

Full wwPDB EM Validation Report (i)

Feb 25, 2024 – 09:34 AM EST

PDB ID : 5KG8 EMDB ID : EMD-8244

Title: Rigor myosin X co-complexed with an actin filament

Authors: Sindelar, C.V.; Houdusse, A.; Sweeney, L.

Deposited on : 2016-06-12

Resolution : 9.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev70

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $MapQ \quad : \quad 1.9.13$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

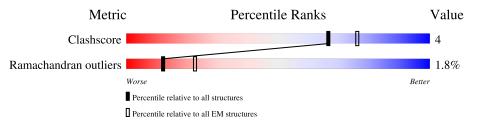
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 9.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$	
Clashscore	158937	4297	
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023	

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	739	26% 86%	• • 8%
2	В	375	79% •	17%
2	С	375	7% 80%	17%
2	D	375	80%	17%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6464 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Unconventional myosin-X.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$				AltConf	Trace
1	A	677	Total 2708	C 1354	N 677	O 677	0	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	599	ALA	THR	conflict	UNP Q9HD67
A	600	ALA	LEU	conflict	UNP Q9HD67
A	601	ALA	LYS	conflict	UNP Q9HD67
A	602	ALA	CYS	conflict	UNP Q9HD67
A	603	ALA	GLY	conflict	UNP Q9HD67
A	604	ALA	SER	conflict	UNP Q9HD67
A	605	ALA	LYS	conflict	UNP Q9HD67
A	606	ALA	HIS	conflict	UNP Q9HD67

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Actin, alpha skeletal muscle.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
2	В	313	Total C N O 1252 626 313 313	0	0
2	С	313	Total C N O 1252 626 313 313	0	0
2	D	313	Total C N O 1252 626 313 313	0	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	73	CYS	HIS	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP P68135
С	73	CYS	HIS	conflict	UNP P68135
D	73	CYS	HIS	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP P68135



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

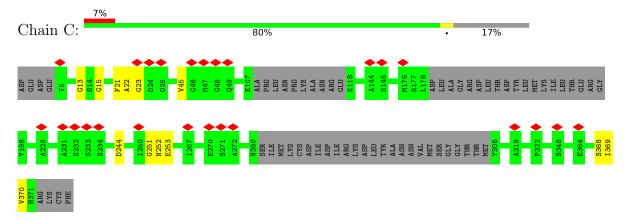
• Molecule 1: Unconventional myosin-X



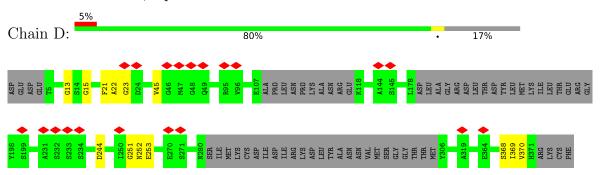


H371 ARG LYS CYS PHE

• Molecule 2: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle



• Molecule 2: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle





4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	HELICAL	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	HELICAL, twist=167.1°, rise=27.44 Å, axial	Depositor
	sym=C1	
Number of segments used	57927	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TECNAI F20	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1438	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	5251	Depositor
Magnification	26780	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.115	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.029	Depositor
Average map value	0.007	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.017	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.05	Depositor
Map size (Å)	239.104, 239.104, 239.104	wwPDB
Map dimensions	128, 128, 128	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.868, 1.868, 1.868	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.61	5/2701~(0.2%)	0.91	$11/3364 \ (0.3\%)$	
2	В	0.24	0/1248	0.54	0/1553	
2	С	0.25	0/1248	0.57	0/1553	
2	D	0.25	0/1248	0.55	0/1553	
All	All	0.44	5/6445 (0.1%)	0.72	11/8023 (0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	8

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	A	474	TYR	C-O	-10.16	1.04	1.23
1	A	373	LEU	C-N	-6.92	1.18	1.34
1	A	485	ASP	CA-C	-5.98	1.37	1.52
1	A	473	GLU	C-O	-5.79	1.12	1.23
1	A	320	LYS	C-N	-5.31	1.21	1.34

