



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 8, 2020 – 01:50 PM BST

PDB ID : 4LKJ  
Title : The structure of hemagglutinin L226Q mutant (H3 numbering) from a avian-origin H7N9 influenza virus (A/Anhui/1/2013) in complex with avian receptor analog 3'SLNLN  
Authors : Shi, Y.; Zhang, W.; Wang, F.; Qi, J.; Song, H.; Wu, Y.; Gao, F.; Zhang, Y.; Fan, Z.; Gong, W.; Wang, D.; Shu, Y.; Wang, Y.; Yan, J.; Gao, G.F.  
Deposited on : 2013-07-07  
Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.13.1  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

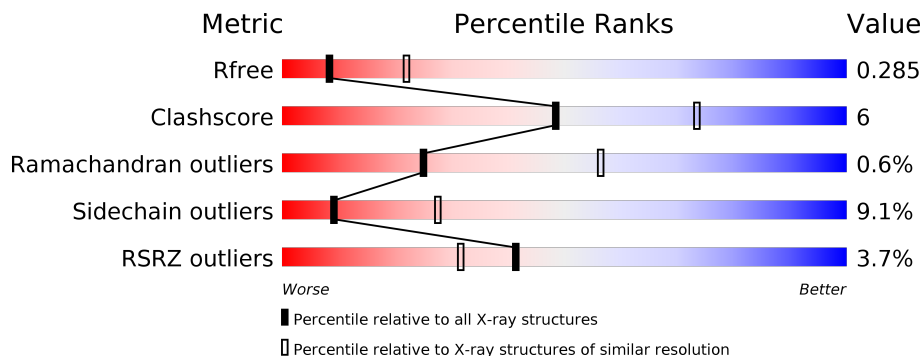
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*



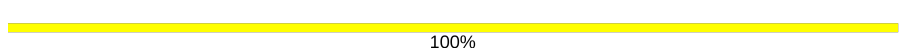
The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	3140 (2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	141614	3569 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3498 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3500 (2.80-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3078 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	314	
2	B	168	
3	C	3	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3880 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

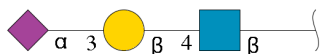
- Molecule 1 is a protein called hemagglutinin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	314	2396	1487	434	460	15	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called hemagglutinin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	168	1364	843	236	278	7	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic acid-(2-3)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
3	C	3	46	25	2	19	0	0	0

- Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO<sub>6</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
4	A	1	14	8	1	5	0	0
4	A	1	14	8	1	5	0	0
4	B	1	14	8	1	5	0	0

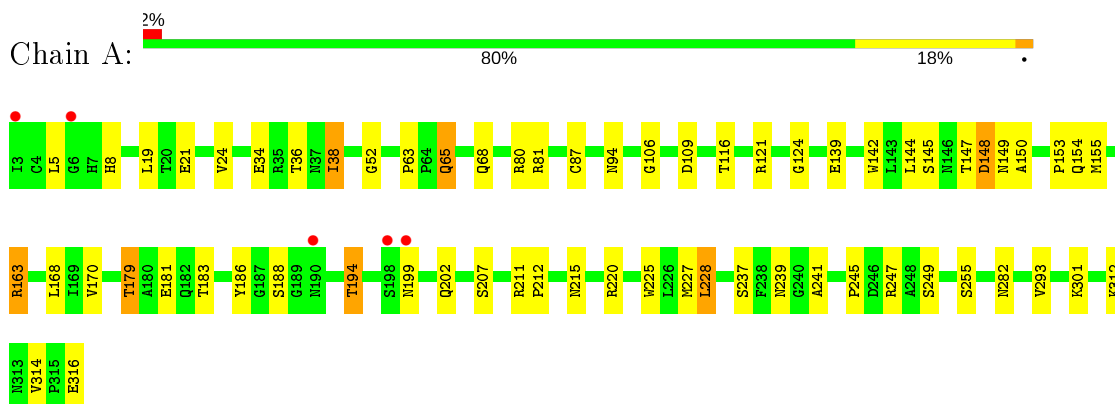
- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
5	A	21	21	21	0	0
5	B	11	11	11	0	0

