



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Feb 24, 2024 – 07:31 PM EST

PDB ID : 7M2X
EMDB ID : EMD-23636
Title : Open conformation of the Yeast wild-type gamma-TuRC
Authors : Brilot, A.F.; Lyon, A.S.; Zelter, A.; Viswanath, S.; Maxwell, A.; MacCoss, M.J.; Muller, E.G.; Sali, A.; Davis, T.N.; Agard, D.A.
Deposited on : 2021-03-17
Resolution : 3.60 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev70
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

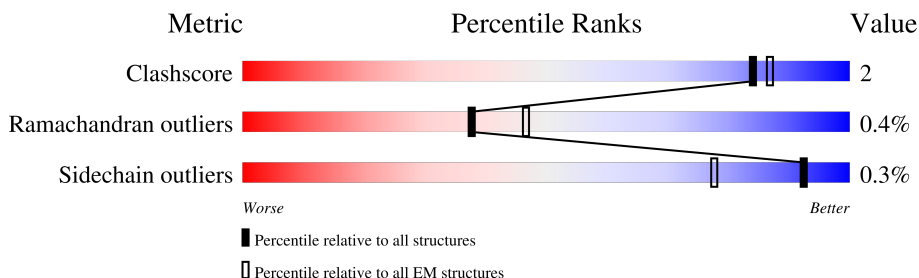
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	473	<p>64% (Poor fit), 85% (0 outliers), 8% (1 outlier), 6% (2 outliers)</p>
1	B	473	<p>75% (Poor fit), 85% (0 outliers), 8% (1 outlier), 6% (2 outliers)</p>
2	C	823	<p>25% (Poor fit), 77% (0 outliers), 8% (1 outlier), 15% (2 outliers)</p>
3	D	846	<p>28% (Poor fit), 73% (0 outliers), 6% (1 outlier), 20% (2 outliers)</p>
4	U	220	<p>8% (Poor fit), 15% (0 outliers), 85% (2 outliers)</p>

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 18704 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Tubulin gamma chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	444	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3474	2172	588	698	16		
1	B	446	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3486	2179	590	700	17		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Spindle pole body component SPC97.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	C	701	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5853	3770	983	1071	29		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Spindle pole body component SPC98.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	D	673	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5560	3595	918	1031	16		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Spindle pole body component 110.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	U	33	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			275	170	51	52	2		

- Molecule 5 is GUANOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GDP) (formula: C₁₀H₁₅N₅O₁₁P₂).

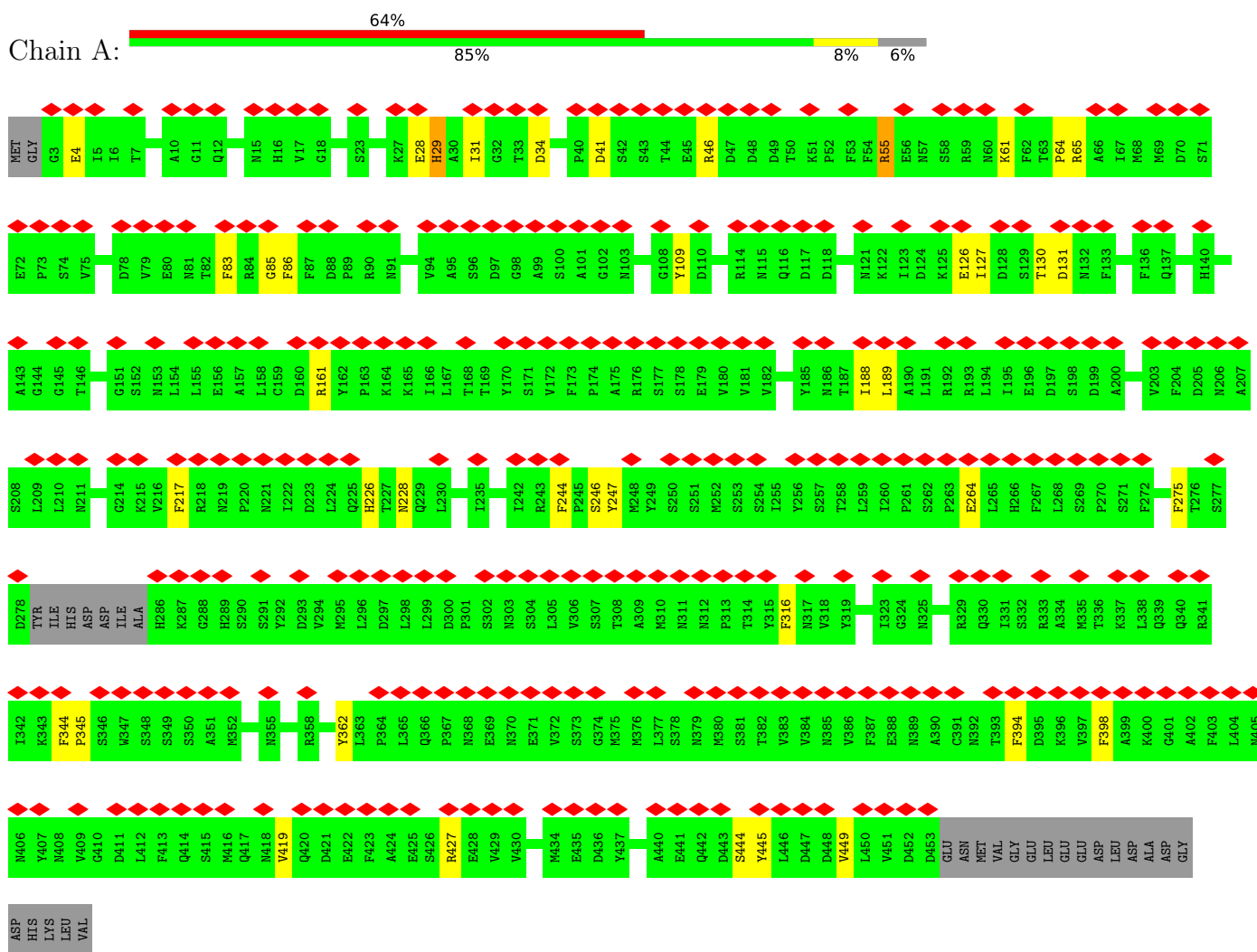


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P	
5	A	1	28	10	5	11	2	0
5	B	1	28	10	5	11	2	0

