

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 27, 2022 – 05:54 PM EST

PDB ID : 7KHI

EMDB ID : EMD-21881

Title: Escherichia coli RNA polymerase and rrnBP1 promoter complex with

DksA/ppGpp

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Deposited on : 2020-10-21

Resolution : 3.62 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

MapQ: 1.9.9

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

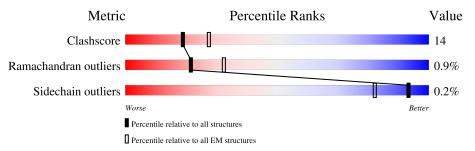
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.62 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of	chain	
1	A	236	67%	30%	•
1	В	236	•	36%	•
2	С	1342	70%	29%	•
3	D	1407	• 67%	30%	
4	Е	91	18%	23%	16%
5	F	613	57%	33%	• 9%
6	X	36	47%	47%	6%
7	Y	28	7% 54%	46%	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of	chain	
8	M	151	56%	36%	• 6%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 12 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 32349 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit alpha.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	230	20000	C 1112	- '	_	\sim	0	0
1	В	228	Total 1767	C 1100		_	S 6	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	С	1341	Total 10571	C 6633	N 1839	O 2056	S 43	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit beta'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$					AltConf	Trace
3	D	1363	Total 10516	C 6602	N 1872	O 1992	S 50	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit omega.

Mo	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	Е	76	Total 605	C 368	N 115	O 121	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is a protein called RNA polymerase sigma factor RpoD.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	AltConf	Trace			
5	F	556	Total 4389	C 2745	N 776	O 843	S 25	0	0

• Molecule 6 is a DNA chain called DNA (36-MER).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
6	X	36	Total 731	C 349	N 128	O 218	P 36	0	0

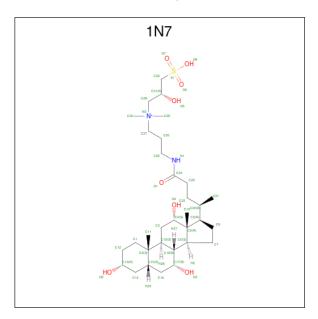
• Molecule 7 is a DNA chain called DNA (28-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	Y	28	Total 583	C 275	N 115	O 165	P 28	0	0

• Molecule 8 is a protein called RNA polymerase-binding transcription factor DksA.

M	[ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	8	M	142	Total 1152	C 709	N 208	O 228	S 7	0	0

• Molecule 9 is CHAPSO (three-letter code: 1N7) (formula: $C_{32}H_{59}N_2O_8S$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf			
9	C	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0
9	C	1	86	64	4	16	2	U
9	C	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0
9	C	1	86	64	4	16	2	0
9	D	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0
9	D	1	43	32	2	8	1	U
9	F	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0
	Г	1	43	32	2	8	1	U



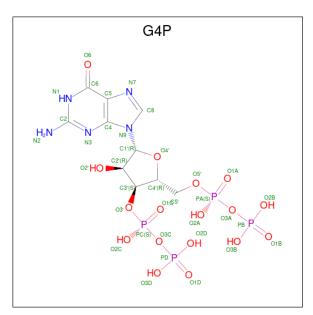
• Molecule 10 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
10	D	1	Total Mg 1 1	0

• Molecule 11 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
11	D	2	Total Zn 2 2	0
11	M	1	Total Zn 1 1	0

• Molecule 12 is GUANOSINE-5',3'-TETRAPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: G4P) (formula: $C_{10}H_{17}N_5O_{17}P_4$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



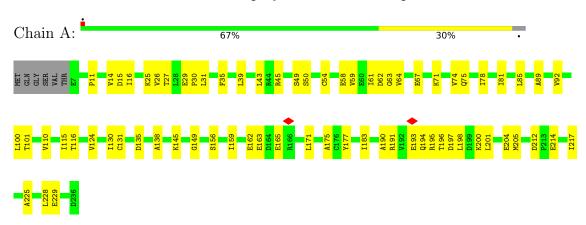
Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			AltConf
19	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
12	ש	1	36	10	5	17	4	0
19	М	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
12	1V1	1	36	10	5	17	4	U



