



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jun 22, 2024 – 09:56 AM EDT

PDB ID : 6JYR  
Title : GII.13/21 noroviruses recognize glycans with a terminal beta-galactose via an unconventional glycan binding site  
Authors : Duan, Z.; Xin, C.  
Deposited on : 2019-04-27  
Resolution : 1.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.20.1
EDS	:	2.37.1
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

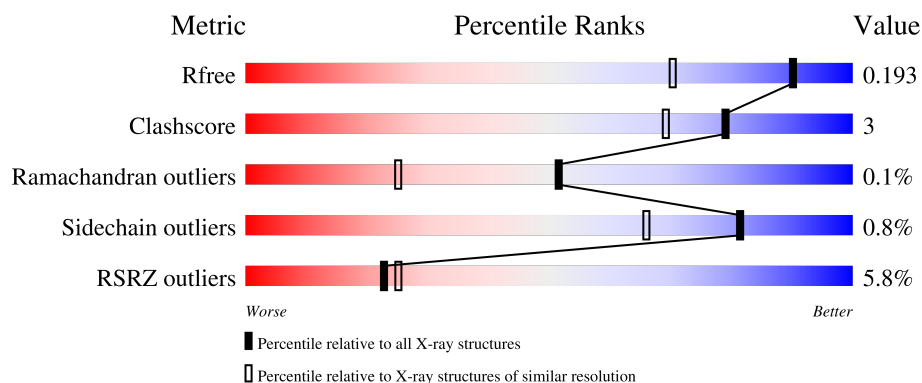
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	2936 (1.50-1.50)
Clashscore	141614	3144 (1.50-1.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3066 (1.50-1.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3064 (1.50-1.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2884 (1.50-1.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	308	<div> <div>3%</div> <div>94%</div> <div>6%</div> </div>
1	B	308	<div> <div>6%</div> <div>94%</div> <div>6%</div> </div>
1	C	308	<div> <div>6%</div> <div>94%</div> <div>6%</div> </div>
1	D	308	<div> <div>8%</div> <div>93%</div> <div>7%</div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

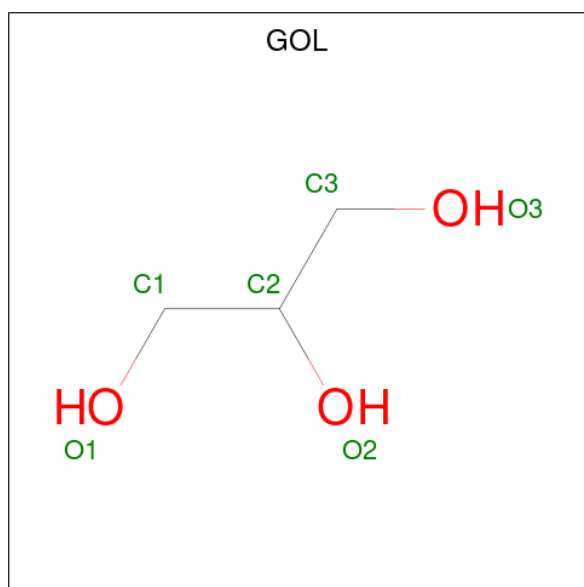
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11191 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called norovirus P domain protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	308	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			2409	1528	411	463	7			
1	B	308	Total	C	N	O	S	0	9	0
			2439	1552	411	468	8			
1	C	308	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			2397	1521	409	460	7			
1	D	308	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			2408	1530	410	461	7			

- Molecule 2 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
2	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	467	Total	O	0	0
			467	467		
3	B	384	Total	O	0	0
			384	384		
3	C	329	Total	O	0	0
			329	329		
3	D	340	Total	O	0	0
			340	340		

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

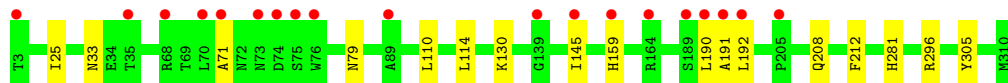
- Molecule 1: norovirus P domain protein



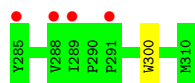
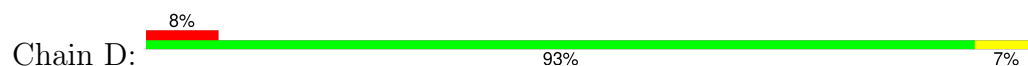
- Molecule 1: norovirus P domain protein