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	580	ARG	CA-C-O	-15.28	88.01	120.10
1	A	580	ARG	CA-C-N	10.31	139.88	117.20
1	A	478	GLY	O-C-N	-9.78	107.05	122.70
1	A	373	LEU	C-N-CA	7.74	141.04	121.70
1	A	473	GLU	O-C-N	-7.64	110.48	122.70
1	A	478	GLY	CA-C-O	7.28	133.69	120.60
1	A	260	TYR	O-C-N	7.09	134.04	122.70

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	580	ARG	N-CA-C	6.72	129.14	111.00
1	A	373	LEU	O-C-N	-6.17	112.83	122.70
1	A	260	TYR	CA-C-N	-5.88	104.26	117.20
1	A	52	GLN	C-N-CA	5.39	135.18	121.70

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	104	ASN	Mainchain
1	A	345	GLY	Peptide
1	A	486	TRP	Peptide
1	A	532	HIS	Peptide
1	A	580	ARG	Mainchain
1	A	581	PHE	Peptide, Mainchain
1	A	607	ARG	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2708	0	725	18	0
2	В	1252	0	340	7	0
2	С	1252	0	340	5	0
2	D	1252	0	340	4	0
All	All	6464	0	1745	33	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (33) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:532:HIS:C	1:A:534:TYR:H	1.78	0.87
1:A:580:ARG:O	1:A:581:PHE:C	2.23	0.76

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A . 1		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	$\operatorname{distance}\ (\operatorname{\AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:474:TYR:O	1:A:478:GLY:O	2.05	0.74
1:A:580:ARG:O	1:A:581:PHE:O	2.13	0.65
1:A:86:ARG:O	1:A:90:ASN:O	2.13	0.65
2:C:21:PHE:O	2:C:23:GLY:N	2.30	0.65
2:D:21:PHE:O	2:D:23:GLY:N	2.33	0.62
1:A:532:HIS:C	1:A:534:TYR:N	2.48	0.62
2:C:251:GLY:O	2:C:253:GLU:N	2.35	0.58
1:A:528:HIS:O	1:A:531:ASN:O	2.23	0.57
2:D:251:GLY:O	2:D:253:GLU:N	2.39	0.55
1:A:580:ARG:C	1:A:581:PHE:O	2.45	0.54
2:B:21:PHE:O	2:B:23:GLY:N	2.40	0.53
1:A:58:HIS:O	1:A:59:PRO:C	2.47	0.52
1:A:585:TYR:C	1:A:587:LEU:H	2.12	0.51
1:A:513:PRO:CA	2:B:146:GLY:O	2.58	0.51
1:A:206:ALA:O	1:A:262:ILE:N	2.39	0.51
1:A:473:GLU:O	1:A:477:GLU:N	2.42	0.50
2:B:251:GLY:O	2:B:253:GLU:N	2.44	0.49
1:A:585:TYR:O	1:A:587:LEU:N	2.43	0.49
2:D:13:GLY:C	2:D:15:GLY:H	2.16	0.49
2:B:13:GLY:C	2:B:15:GLY:H	2.18	0.47
1:A:473:GLU:O	1:A:477:GLU:CA	2.62	0.46
2:C:368:SER:O	2:C:370:VAL:N	2.48	0.46
2:C:13:GLY:C	2:C:15:GLY:H	2.20	0.45
2:B:368:SER:C	2:B:370:VAL:H	2.21	0.44
1:A:532:HIS:O	1:A:534:TYR:N	2.41	0.43
1:A:645:PRO:O	1:A:646:ASP:C	2.57	0.42
2:D:368:SER:O	2:D:370:VAL:N	2.52	0.42
2:B:368:SER:O	2:B:370:VAL:N	2.52	0.42
1:A:86:ARG:O	1:A:90:ASN:C	2.58	0.41
2:B:351:THR:C	2:B:353:GLN:H	2.24	0.41
2:C:368:SER:C	2:C:370:VAL:H	2.25	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.