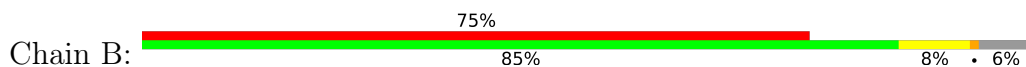
3 Residue-property plots

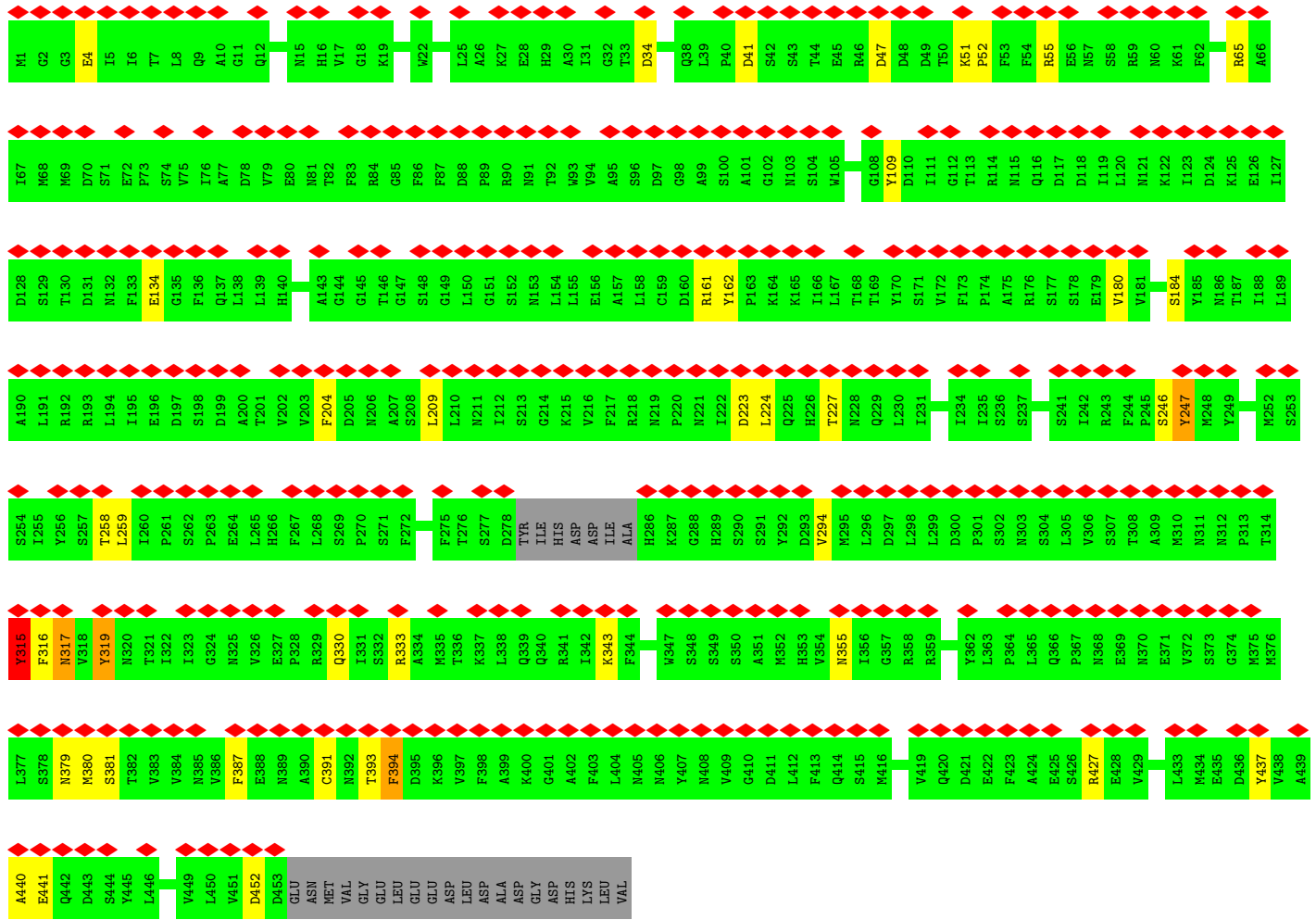
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Tubulin gamma chain

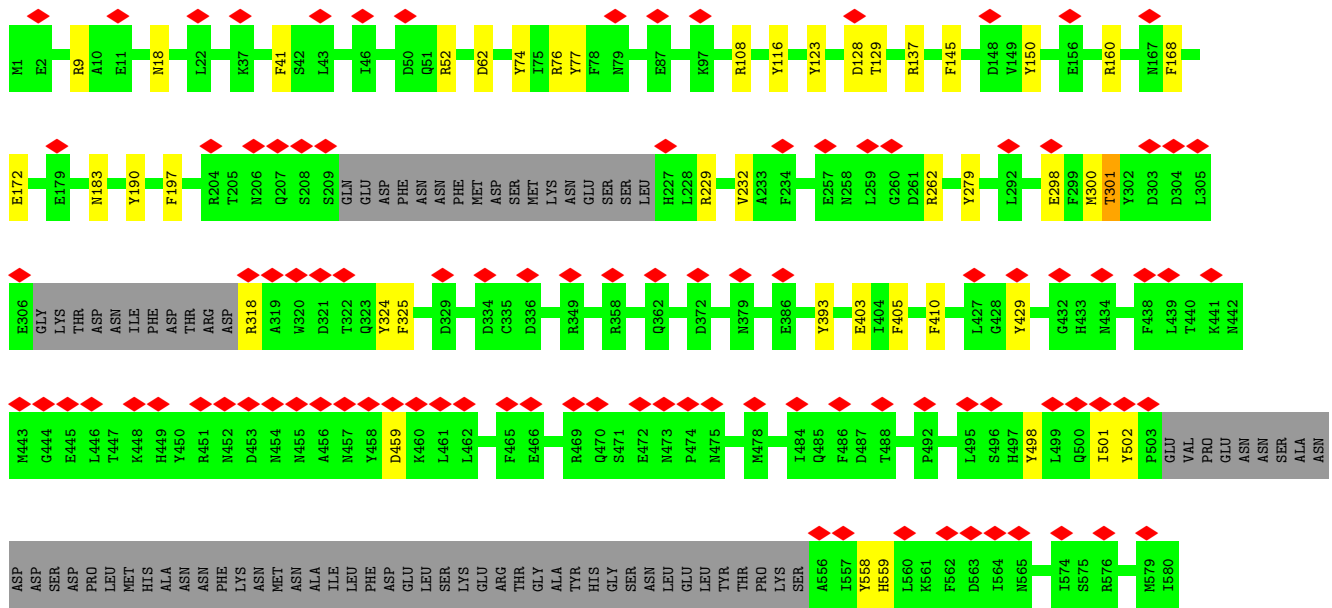
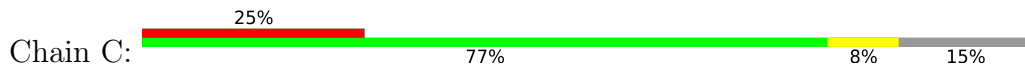


