Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

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Title	:	Mdmx-SJ212
Authors	:	Grace, C.R.; Kriwacki, R.W.
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This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

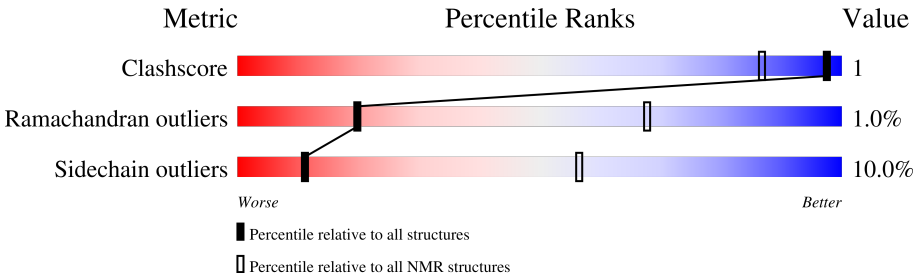
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 93%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	89	82% 9% 9%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 17 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:27-A:107 (81)	0.42	17

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15
2	5, 7, 11, 16, 17
3	13, 19
4	9, 14
5	18, 20
Single-model clusters	2; 3

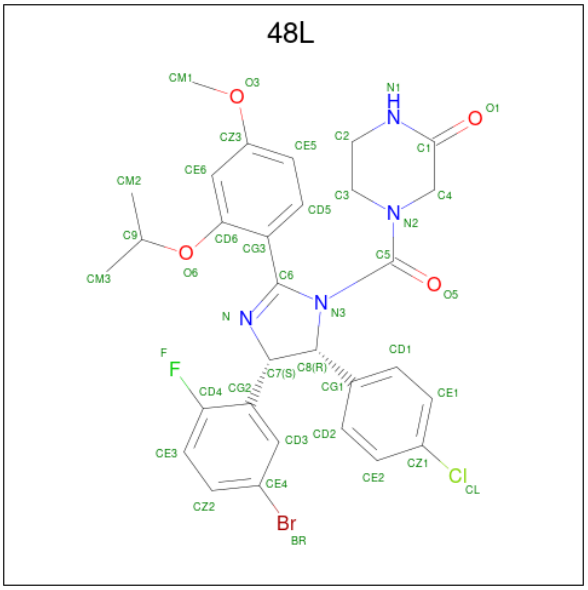
3 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1510 atoms, of which 759 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Protein Mdm4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	89	1440	456	730	121	127	6	0

- Molecule 2 is 4-({(4S,5R)-4-(5-bromo-2-fluorophenyl)-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[4-methoxy-2-(propan-2-yloxy)phenyl]-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-1-yl}carbonyl)piperazin-2-one (three-letter code: 48L) (formula: $C_{30}H_{29}BrClFN_4O_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							
			Total	Br	C	Cl	F	H	N	O
2	A	1	70	1	30	1	1	29	4	4

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

Chain A: 

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

Chain A: 

4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

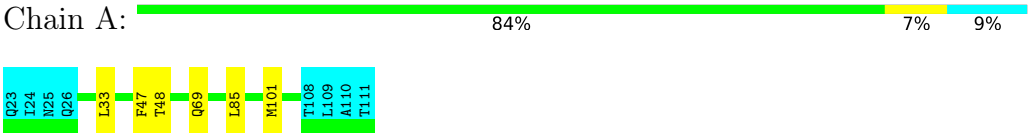
• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

Chain A: 

4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

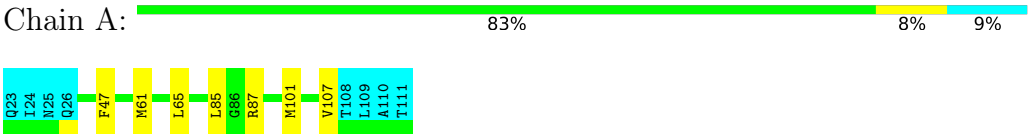
Chain A:



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

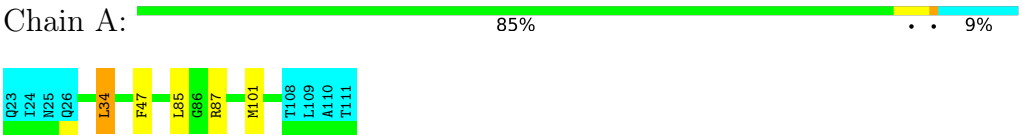
Chain A:



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

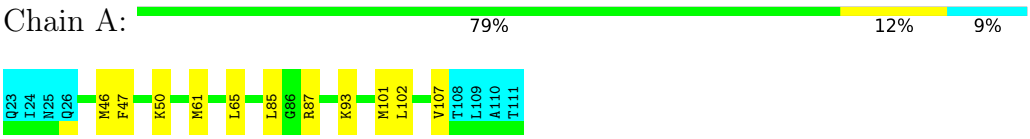
Chain A:



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

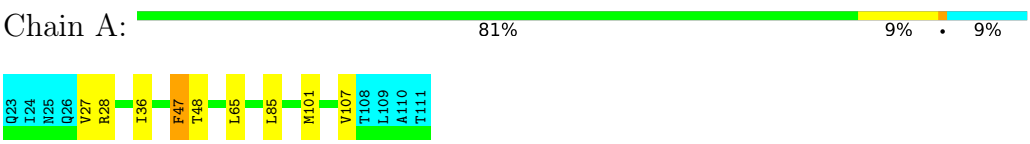
Chain A:



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

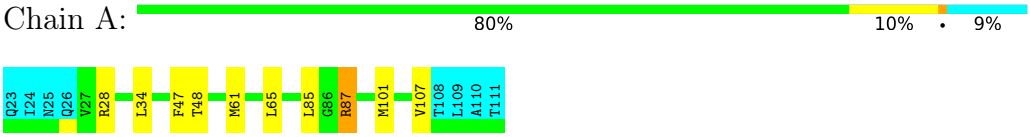
Chain A:



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

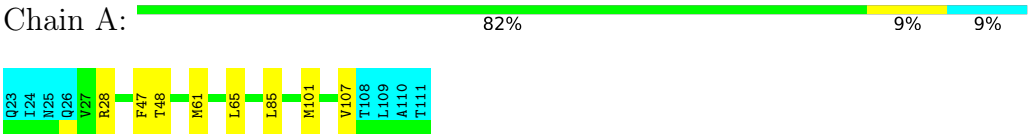
Chain A:



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

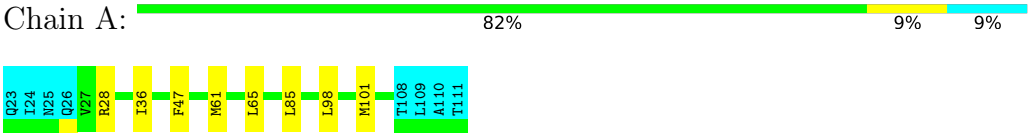
Chain A:



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

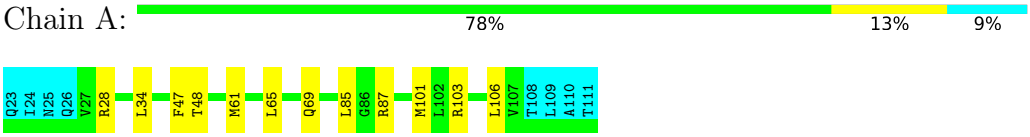
Chain A:



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

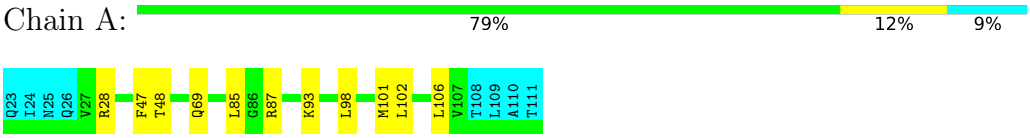
Chain A:



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

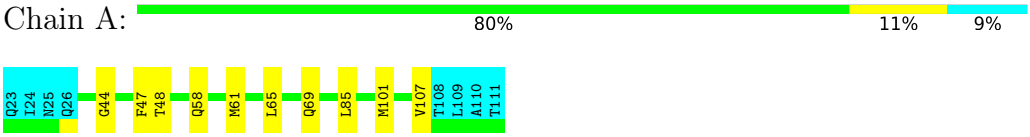
Chain A:



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

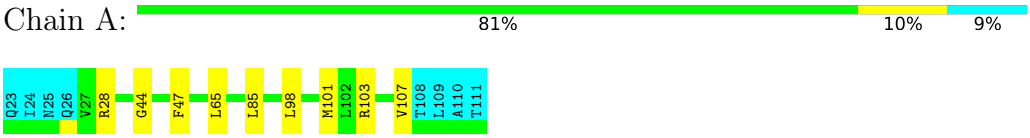
Chain A:



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

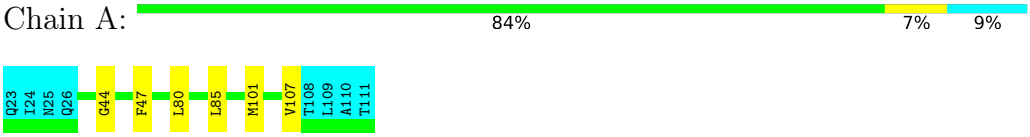
Chain A:



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

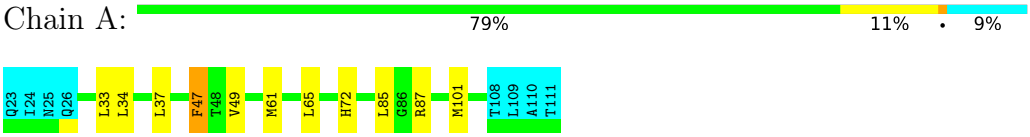
Chain A:



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

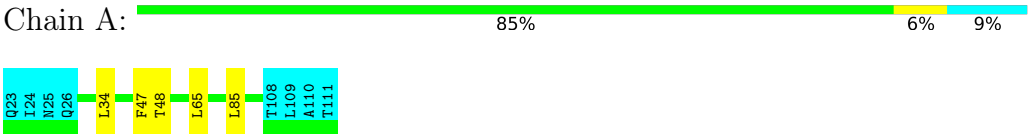
Chain A:



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

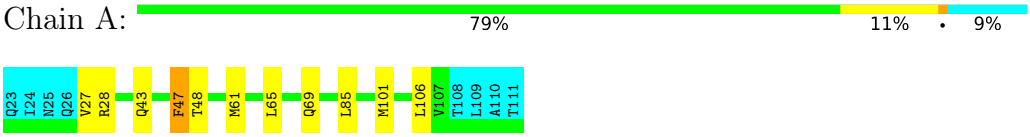
Chain A:



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

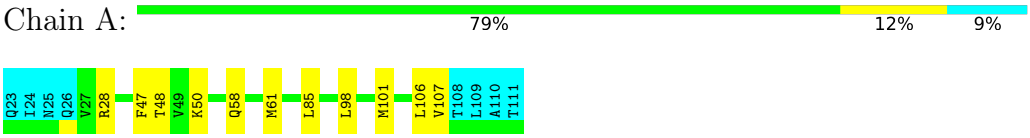
Chain A:



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

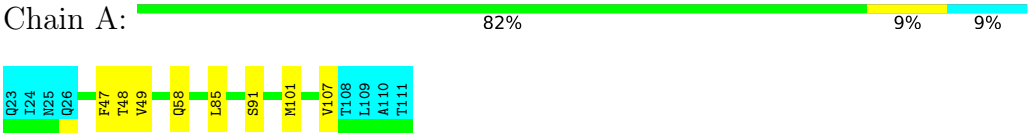
Chain A:



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: Protein Mdm4

Chain A:



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	
CYANA	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1203
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1203
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	93%

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 48L

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.72±0.00	0±0/663 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.03±0.02	1±1/893 (0.1± 0.1%)
All	All	0.72	0/13260 (0.0%)	1.03	16/17860 (0.1%)

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	28	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.73	124.16	120.30	2	10
1	A	87	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.67	123.14	120.30	2	2
1	A	103	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.13	122.86	120.30	14	2
1	A	28	ARG	NH1-CZ-NH2	-5.08	113.81	119.40	18	1
1	A	34	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	5.05	119.58	111.00	5	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	649	667	667	0±0
2	A	41	29	29	1±0
All	All	13800	13920	13920	15

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
2:A:200:48L:H31	2:A:200:48L:C6	0.47	2.39	3	10
1:A:37:LEU:HD13	1:A:47:PHE:CE1	0.43	2.48	16	1
1:A:27:VAL:HG11	1:A:47:PHE:C	0.42	2.34	1	1
1:A:27:VAL:HG21	1:A:47:PHE:H	0.41	1.76	7	1
1:A:27:VAL:HG11	1:A:47:PHE:O	0.41	2.15	18	1
2:A:200:48L:C3	2:A:200:48L:C6	0.40	2.99	1	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	81/89 (91%)	70±2 (86±2%)	10±2 (13±2%)	1±1 (1±1%)	20	68
All	All	1620/1780 (91%)	1397 (86%)	207 (13%)	16 (1%)	20	68