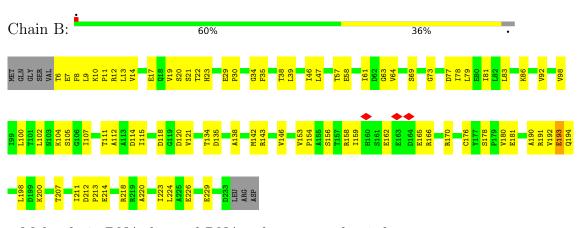
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

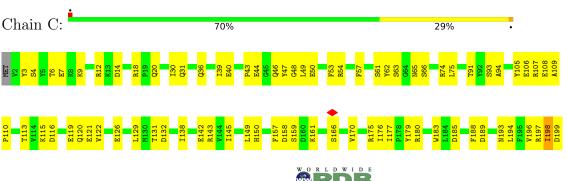
• Molecule 1: DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit alpha



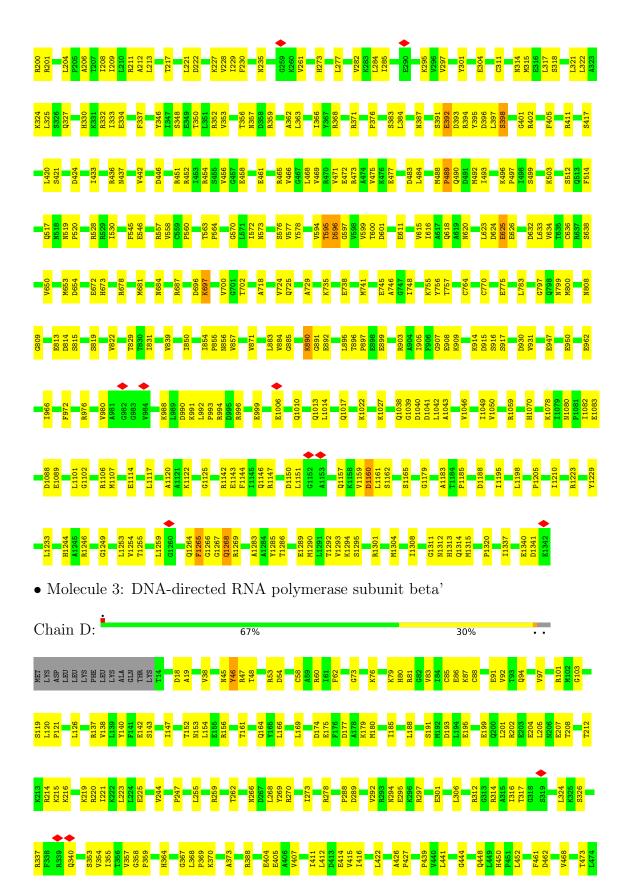
• Molecule 1: DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit alpha



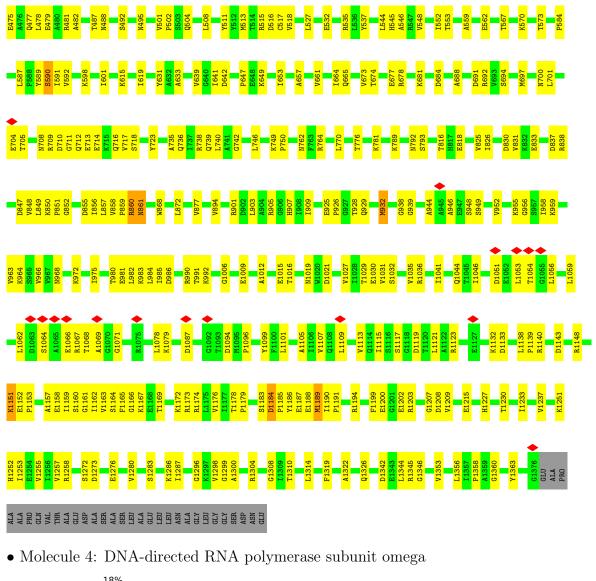
• Molecule 2: DNA-directed RNA polymerase subunit beta





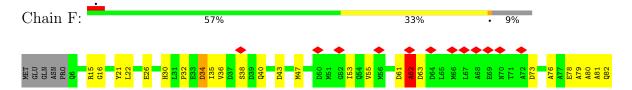








• Molecule 5: RNA polymerase sigma factor RpoD









4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	49995	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	45	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	1.182	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.555	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.035	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.13	Depositor
Map size (Å)	388.80002, 388.80002, 388.80002	wwPDB
Map dimensions	360, 360, 360	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.08, 1.08, 1.08	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: G4P, ZN, MG, 1N7

