

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Sep 13, 2020 – 09:52 AM BST

PDB ID : 1KOB

Title: TWITCHIN KINASE FRAGMENT (APLYSIA), AUTOREGULATED PRO-

TEIN KINASE DOMAIN

Authors: Kobe, B.; Heierhorst, J.; Feil, S.C.; Parker, M.W.; Benian, G.M.; Weiss, K.R.;

Kemp, B.E.

 $Deposited \ on \quad : \quad 1996\text{-}06\text{-}28$ 

Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.14.4.dev1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

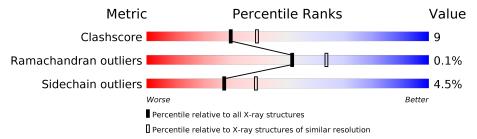
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.14.4.dev1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	387	71%	19%	·	9%		
1	В	387	71%	19%	·	9%		



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6071 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called TWITCHIN.

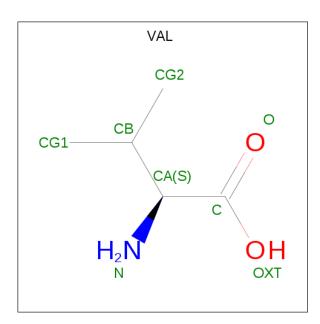
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	352	Total 2869	C 1840	N 479	O 539	S 11	0	0	0
1	В	352	Total 2869	C 1840	N 479	O 539	S 11	0	0	0

There are 14 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	12	SER	ARG	CONFLICT	UNP Q16980
A	18	TYR	HIS	CONFLICT	UNP Q16980
A	49	VAL	CYS	CONFLICT	UNP Q16980
A	80	VAL	GLU	CONFLICT	UNP Q16980
A	122	GLU	ASP	CONFLICT	UNP Q16980
A	379	LYS	VAL	CONFLICT	UNP Q16980
A	380	LEU	ARG	CONFLICT	UNP Q16980
В	12	SER	ARG	CONFLICT	UNP Q16980
В	18	TYR	HIS	CONFLICT	UNP Q16980
В	49	VAL	CYS	CONFLICT	UNP Q16980
В	80	VAL	$\operatorname{GLU}$	CONFLICT	UNP Q16980
В	122	GLU	ASP	CONFLICT	UNP Q16980
В	379	LYS	VAL	CONFLICT	UNP Q16980
В	380	LEU	ARG	CONFLICT	UNP Q16980

• Molecule 2 is VALINE (three-letter code: VAL) (formula:  $C_5H_{11}NO_2$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C N O 7 5 1 1	0	0

### • Molecule 3 is water.

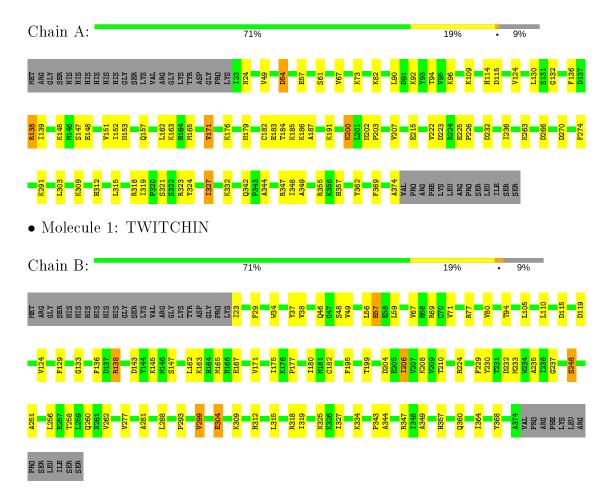
$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	${f AltConf}$
3	A	165	Total O 165 165	0	0
3	В	161	Total O 161 161	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: TWITCHIN





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	62.30Å 87.80Å 152.90Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	40.00 - 2.30	Depositor
resolution (A)	38.07 - 1.65	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) (40.00-2.30)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	51.6 (38.07-1.65)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.12	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.99 (at 1.65Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.1	Depositor
P. P.	0.200 , 0.282	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.211 , (Not available)	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	8.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	1.609	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.29 , 74.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.89	EDS
Total number of atoms	6071	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	31.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.56% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
WIOI		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	Α	0.60	0/2942	0.77	1/3981 (0.0%)	
1	В	0.59	0/2942	0.75	0/3981	
All	All	0.59	0/5884	0.76	$1/7962 \ (0.0\%)$	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	54	ASP	N-CA-C	-5.27	96.78	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2869	0	2812	57	0
1	В	2869	0	2812	51	0
2	A	7	0	8	1	0
3	A	165	0	0	8	0
3	В	161	0	0	7	0
All	All	6071	0	5632	107	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 107 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by



their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:130:LEU:HD22	1:A:183:GLU:HA	1.56	0.86
1:B:312:HIS:HB3	1:B:315:LEU:HD12	1.66	0.75
1:A:321:SER:HB3	3:A:498:HOH:O	1.85	0.74
1:A:49:VAL:HG21	1:A:124:VAL:HG21	1.69	0.74
1:B:56:LEU:HD11	1:B:71:VAL:HG23	1.71	0.72

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	${f Analysed}$	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	$\mathbf{ntiles}$
1	A	350/387~(90%)	327 (93%)	22 (6%)	1 (0%)	41	50
1	В	350/387~(90%)	335 (96%)	15 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	700/774~(90%)	662 (95%)	37 (5%)	1 (0%)	51	64

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	Α	203	PRO	

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	312/343 (91%)	300 (96%)	12 (4%)	33 47
1	В	312/343 (91%)	296 (95%)	16 (5%)	24 33
All	All	624/686 (91%)	596 (96%)	28 (4%)	27 39

5 of 28 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	48	SER
1	В	119	ASP
1	В	325	ASN
1	В	57	GLU
1	В	115	ASP

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	46	GLN
1	В	360	GLN
1	В	168	HIS
1	A	357	HIS
1	В	357	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	${ m gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
10101	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	VAL	A	388	1	4,6,7	0.86	0	6,7,9	1.12	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Type	Chain	${f Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	VAL	A	388	1	-	3/5/6/8	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	388	VAL	C-CA-CB-CG1
2	A	388	VAL	C-CA-CB-CG2
2	A	388	VAL	N-CA-CB-CG2

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	388	VAL	1	0

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

