

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Apr 20, 2024 – 02:44 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	2KAW
Title	:	NMR structure of the mDvl1 PDZ domain in complex with its inhibitor
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Deposited on	:	2008-11-17

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

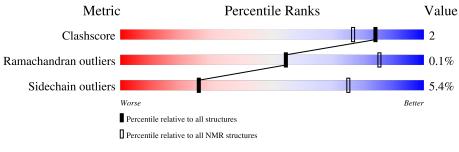
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
buster-report	:	1.1.7(2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ \textbf{(\#Entries)} \end{array}$	${f NMR} \ { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$		
Clashscore	158937	12864		
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451		
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	А	90	98% •



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 19 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues									
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model						
1	A:1-A:90 (90)	0.25	19						

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 4, 10, 11, 12, 13, 17, 19
2	2, 16, 20
3	5, 7, 18
4	8, 9, 14
Single-model clusters	6; 15



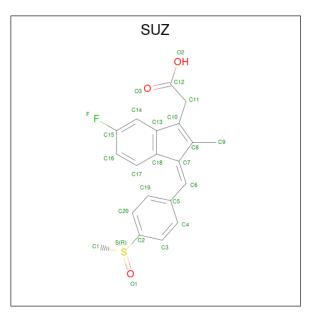
3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1391 atoms, of which 693 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					
1	٨	00	Total	С	Н	Ν	0	S	0
1	А	90	1350	414	677	121	134	4	0

• Molecule 2 is [(1Z)-5-fluoro-2-methyl-1-{4-[methylsulfinyl]benzylidene}-1H-inden-3-yl]acetic acid (three-letter code: SUZ) (formula: $C_{20}H_{17}FO_3S$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						
0	٨	1	Total	С	F	Η	0	S	
2	А	1	41	20	1	16	3	1	

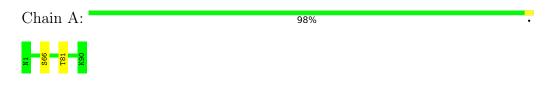


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

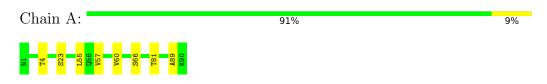


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

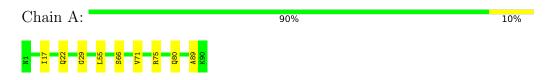
• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A: 93% 7%



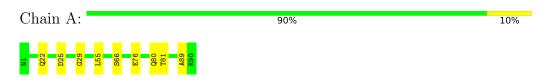
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1



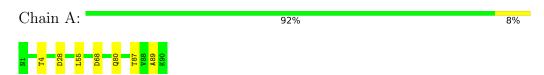
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A: 96% •

91%

- 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7
- Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A:

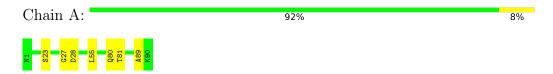




9%

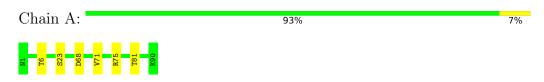
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1



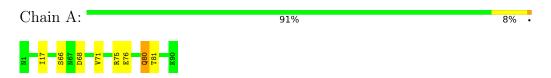
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A: 96% ·

4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

93%

Chain A:

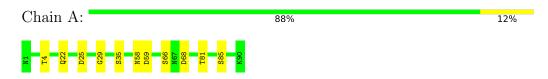




7%

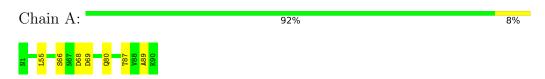
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Cl	nai	n 4	4:									90%	10%
N1	<mark>835</mark>	L55	V57		D68	V71	R75	-	T81	A89	K90		

4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A: 93% 7%

4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A: 91% 9%



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A: •••

4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A: 94% 6%

4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: Segment polarity protein dishevelled homolog DVL-1

Chain A:

94%

6%

835 835 757 781 781 781



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing, HADDOCK*.

Of the 2000 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: LOWEST ENERGY CONFORMATION.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
HADDOCK	structure solution	1.2
HADDOCK	structure solution	1.2
HADDOCK	refinement	1.2

No chemical shift data was provided.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SUZ

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	673	677	675	2 ± 1
2	А	25	16	16	2 ± 1
All	All	13960	13860	13820	63

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$Clearb(\lambda)$	Distance(Å)	Moo	dels
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Worst	Total
2:A:91:SUZ:H9	2:A:91:SUZ:O3	0.62	1.93	1	20
1:A:55:LEU:HD11	1:A:89:ALA:HB2	0.60	1.72	1	8
1:A:57:VAL:O	1:A:60:VAL:HG22	0.57	2.00	1	4
1:A:71:VAL:O	1:A:75:ARG:HG3	0.55	2.02	15	6
1:A:36:ILE:HD11	1:A:49:GLU:HA	0.52	1.81	16	1
1:A:22:GLN:O	1:A:29:GLY:HA3	0.50	2.06	13	3
2:A:91:SUZ:H17	2:A:91:SUZ:C19	0.49	2.36	14	12
1:A:5:VAL:HG21	1:A:48:ILE:HD11	0.46	1.85	2	1
2:A:91:SUZ:C19	2:A:91:SUZ:H17	0.45	2.42	17	1
1:A:32:TYR:CE2	1:A:53:MET:HB2	0.44	2.47	17	1
1:A:76:GLU:O	1:A:80:GLN:HB2	0.44	2.12	10	2