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	В	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.27	0/1809	0.59	0/2451
1	В	0.27	0/1789	0.60	0/2425
2	С	0.29	1/10740 (0.0%)	0.60	3/14492 (0.0%)
3	D	0.27	0/10677	0.60	$2/14426 \ (0.0\%)$
4	Е	0.25	0/607	0.59	0/817
5	F	0.27	0/4445	0.59	1/5992~(0.0%)
6	X	0.68	0/817	1.10	3/1257~(0.2%)
7	Y	0.60	0/656	0.98	0/1012
8	M	0.29	0/1167	0.61	1/1565~(0.1%)
All	All	0.30	$1/32707 \ (0.0\%)$	0.63	$10/44437 \ (0.0\%)$

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	С	0	4
3	D	0	2
5	F	0	3
All	All	0	9

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(exttt{\AA})$
2	С	489	PRO	CG-CD	-8.12	1.23	1.50

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	С	489	PRO	N-CD-CG	-11.12	86.52	103.20
6	X	47	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	9.90	114.93	108.00
3	D	1189	MET	CA-CB-CG	9.35	129.19	113.30
2	С	489	PRO	CA-N-CD	-7.66	100.77	111.50
8	M	12	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.79	128.60	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 9 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	С	110	PRO	Peptide
2	С	198	ILE	Peptide
2	С	392	GLU	Peptide
2	С	595	THR	Peptide
3	D	901	ARG	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1787	0	1810	53	0
1	В	1767	0	1789	62	0
2	С	10571	0	10580	289	0
3	D	10516	0	10669	312	0
4	Е	605	0	612	17	0
5	F	4389	0	4360	158	0
6	X	731	0	407	21	0
7	Y	583	0	314	13	0
8	M	1152	0	1129	47	0
9	С	86	0	118	5	0
9	D	43	0	58	1	0
9	F	43	0	58	5	0
10	D	1	0	0	0	0
11	D	2	0	0	0	0
11	M	1	0	0	0	0
12	D	36	0	11	2	0
12	M	36	0	11	6	0
All	All	32349	0	31926	920	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 14.

The worst 5 of 920 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
2:C:222:ASP:OD1	2:C:227:LYS:NZ	2.01	0.93
3:D:1344:LEU:O	3:D:1346:GLY:N	2.03	0.92
3:D:1172:LYS:HB2	3:D:1189:MET:HE3	1.50	0.92
2:C:1088:ASP:OD2	2:C:1089:GLU:N	2.04	0.90
5:F:108:VAL:O	5:F:385:ARG:NH2	2.03	0.90

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	228/236~(97%)	204 (90%)	24 (10%)	0	100 100
1	В	226/236~(96%)	206 (91%)	18 (8%)	2 (1%)	17 56
2	С	1339/1342 (100%)	1219 (91%)	105 (8%)	15 (1%)	14 53
3	D	1361/1407 (97%)	1222 (90%)	131 (10%)	8 (1%)	25 64
4	E	74/91 (81%)	66 (89%)	8 (11%)	0	100 100
5	F	550/613 (90%)	479 (87%)	60 (11%)	11 (2%)	7 41
8	M	$140/151 \ (93\%)$	127 (91%)	12 (9%)	1 (1%)	22 61
All	All	3918/4076~(96%)	3523 (90%)	358 (9%)	37 (1%)	21 56

5 of 37 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	21	SER
2	С	49	LEU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	С	398	SER
2	С	625	GLU
2	С	1268	GLN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	198/203 (98%)	198 (100%)	0	100	100
1	В	196/203~(97%)	196 (100%)	0	100	100
2	С	1155/1157 (100%)	1151 (100%)	4 (0%)	92	97
3	D	1121/1168 (96%)	1120 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	98
4	E	65/75 (87%)	65 (100%)	0	100	100
5	F	461/540 (85%)	461 (100%)	0	100	100
8	M	123/131 (94%)	122 (99%)	1 (1%)	81	91
All	All	3319/3477 (96%)	3313 (100%)	6 (0%)	93	98