- Molecule 1: norovirus P domain protein



- Molecule 1: norovirus P domain protein



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	60.14Å 107.51Å 99.54Å 90.00° 98.31° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	40.96 – 1.50 40.96 – 1.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.8 (40.96-1.50) 98.8 (40.96-1.50)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	5.85 (at 1.50Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.12_2829	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.178 , 0.193 0.178 , 0.193	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	9770 reflections (4.96%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	12.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.035	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.35 , 45.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	11191	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.69% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.30	0/2481	0.59	2/3391 (0.1%)
1	B	0.28	0/2532	0.51	0/3459
1	C	0.28	0/2466	0.51	0/3371
1	D	0.28	0/2483	0.51	0/3394
All	All	0.28	0/9962	0.53	2/13615 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
1	B	0	1
1	C	0	1
1	D	0	1
All	All	0	4

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	164	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-14.94	112.83	120.30
1	A	164	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	6.24	123.42	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	33	ASN	Peptide
1	B	33	ASN	Peptide
1	C	33	ASN	Peptide
1	D	33	ASN	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2409	0	2326	14	0
1	B	2439	0	2378	16	0
1	C	2397	0	2314	11	0
1	D	2408	0	2333	14	0
2	A	12	0	16	0	0
2	B	6	0	8	0	0
3	A	467	0	0	2	2
3	B	384	0	0	5	2
3	C	329	0	0	5	3
3	D	340	0	0	7	3
All	All	11191	0	9375	53	5

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (53) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:190:LEU:HG	3:A:574:HOH:O	1.74	0.85
1:D:111:TYR:OH	3:D:401:HOH:O	1.97	0.81
1:D:96:GLU:OE1	3:D:402:HOH:O	2.02	0.77
1:A:142:THR:HB	1:A:145:ILE:HD12	1.67	0.75
1:B:268:GLU:OE1	3:B:501:HOH:O	2.09	0.70
1:B:8:LEU:H	1:B:296:ARG:NH1	1.90	0.68
1:B:303:GLN:OE1	3:B:503:HOH:O	2.14	0.66
1:B:82[A]:GLN:OE1	3:B:502:HOH:O	2.13	0.66
1:C:79:ASN:OD1	1:C:159:HIS:HE1	1.79	0.65
1:A:164:ARG:HG3	3:A:518:HOH:O	1.96	0.65

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:174:GLU:CD	1:D:174:GLU:H	2.03	0.61
1:B:8:LEU:H	1:B:296:ARG:HH11	1.46	0.61
1:C:79:ASN:OD1	1:C:159:HIS:CE1	2.52	0.61
1:A:87:ASN:OD1	1:A:89:ALA:N	2.26	0.60
1:D:84:SER:HB3	3:D:492:HOH:O	2.01	0.60
1:A:145:ILE:HD13	1:A:190:LEU:HD12	1.84	0.58
1:C:296:ARG:HD2	3:C:413:HOH:O	2.04	0.57
1:B:296:ARG:NE	1:B:296:ARG:HA	2.18	0.56
1:D:85:TYR:HE2	3:D:414:HOH:O	1.90	0.54
1:B:296:ARG:HA	1:B:296:ARG:HE	1.72	0.54
1:C:305:TYR:OH	3:C:402:HOH:O	2.18	0.53
1:D:256:ARG:NH2	3:D:409:HOH:O	2.42	0.53
1:B:162:GLN:OE1	3:B:504:HOH:O	2.19	0.52
1:B:13:ILE:HD13	1:B:289:ILE:HD11	1.91	0.51
1:A:68:ARG:HD3	1:A:160:ASN:OD1	2.11	0.50
1:C:71:ALA:HA	1:C:159:HIS:CE1	2.46	0.50
1:D:25[A]:ILE:HD12	1:D:212:PHE:HB3	1.94	0.49
1:A:170:ILE:HD13	1:A:178:PHE:CG	2.49	0.48
1:C:145:ILE:HD13	1:C:190:LEU:HD12	1.97	0.47
1:A:34:GLU:H	1:A:34:GLU:HG3	1.51	0.46
1:C:192:LEU:O	3:C:403:HOH:O	2.20	0.46
1:B:260:PRO:HB3	1:B:294:HIS:NE2	2.30	0.46
1:A:145:ILE:CD1	1:A:190:LEU:HD12	2.46	0.45
1:C:296:ARG:NH1	3:C:413:HOH:O	2.47	0.45
1:B:16[B]:MET:HB2	1:B:25[B]:ILE:HD12	1.99	0.44
1:B:68:ARG:NH2	3:B:504:HOH:O	2.49	0.44
1:D:164:ARG:HD2	3:D:417:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
1:D:84:SER:HB2	1:D:89:ALA:O	2.18	0.44
1:B:68:ARG:HD3	1:B:160:ASN:OD1	2.17	0.43
1:A:219:VAL:HA	1:B:128:ASN:HB3	2.01	0.43
1:A:128:ASN:HB3	1:B:219:VAL:HA	2.00	0.43
1:C:25:ILE:HD12	1:C:212:PHE:HB3	2.01	0.43
1:D:208:GLN:HG3	1:D:281:HIS:O	2.18	0.43
1:C:191:ALA:HB1	3:C:596:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:C:208:GLN:HG3	1:C:281:HIS:O	2.20	0.41
1:D:243:GLN:HG2	3:D:624:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:70:LEU:HD23	1:A:159:HIS:CE1	2.56	0.41
1:A:87:ASN:OD1	1:A:88:GLY:N	2.53	0.41
1:B:34:GLU:H	1:B:34:GLU:HG3	1.55	0.41
1:D:249:GLN:HB2	1:D:300:TRP:CG	2.56	0.41
1:D:26:GLU:OE1	1:D:215:ARG:HD2	2.21	0.40

