

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Apr 21, 2024 – 10:20 AM EDT

PDB ID : 2MQO BMRB ID : 25041

Title : Structural Investigation of hnRNP L bound to RNA

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Deposited on : 2014-06-24

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

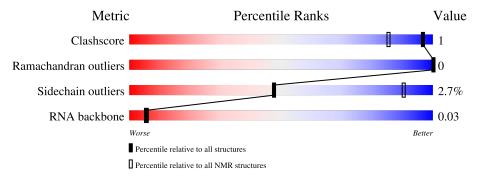
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 83%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$rac{ m NMR~archive}{ m (\#Entries)}$	
Clashscore	158937	12864	
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451	
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428	
RNA backbone	4643	676	

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	105		75%	•	24%		
2	В	6	17%	50%		33%		



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 6 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: closest to the average.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model			
1	A:95-A:174 (80)	0.24	6			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18
2	9, 19
Single-model clusters	11; 20



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1760 atoms, of which 836 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Protein Hnrnpl.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
1	Λ	105	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
1	A	105	1571	501	770	137	161	2	U

• Molecule 2 is a RNA chain called RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
9	D	6	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
	Б	0	189	57	66	24	37	5	U

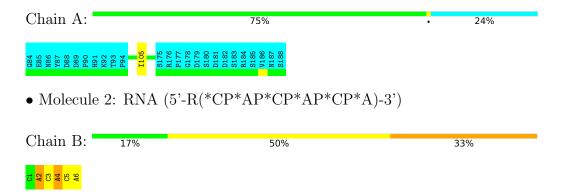


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

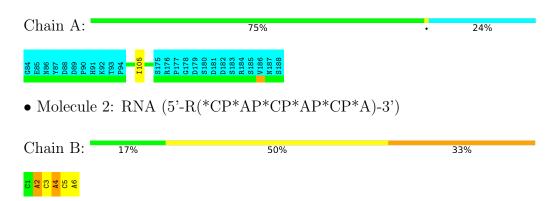


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl





4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 73% . 24%

• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 17% 50% 33%

C1 C3 C3 C5 C5 A6

4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 75% • 24%

 \bullet Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 17% 50% 33%

C1 A2 C3 C4 A4 A4 A6 A6

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 74% • 24%

684 886 887 887 887 889 899 899 898 8186 8188 8188 8188 8188 8188 8188 8188

• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 50% 17% 33%

C1 A2 C3 A4 C5 C5



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 74% • 24%

• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 50% 33% 17%

C1 A2 C3 A4 C5 A6

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 75% • 24%

• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 50% 50%

C1 A2 C3 A4 C5 A6

4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 73% • 24%

E855 N86 N86 N87 N87 N87 N87 N87 N89 N89 N89 N89 N89 N89 N89 N89 N888 N888 N888

• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 17% 33% 33% 17%

C1 C3 C3 A4 C5 C5



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 74% • 24%

 \bullet Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 17% 50% 33%

C1 C3 C3 C5 C5 A6

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 74% • 24%

• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 33% 33% 17% 17%

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 75% . 24%

• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 17% 50% 33%

C1 A2 C3 A4 C5 A6



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 75% • 24%

• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 17% 50% 33%

C1 C3 C3 C5 C5 A6

4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 74% • 24%

• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 50% 17% 33%

C1 C3 C3 A4 A6 C5

4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 73% • 24%

• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 17% 33% 50%

C1 A2 C3 A4 C5 A6



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 76% 24%

• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 33% 33% 33%

C1 C3 C3 C5 C5 A4 A6

4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 75% • 24%

 \bullet Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 17% 50% 33%

C1 A2 C3 C4 A4 A4 A6 A6

4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 74% . 24%

• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 33% 50% 17%

C1 A2 C3 A4 A6 A6



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 73% • 24%

• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 50% 17% 33%

C1 A2 C3 C4 C5 C5 C5 A6

4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 74% • 24%

• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 17% 67% 17%

C1 A2 C3 A4 C5 A6

4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 74% • 24%

• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 33% 33% 33%

C1 A2 C3 A4 A6 A6



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: Protein Hnrnpl

Chain A: 75% • 24%

• Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(*CP*AP*CP*AP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 33% 33% 33%

C1 A2 C3 A4 C5 A6



Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 250 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	
Amber	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	2
Total number of shifts	1200
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1200
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	83%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		В	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	0.50 ± 0.00	$0\pm0/623~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	0.69 ± 0.01	$0\pm0/851~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	
2	В	0.99 ± 0.01	$0\pm0/137~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	1.51 ± 0.02	$1\pm1/211~(~0.6\pm~0.4\%)$	
All	All	0.62	0/15200~(~0.0%)	0.92	25/21240 (0.1%)	

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms Z Ob		$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$	Models	
WIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed()	ideai()	Worst	Total
2	В	2	A	O4'-C1'-N9	7.56	114.25	108.20	12	18
2	В	3	С	O4'-C1'-N1	5.36	112.49	108.20	13	2
2	В	5	С	O4'-C1'-N1	5.18	112.35	108.20	7	1
2	В	4	A	O4'-C1'-N9	5.15	112.32	108.20	9	2
2	В	4	A	C5'-C4'-C3'	-5.09	107.85	116.00	7	1
2	В	3	С	C5'-C4'-C3'	-5.04	107.94	116.00	6	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	610	607	607	0±0
2	В	123	66	68	1±0
All	All	14660	13460	13500	20



