



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 21, 2024 – 10:19 AM EDT

PDB ID : 2MMC
BMRB ID : 19852
Title : Nucleotide-free human ran gtpase
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Deposited on : 2014-03-13

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

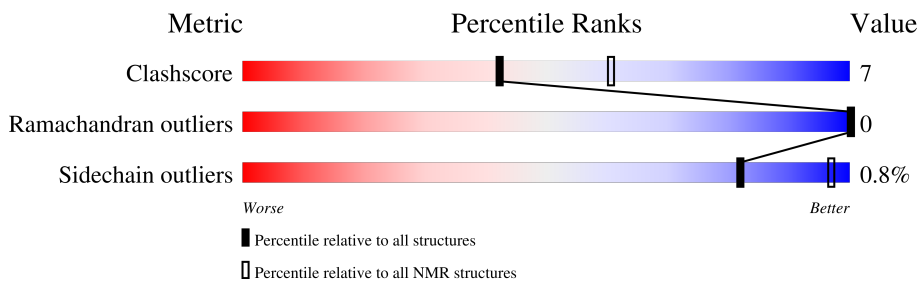
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 83%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	216	 86% 8% . .

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 10 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:9-A:216 (208)	0.20	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	6, 7, 8, 9, 10
2	1, 2, 3, 4, 5

3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 3449 atoms, of which 1725 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called GTP-binding nuclear protein Ran.

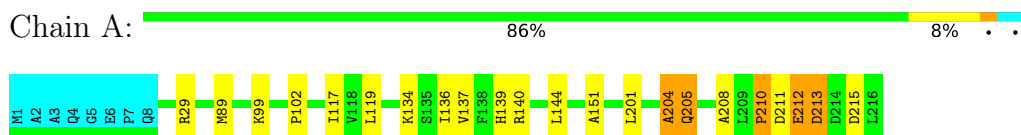
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	216	3449	1109	1725	295	313	7	0

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: GTP-binding nuclear protein Ran

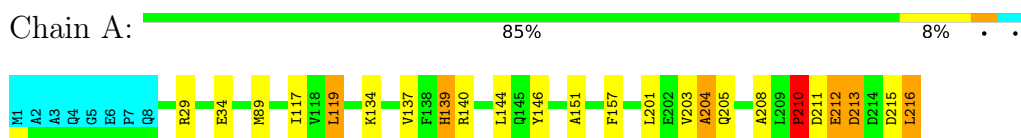


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

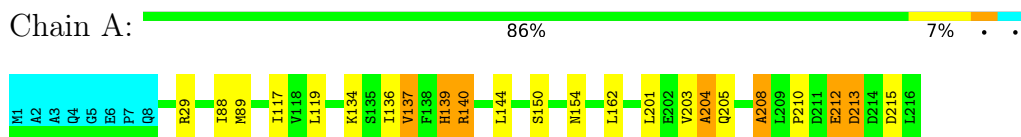
4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: GTP-binding nuclear protein Ran



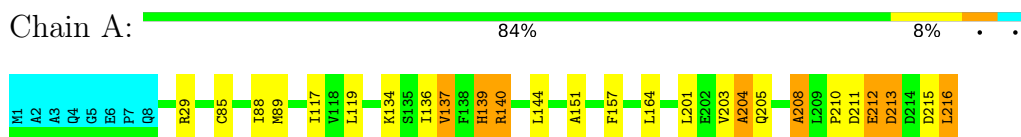
4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: GTP-binding nuclear protein Ran



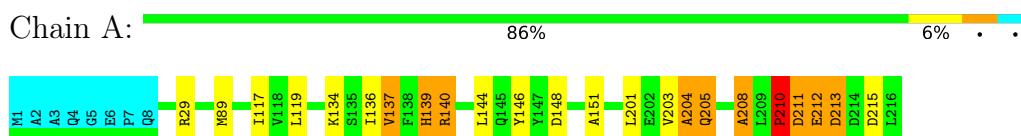
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: GTP-binding nuclear protein Ran



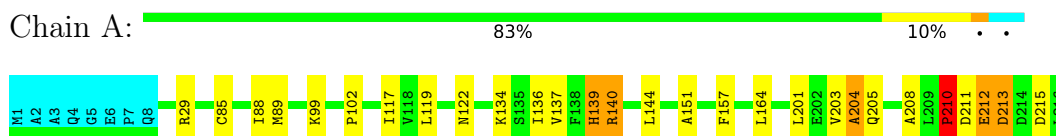
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: GTP-binding nuclear protein Ran