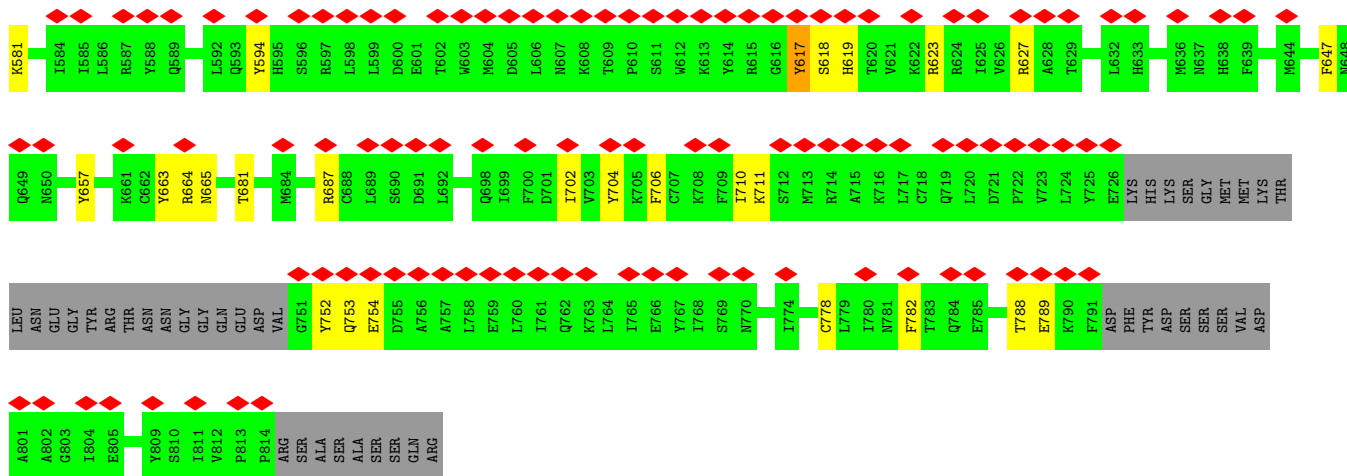
- Molecule 1: Tubulin gamma chain



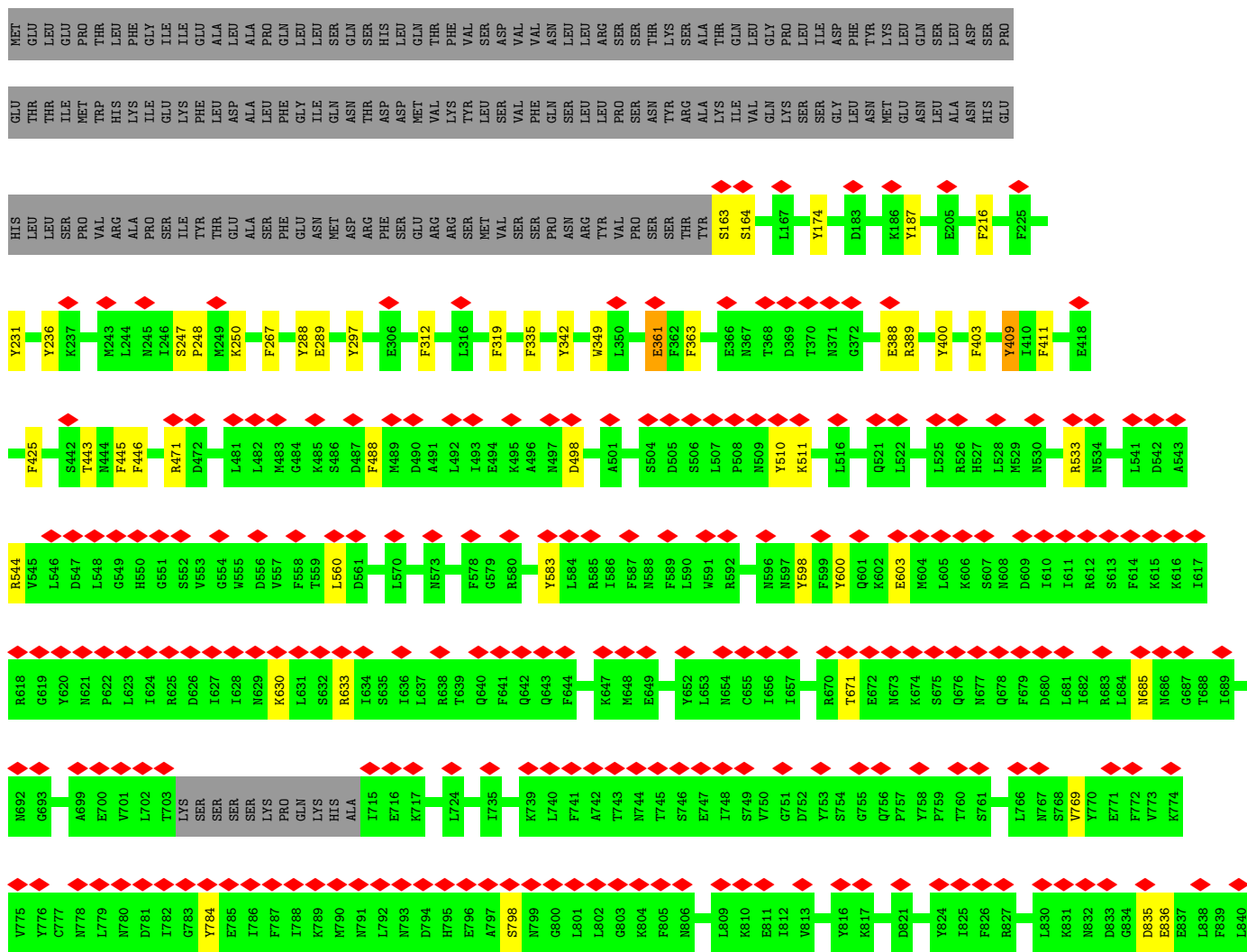
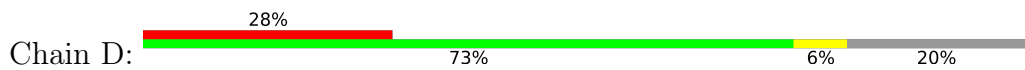


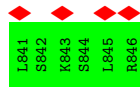
• Molecule 2: Spindle pole body component SPC97





• Molecule 3: Spindle pole body component SPC98





• Molecule 4: Spindle pole body component 110



MET	ASP	GLU	ALA	SER	HIS	LEU	PRO	ASN	SER	LEU	LYS	ASN	MET	GLU	PHE	THR	PRO	VAL	GLY	PHE	ILE	ILE	LYS	SER	LYS	ARG	ASN	THR	THR	GLN	THR	GLN	VAL	VAL	SER	SER	PRO	THR	LYS	LYS	VAL	PRO	ASN	ALA	ASN	ASN	GLY	ASP	GLU	ASN	GLU	GLY	PRO	VAL	LYS	LYS	ARG	GLN	ARG	GLN	ARG	ARG	SER
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ILE	ASP	THR	ILE	ASP	SER	THR	ARG	LEU	PHE	SER	LEU	ALA	SER	GLN	PHE	LYS	ARG	SER	SER	PHE	PRO	GLU	ILE	LYS	ALA	ASN	ILE	PRO	PRO	SER	PRO	ARG	ARG	SER	GLY	VAL	ASN	ASN	VAL	ASP	LYS	SER	LYS	ARG	LYS	ASN	ASN	ASN	ILE	ASP	GLU	LEU	LEU	LYS	LYS	D112	V113	P114	M115	S116	L119	E123
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E126	F134	D135	R136	A137	L138	E139	S140	K141	L142	L143	G144	ARG	HIS	ILE	THR	TYR	ALA	ASN	SER	ASP	ILE	ASN	SER	LYS	GLU	LEU	TYR	ILE	ASN	GLU	ILE	LYS	SER	LEU	HIS	ILE	GLU	ARG	LYS	LYS	ASN	ASP	THR	LEU	ASN	ASN	TYR	THR	LEU	GLU
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GLU	THR	ASP	LEU	LYS	ASN	ARG	LEU	GLN	ALA	LEU	GLU	LYS	LEU	ASP	ALA	LYS	ASN	LYS	ILE	ILE	VAL	ASN	SER	ARG	VAL	ASP
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4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	HELICAL	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	HELICAL, twist=0°, rise=0.01 Å, axial sym=C1	Depositor
Number of segments used	36251	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION; Final reconstruction in cis-TEM	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{Å}^2$)	80	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	900	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	47214	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	23.834	Depositor
Minimum map value	-13.249	Depositor
Average map value	0.005	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.773	Depositor
Recommended contour level	7.0	Depositor
Map size (Å)	635.39844, 635.39844, 635.39844	wwPDB
Map dimensions	448, 448, 448	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.4183, 1.4183, 1.4183	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GDP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	1.16	18/3546 (0.5%)	0.97	9/4815 (0.2%)
1	B	1.07	6/3558 (0.2%)	0.96	8/4830 (0.2%)
2	C	1.27	28/5969 (0.5%)	1.01	24/8057 (0.3%)
3	D	1.28	33/5679 (0.6%)	0.94	11/7677 (0.1%)
4	U	1.21	1/278 (0.4%)	0.85	0/368
All	All	1.22	86/19030 (0.5%)	0.97	52/25747 (0.2%)