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:47:LEU:HG	1:A:273:ARG:HA	2.04	0.40
1:D:68:ARG:HD3	1:D:160:ASN:OD1	2.21	0.40

All (5) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:592:HOH:O	3:D:406:HOH:O[2_543]	1.79	0.41
3:A:845:HOH:O	3:C:591:HOH:O[1_556]	1.94	0.26
3:A:938:HOH:O	3:B:599:HOH:O[2_554]	1.98	0.22
3:B:805:HOH:O	3:D:525:HOH:O[1_556]	2.06	0.14
3:C:717:HOH:O	3:D:623:HOH:O[1_655]	2.11	0.09

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	309/308 (100%)	300 (97%)	8 (3%)	1 (0%)	41	18
1	B	316/308 (103%)	306 (97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100
1	C	307/308 (100%)	298 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100
1	D	309/308 (100%)	297 (96%)	12 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	1241/1232 (101%)	1201 (97%)	39 (3%)	1 (0%)	51	25

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	34	GLU

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	269/266 (101%)	268 (100%)	1 (0%)	91	82
1	B	276/266 (104%)	274 (99%)	2 (1%)	84	69
1	C	267/266 (100%)	264 (99%)	3 (1%)	73	53
1	D	269/266 (101%)	267 (99%)	2 (1%)	84	69
All	All	1081/1064 (102%)	1073 (99%)	8 (1%)	81	69

All (8) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	34	GLU
1	B	138	SER
1	B	296	ARG
1	C	110	LEU
1	C	114	LEU
1	C	130	LYS
1	D	90	SER
1	D	110	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	162	GLN
1	C	159	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	GOL	A	402	-	5,5,5	1.07	0	5,5,5	0.90	0
2	GOL	B	401	-	5,5,5	0.86	0	5,5,5	1.07	0
2	GOL	A	401	-	5,5,5	0.87	0	5,5,5	0.94	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GOL	A	402	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
2	GOL	B	401	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
2	GOL	A	401	-	-	0/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