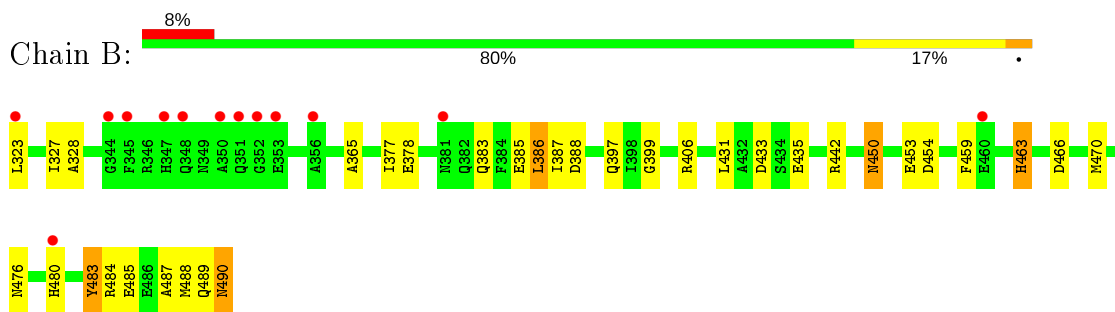
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

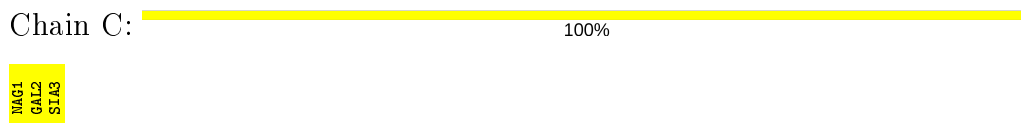
- Molecule 1: hemagglutinin



- Molecule 2: hemagglutinin



- Molecule 3: N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic acid-(2-3)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



## 4 Data and refinement statistics i

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	116.91Å 116.91Å 297.08Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	37.78 – 2.80 39.14 – 2.80	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.0 (37.78-2.80) 99.0 (39.14-2.80)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	3.15 (at 2.81Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.7.3_928)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.237 , 0.285 0.234 , 0.285	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	993 reflections (5.09%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	72.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.151	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.26 , 39.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.000 for $-1/3^*h+1/3^*k+1/3^*l,-k,8/3^*h+4/3^*k+1/3^*l$ 0.022 for $-2/3^*h-1/3^*k-1/3^*l,-1/3^*h-2/3^*k+1/3^*l,-4/3^*h+4/3^*k+1/3^*l$ 0.001 for $-h,1/3^*h-1/3^*k-1/3^*l,-4/3^*h-8/3^*k+1/3^*l$	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	3880	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	96.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.33% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup> Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup> Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SIA, GAL, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.24	0/2442	0.44	1/3301 (0.0%)
2	B	0.24	0/1388	0.41	0/1871
All	All	0.24	0/3830	0.43	1/5172 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	150	ALA	CB-CA-C	5.16	117.84	110.10

