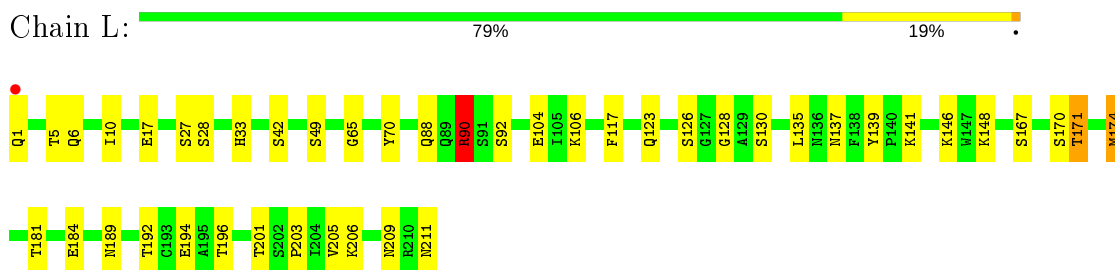
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	L	84	Total 84	O 84	0	0
3	H	76	Total 76	O 76	0	0
3	1	113	Total 113	O 113	0	0
3	2	97	Total 97	O 97	0	0

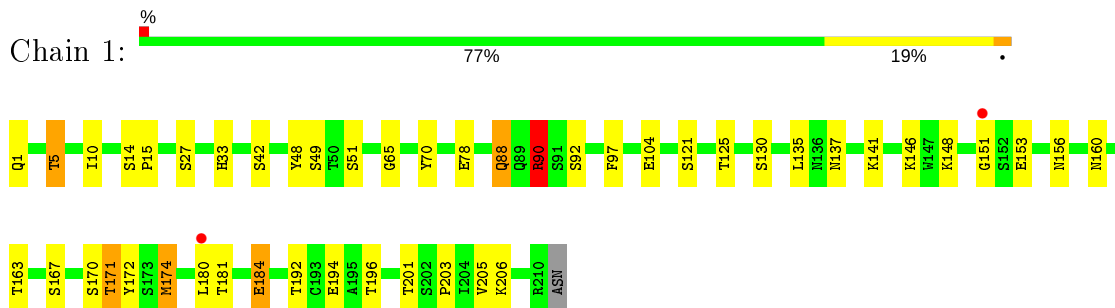
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