5 of 6 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	С	1022	LYS
3	D	1140	ARG
8	M	147	LYS
2	С	394	ARG
2	С	371	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 9 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
8	M	39	HIS
8	M	68	ASN
2	С	799	ASN
3	D	294	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	F	147	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 10 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 6 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trmo	Chain	Res	tes Link Bond lengths		E	ond ang	gles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
12	G4P	M	202	-	30,38,38	2.25	9 (30%)	42,61,61	1.59	9 (21%)
9	1N7	С	1401	-	45,46,46	4.08	21 (46%)	69,72,72	2.08	23 (33%)
9	1N7	F	701	-	45,46,46	4.02	21 (46%)	69,72,72	2.34	19 (27%)
12	G4P	D	2004	-	30,38,38	2.27	9 (30%)	42,61,61	1.47	7 (16%)
9	1N7	D	2005	-	45,46,46	4.06	20 (44%)	69,72,72	2.11	22 (31%)
9	1N7	С	1402	-	45,46,46	4.06	20 (44%)	69,72,72	1.80	15 (21%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
12	G4P	M	202	-	-	2/23/43/43	0/3/3/3
9	1N7	С	1401	-	-	6/27/92/92	1/4/4/4
9	1N7	F	701	-	-	4/27/92/92	0/4/4/4
12	G4P	D	2004	-	-	6/23/43/43	0/3/3/3
9	1N7	D	2005	-	-	7/27/92/92	0/4/4/4
9	1N7	С	1402	-	-	2/27/92/92	0/4/4/4

The worst 5 of 100 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
9	D	2005	1N7	C3-C4	-12.56	1.32	1.53
9	F	701	1N7	C3-C4	-12.48	1.32	1.53
9	С	1402	1N7	C3-C4	-12.32	1.32	1.53
9	С	1401	1N7	C3-C4	-12.31	1.32	1.53
9	С	1402	1N7	C5-C9	-10.71	1.37	1.55

The worst 5 of 95 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
9	F	701	1N7	C6-C5-C4	-8.38	99.60	107.40
9	F	701	1N7	C5-C6-C18	-7.14	105.62	114.74
9	С	1401	1N7	C6-C5-C4	-6.26	101.57	107.40
9	D	2005	1N7	C5-C6-C18	-6.17	106.86	114.74
9	С	1401	1N7	C5-C6-C18	-5.67	107.50	114.74

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 27 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
9	С	1401	1N7	N2-C28-C31-C32
9	С	1401	1N7	N2-C28-C31-O5
9	С	1402	1N7	N2-C28-C31-O5
9	D	2005	1N7	C21-C20-C9-C5
9	F	701	1N7	N2-C28-C31-C32

All (1) ring outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
9	С	1401	1N7	C1-C12-C13-C14-C15-C2

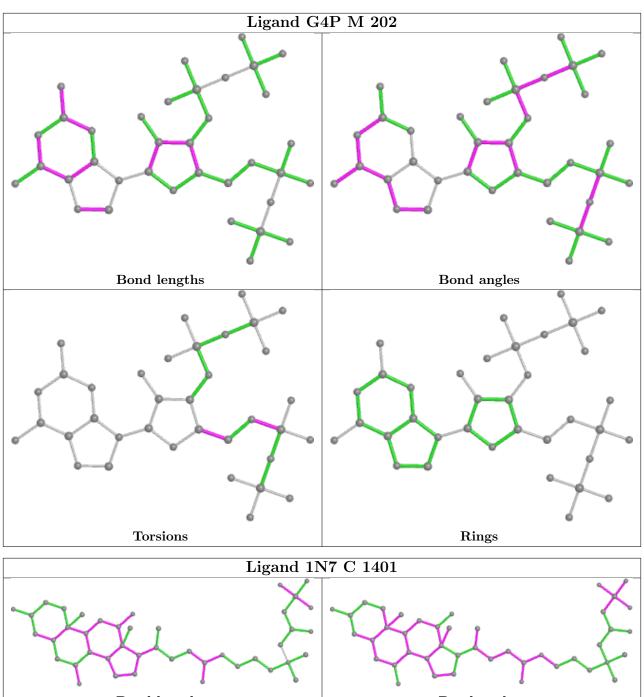
6 monomers are involved in 19 short contacts:

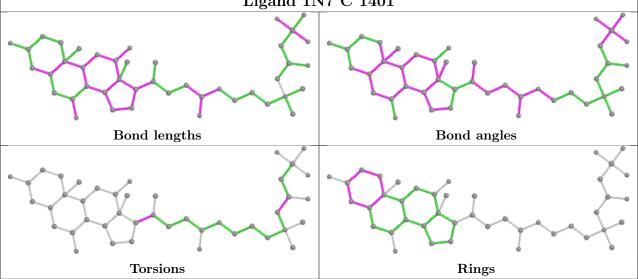


Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
12	M	202	G4P	6	0
9	С	1401	1N7	3	0
9	F	701	1N7	5	0
12	D	2004	G4P	2	0
9	D	2005	1N7	1	0
9	С	1402	1N7	2	0