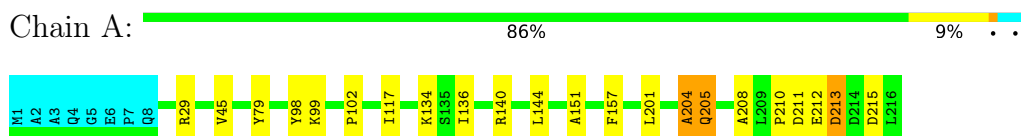
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: GTP-binding nuclear protein Ran



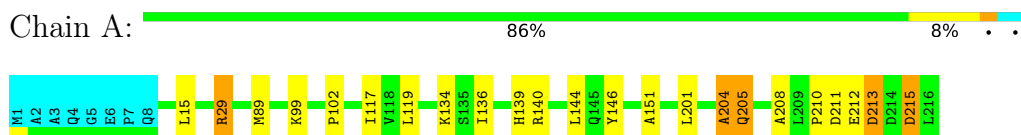
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: GTP-binding nuclear protein Ran



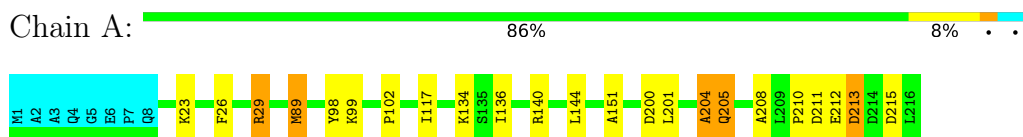
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: GTP-binding nuclear protein Ran



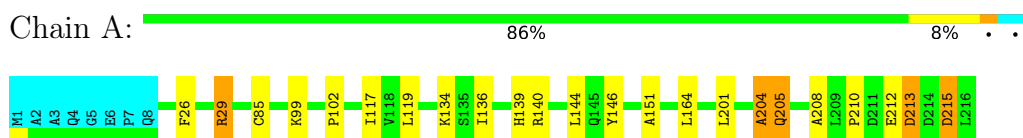
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: GTP-binding nuclear protein Ran



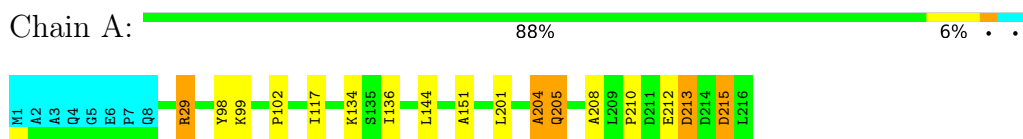
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: GTP-binding nuclear protein Ran



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: GTP-binding nuclear protein Ran



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics*.

Of the 50 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	
CYANA	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	2589
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2583
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	6
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	83%

6 Model quality i

6.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.85±0.02	1±0/1709 (0.1± 0.0%)	1.19±0.04	8±3/2317 (0.4± 0.1%)
All	All	0.85	10/17090 (0.1%)	1.19	84/23170 (0.4%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	1.0±0.4
All	All	0	10

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	213	ASP	N-CA	-10.16	1.26	1.46	2	10

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	213	ASP	N-CA-CB	-14.49	84.51	110.60	2	10
1	A	213	ASP	CB-CA-C	10.77	131.94	110.40	2	10
1	A	204	ALA	CB-CA-C	9.35	124.13	110.10	4	10
1	A	137	VAL	CB-CA-C	-8.69	94.89	111.40	2	3
1	A	203	VAL	C-N-CA	-7.14	103.86	121.70	2	5
1	A	208	ALA	N-CA-CB	6.56	119.28	110.10	3	10
1	A	140	ARG	CB-CA-C	-6.33	97.74	110.40	5	2
1	A	119	LEU	N-CA-CB	6.19	122.79	110.40	1	1
1	A	205	GLN	N-CA-CB	6.08	121.54	110.60	9	6
1	A	212	GLU	CA-C-N	-5.96	104.10	117.20	4	5

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	139	HIS	CB-CA-C	-5.86	98.68	110.40	1	5
1	A	212	GLU	CA-C-O	5.81	132.29	120.10	4	5
1	A	148	ASP	CB-CA-C	-5.61	99.18	110.40	4	1
1	A	204	ALA	N-CA-CB	5.54	117.86	110.10	2	1
1	A	34	GLU	CB-CA-C	-5.29	99.81	110.40	1	1
1	A	210	PRO	CB-CA-C	5.28	125.21	112.00	4	3
1	A	211	ASP	N-CA-C	5.23	125.13	111.00	8	4
1	A	205	GLN	CB-CA-C	-5.22	99.97	110.40	6	1
1	A	150	SER	N-CA-CB	5.19	118.29	110.50	2	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	89	MET	Mainchain	6
1	A	29	ARG	Sidechain	4