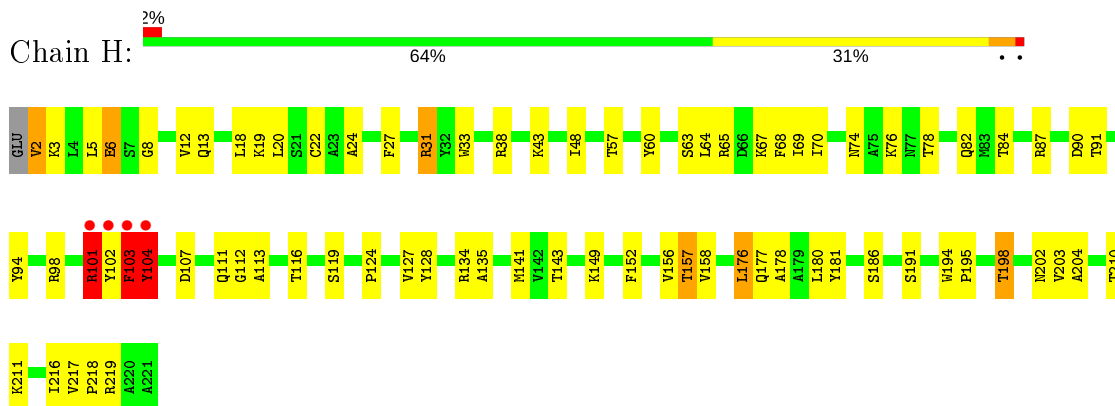
- Molecule 1: Fab fragment light



- Molecule 1: Fab fragment light

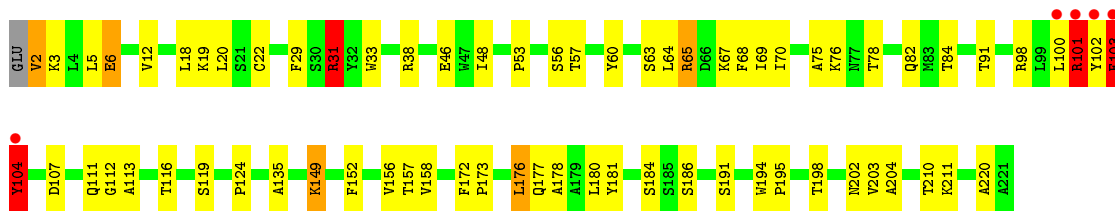


- Molecule 2: Fab fragment heavy



- Molecule 2: Fab fragment heavy





4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	42.59Å 135.81Å 83.31Å 90.00° 93.93° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	42.49 – 2.49 52.59 – 2.49	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	71.4 (42.49-2.49) 71.3 (52.59-2.49)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	4.84 (at 2.48Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.8.2_1309	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.204 , 0.273 0.204 , 0.273	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1184 reflections (4.84%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	13.9	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.331	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.32 , 49.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.82	EDS
Total number of atoms	6930	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 8.73% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	1	0.57	2/1651 (0.1%)	0.74	5/2242 (0.2%)
1	L	0.57	1/1659 (0.1%)	0.71	5/2253 (0.2%)
2	2	0.55	2/1710 (0.1%)	0.89	7/2337 (0.3%)
2	H	0.63	5/1710 (0.3%)	0.95	7/2337 (0.3%)
All	All	0.58	10/6730 (0.1%)	0.83	24/9169 (0.3%)

The worst 5 of 10 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	1	184	GLU	CD-OE1	-13.48	1.10	1.25
1	L	184	GLU	CD-OE1	-13.13	1.11	1.25
2	H	101	ARG	CZ-NH1	6.44	1.41	1.33
2	H	103	PHE	CB-CG	6.33	1.62	1.51
2	H	31	ARG	CG-CD	-6.27	1.36	1.51

The worst 5 of 24 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	H	101	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-20.31	110.15	120.30
2	2	101	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-16.94	111.83	120.30
2	H	101	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	14.51	127.56	120.30
1	1	90	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	13.25	126.92	120.30
1	L	90	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-12.73	113.94	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	1	1612	0	1548	37	0
1	L	1620	0	1554	30	0
2	2	1664	0	1658	50	0
2	H	1664	0	1658	54	0
3	1	113	0	0	13	0
3	2	97	0	0	10	0
3	H	76	0	0	10	0
3	L	84	0	0	10	0
All	All	6930	0	6418	155	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 155 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:1:42:SER:O	3:1:344:HOH:O	1.81	0.98
1:L:28:SER:O	3:L:318:HOH:O	1.83	0.96
2:H:127:VAL:O	3:H:305:HOH:O	1.89	0.90
1:L:126:SER:HB3	3:L:354:HOH:O	1.75	0.86
2:H:219:ARG:O	3:H:332:HOH:O	1.94	0.86

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	1	208/211 (99%)	200 (96%)	8 (4%)	0	100 100
1	L	209/211 (99%)	202 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100 100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	2	218/221 (99%)	203 (93%)	10 (5%)	5 (2%)	6	10
2	H	218/221 (99%)	204 (94%)	9 (4%)	5 (2%)	6	10
All	All	853/864 (99%)	809 (95%)	34 (4%)	10 (1%)	13	24

5 of 10 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	H	101	ARG
2	H	104	TYR
2	H	177	GLN
2	2	177	GLN
2	H	135	ALA

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	1	184/185 (100%)	172 (94%)	12 (6%)	17	33
1	L	185/185 (100%)	173 (94%)	12 (6%)	17	33
2	2	180/181 (99%)	159 (88%)	21 (12%)	5	10
2	H	180/181 (99%)	160 (89%)	20 (11%)	6	11
All	All	729/732 (100%)	664 (91%)	65 (9%)	9	19

5 of 65 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	H	186	SER
1	1	90	ARG
2	2	157	THR
2	H	191	SER
1	1	5	THR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	L	88	GLN
1	L	211	ASN
2	H	170	HIS
1	1	88	GLN
2	2	82	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	1	210/211 (99%)	0.05	2 (0%) 82 84	7, 17, 32, 51	0
1	L	211/211 (100%)	-0.07	1 (0%) 91 91	8, 15, 27, 44	0
2	2	220/221 (99%)	0.20	5 (2%) 60 63	12, 20, 36, 63	0
2	H	220/221 (99%)	0.10	4 (1%) 68 71	8, 17, 37, 73	0
All	All	861/864 (99%)	0.07	12 (1%) 75 77	7, 17, 32, 73	0

The worst 5 of 12 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	H	102	TYR	4.8
2	2	103	PHE	4.4
2	2	102	TYR	4.0
2	H	103	PHE	3.9
2	H	101	ARG	3.9

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.