The worst 5 of 86 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	D	583	TYR	CB-CG	-9.07	1.38	1.51
2	C	498	TYR	CB-CG	-8.88	1.38	1.51
1	A	4	GLU	CG-CD	-8.61	1.39	1.51
3	D	267	PHE	CB-CG	-8.38	1.37	1.51
2	C	197	PHE	CB-CG	-8.04	1.37	1.51

The worst 5 of 52 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	65	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.66	115.97	120.30
2	C	108	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.48	116.06	120.30
2	C	9	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.33	116.14	120.30
1	B	65	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.21	116.19	120.30
2	C	594	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-8.21	116.08	121.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3474	0	3329	20	0
1	B	3486	0	3344	42	0
2	C	5853	0	5914	15	0
3	D	5560	0	5575	10	0
4	U	275	0	280	0	0
5	A	28	0	12	0	0
5	B	28	0	12	0	0
All	All	18704	0	18466	85	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 85 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:316:PHE:HB2	1:B:379:ASN:O	1.46	1.14
1:B:315:TYR:HB3	1:B:343:LYS:O	1.52	1.08
1:B:316:PHE:CB	1:B:379:ASN:O	2.04	1.04
1:B:180:VAL:HG13	1:B:393:THR:HG21	1.40	1.04
1:A:188:ILE:HD12	1:A:394:PHE:CD1	2.02	0.93

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	440/473 (93%)	433 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100	100
1	B	442/473 (93%)	425 (96%)	15 (3%)	2 (0%)	29	68
2	C	689/823 (84%)	672 (98%)	14 (2%)	3 (0%)	34	71
3	D	669/846 (79%)	656 (98%)	10 (2%)	3 (0%)	34	71
4	U	31/220 (14%)	31 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	2271/2835 (80%)	2217 (98%)	46 (2%)	8 (0%)	38	71

5 of 8 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	315	TYR
2	C	664	ARG
3	D	798	SER
2	C	301	THR
2	C	753	GLN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	396/420 (94%)	395 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	97
1	B	397/420 (94%)	393 (99%)	4 (1%)	76	88
2	C	657/766 (86%)	656 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	98
3	D	627/787 (80%)	627 (100%)	0	100	100
4	U	31/206 (15%)	31 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	2108/2599 (81%)	2102 (100%)	6 (0%)	92	97

5 of 6 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	315	TYR
1	B	394	PHE
2	C	617	TYR

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	55	ARG
1	A	55	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	GDP	A	1400	-	24,30,30	1.41	4 (16%)	30,47,47	1.37	5 (16%)
5	GDP	B	501	-	24,30,30	1.23	2 (8%)	30,47,47	1.61	7 (23%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	GDP	A	1400	-	-	3/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
5	GDP	B	501	-	-	8/12/32/32	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	A	1400	GDP	O4'-C1'	3.91	1.46	1.41
5	A	1400	GDP	C8-N7	-3.37	1.29	1.35
5	B	501	GDP	C8-N7	-2.88	1.30	1.35
5	B	501	GDP	O4'-C1'	2.36	1.44	1.41
5	A	1400	GDP	C2'-C1'	2.22	1.57	1.53

The worst 5 of 12 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	B	501	GDP	O4'-C1'-C2'	-3.78	101.40	106.93
5	B	501	GDP	C8-N7-C5	3.37	109.41	102.99
5	A	1400	GDP	C5-C6-N1	3.17	119.55	113.95
5	A	1400	GDP	C8-N7-C5	3.01	108.72	102.99
5	B	501	GDP	C5-C6-N1	2.98	119.22	113.95

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 11 torsion outliers are listed below:

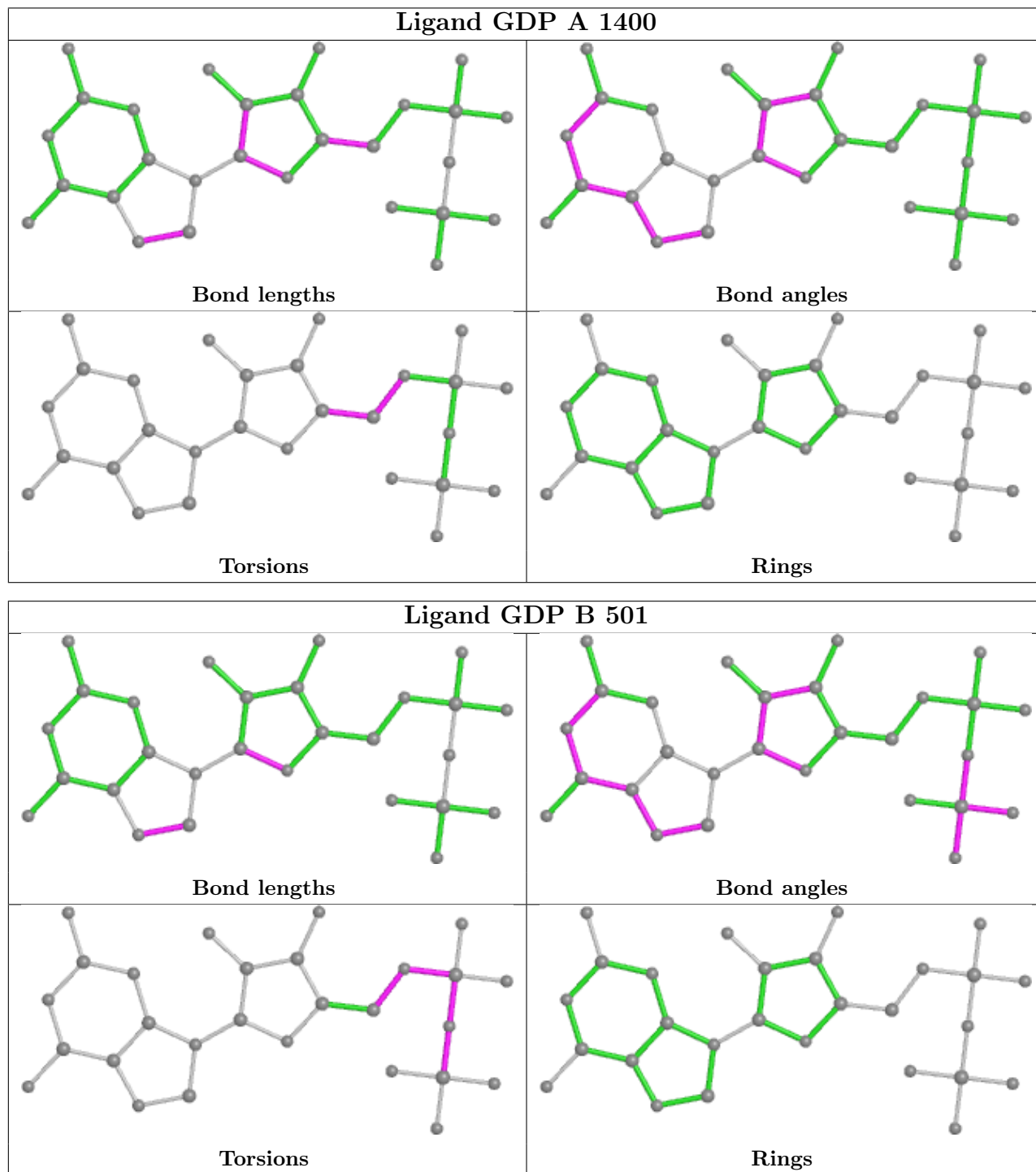
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	1400	GDP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
5	A	1400	GDP	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'
5	B	501	GDP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
5	B	501	GDP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
5	B	501	GDP	C4'-C5'-O5'-PA

