

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Feb 15, 2022 – 09:16 AM EST

PDB ID	:	1LCC
Title	:	STRUCTURE OF THE COMPLEX OF LAC REPRESSOR HEAD-
		PIECE AND AN 11 BASE-PAIR HALF-OPERATOR DETERMINED
		BY NUCLEAR MAGNETIC RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY AND RE-
		STRAINED MOLECULAR DYNAMICS
Authors	:	Chuprina, V.P.; Rullmann, J.A.C.; Lamerichs, R.M.J.N.; Van Boom, J.H.;
		Boelens, R.; Kaptein, R.
Deposited on	:	1993-03-25

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity Percentile statistics		4.02b-467 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
		v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	2.26
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.26

Clashscore

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metrie	С	Percent	ile Ranks	Value
Clashscore				0
	Worse			Better
	Perce	ntile relative to all structures		
	Perce	ntile relative to all NMR structures		
				1
Metri	c	Whole archive	NMR archive	

(# Entries)

158937

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

(#Entries)

12864

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	В	11	100%
2	С	11	100%
3	А	51	100%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1149 atoms, of which 251 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*AP*AP*TP*TP*GP*TP*GP*AP*GP*CP* G)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
1	В	11	Total 252	C 109	Н 25	1	0 64	Р 10	0

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*CP*GP*CP*TP*CP*AP*CP*AP*AP*TP* T)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
0	C	11	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	Р	0
	C	11	240	106	22	38	64	10	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Lac Repressor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
2	Λ	51	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	0
J	3 A	51	497	249	98	70	78	2	0

• Molecule 4 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
4	С	1	Total Na	
4	U		1 1	

• Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		
5	B	12	Total H O		
0	D	12	36 24 12		
5	С	14	Total H O		
0	U	14	42 28 14		
5	Δ	27	Total H O		
0	А	21	81 54 27		



4 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*AP*AP*TP*TP*GP*TP*GP*AP*GP*CP*G)-3')

Chain B:	100%
A1 A2 74 65 67 67 61 010 010	
• Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*CP*GP*CP	*TP*CP*AP*CP*AP*AP*TP*T)-3')
Chain C:	100%
C1 C2 C2 C2 C3 C5 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1	
• Molecule 3: Lac Repressor	
Chain A:	100%
M1 K2 K2 K2 K2 K2 K2 K2 K2 K1 K2 K2 K2 K2 K2 K2 K2 K2 K2 K2 K2 K2 K2	V30 X331 X332 X331 X332 X332 X332 X332 X332



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

Of the ? calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: ?.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
GROMOS	refinement	

No chemical shift data was provided.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NA

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
2	С	0	0	0	0
3	А	0	0	0	0
5	С	14	28	0	0
All	All	54	106	0	-

The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

[Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
	3	А	0	-	-	-	-

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	0	-	-	-	-

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
3	А	0	-	-	-
All	All	0	-	-	-

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.



6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