6.2 Too-close contacts [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1668	1672	1672	24±5
All	All	16680	16720	16719	240

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:134:LYS:HA	1:A:210:PRO:HB3	1.03	1.23	3	10
1:A:205:GLN:HA	1:A:213:ASP:HA	0.91	1.37	5	10
1:A:140:ARG:HB3	1:A:215:ASP:HA	0.86	1.47	3	2
1:A:204:ALA:HB3	1:A:210:PRO:HB2	0.82	1.52	5	10
1:A:139:HIS:CE1	1:A:146:TYR:HB2	0.76	2.14	4	4

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:205:GLN:CA	1:A:213:ASP:HA	0.76	2.11	1	5
1:A:134:LYS:HA	1:A:210:PRO:CB	0.76	2.10	5	9
1:A:140:ARG:HB2	1:A:215:ASP:HA	0.70	1.63	5	7
1:A:204:ALA:CA	1:A:213:ASP:HB3	0.68	2.18	5	10
1:A:204:ALA:CB	1:A:213:ASP:HB3	0.67	2.20	4	10
1:A:140:ARG:CB	1:A:215:ASP:HA	0.64	2.21	3	6
1:A:204:ALA:C	1:A:213:ASP:HB3	0.62	2.15	1	10
1:A:117:ILE:HB	1:A:144:LEU:HD22	0.59	1.74	1	10
1:A:119:LEU:HB2	1:A:139:HIS:CE1	0.58	2.33	4	7
1:A:212:GLU:O	1:A:215:ASP:HB3	0.58	1.99	9	5
1:A:205:GLN:N	1:A:213:ASP:HA	0.56	2.15	3	5
1:A:212:GLU:O	1:A:215:ASP:HB2	0.56	2.01	4	5
1:A:137:VAL:HA	1:A:211:ASP:HB3	0.53	1.80	4	2
1:A:136:ILE:HB	1:A:212:GLU:CG	0.52	2.34	9	5
1:A:15:LEU:HD11	1:A:89:MET:SD	0.52	2.44	7	1
1:A:204:ALA:CB	1:A:210:PRO:HB2	0.51	2.33	4	3
1:A:137:VAL:HB	1:A:211:ASP:HB3	0.51	1.82	1	2
1:A:88:ILE:HB	1:A:119:LEU:HD22	0.51	1.82	2	3
1:A:29:ARG:HD3	1:A:151:ALA:O	0.50	2.07	9	3
1:A:139:HIS:CE1	1:A:146:TYR:CB	0.49	2.91	4	1
1:A:136:ILE:CG2	1:A:139:HIS:NE2	0.49	2.75	3	3
1:A:29:ARG:HH21	1:A:157:PHE:HA	0.49	1.68	6	1
1:A:201:LEU:O	1:A:205:GLN:HG3	0.48	2.08	3	6
1:A:29:ARG:CZ	1:A:151:ALA:HA	0.48	2.39	4	4
1:A:85:CYS:HB2	1:A:164:LEU:HD22	0.48	1.84	9	3
1:A:204:ALA:HB3	1:A:213:ASP:HB3	0.47	1.84	6	8
1:A:29:ARG:NH1	1:A:151:ALA:HA	0.47	2.24	6	5
1:A:119:LEU:HD12	1:A:139:HIS:CE1	0.47	2.44	2	2
1:A:210:PRO:O	1:A:213:ASP:HB2	0.47	2.10	1	9
1:A:205:GLN:HG2	1:A:216:LEU:HB2	0.47	1.87	3	2
1:A:137:VAL:CA	1:A:211:ASP:HB3	0.46	2.40	4	2
1:A:136:ILE:HD12	1:A:212:GLU:OE2	0.46	2.11	6	5
1:A:205:GLN:HA	1:A:213:ASP:CA	0.45	2.31	4	1
1:A:29:ARG:HD2	1:A:157:PHE:CD1	0.45	2.46	3	3
1:A:137:VAL:HG22	1:A:211:ASP:CG	0.45	2.32	4	2
1:A:136:ILE:HG22	1:A:139:HIS:NE2	0.44	2.28	3	3
1:A:98:TYR:CE1	1:A:136:ILE:HG23	0.44	2.48	8	3
1:A:205:GLN:HA	1:A:213:ASP:O	0.43	2.13	4	2
1:A:29:ARG:HH11	1:A:154:ASN:HA	0.43	1.74	2	1
1:A:204:ALA:HB2	1:A:208:ALA:HB3	0.43	1.90	2	2
1:A:99:LYS:O	1:A:102:PRO:HD2	0.42	2.14	8	6