The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	663/739 (90%)	619 (93%)	30 (4%)	14 (2%)	7	36
2	В	305/375~(81%)	267 (88%)	33 (11%)	5 (2%)	9	44
2	\mathbf{C}	305/375 (81%)	267 (88%)	33 (11%)	5 (2%)	9	44
2	D	305/375 (81%)	265 (87%)	35 (12%)	5 (2%)	9	44
All	All	1578/1864 (85%)	1418 (90%)	131 (8%)	29 (2%)	12	40

All (29) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	59	PRO
1	A	105	PRO
1	A	296	GLH
1	A	300	ILE
1	A	487	ILE
1	A A A A B	533	ILE ILE PHE ALA VAL
2	В	22	ALA
2	В	45	VAL
2	В	369	ILE
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	B B C C C D D D D	22	ILE ALA
2	С	45	VAL ASN ILE ALA VAL
2	С	252	ASN
2	С	369	ILE
2	D	22	ALA
2 2 2 1	D	45	VAL
2	D	252	ASN ILE
2	D	369	ILE
1	A A A B	543	ASN
1	A	586	ASP
1	A	646	ASP
2	В	252	ASN
1	A	52	ASP ASN GLN
1	A	381	ARG PHE
1	A	581	PHE
2	A A A B C D A	244 244	ASP ASP
2 2 2 1	С		ASP
2	D	244	ASP
1		62	GLU
1	A	582	ASP



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report in this entry.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	A	1

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	373:LEU	С	374:THR	N	1.18



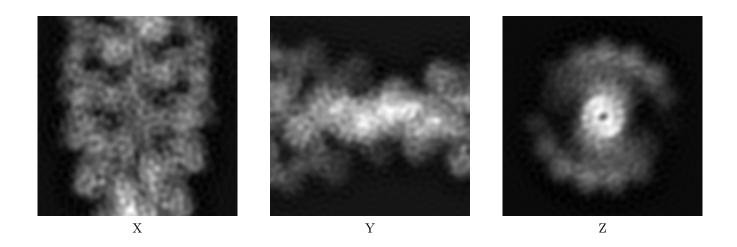
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-8244. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

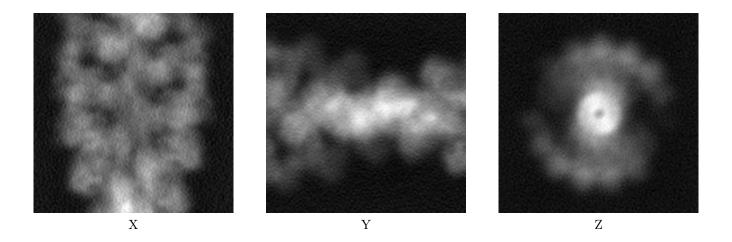
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map

