

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 7, 2020 – 10:17 PM BST

PDB ID : 1NCC

Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURES OF TWO MUTANT NEURAMINIDASE-AN

TIBODY COMPLEXES WITH AMINO ACID SUBSTITUTIONS IN THE

INTERFACE

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Deposited on : 1992-01-21

Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.13.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove) roteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

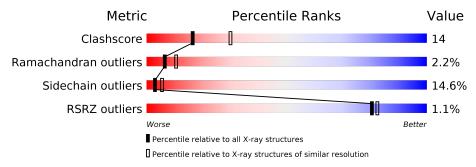
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4559 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	N	389	53%	35%	11% •			
2	L	214	52%	36%	11% •			
3	Н	221	55%	39%	5% •			
4	A	6	67%	33%				



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6508 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called INFLUENZA A SUBTYPE N9 NEURAMINIDASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	N	389	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	11	309	3078	1920	542	593	23	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
N	368	ARG	ILE	conflict	UNP P03472

• Molecule 2 is a protein called IGG2A-KAPPA NC41 FAB (LIGHT CHAIN).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	T.	214	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	L	214	1667	1043	280	336	8			

There are 21 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
L	20	THR	SER	conflict	EMBL Y11589
L	21	ILE	VAL	conflict	EMBL Y11589
L	28	ASP	ILE	conflict	EMBL Y11589
L	30	SER	GLY	conflict	EMBL Y11589
L	32	ALA	ASN	conflict	EMBL Y11589
L	34	VAL	ALA	conflict	EMBL Y11589
L	46	LEU	ALA	conflict	EMBL Y11589
L	50	TRP	SER	conflict	EMBL Y11589
L	53	THR	TYR	conflict	EMBL Y11589
L	55	HIS	TYR	conflict	EMBL Y11589
L	56	ILE	SER	conflict	EMBL Y11589
L	63	ALA	THR	conflict	EMBL Y11589
L	71	TYR	PHE	conflict	EMBL Y11589
L	77	SER	ASN	conflict	EMBL Y11589
L	80	ALA	SER	conflict	EMBL Y11589

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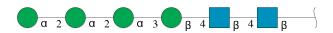
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Chain	Residue	$\mathbf{Modelled}$	Actual	Comment	Reference
L	85	LEU	GLU	$\operatorname{conflict}$	EMBL Y11589
L	87	TYR	PHE	$\operatorname{conflict}$	EMBL Y11589
L	91	HIS	TYR	$\operatorname{conflict}$	EMBL Y11589
L	92	TYR	ASN	$\operatorname{conflict}$	EMBL Y11589
L	93	SER	ARG	conflict	EMBL Y11589
L	94	PRO	TYR	$\operatorname{conflict}$	EMBL Y11589

• Molecule 3 is a protein called IGG2A-KAPPA NC41 FAB (HEAVY CHAIN).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	Н	221	Total	C	N	0	S	0	0	0
			1662	1048	273	334	1			

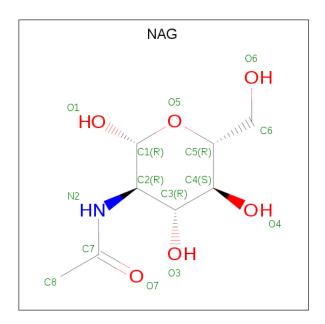
• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
4	A	6	Total 72	C 40	N 2	O 30	0	0	0

• Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	N	1	Total 14				0	0
5	N	1	Total 14	C 8		O 5	0	0

• Molecule 6 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

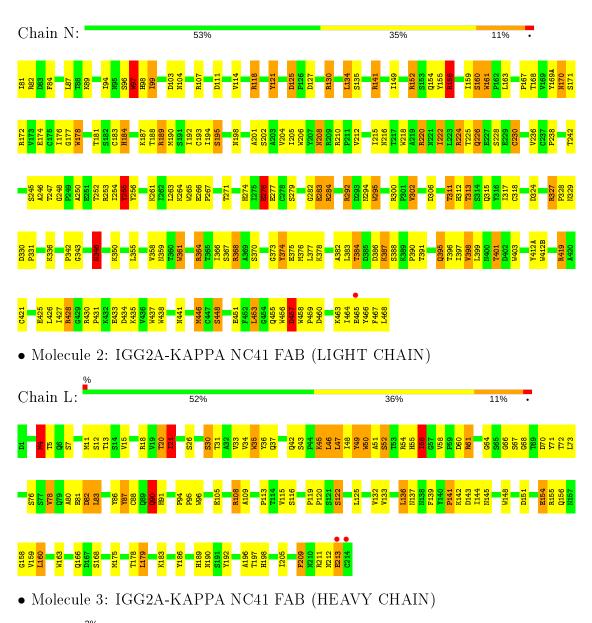
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	N	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