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2396	0	2349	29	0
2	B	1364	0	1261	17	0
3	C	46	0	40	2	0
4	A	28	0	26	0	0
4	B	14	0	13	1	0
5	A	21	0	0	1	0
5	B	11	0	0	2	0
All	All	3880	0	3689	45	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (45) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:3:SIA:O1B	3:C:3:SIA:H6	1.89	0.72
2:B:463:HIS:HB3	2:B:487:ALA:HB2	1.78	0.66
2:B:383:GLN:NE2	2:B:385:GLU:OE2	2.30	0.65
1:A:148:ASP:OD2	1:A:148:ASP:N	2.33	0.62
1:A:183:THR:HG22	1:A:188:SER:HA	1.84	0.59
1:A:121:ARG:NH1	1:A:145:SER:O	2.36	0.59
1:A:194:THR:HG23	1:A:237:SER:HB2	1.85	0.59
2:B:490:ASN:OD1	2:B:490:ASN:N	2.37	0.57
1:A:34:GLU:OE2	1:A:36:THR:OG1	2.23	0.57
1:A:109:ASP:OD2	1:A:163:ARG:NH2	2.38	0.56
2:B:399:GLY:HA3	4:B:501:NAG:H82	1.90	0.54
1:A:207:SER:O	1:A:211:ARG:NH2	2.41	0.53
1:A:121:ARG:HB3	1:A:144:LEU:HB3	1.90	0.52
1:A:282:ASN:ND2	5:A:713:HOH:O	2.42	0.51
1:A:282:ASN:HB3	2:B:377:ILE:HG23	1.93	0.51
1:A:87:CYS:O	1:A:215:ASN:ND2	2.39	0.51
1:A:139:GLU:OE1	1:A:247:ARG:HD3	2.11	0.50
2:B:450:ASN:N	2:B:450:ASN:OD1	2.43	0.50
1:A:170:VAL:HG22	1:A:225:TRP:HB3	1.95	0.49
3:C:3:SIA:O1B	3:C:3:SIA:C6	2.59	0.47
1:A:38:ILE:HG13	1:A:38:ILE:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:154:GLN:OE1	1:A:239:ASN:HB3	2.16	0.46
2:B:388:ASP:OD2	2:B:406:ARG:NH2	2.36	0.46
2:B:466:ASP:O	2:B:470:MET:N	2.38	0.46
1:A:124:GLY:HA3	1:A:142:TRP:HB3	1.96	0.46
1:A:212:PRO:O	1:A:220:ARG:NH2	2.34	0.46
2:B:453:GLU:HG2	2:B:459:PHE:HE2	1.82	0.45
1:A:228:LEU:HA	1:A:228:LEU:HD23	1.82	0.45
1:A:170:VAL:O	1:A:245:PRO:HB3	2.17	0.44
1:A:106:GLY:HA2	1:A:255:SER:HB3	1.99	0.44
1:A:314:VAL:HG21	2:B:328:ALA:HB2	2.00	0.44
2:B:365:ALA:HB2	2:B:435:GLU:HG3	2.00	0.43
2:B:485:GLU:HA	2:B:488:MET:HG3	2.00	0.43
2:B:388:ASP:HB2	5:B:602:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:168:LEU:HB3	1:A:249:SER:HB2	2.01	0.43
1:A:63:PRO:HB2	1:A:65:GLN:OE1	2.19	0.42
2:B:453:GLU:HG2	2:B:459:PHE:CE2	2.54	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:397:GLN:HB3	5:B:604:HOH:O	2.20	0.42
1:A:52:GLY:O	1:A:80:ARG:HB2	2.19	0.41
1:A:186:TYR:CZ	1:A:241:ALA:HA	2.56	0.41
1:A:301:LYS:HE3	1:A:301:LYS:HB2	1.86	0.41
1:A:153:PRO:O	1:A:155:MET:HG3	2.21	0.41
1:A:293:VAL:HG11	2:B:386:LEU:HD13	2.03	0.41
1:A:179:THR:O	1:A:183:THR:HG23	2.20	0.40
2:B:327:ILE:N	2:B:433:ASP:OD1	2.55	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	312/314 (99%)	289 (93%)	21 (7%)	2 (1%)	25	56
2	B	166/168 (99%)	151 (91%)	14 (8%)	1 (1%)	25	56
All	All	478/482 (99%)	440 (92%)	35 (7%)	3 (1%)	25	56

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	199	ASN
2	B	483	TYR
1	A	149	ASN

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	263/263 (100%)	241 (92%)	22 (8%)	11	31
2	B	144/144 (100%)	129 (90%)	15 (10%)	7	21
All	All	407/407 (100%)	370 (91%)	37 (9%)	9	27

All (37) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	5	LEU
1	A	8	HIS
1	A	19	LEU
1	A	21	GLU
1	A	24	VAL
1	A	38	ILE
1	A	65	GLN
1	A	68	GLN
1	A	81	ARG
1	A	94	ASN
1	A	116	THR
1	A	147	THR
1	A	148	ASP
1	A	163	ARG
1	A	179	THR
1	A	181	GLU
1	A	194	THR
1	A	202	GLN
1	A	227	MET
1	A	228	LEU
1	A	312	LYS
1	A	316	GLU
2	B	323	LEU
2	B	378	GLU
2	B	386	LEU
2	B	387	ILE
2	B	431	LEU
2	B	442	ARG
2	B	450	ASN
2	B	454	ASP
2	B	463	HIS
2	B	476	ASN
2	B	480	HIS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	483	TYR
2	B	484	ARG
2	B	489	GLN
2	B	490	ASN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$
3	NAG	C	1	3	15,15,15	0.75	0	21,21,21	1.84	4 (19%)
3	GAL	C	2	3	11,11,12	0.76	0	15,15,17	1.38	1 (6%)
3	SIA	C	3	3	17,20,21	0.27	0	21,28,31	0.52	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	C	1	3	-	0/6/26/26	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GAL	C	2	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	SIA	C	3	3	-	2/14/34/38	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	C	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	5.06	114.60	109.52
3	C	2	GAL	C1-C2-C3	4.44	115.12	109.67
3	C	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-3.74	106.39	110.73
3	C	1	NAG	C1-C2-C3	3.30	115.05	110.54
3	C	1	NAG	C6-C5-C4	-2.44	107.30	113.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