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:136:ILE:O	1:A:212:GLU:N	0.42	2.52	5	2
1:A:45:VAL:HG11	1:A:79:TYR:CD1	0.42	2.50	6	1
1:A:23:LYS:HA	1:A:89:MET:CE	0.42	2.45	8	1
1:A:201:LEU:HA	1:A:213:ASP:OD1	0.42	2.14	6	5
1:A:119:LEU:HB2	1:A:139:HIS:HE1	0.41	1.76	3	2
1:A:26:PHE:HA	1:A:29:ARG:NH1	0.41	2.30	8	1
1:A:134:LYS:CA	1:A:210:PRO:HB3	0.41	2.27	2	1
1:A:204:ALA:HB3	1:A:210:PRO:CB	0.41	2.34	2	1
1:A:29:ARG:HH11	1:A:157:PHE:HB2	0.41	1.75	3	1
1:A:210:PRO:C	1:A:213:ASP:HB2	0.41	2.35	3	1
1:A:26:PHE:CD2	1:A:29:ARG:NH1	0.41	2.89	9	1
1:A:204:ALA:HB2	1:A:210:PRO:HD2	0.41	1.93	2	1
1:A:136:ILE:O	1:A:212:GLU:HA	0.40	2.16	4	1
1:A:88:ILE:HB	1:A:119:LEU:CD2	0.40	2.47	3	1
1:A:139:HIS:NE2	1:A:146:TYR:HB2	0.40	2.31	4	1
1:A:204:ALA:CB	1:A:208:ALA:HB3	0.40	2.47	4	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	207/216 (96%)	205±1 (99±0%)	2±1 (1±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	2070/2160 (96%)	2052 (99%)	18 (1%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	180/185 (97%)	179±1 (99±0%)	1±1 (1±0%)	82	97
All	All	1800/1850 (97%)	1786 (99%)	14 (1%)	82	97

All 8 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	210	PRO	3
1	A	215	ASP	3
1	A	216	LEU	2
1	A	140	ARG	2
1	A	137	VAL	1
1	A	162	LEU	1
1	A	122	ASN	1
1	A	200	ASP	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation i

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 83% for the well-defined parts and 83% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping i

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	2589
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2583
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	6
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	59

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

- No matching atom found in the structure. All 6 occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	30	HIS	HE2	11.376	0.020	1
1	A	48	HIS	HE2	11.298	0.020	1
1	A	53	HIS	HE2	11.083	0.020	1
1	A	105	HIS	HE2	11.112	0.020	1
1	A	139	HIS	HE2	11.493	0.020	1
1	A	199	HIS	HE2	11.181	0.020	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing i

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	212	-0.95 ± 0.14	Should be checked
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	198	0.16 ± 0.25	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

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Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}'$	209	-0.47 \pm 0.14	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	215	1.45 \pm 0.63	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 83%, i.e. 2427 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2914. 0 out of 40 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	823/1031 (80%)	222/418 (53%)	405/416 (97%)	196/197 (99%)
Sidechain	1343/1617 (83%)	956/1051 (91%)	325/504 (64%)	62/62 (100%)
Aromatic	261/266 (98%)	129/129 (100%)	117/122 (96%)	15/15 (100%)
Overall	2427/2914 (83%)	1307/1598 (82%)	847/1042 (81%)	273/274 (100%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 83%, i.e. 2499 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 3007. 0 out of 40 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	854/1070 (80%)	230/434 (53%)	421/432 (97%)	203/204 (100%)
Sidechain	1384/1671 (83%)	988/1086 (91%)	332/521 (64%)	64/64 (100%)
Aromatic	261/266 (98%)	129/129 (100%)	117/122 (96%)	15/15 (100%)
Overall	2499/3007 (83%)	1347/1649 (82%)	870/1075 (81%)	282/283 (100%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	114	ASN	ND2	1114.29	101.55 – 123.95	447.1
1	A	21	THR	HG1	6.38	0.08 – 2.19	24.8
1	A	66	THR	HG1	6.01	0.08 – 2.19	23.1
1	A	207	THR	HG1	5.99	0.08 – 2.19	23.0
1	A	206	THR	HG1	5.96	0.08 – 2.19	22.8
1	A	24	THR	HG1	5.91	0.08 – 2.19	22.6
1	A	93	THR	HG1	5.76	0.08 – 2.19	21.9
1	A	32	THR	HG1	5.71	0.08 – 2.19	21.7