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the

average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

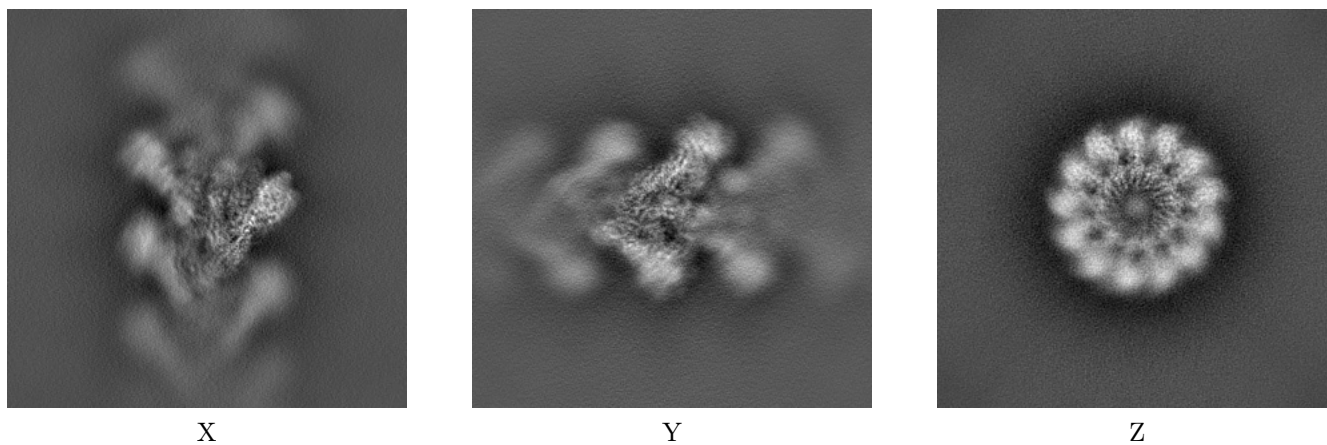
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-23636. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

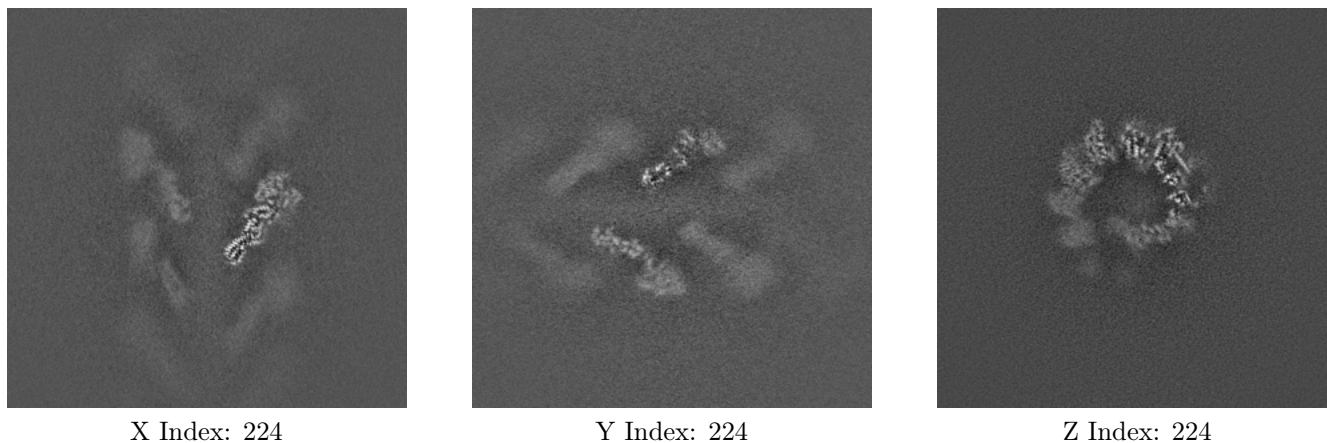
6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

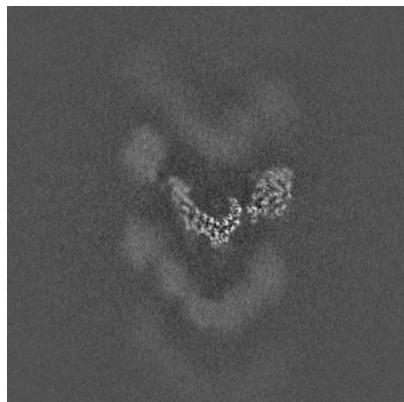
6.2.1 Primary map



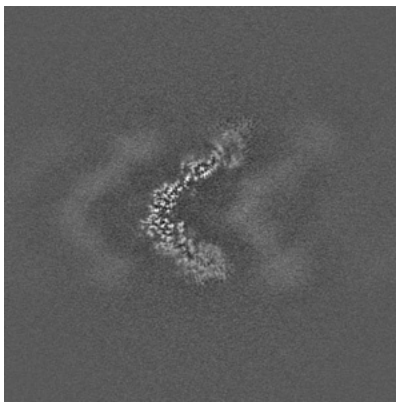
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