All 4 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	107	VAL	11
1	A	44	GLY	3
1	A	77	GLY	1
1	A	43	GLN	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	71/78 (91%)	64±2 (90±3%)	7±2 (10±3%)	11	56
All	All	1420/1560 (91%)	1278 (90%)	142 (10%)	11	56

All 24 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	47	PHE	20
1	A	85	LEU	20
1	A	101	MET	19
1	A	65	LEU	12
1	A	61	MET	11
1	A	48	THR	11
1	A	87	ARG	8
1	A	34	LEU	6
1	A	69	GLN	5
1	A	98	LEU	4
1	A	106	LEU	4
1	A	93	LYS	3
1	A	58	GLN	3
1	A	33	LEU	2
1	A	50	LYS	2
1	A	102	LEU	2
1	A	36	ILE	2
1	A	49	VAL	2
1	A	43	GLN	1
1	A	46	MET	1
1	A	28	ARG	1
1	A	80	LEU	1
1	A	72	HIS	1
1	A	91	SER	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	48L	A	200	-	44,45,45	0.86±0.01	1±0 (2±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	48L	A	200	-	55,65,65	1.34±0.04	8±2 (14±3%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	48L	A	200	-	-	0±0,25,52,52	0±0,5,5,5

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	200	48L	C4-N2	2.58	1.50	1.46	18	20

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	200	48L	C8-C7-N	3.93	102.25	105.31	8	20
2	A	200	48L	CD6-O6-C9	3.81	126.87	119.53	17	15
2	A	200	48L	O6-CD6-CG3	3.66	122.69	116.57	13	9
2	A	200	48L	O6-CD6-CE6	3.22	116.50	123.79	13	6
2	A	200	48L	C7-N-C6	3.16	110.32	107.39	18	12
2	A	200	48L	CD3-CG2-CD4	2.92	118.91	116.48	8	20
2	A	200	48L	CG3-C6-N	2.88	119.46	124.01	18	6
2	A	200	48L	CG2-C7-N	2.82	116.61	112.18	5	16
2	A	200	48L	CE3-CD4-CG2	2.68	120.74	123.72	3	20
2	A	200	48L	CM1-O3-CZ3	2.62	123.20	117.51	10	12
2	A	200	48L	CD6-CG3-C6	2.54	124.69	121.25	7	8
2	A	200	48L	O5-C5-N2	2.24	118.88	123.80	18	9
2	A	200	48L	C2-C3-N2	2.19	114.28	109.45	18	2
2	A	200	48L	C2-N1-C1	2.12	122.82	126.08	18	2
2	A	200	48L	O1-C1-N1	2.03	117.98	121.33	14	1