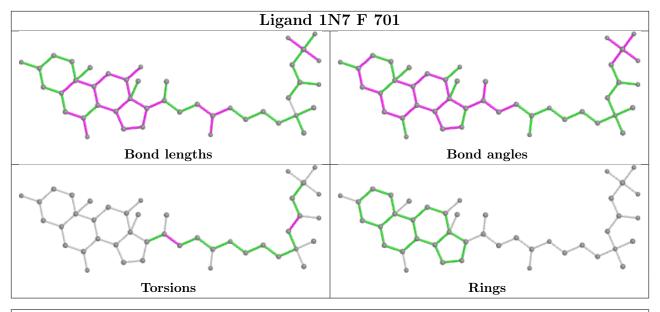
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

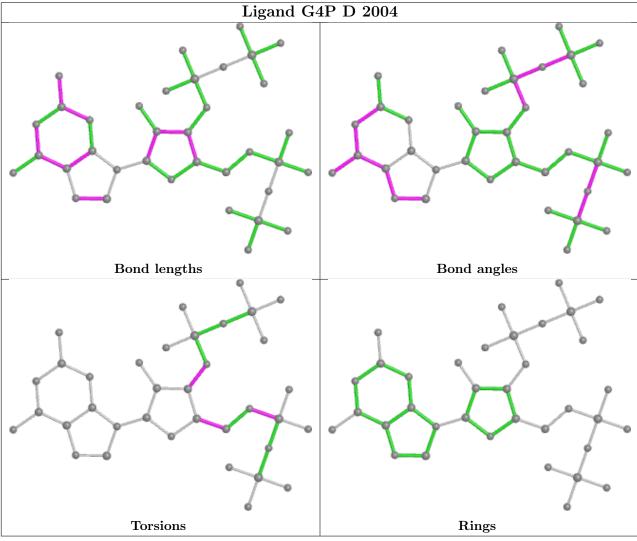




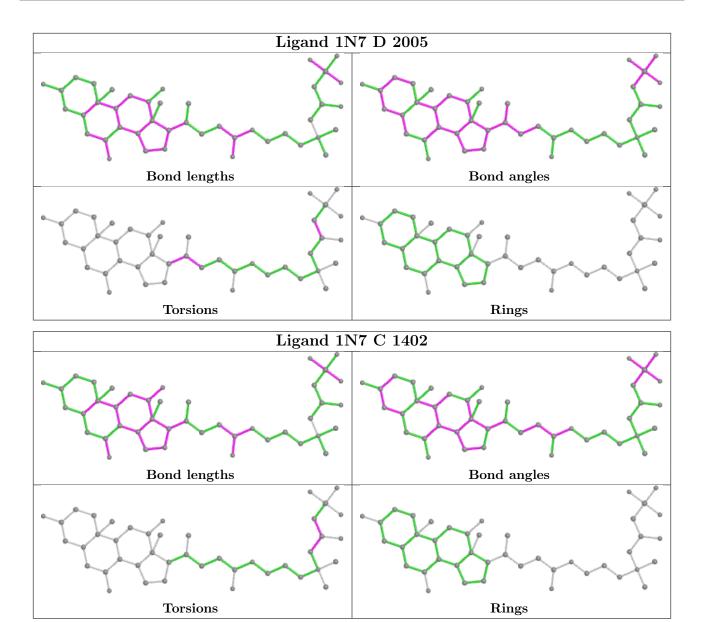












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



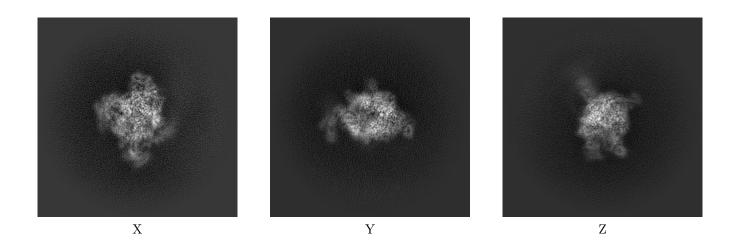
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-21881. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