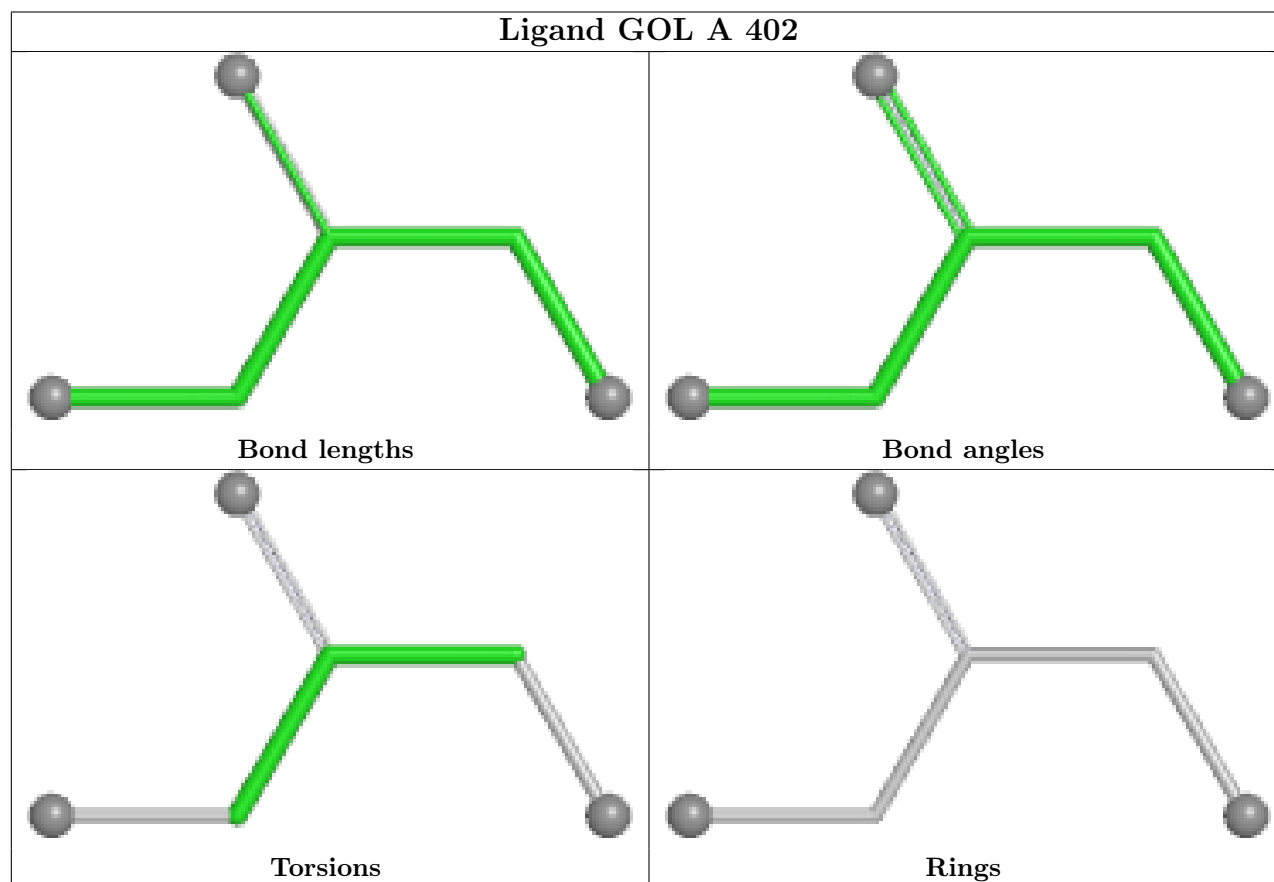
There are no torsion outliers.