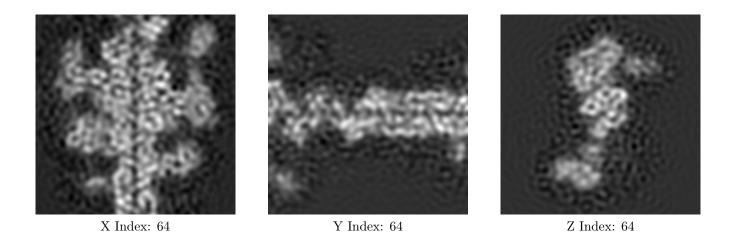


The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

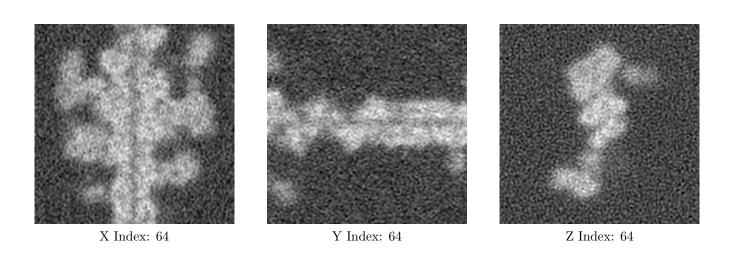


6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map



6.2.2 Raw map

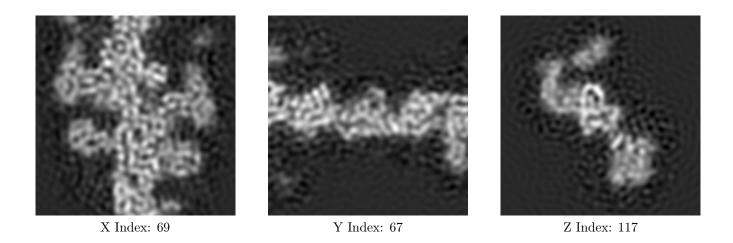


The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

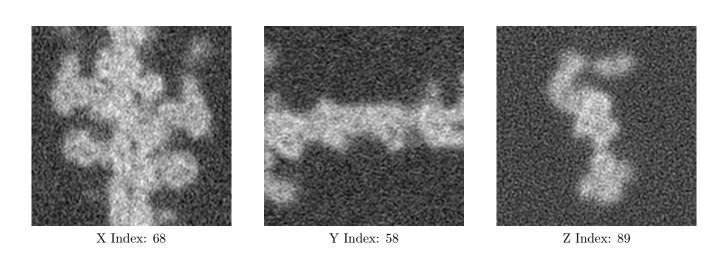


6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map



6.3.2 Raw map

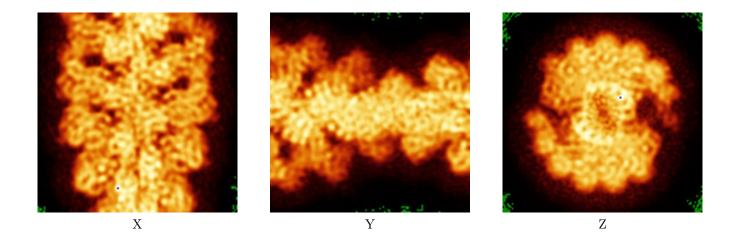


The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

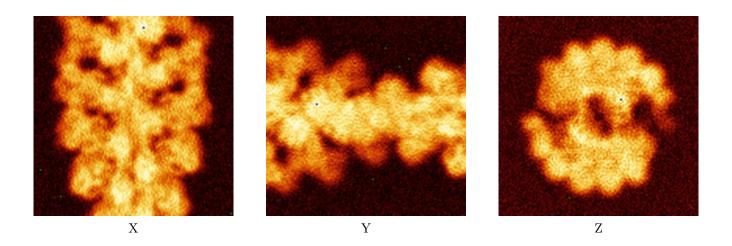


6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map

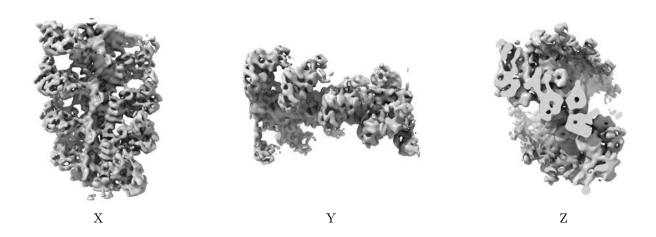


The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.05. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.



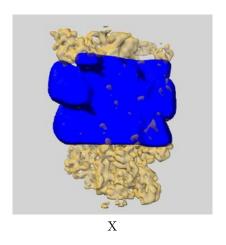
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

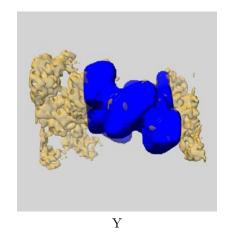
This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

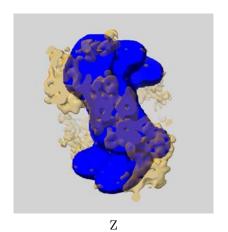
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

6.6.1 emd_8244_msk_1.map (i)