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Moo	dels
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:57:VAL:O	1:A:60:VAL:HG23	0.43	2.13	18	1
1:A:58:ASN:O	1:A:59:ASP:HB2	0.41	2.15	13	1
1:A:18:SER:CA	2:A:91:SUZ:H9B	0.41	2.46	7	1
1:A:23:SER:OG	1:A:27:GLY:HA2	0.41	2.16	8	1

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6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	88/90~(98%)	80 ± 1 (91 $\pm2\%$)	8 ± 1 (9 $\pm2\%$)	0±0 (0±0%)	54	85
All	All	1760/1800~(98%)	1602 (91%)	157 (9%)	1 (0%)	54	85

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	24	ASN	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	in Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	74/74~(100%)	$70\pm1~(95\pm2\%)$	$4\pm1~(5\pm2\%)$	26	75	
All	All	1480/1480~(100%)	1400 (95%)	80~(5%)	26	75	

All 18 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	81	THR	16
			~	

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	66	SER	11
1	А	80	GLN	8
1	А	68	ASP	7
1	А	35	SER	6
1	А	23	SER	5
1	А	25	ASP	4
1	А	87	THR	4
1	А	4	THR	3
1	А	28	ASP	3
1	А	17	ILE	3
1	А	6	THR	3
1	А	69	ASP	2
1	А	59	ASP	1
1	А	86	LEU	1
1	А	56	GLN	1
1	А	85	SER	1
1	А	60	VAL	1

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6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.



Mal	Turne	Chain	Dec	Tiple		Bond len	gths
NIOI	туре	Unam	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	SUZ	А	91	-	27,27,27	2.68 ± 0.02	10 ± 0 (37 $\pm1\%$)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Turne	Chain	Dec	Tink		Bond an	gles
INIOI	туре	Unam	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	SUZ	А	91	-	35,39,39	$1.53{\pm}0.02$	5±1 (14±1%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SUZ	А	91	-	-	$0\pm0,\!12,\!28,\!28$	$0\pm 0,3,3,3$

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Turne	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Mo	dels
	Unam	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed(A)	Ideal(A)	Worst	Total
2	А	91	SUZ	C6-C7	8.60	1.47	1.34	12	20
2	А	91	SUZ	C18-C7	6.01	1.56	1.45	12	20
2	А	91	SUZ	C13-C10	4.96	1.53	1.44	17	20
2	А	91	SUZ	O3-C12	3.31	1.33	1.22	20	20
2	А	91	SUZ	C20-C2	3.02	1.43	1.38	9	20
2	А	91	SUZ	C5-C6	2.89	1.52	1.46	15	20
2	А	91	SUZ	C11-C10	2.46	1.56	1.50	1	19
2	А	91	SUZ	C3-C4	2.42	1.43	1.38	7	20
2	А	91	SUZ	O1-S	2.38	1.43	1.49	4	20
2	А	91	SUZ	C19-C5	2.34	1.44	1.39	2	20
2	А	91	SUZ	C7-C8	2.04	1.50	1.42	5	3

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.



Mol	Iol Chain Res		Turne	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	$Ideal(^{o})$	Moo	dels
	Unam	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed(*)	Ideal(*)	Worst	Total
2	А	91	SUZ	C11-C10-C13	4.18	118.67	124.93	11	20
2	А	91	SUZ	C5-C6-C7	3.90	121.80	129.63	8	20
2	А	91	SUZ	C17-C16-C15	2.86	121.32	118.36	11	20
2	А	91	SUZ	C18-C13-C10	2.35	107.31	109.16	16	19
2	А	91	SUZ	O2-C12-C11	2.33	121.99	114.54	8	20
2	А	91	SUZ	C16-C15-C14	2.07	120.60	123.29	18	5

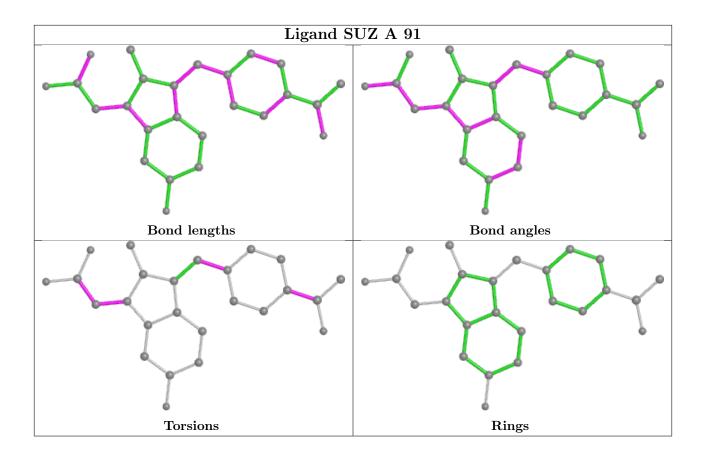
There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and sufficient the outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