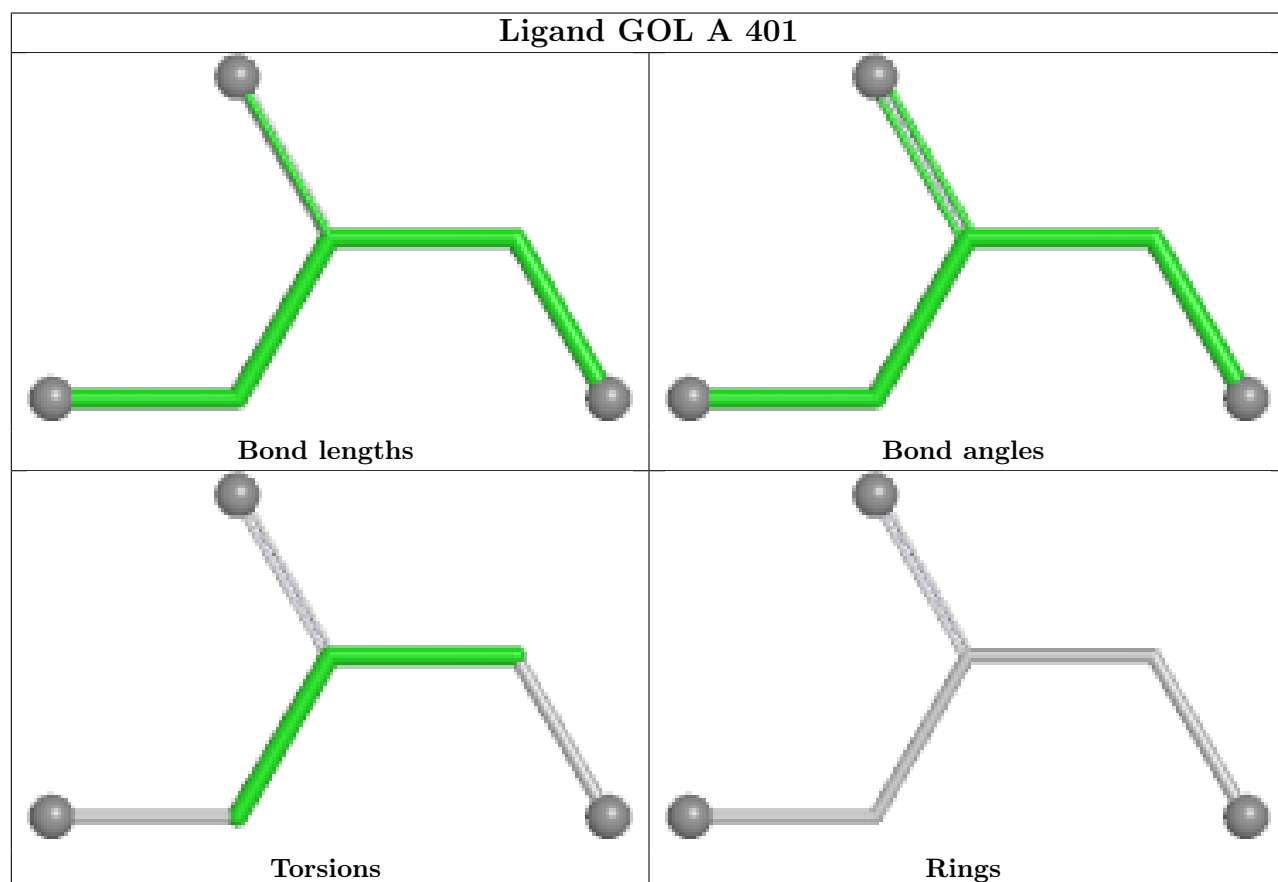
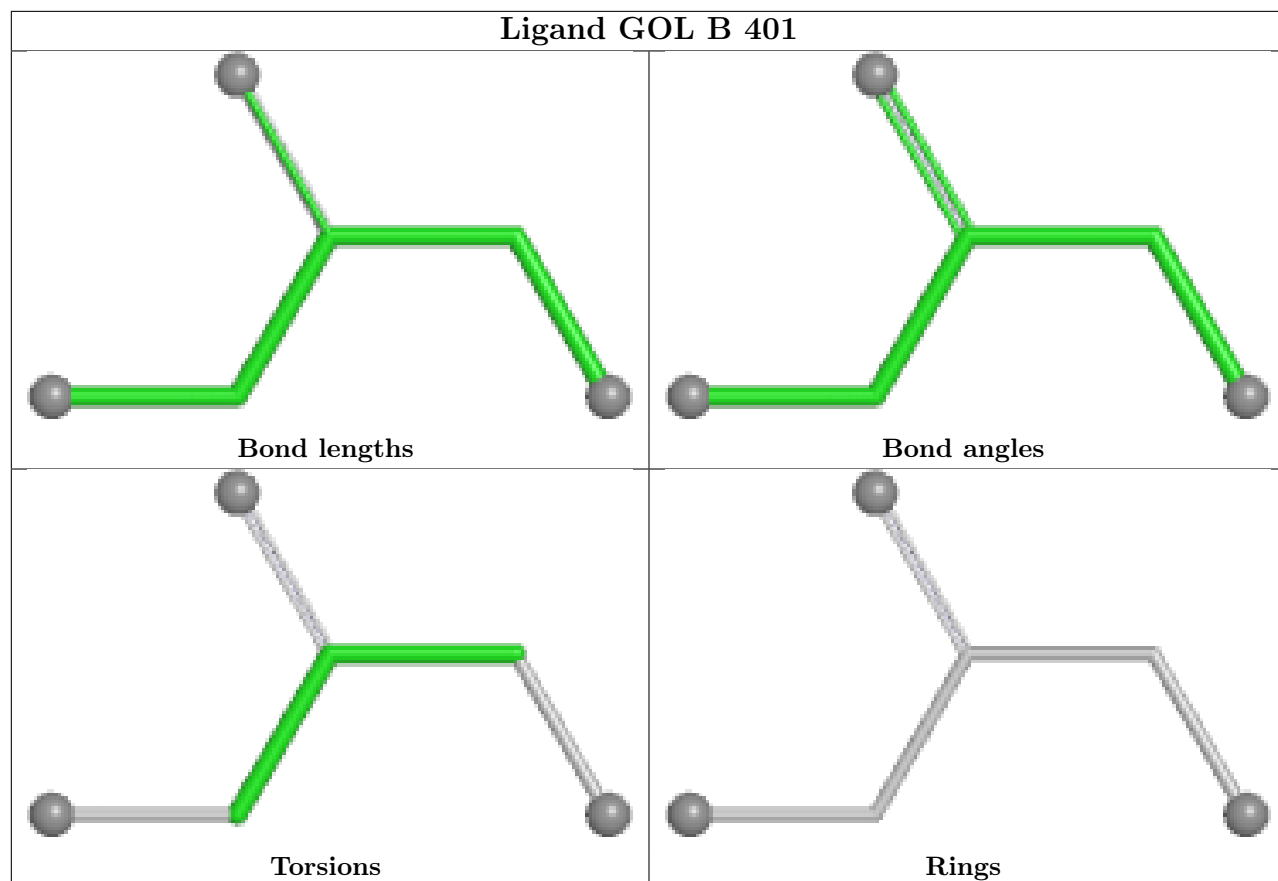
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight  $> 250$  and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is