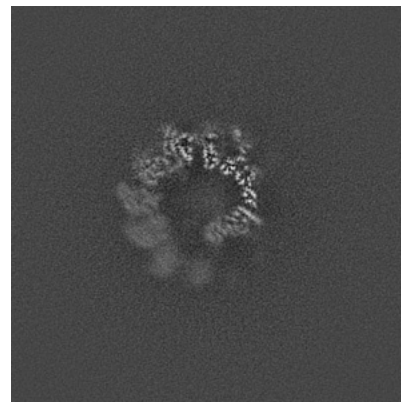
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 256



Y Index: 258

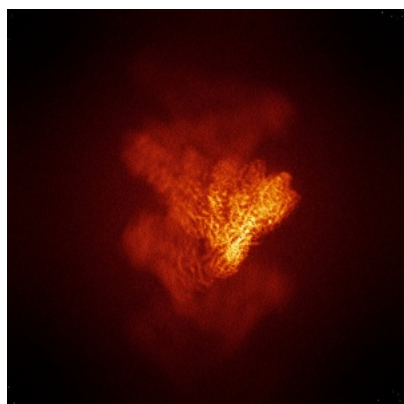


Z Index: 214

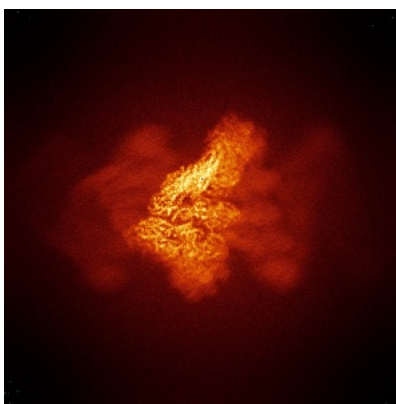
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

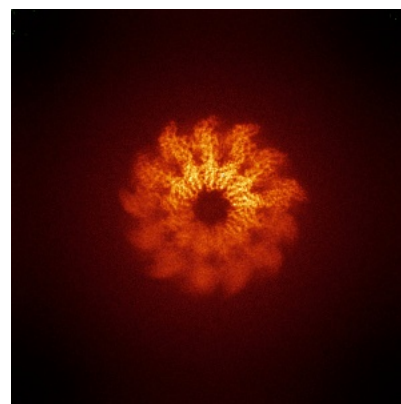
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 7.0. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

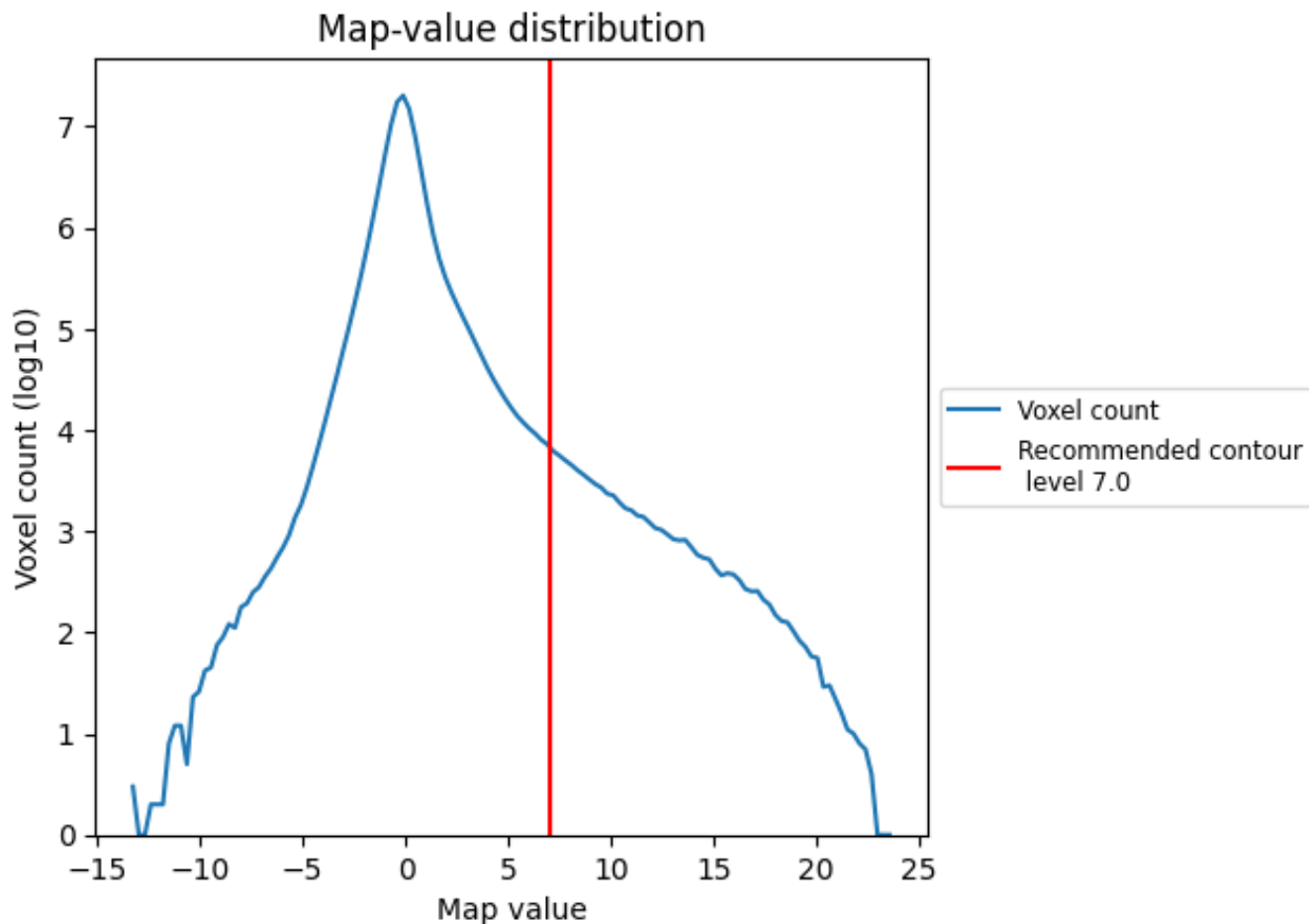
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