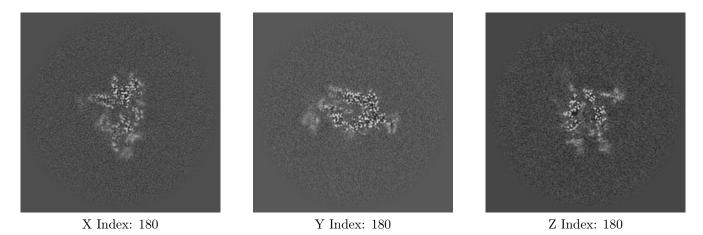
6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map

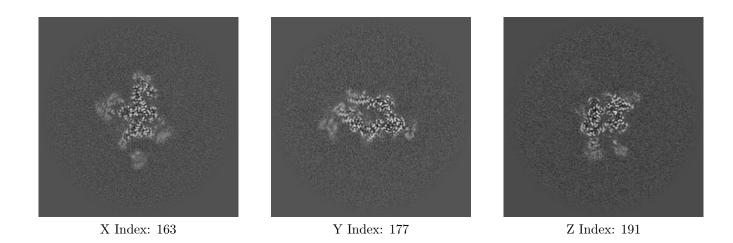




The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

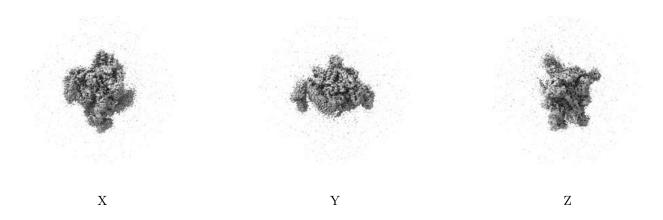
6.3.1 Primary map



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.13. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.



6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

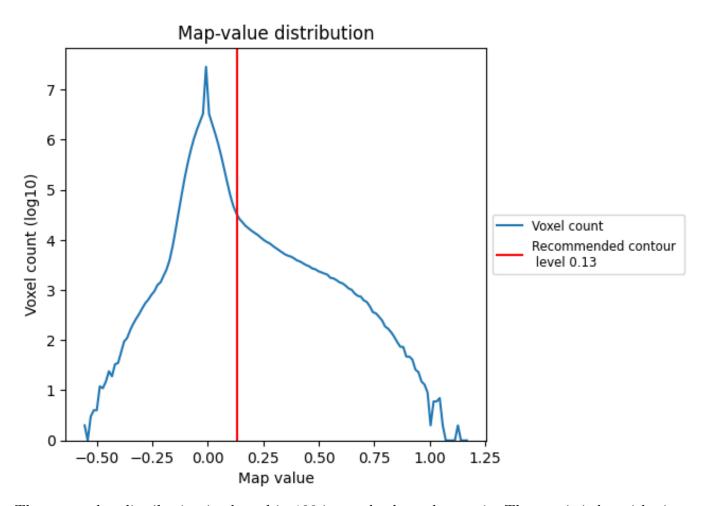
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

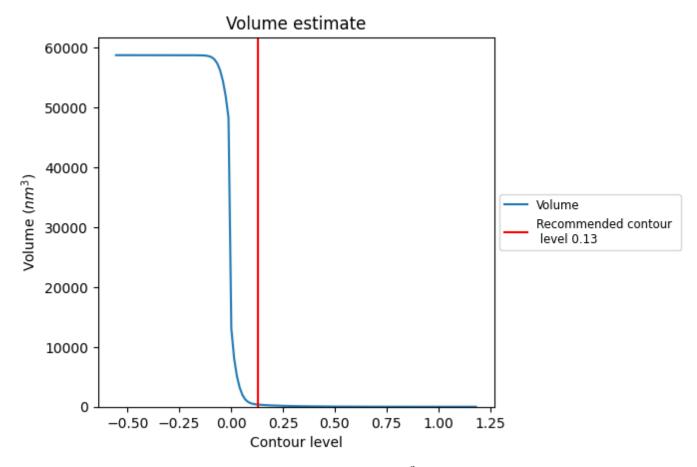
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