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List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	54	THR	HG1	5.59	0.08 – 2.19	21.1
1	A	97	THR	HG1	5.48	0.08 – 2.19	20.6
1	A	25	THR	HG1	5.39	0.08 – 2.19	20.1
1	A	42	THR	HG1	5.31	0.08 – 2.19	19.8
1	A	134	LYS	CB	54.58	24.03 – 41.47	12.5
1	A	28	LYS	NZ	59.20	19.79 – 46.09	10.0
1	A	175	GLU	CA	76.25	47.03 – 67.62	9.2
1	A	45	VAL	CB	17.10	23.86 – 41.50	-8.8
1	A	68	GLY	C	189.53	164.92 – 182.89	8.7
1	A	151	ALA	C	160.74	167.61 – 188.05	-8.4
1	A	183	ALA	C	160.74	167.61 – 188.05	-8.4
1	A	37	LYS	NZ	53.20	19.79 – 46.09	7.7
1	A	38	LYS	NZ	52.40	19.79 – 46.09	7.4
1	A	143	ASN	ND2	129.29	101.55 – 123.95	7.4
1	A	158	GLU	CA	72.15	47.03 – 67.62	7.2
1	A	44	GLY	CA	54.58	38.93 – 51.79	7.2
1	A	29	ARG	CA	72.15	45.44 – 68.13	6.8
1	A	33	GLY	C	161.91	164.92 – 182.89	-6.7
1	A	23	LYS	NZ	50.29	19.79 – 46.09	6.6
1	A	123	LYS	CA	70.98	46.18 – 67.77	6.5
1	A	170	GLY	C	162.50	164.92 – 182.89	-6.3
1	A	132	LYS	NZ	49.59	19.79 – 46.09	6.3
1	A	94	SER	C	163.97	166.15 – 183.14	-6.3
1	A	123	LYS	NZ	49.29	19.79 – 46.09	6.2
1	A	134	LYS	NZ	49.30	19.79 – 46.09	6.2
1	A	12	LYS	NZ	49.23	19.79 – 46.09	6.2
1	A	141	LYS	NZ	49.24	19.79 – 46.09	6.2
1	A	142	LYS	NZ	49.22	19.79 – 46.09	6.2
1	A	152	LYS	NZ	49.22	19.79 – 46.09	6.2
1	A	71	LYS	NZ	49.00	19.79 – 46.09	6.1
1	A	119	LEU	CA	42.87	45.17 – 66.21	-6.1
1	A	22	GLY	C	184.81	164.92 – 182.89	6.1
1	A	165	ALA	C	165.72	167.61 – 188.05	-5.9
1	A	110	ARG	NE	94.02	76.53 – 92.65	5.8
1	A	60	LYS	NZ	48.29	19.79 – 46.09	5.8
1	A	113	GLU	CA	69.22	47.03 – 67.62	5.8
1	A	154	ASN	ND2	125.21	101.55 – 123.95	5.6
1	A	20	GLY	N	129.37	91.59 – 127.52	5.5
1	A	153	SER	N	135.21	99.14 – 133.45	5.5
1	A	161	PHE	CE2	137.30	124.80 – 136.72	5.5
1	A	127	LYS	NZ	47.33	19.79 – 46.09	5.5
1	A	161	PHE	CE1	137.89	124.17 – 137.29	5.5

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List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	29	ARG	NE	93.29	76.53 – 92.65	5.4
1	A	76	ARG	NE	93.29	76.53 – 92.65	5.4
1	A	67	ALA	N	104.86	106.13 – 140.55	-5.4
1	A	194	ALA	C	166.90	167.61 – 188.05	-5.3
1	A	167	LYS	NZ	46.77	19.79 – 46.09	5.3
1	A	84	GLN	H	11.17	5.39 – 11.05	5.2
1	A	17	GLY	N	127.91	91.59 – 127.52	5.1
1	A	33	GLY	N	127.84	91.59 – 127.52	5.1
1	A	57	GLY	N	127.71	91.59 – 127.52	5.0

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