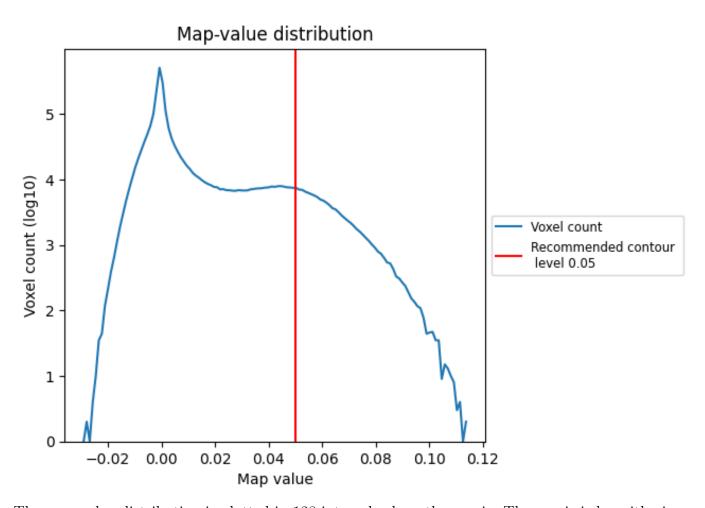




7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

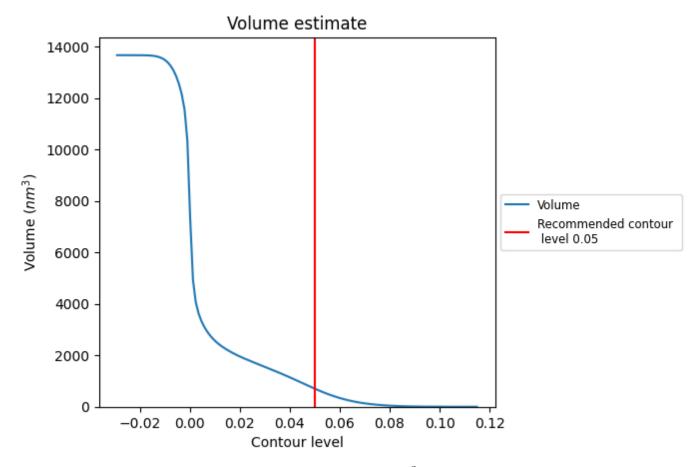
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

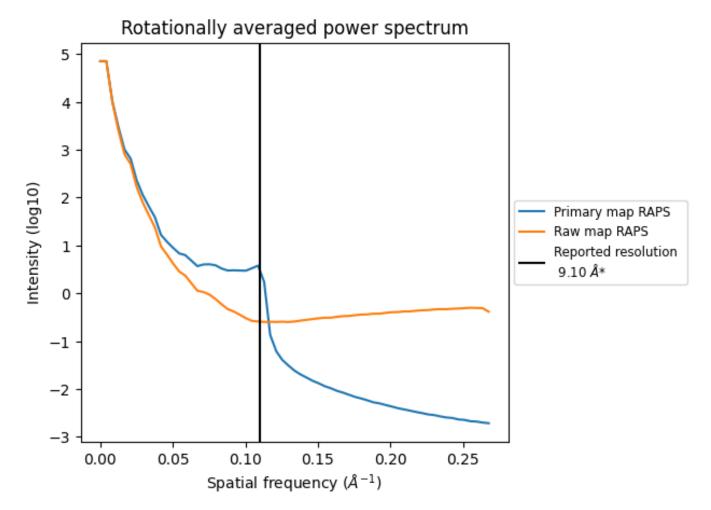


The volume at the recommended contour level is $705~\mathrm{nm}^3$; this corresponds to an approximate mass of $637~\mathrm{kDa}$.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



