

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Oct 9, 2023 – 11:33 PM EDT

PDB ID : 7N6T

Title: Crystal structure of inhibitor-free HIV-1 PRS17 revertant mutant PRS17

V48G

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Deposited on : 2021-06-09

Resolution : 1.32 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.orgA user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

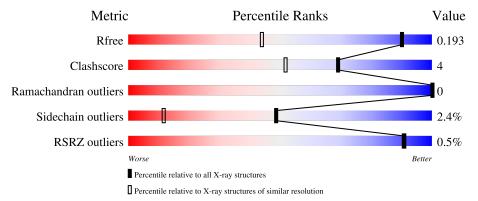
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.32 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{A})}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	1611 (1.34-1.30)
Clashscore	141614	1667 (1.34-1.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1615 (1.34-1.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1615 (1.34-1.30)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1580 (1.34-1.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	99	88%	11%	•
1	В	99	89%	11%	_



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1737 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Protease.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	А	99		С		O	S	0	6	0
-	11	00	791	516	137	137	1			
1	D	99	Total	С	N	Ο	S	0	5	0
1	Ъ	99	785	511	136	137	1	0	9	U

There are 38 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	in Residue Modelled Actual Comment		Reference		
A	7	LYS	GLN	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	10	ILE	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	20	ARG	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	35	ASP	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	36	ILE	MET	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	37	ASP	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	46	LEU	MET	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	54	VAL	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	60	GLU	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	62	VAL	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	63	PRO	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	67	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	71	VAL	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	72	VAL	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	77	ILE	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	82	SER	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	90	MET	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	93	LEU	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
A	95	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	107	LYS	GLN	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	110	ILE	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	120	ARG	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	135	ASP	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	136	ILE	MET	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	137	ASP	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P03367

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	146	LEU	MET	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	154	VAL	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	160	GLU	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	162	VAL	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	163	PRO	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	167	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	171	VAL	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	172	VAL	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	177	ILE	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	182	SER	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	190	MET	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	193	LEU	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P03367
В	195	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P03367

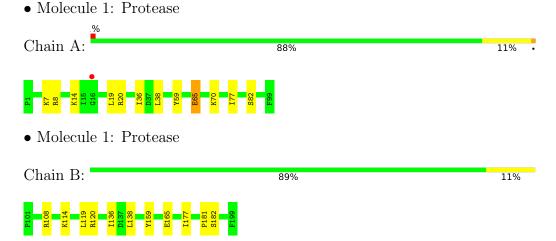
#### • Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	113	Total O 113 113	0	5
2	В	48	Total O 48 48	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41	Depositor
Cell constants	45.34Å 45.34Å 105.09Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	34.35 - 1.32	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	34.33 - 1.32	EDS
% Data completeness	97.5 (34.35-1.32)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.5 (34.33-1.32)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.06	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.92 (at 1.32Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0267	Depositor
D D.	0.158 , 0.186	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.166 , $0.193$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2486 reflections (5.11%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	11.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	1.261	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.37, 33.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.480 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.98	EDS
Total number of atoms	1737	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	25.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 13.07% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain		nd lengths	Bond angles		
Mol Chain		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	1.02	1/824 (0.1%)	1.17	3/1116 (0.3%)	
1	В	0.98	1/815 (0.1%)	1.15	3/1105 (0.3%)	
All	All	1.00	$2/1639 \ (0.1\%)$	1.16	$6/2221 \ (0.3\%)$	

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	A	65	GLU	CD-OE1	5.46	1.31	1.25
1	В	165	GLU	CD-OE2	-5.32	1.19	1.25

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	8	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	6.90	123.75	120.30
1	A	20	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.36	117.12	120.30
1	В	159	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	5.51	124.30	121.00
1	A	59	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	5.41	124.24	121.00
1	В	108	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.35	122.98	120.30
1	В	120	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.02	117.79	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	791	0	865	6	0
1	В	785	0	850	6	0
2	A	113	0	0	0	0
2	В	48	0	0	0	0
All	All	1737	0	1715	12	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (12) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:136:ILE:HD11	1:B:177[A]:ILE:HD11	1.86	0.57
1:B:136:ILE:HD11	1:B:177[A]:ILE:CD1	2.37	0.54
1:A:14:LYS:HG2	1:A:19:LEU:HD12	1.90	0.52
1:A:36:ILE:HD11	1:A:77[A]:ILE:CD1	2.41	0.51
1:A:36:ILE:HD11	1:A:77[A]:ILE:HD11	1.92	0.50
1:A:36:ILE:HG13	1:A:77[A]:ILE:HD12	1.93	0.50
1:B:114:LYS:HG2	1:B:119:LEU:HD12	1.95	0.48
1:B:136:ILE:HG13	1:B:177[A]:ILE:HD12	1.99	0.45
1:B:114:LYS:HG2	1:B:119:LEU:CD1	2.48	0.43
1:B:138:LEU:HG	1:B:177[B]:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.42
1:A:38:LEU:HG	1:A:77[B]:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.40
1:A:65:GLU:OE1	1:A:70:LYS:NZ	2.37	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	103/99 (104%)	102 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	В	102/99 (103%)	101 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
All	All	205/198 (104%)	203 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percent	tiles
1	A	88/82 (107%)	85 (97%)	3 (3%)	37	5
1	В	87/82 (106%)	84 (97%)	3 (3%)	37	5
All	All	175/164 (107%)	169 (97%)	6 (3%)	49	5

All (6) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	7[A]	LYS
1	A	7[B]	LYS
1	A	82	SER
1	В	181[A]	PRO
1	В	181[B]	PRO
1	В	182	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	58	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	99/99 (100%)	-0.45	1 (1%) 82 82	17, 23, 35, 39	0
1	В	99/99 (100%)	-0.47	0 100 100	17, 23, 34, 38	0
All	All	198/198 (100%)	-0.46	1 (0%) 91 91	17, 23, 35, 39	0

#### All (1) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	16	GLY	2.0

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