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clack(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models		
	Atom-2	Clash(A)	$\operatorname{Distance}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}})$	Worst	Total	
2:B:4:A:C8	2:B:4:A:H5"	0.53	2.39	5	20	

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	80/105 (76%)	79±1 (99±1%)	1±1 (1±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	1600/2100 (76%)	1584 (99%)	16 (1%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	65/88 (74%)	63±1 (97±1%)	2±1 (3±1%)	48	90
All	All	1300/1760 (74%)	1265 (97%)	35 (3%)	48	90

All 6 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	105	ILE	12
1	A	170	THR	9
1	A	129	MET	7

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	131	LYS	3
1	A	98	VAL	3
1	A	133	ARG	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers	Suiteness
2	В	5/6~(83%)	4±1 (85±17%)	1±1 (28±12%)	0.03 ± 0.04
All	All	100/120~(83%)	85 (85%)	28 (28%)	0.03

The overall RNA backbone suiteness is 0.03.

All unique RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	В	2	A	20
2	В	3	С	20
2	В	4	A	20
2	В	6	A	14
2	В	5	С	11

All unique RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	В	4	A	20
2	В	2	A	7
2	В	5	С	1

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 83% for the well-defined parts and 81% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1110
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1110
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	96	-0.16 ± 0.09	None needed ($< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	97	-0.15 ± 0.20	None needed ($< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$)
¹³ C′	0		None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	94	0.64 ± 0.53	None needed (imprecise)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 76%, i.e. 894 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1182. 0 out of 17 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	303/397~(76%)	154/161~(96%)	74/160 (46%)	75/76 (99%)
Sidechain	535/591~(91%)	368/390 (94%)	161/184 (88%)	6/17 (35%)

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	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Aromatic	56/80 (70%)	35/39~(90%)	21/39~(54%)	0/2 (0%)
Sugar	0/66 (0%)	0/36~(0%)	$0/30 \ (0\%)$	0/0 (%)
Base	0/48 (0%)	0/30 (0%)	0/12 (0%)	0/6 (0%)
Overall	894/1182 (76%)	557/656~(85%)	256/425~(60%)	81/101 (80%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 75%, i.e. 1110 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1473. 0 out of 18 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	386/518 (75%)	196/210 (93%)	96/210 (46%)	94/98 (96%)
Sidechain	658/745 (88%)	450/485 (93%)	200/234~(85%)	8/26 (31%)
Aromatic	66/96 (69%)	41/47 (87%)	25/46~(54%)	0/3 (0%)
Sugar	0/66 (0%)	0/36~(0%)	0/30 (0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	0/48 (0%)	0/30 (0%)	0/12 (0%)	0/6 (0%)
Overall	1110/1473 (75%)	687/808 (85%)	321/532~(60%)	$102/133 \ (77\%)$

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

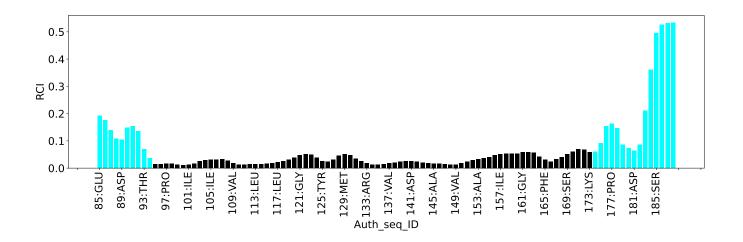
List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	95	ALA	HA	1.89	2.13 - 6.34	-5.6

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: shifts2

7.2.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	90
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	90
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 8%, i.e. 90 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1182. 0 out of 17 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}{ m C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	0/397~(0%)	0/161 (0%)	0/160~(0%)	0/76~(0%)

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	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Sidechain	0/591 (0%)	0/390~(0%)	0/184 (0%)	0/17 (0%)
Aromatic	0/80 (0%)	0/39~(0%)	0/39 (0%)	0/2~(0%)
Sugar	66/66 (100%)	36/36 (100%)	30/30 (100%)	0/0 (—%)
Base	24/48 (50%)	12/30 (40%)	12/12 (100%)	0/6~(0%)
Overall	90/1182 (8%)	48/656 (7%)	42/425 (10%)	0/101 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 6%, i.e. 90 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1473. 0 out of 18 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	0/518 (0%)	0/210 (0%)	0/210 (0%)	0/98 (0%)
Sidechain	0/745 (0%)	0/485 (0%)	0/234 (0%)	0/26~(0%)
Aromatic	0/96 (0%)	0/47~(0%)	0/46 (0%)	0/3 (0%)
Sugar	66/66 (100%)	36/36 (100%)	30/30 (100%)	0/0 (%)
Base	24/48 (50%)	12/30 (40%)	12/12 (100%)	0/6 (0%)
Overall	90/1473 (6%)	48/808 (6%)	42/532 (8%)	0/133 (0%)

7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

No $random\ coil\ index(RCI)$ plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list. RCI is only applicable to proteins