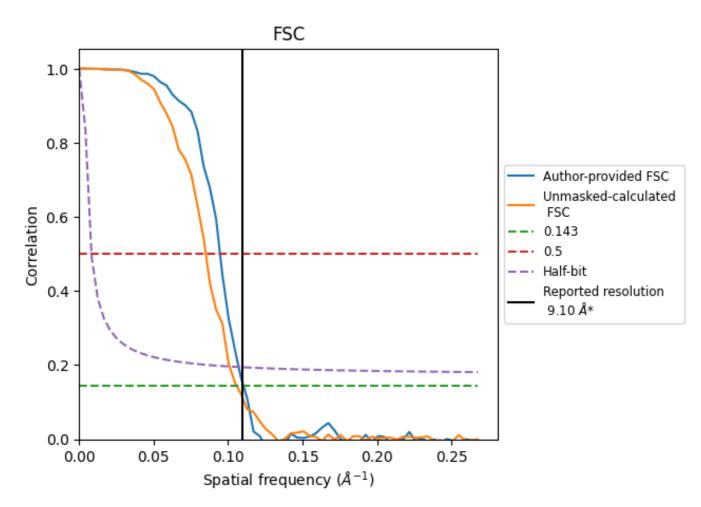
^{*}Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.110 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.110 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)			
rtesolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit	
Reported by author	9.10	-	-	
Author-provided FSC curve	9.06	10.57	9.33	
Unmasked-calculated*	9.45	11.75	9.90	

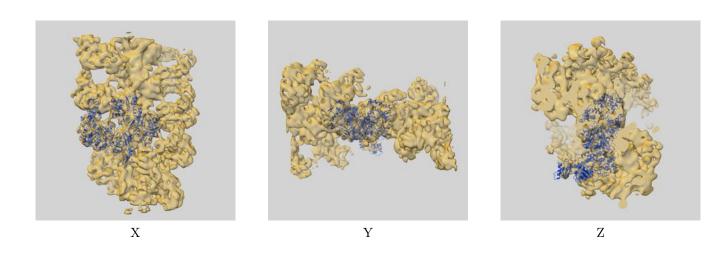
^{*}Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-8244 and PDB model 5KG8. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 4.

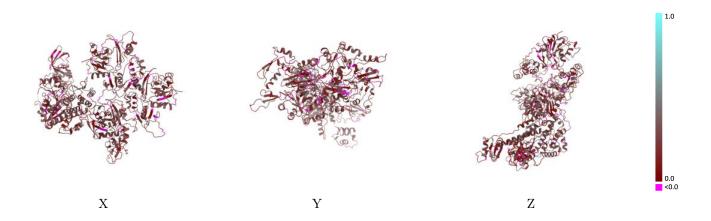
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.05 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

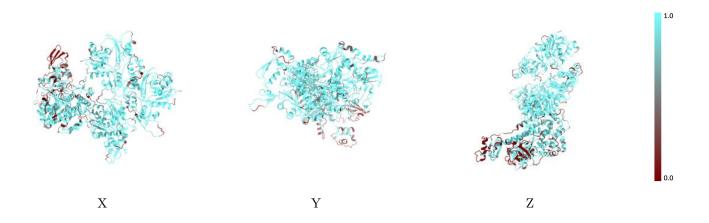


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

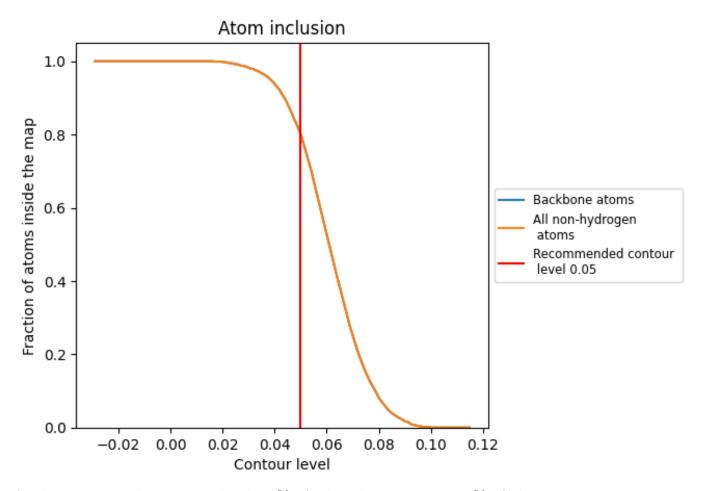
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.05).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 80% of all backbone atoms, 80% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.05) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8010	0.2120
A	0.6670	0.2110
В	0.9070	0.2180
С	0.8860	0.2090
D	0.8990	0.2090