within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	308/308 (100%)	0.15	9 (2%) 51 56	6, 11, 25, 62	0
1	B	308/308 (100%)	0.35	19 (6%) 20 22	6, 14, 32, 59	0
1	C	308/308 (100%)	0.56	19 (6%) 20 22	10, 18, 31, 65	0
1	D	308/308 (100%)	0.53	25 (8%) 12 12	10, 18, 37, 65	0
All	All	1232/1232 (100%)	0.40	72 (5%) 23 25	6, 15, 32, 65	0

All (72) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	D	89	ALA	14.3
1	C	3	THR	12.3
1	C	190	LEU	10.4
1	B	3	THR	7.9
1	D	3	THR	6.9
1	D	85	TYR	6.3
1	D	90	SER	5.5
1	D	261	ASP	5.2
1	C	191	ALA	4.8
1	D	288	VAL	4.8
1	B	90	SER	4.7
1	C	189	SER	4.5
1	D	88	GLY	4.5
1	D	190	LEU	4.2
1	C	73	ASN	4.2
1	B	89	ALA	4.2
1	D	145	ILE	4.2
1	B	86	PRO	4.1
1	C	159	HIS	4.1
1	B	205	PRO	4.1
1	A	91	TYR	3.8

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	304	PHE	3.8
1	B	85	TYR	3.7
1	D	86	PRO	3.5
1	B	204	PHE	3.5
1	C	89	ALA	3.4
1	A	87	ASN	3.3
1	B	88	GLY	3.3
1	D	262	THR	3.3
1	B	260	PRO	3.2
1	A	85	TYR	3.2
1	D	191	ALA	3.2
1	B	304	PHE	3.1
1	C	74	ASP	3.0
1	B	303	GLN	3.0
1	D	289	ILE	2.9
1	A	190	LEU	2.9
1	C	70	LEU	2.9
1	C	192	LEU	2.9
1	D	264	ARG	2.9
1	A	90	SER	2.9
1	D	189	SER	2.9
1	C	139	GLY	2.9
1	A	88	GLY	2.8
1	C	68	ARG	2.8
1	D	91	TYR	2.7
1	D	84	SER	2.7
1	C	205	PRO	2.7
1	C	75	SER	2.6
1	B	288	VAL	2.6
1	D	282	THR	2.6
1	D	291	PRO	2.5
1	D	94	THR	2.5
1	C	71	ALA	2.5
1	B	296	ARG	2.5
1	D	283	GLY	2.4
1	D	192	LEU	2.4
1	C	76	TRP	2.4
1	A	303	GLN	2.3
1	A	89	ALA	2.3
1	C	145	ILE	2.3
1	B	262	THR	2.3
1	D	285	TYR	2.3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	164	ARG	2.3
1	C	35	THR	2.3
1	B	91	TYR	2.3
1	B	84	SER	2.2
1	B	264	ARG	2.2
1	D	188	GLY	2.1
1	D	87	ASN	2.1
1	B	73	ASN	2.1
1	B	261	ASP	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

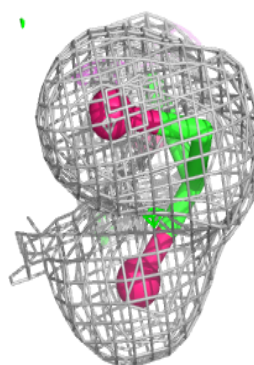
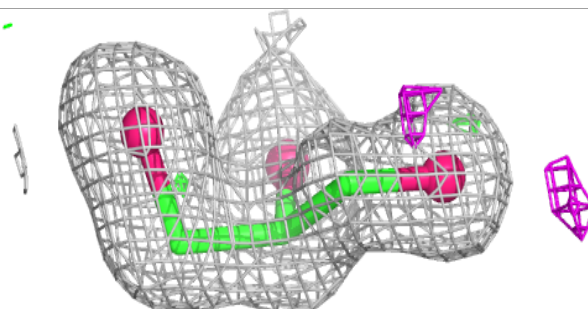
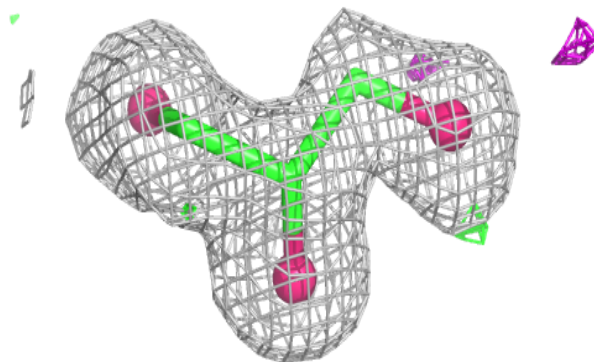
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	GOL	A	402	6/6	0.95	0.10	11,13,15,16	0
2	GOL	B	401	6/6	0.95	0.10	17,20,21,26	0
2	GOL	A	401	6/6	0.97	0.07	10,11,12,14	0

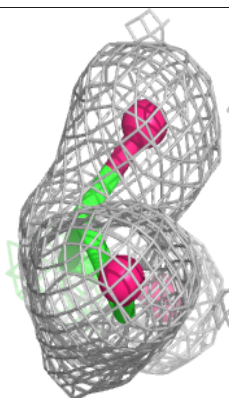
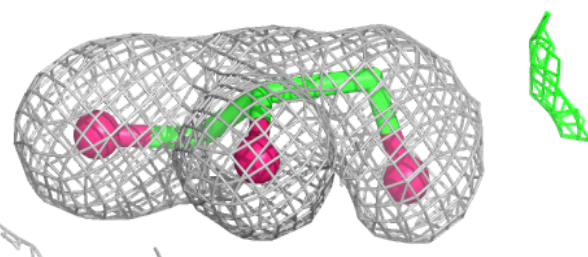
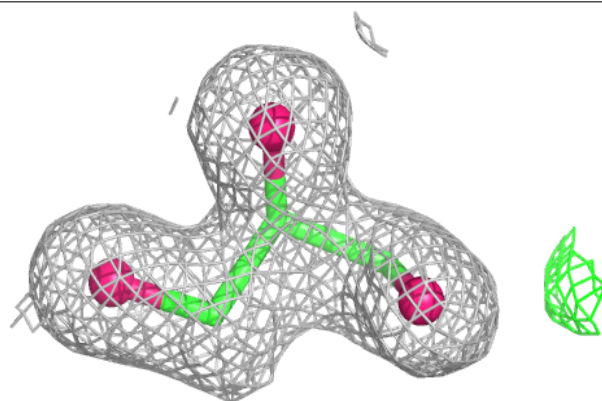
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