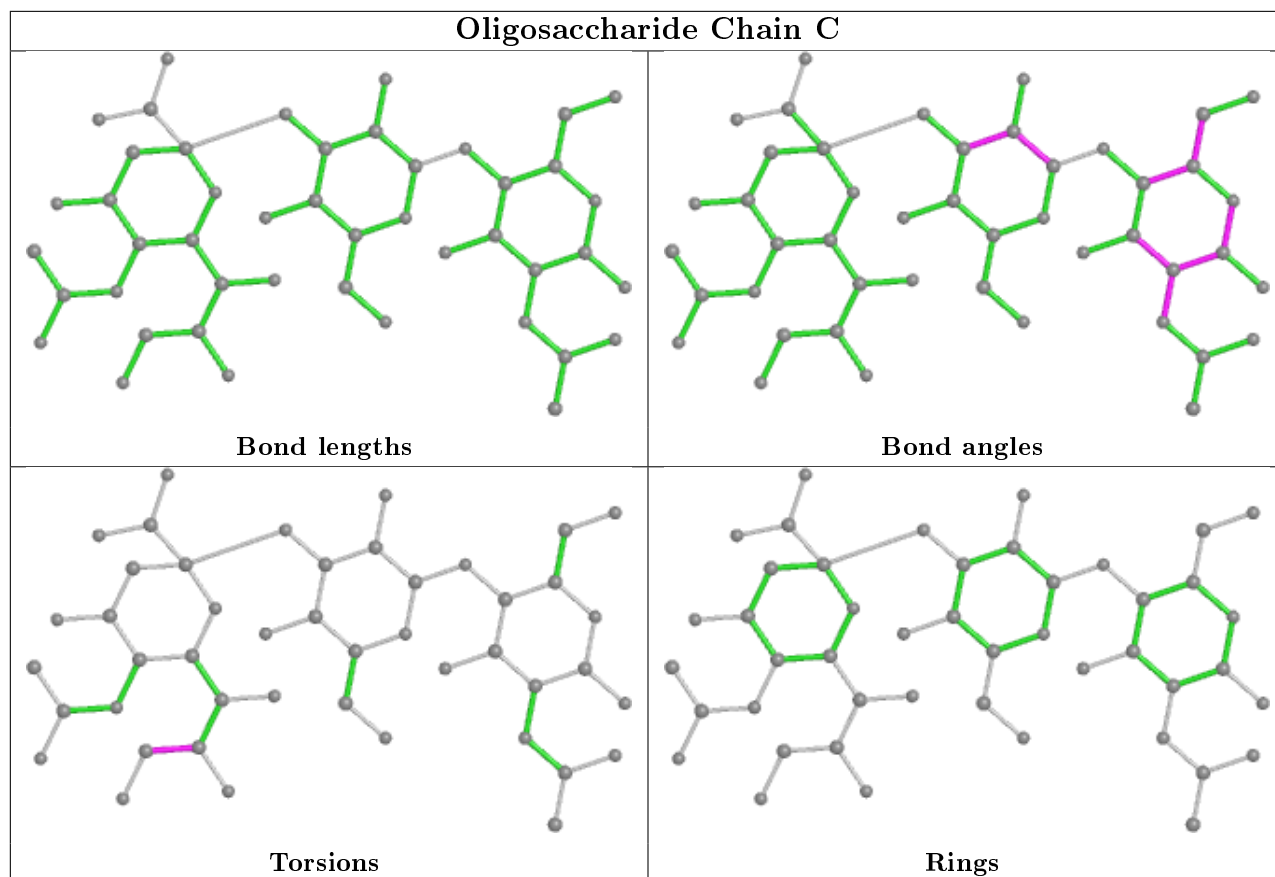
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	3	SIA	O8-C8-C9-O9
3	C	3	SIA	C7-C8-C9-O9

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	C	3	SIA	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	NAG	A	601	1	14,14,15	0.40	0	17,19,21	1.69	2 (11%)
4	NAG	A	602	1	14,14,15	0.54	0	17,19,21	0.74	0
4	NAG	B	501	2	14,14,15	0.52	0	17,19,21	0.75	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	601	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	602	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	B	501	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	601	NAG	C1-O5-C5	5.36	119.46	112.19
4	A	601	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-2.33	107.60	111.02

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	601	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	A	601	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
4	A	602	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	A	602	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
4	A	602	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	B	501	NAG	1	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	314/314 (100%)	-0.17	5 (1%) 72 66	47, 80, 130, 156	0
2	B	168/168 (100%)	0.48	13 (7%) 13 7	45, 116, 180, 217	0
All	All	482/482 (100%)	0.06	18 (3%) 41 31	45, 89, 159, 217	0