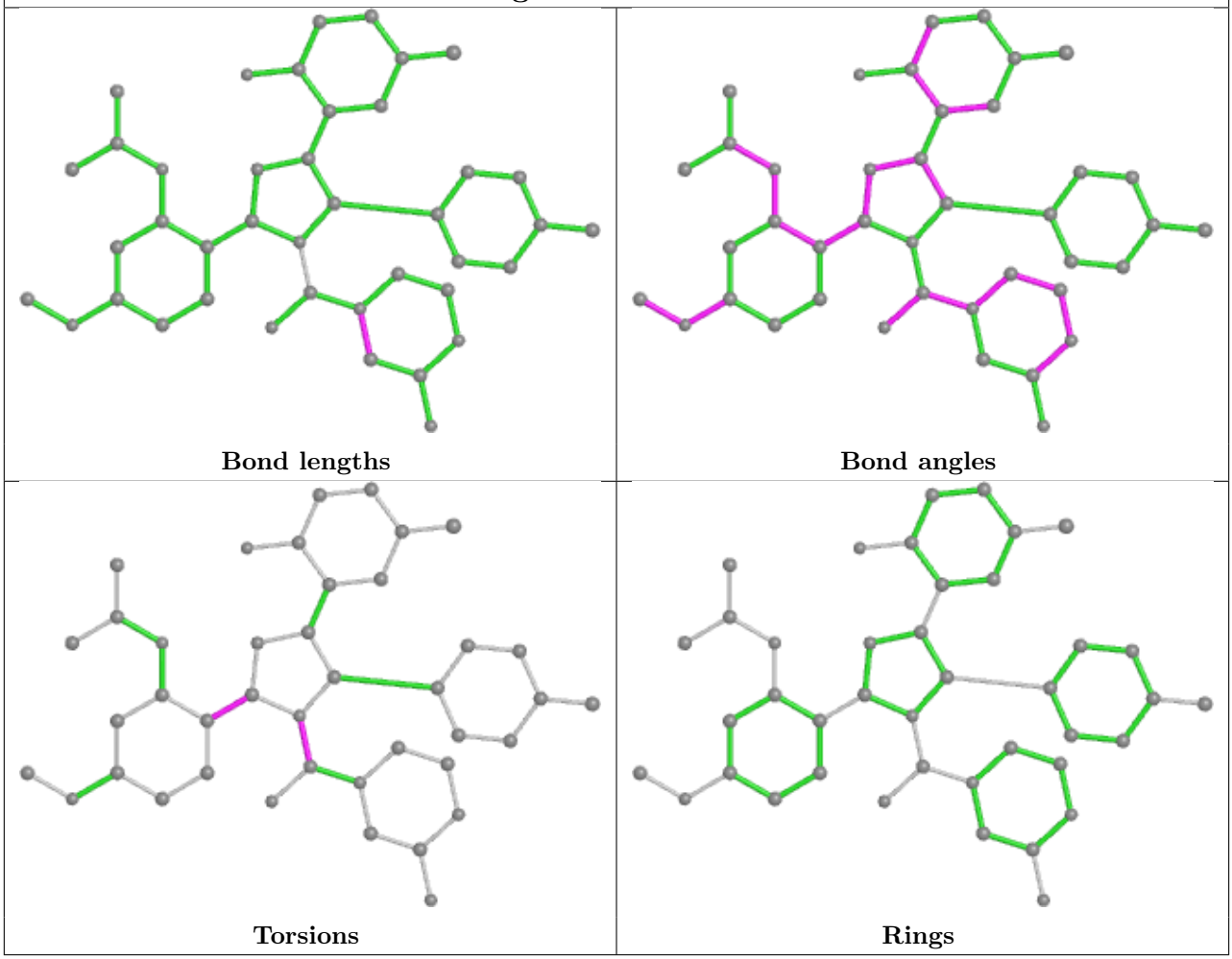
There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand 48L A 200



6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 93% for the well-defined parts and 93% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1203
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1203
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	89	-0.44 ± 0.21	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	82	-0.10 ± 0.23	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	73	-0.12 ± 0.22	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	85	1.54 ± 0.61	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 93%, i.e. 1078 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1154. 0 out of 20 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	389/404 (96%)	165/165 (100%)	147/162 (91%)	77/77 (100%)
Sidechain	617/664 (93%)	423/435 (97%)	185/206 (90%)	9/23 (39%)

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	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	72/86 (84%)	36/42 (86%)	36/41 (88%)	0/3 (0%)
Overall	1078/1154 (93%)	624/642 (97%)	368/409 (90%)	86/103 (83%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 93%, i.e. 1179 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1263. 0 out of 21 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	427/444 (96%)	180/181 (99%)	162/178 (91%)	85/85 (100%)
Sidechain	680/733 (93%)	466/480 (97%)	203/227 (89%)	11/26 (42%)
Aromatic	72/86 (84%)	36/42 (86%)	36/41 (88%)	0/3 (0%)
Overall	1179/1263 (93%)	682/703 (97%)	401/446 (90%)	96/114 (84%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	28	ARG	NE	113.75	76.53 – 92.65	18.1

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:


RCI
0.25
0.20
0.15
0.10
0.05
0.00
23:GLN
26:GLN
29:PRO
32:PRO
35:LYS
38:HIS
41:GLY
44:GLY
47:PHE
50:LYS
53:MET
56:LEU
59:TYR
62:VAL
65:LEU
68:GLN
71:GLN
74:VAL
77:GLY
80:LEU
83:GLU
86:GLY
89:SER
92:VAL
95:PRO
98:LEU
101:MET
104:LYS
107:VAL
110:ALA
Auth_seq_ID