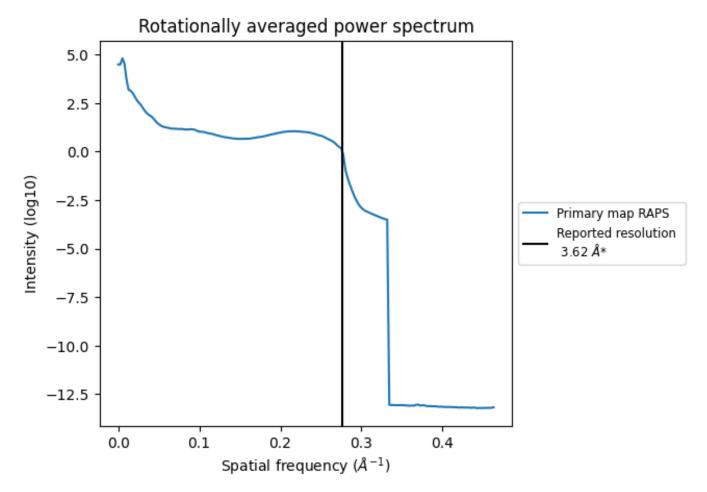


The volume at the recommended contour level is $367~\mathrm{nm}^3$; this corresponds to an approximate mass of $332~\mathrm{kDa}$.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.276 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

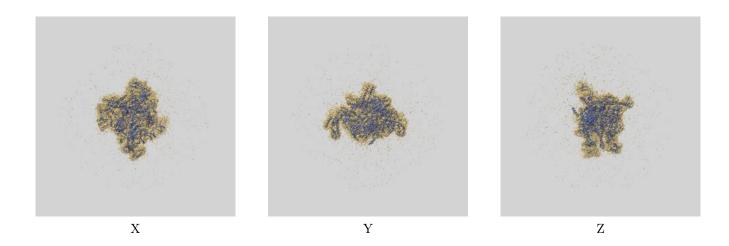
This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-21881 and PDB model 7KHI. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

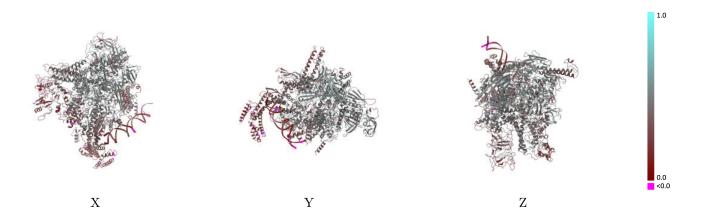
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.13 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

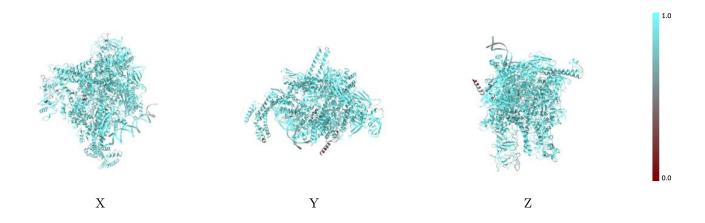


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

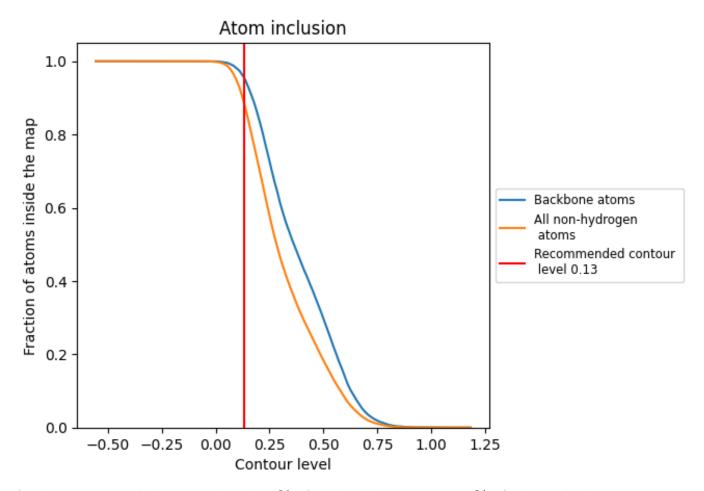
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.13).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 96% of all backbone atoms, 89% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.13) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8902	0.4140
A	0.9285	0.4720
В	0.9116	0.4420
С	0.9072	0.4350
D	0.9031	0.4410
E	0.5891	0.4180
F	0.8489	0.3170
M	0.9084	0.4420
X	0.8728	0.2530
Y	0.7753	0.1470