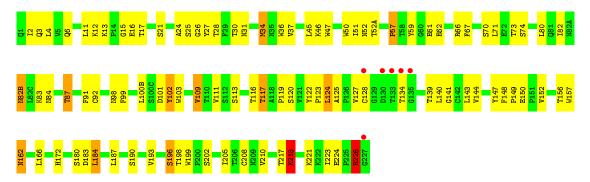
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: INFLUENZA A SUBTYPE N9 NEURAMINIDASE









 $\bullet$  Molecule 4: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A: 67% 33%

NAG1 NAG2 BMA3 MAN4 MAN5



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 4 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	167.00Å 167.00Å 124.00Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	8.00 - 2.50	Depositor
Resolution (A)	8.00 - 2.50	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) (8.00-2.50)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	49.7 (8.00-2.50)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$	-	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
D D	0.212 , (Not available)	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.224 , (Not available)	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	16.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.723	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.18, 47.9	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>1</sup>	$ < L >=0.31, < L^2>=0.15$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.85	EDS
Total number of atoms	6508	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	15.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.33% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, BMA, NAG, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles		
Mol		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	N	1.16	$6/3161 \ (0.2\%)$	1.99	$113/4304 \ (2.6\%)$	
2	L	1.00	0/1708	1.88	$42/2323 \ (1.8\%)$	
3	Н	1.02	0/1704	1.91	$45/2323 \ (1.9\%)$	
All	All	1.09	$6/6573 \ (0.1\%)$	1.94	$200/8950 \ (2.2\%)$	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	N	0	6
2	L	0	3
All	All	0	9

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	${f Observed(\AA)}$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(\mathbf{\AA})$
1	N	97	TRP	CG-CD2	-6.30	1.32	1.43
1	N	327	ARG	CZ-NH2	5.77	1.40	1.33
1	N	284	ARG	CZ-NH2	5.49	1.40	1.33
1	N	456	TRP	NE1-CE2	-5.23	1.30	1.37
1	N	283	GLU	CD-OE2	-5.08	1.20	1.25

The worst 5 of 200 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	N	284	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	-11.46	107.56	123.60
3	Н	36	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	10.48	114.68	106.30
1	N	130	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.33	115.14	120.30

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	${f Atoms}$	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
1	N	218	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	10.24	114.49	106.30
3	Н	34	MET	CG-SD-CE	-10.18	83.92	100.20

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 9 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	N	155	TYR	Sidechain
1	N	248	GLY	Peptide
1	N	255	TYR	Sidechain
1	N	284	ARG	Sidechain
1	N	327	ARG	Sidechain

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	N	3078	0	2905	101	0
2	L	1667	0	1598	43	0
3	Н	1662	0	1611	46	0
4	A	72	0	61	1	0
5	N	28	0	26	1	0
6	N	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	6508	0	6201	182	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 14.

The worst 5 of 182 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:N:426:LEU:HD23	1:N:460:ASP:HB2	1.40	1.03
2:L:145:ASN:HB3	2:L:197:THR:HB	1.53	0.91
1:N:426:LEU:HD23	1:N:460:ASP:CB	2.00	0.91
1:N:188:THR:HG21	1:N:208:ASN:HB2	1.60	0.82
1:N:426:LEU:HD23	1:N:460:ASP:CA	2.10	0.81



There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	$_{ m ntiles}$
1	N	387/389 (100%)	336 (87%)	48 (12%)	3 (1%)	19	35
2	L	212/214 (99%)	187 (88%)	19 (9%)	6 (3%)	5	7
3	Н	219/221 (99%)	180 (82%)	30 (14%)	9 (4%)	3	3
All	All	818/824 (99%)	703 (86%)	97 (12%)	18 (2%)	6	10

5 of 18 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	L	154	GLU
2	L	158	GLY
3	Н	16	GLU
3	Н	87	THR
3	Н	162	ASN

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	N	342/342 (100%)	300 (88%)	42 (12%)	4 9		
2	L	190/190 (100%)	153 (80%)	37 (20%)	1 2		
3	Н	187/187 (100%)	161 (86%)	26 (14%)	3 6		
All	All	719/719 (100%)	614 (85%)	105 (15%)	3 5		



$\sim$	C 10 F	• 1	• . 1		. 1 1 .	1 1	1 1
Ъ	of 105	residues	with a	non-rotameric	sidechain	are listed	below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	L	20	THR
2	L	58	VAL
3	Н	190	SER
2	L	21	ILE
2	L	43	SER