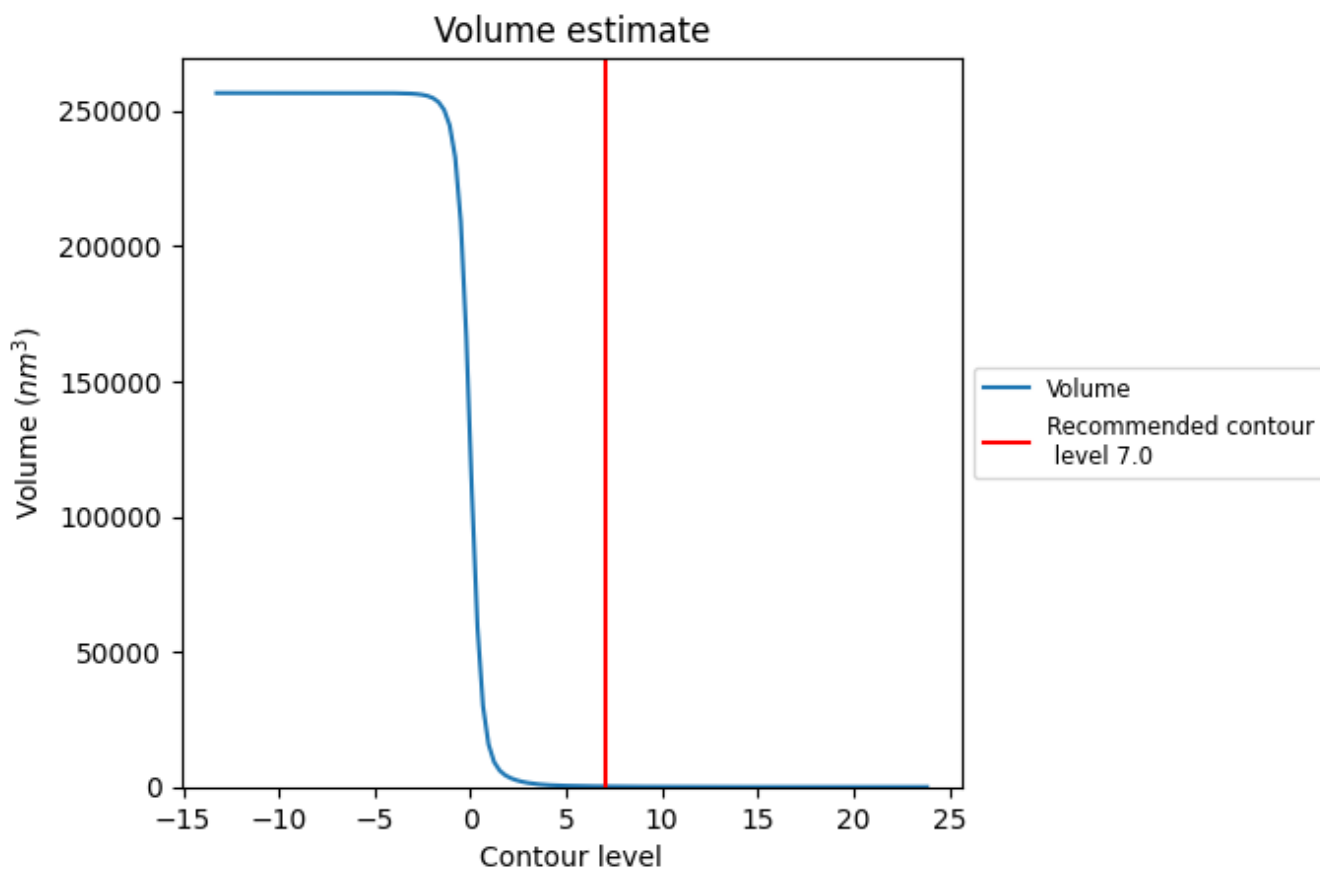
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

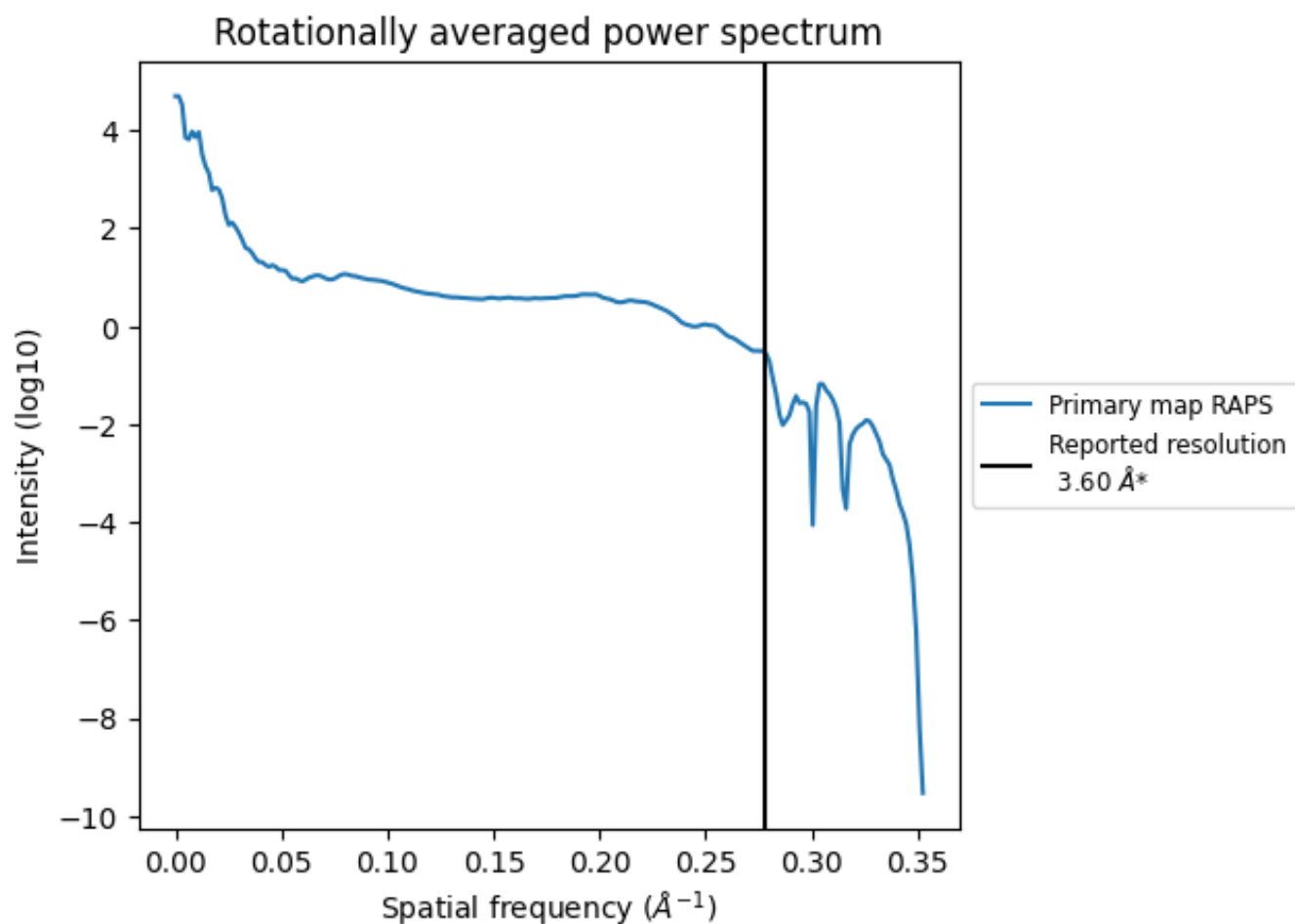
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 195 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 176 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum i



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.278 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