All (18) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	352	GLY	5.2
2	B	381	ASN	4.6
2	B	344	GLY	4.3
2	B	323	LEU	3.8
2	B	345	PHE	3.7
2	B	353	GLU	3.5
2	B	480	HIS	3.5
1	A	6	GLY	3.5
1	A	3	ILE	2.9
2	B	356	ALA	2.9
2	B	351	GLN	2.8
1	A	190	ASN	2.7
2	B	460	GLU	2.4
2	B	348	GLN	2.3
1	A	199	ASN	2.2
1	A	198	SER	2.1
2	B	347	HIS	2.1
2	B	350	ALA	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

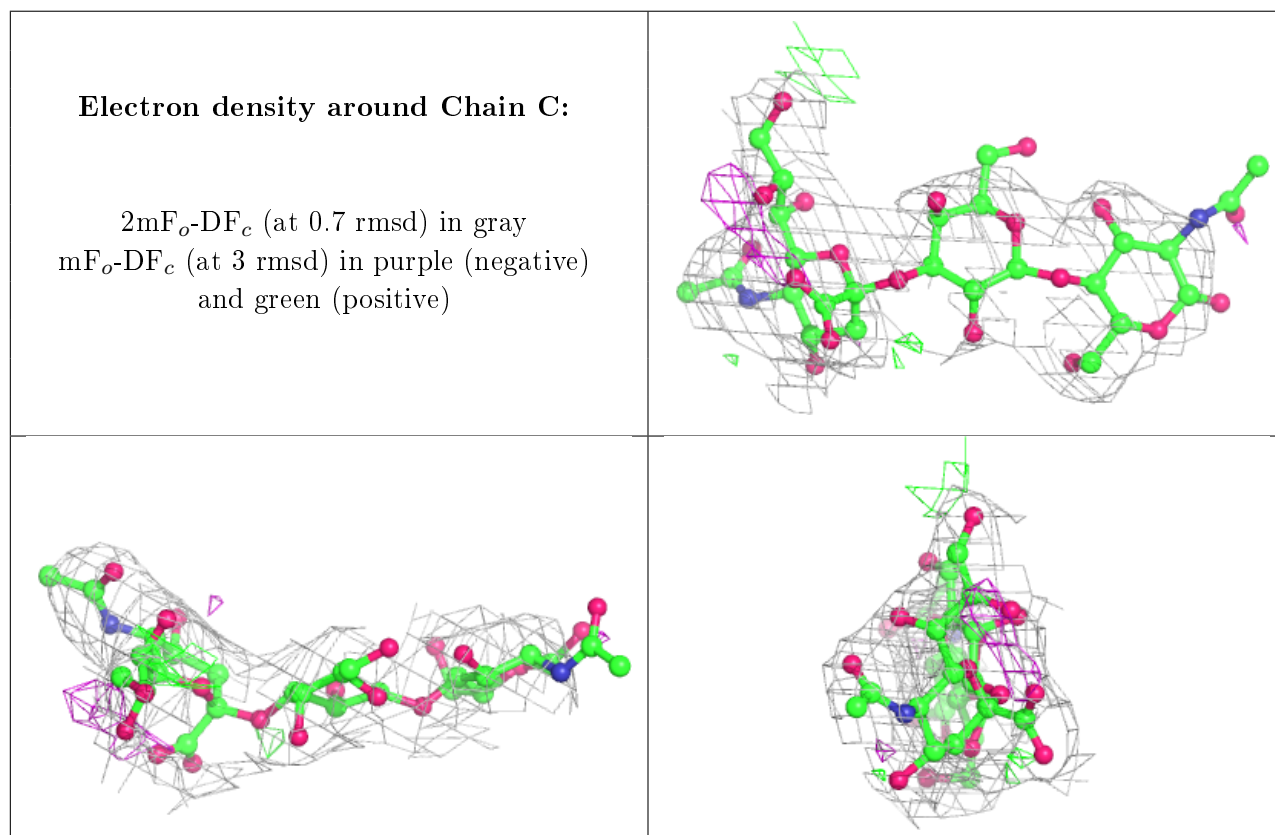
There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	NAG	C	1	15/15	0.69	0.32	138,154,162,165	0
3	GAL	C	2	11/12	0.90	0.21	112,131,145,148	0
3	SIA	C	3	20/21	0.94	0.17	79,90,105,108	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q<0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
4	NAG	A	602	14/15	0.84	0.27	133,142,145,146	0
4	NAG	A	601	14/15	0.91	0.14	99,112,117,118	0
4	NAG	B	501	14/15	0.95	0.11	77,86,91,94	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.