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 12 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	N	392	GLN
1	N	395	GLN
3	Н	6	GLN
1	N	359	ASN
2	L	161	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

6 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	туре				Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	NAG	A	1	1,4	14,14,15	0.61	0	17,19,21	1.69	5 (29%)
4	NAG	A	2	4	14,14,15	0.80	0	17,19,21	2.01	3 (17%)



Mal	Mol Type	Clasin	Res	Link	Bo	nd leng	ths	Bond angles		
WIOI Ty	туре	Chain		LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	BMA	A	3	4	11,11,12	1.82	2 (18%)	15,15,17	1.80	5 (33%)
4	MAN	A	4	4	11,11,12	1.17	1 (9%)	15,15,17	3.28	8 (53%)
4	MAN	A	5	4	11,11,12	1.21	2 (18%)	15,15,17	3.06	6 (40%)
4	MAN	A	6	4	11,11,12	1.68	4 (36%)	15,15,17	1.98	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	1	1,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	A	3	4	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	A	4	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	A	5	4	-	2/2/19/22	1/1/1/1
4	MAN	A	6	4	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 9 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
4	A	3	BMA	C6-C5	3.83	1.64	1.51
4	A	6	MAN	C1-C2	2.90	1.58	1.52
4	A	6	MAN	C6-C5	2.64	1.60	1.51
4	A	3	BMA	C4-C5	2.63	1.58	1.53
4	A	5	MAN	C4-C3	2.50	1.58	1.52

The worst 5 of 28 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	A	5	MAN	C1-O5-C5	8.27	123.40	112.19
4	A	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	7.01	121.69	112.19
4	A	6	MAN	C1-O5-C5	6.74	121.33	112.19
4	A	4	MAN	C1-C2-C3	6.69	117.89	109.67
4	A	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2	5.86	126.02	116.10

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	6	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	A	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	A	6	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	A	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	A	5	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6

All (1) ring outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	5	MAN	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5

2 monomers are involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	4	MAN	1	0
4	A	5	MAN	1	0

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	NAG	N	475(A)	1	14,14,15	1.45	2 (14%)	17,19,21	1.78	5 (29%)
5	NAG	N	476(A)	1	14,14,15	0.88	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.74	6 (35%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	${f Torsions}$	Rings
5	NAG	N	475(A)	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	N	476(A)	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1



All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	${ m Observed}({ m \AA})$	Ideal(A)
5	N	475(A)	NAG	C2-N2	-3.86	1.39	1.46
5	N	475(A)	NAG	O5-C1	2.23	1.47	1.43
5	N	476(A)	NAG	C4-C3	2.03	1.57	1.52

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	N	476(A)	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-3.54	105.83	111.02
5	N	475(A)	NAG	C8-C7-N2	3.40	121.86	116.10
5	N	475(A)	NAG	C6-C5-C4	3.10	120.27	113.00
5	N	476(A)	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.74	120.74	116.10
5	N	475(A)	NAG	O5-C5-C6	-2.52	103.26	107.20

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	N	476(A)	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	N	476(A)	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
5	N	476(A)	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	N	475(A)	NAG	1	0

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	N	389/389 (100%)	-1.17	1 (0%) 94 94	2, 3, 18, 39	0
2	L	214/214 (100%)	-0.77	2 (0%) 84 86	2, 19, 38, 68	0
3	Н	221/221 (100%)	-0.58	6 (2%) 54 58	2, 24, 44, 67	0
All	All	824/824 (100%)	-0.91	9 (1%) 80 82	2, 12, 37, 68	0

The worst 5 of 9 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	Н	135	GLY	5.6
3	Н	130	ASP	5.1
3	Н	134	THR	4.2
2	L	214	CYS	4.0
2	L	213	GLU	3.4

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	MAN	A	4	11/12	0.96	0.10	6,7,9,11	0
4	MAN	A	5	11/12	0.96	0.10	10,13,15,17	0
4	NAG	A	1	14/15	0.97	0.10	8,11,16,17	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{\textbf{B-factors}}(\AA^2)$	Q<0.9
4	MAN	A	6	11/12	0.97	0.10	$13,\!14,\!15,\!16$	0
4	BMA	A	3	11/12	0.97	0.09	5,7,8,9	0
4	NAG	A	2	14/15	0.97	0.09	8,11,12,13	0

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
5	NAG	N	476(A)	14/15	0.92	0.14	20,22,26,27	0
6	CA	N	1	1/1	0.95	0.18	44,44,44,44	0
5	NAG	N	475(A)	14/15	0.97	0.10	19,22,24,25	0

#### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