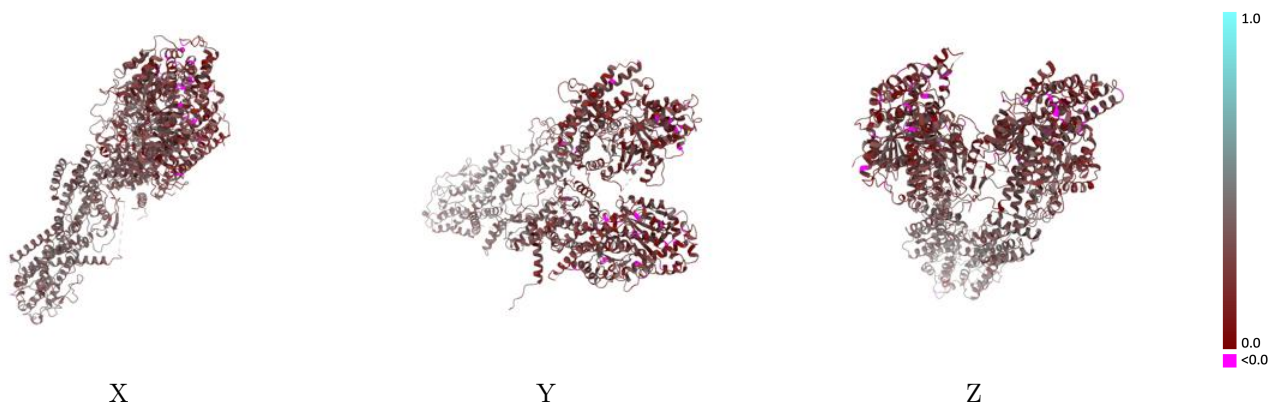
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-23636 and PDB model 7M2X. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



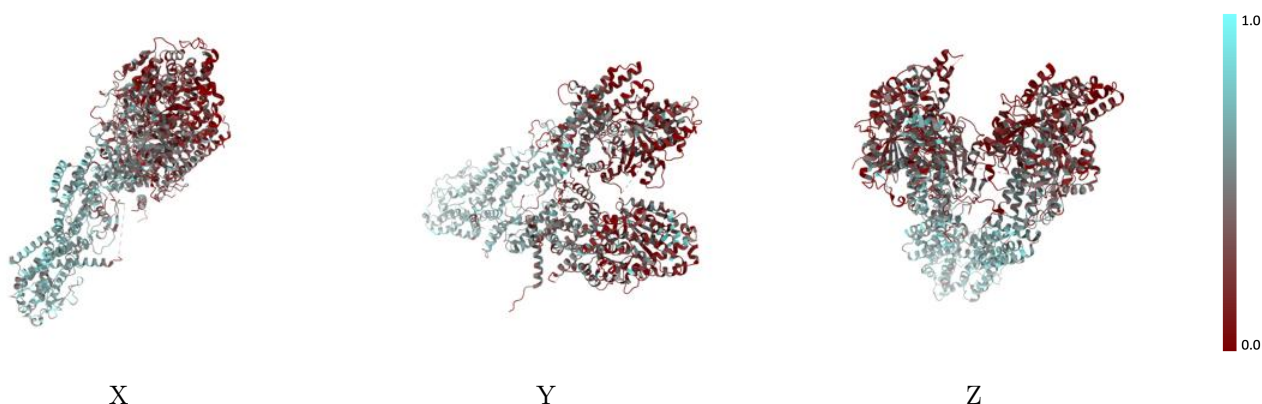
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 7.0 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



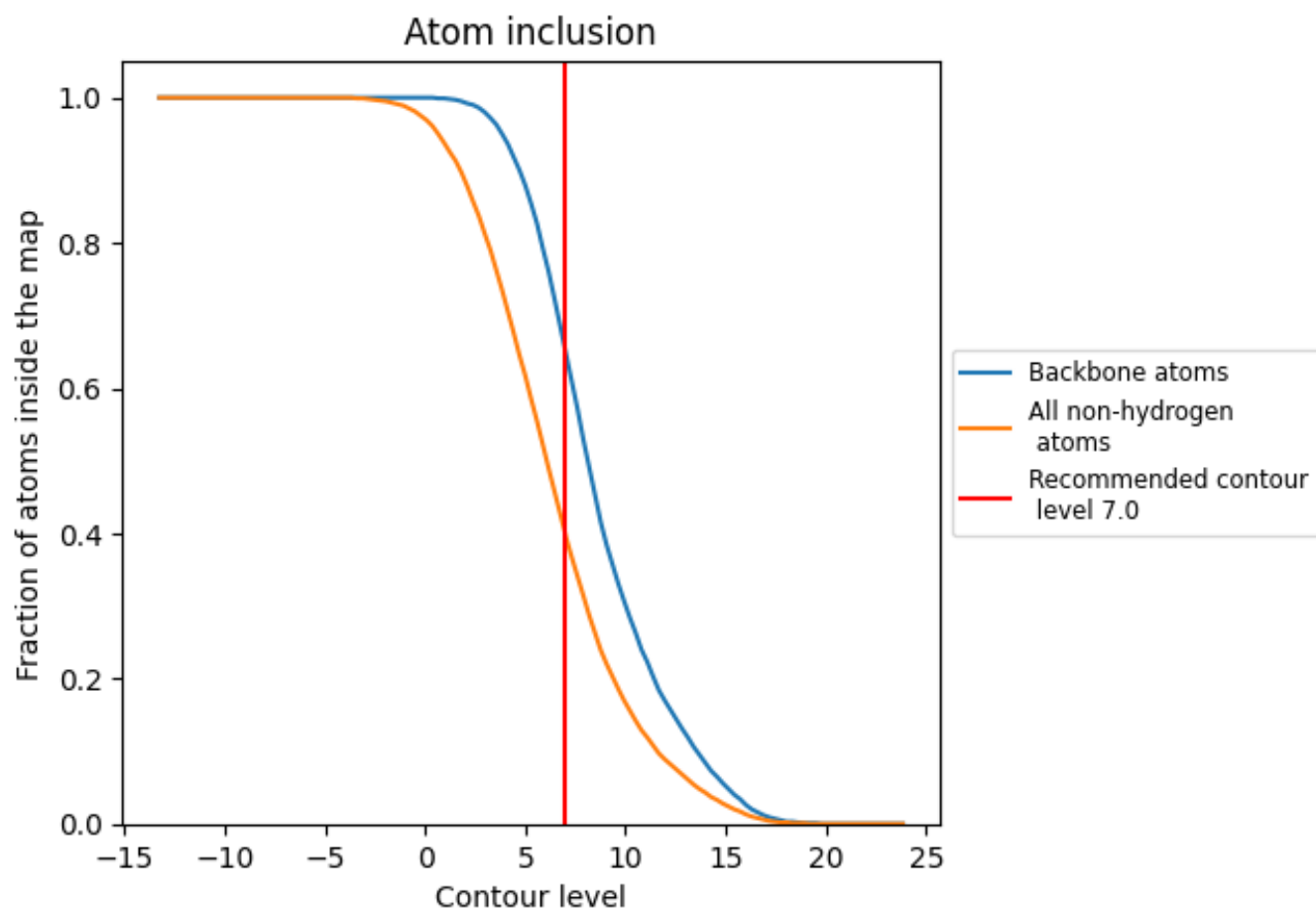
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (7.0).













9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 65% of all backbone atoms, 40% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary [i](#)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (7.0) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.3990	 0.2950
A	 0.3080	 0.2550
B	 0.2270	 0.2490
C	 0.4890	 0.3210
D	 0.4720	 0.3210
U	 0.3680	 0.2640