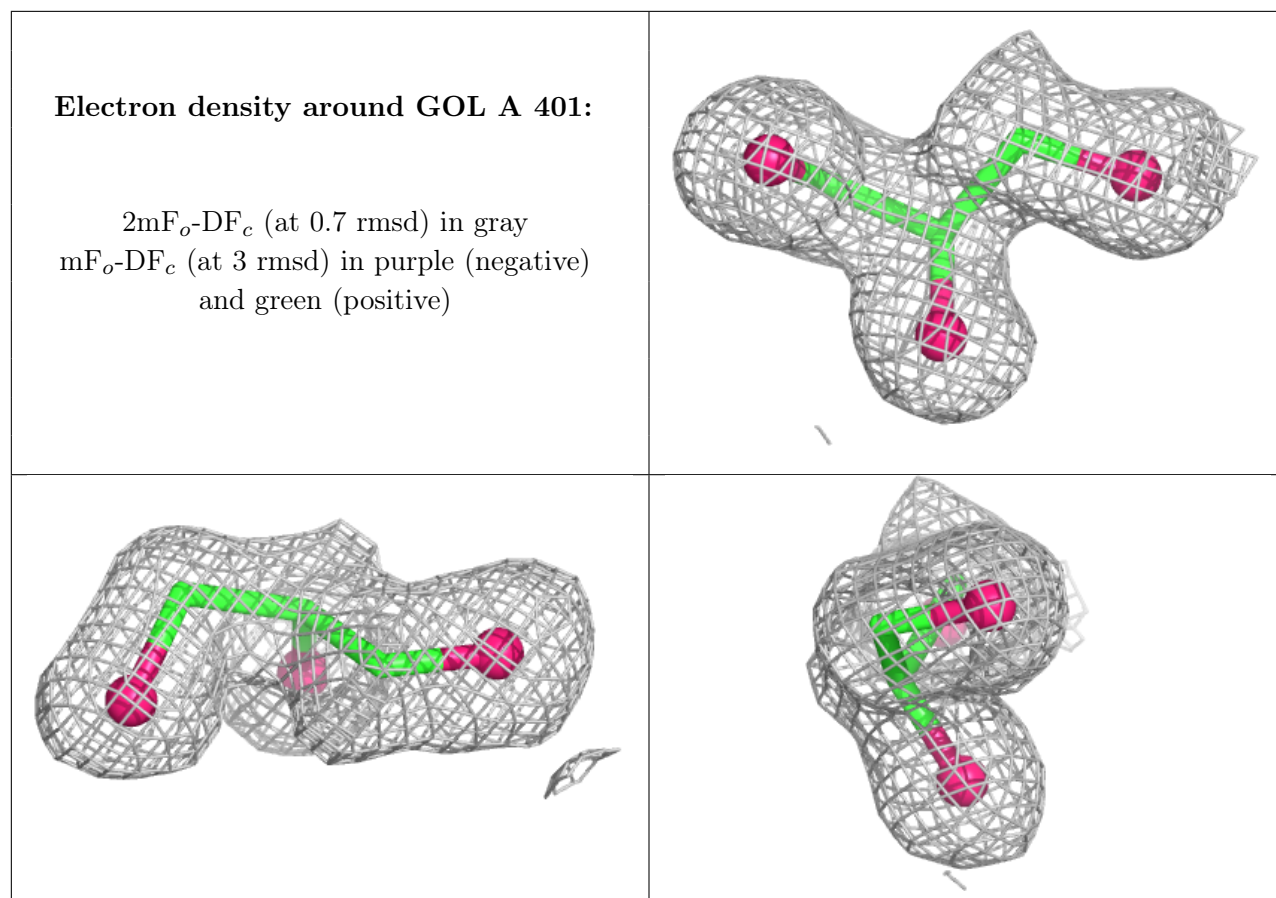
**Electron density around GOL A 402:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

**Electron density around GOL B 401:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.