



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Oct 14, 2024 – 11:41 PM JST

PDB ID : 8JX9
EMDB ID : EMD-36693
Title : rat megalin bodyA
Authors : Goto, S.; Tsutsumi, A.; Lee, Y.; Hosojima, M.; Kabasawa, H.; Komochi, K.; Yun-san, L.; Nagatoshi, S.; Tsumoto, K.; Nishizawa, T.; Kikkawa, M.; Saito, A.
Deposited on : 2023-06-30
Resolution : 3.80 Å (reported)
Based on initial model : .

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev113
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

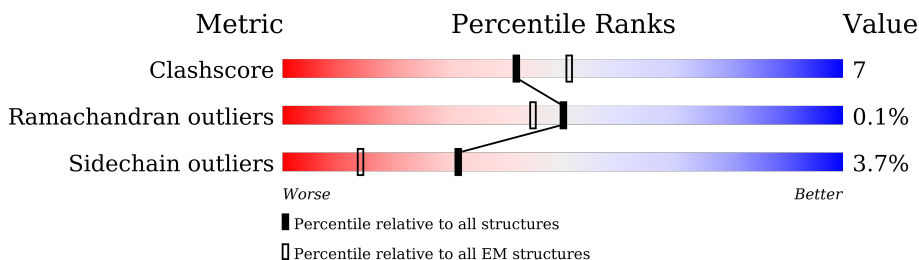
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.





Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	4660	
1	B	4660	
2	O	5	
3	C	3	
3	D	3	
4	E	5	
4	H	5	
4	I	5	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	F	2	 100%
5	G	2	 100%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11822 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called LDL receptor related protein 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	361	2904	1844	493	549	18	0	0
1	B	1077	8455	5100	1537	1687	131	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called ligand.

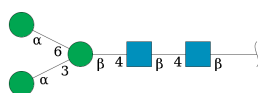
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
2	O	5	28	16	6	6	0	0

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
3	C	3	39	22	2	15	0	0
3	D	3	39	22	2	15	0	0

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



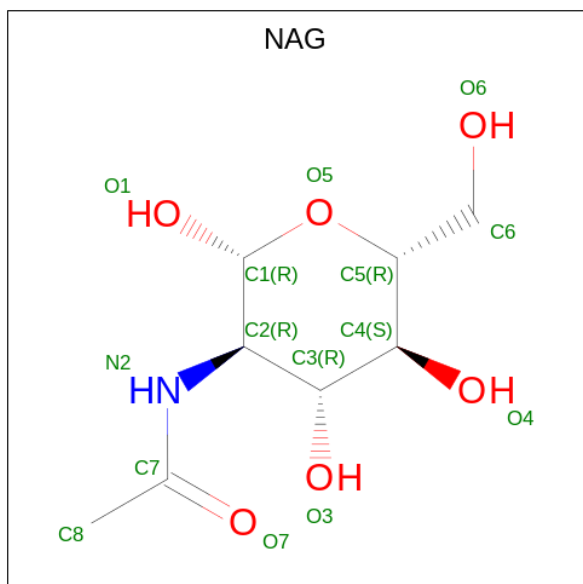
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
4	E	5	61	34	2	25	0	0
4	H	5	61	34	2	25	0	0
4	I	5	61	34	2	25	0	0

- Molecule 5 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
5	F	2	28	16	2	10	0	0
5	G	2	28	16	2	10	0	0

- Molecule 6 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).



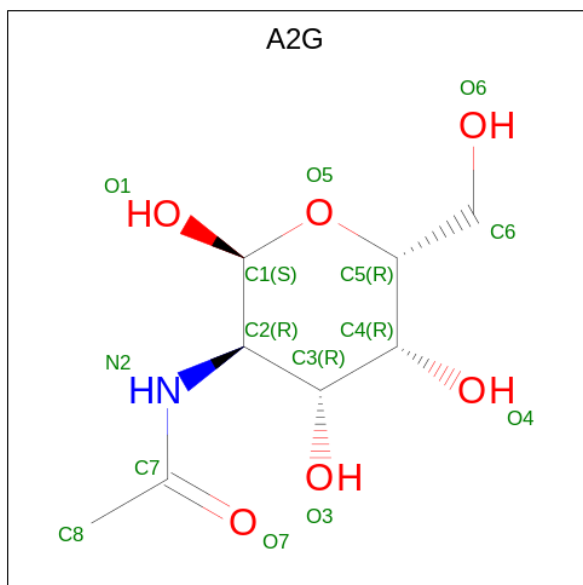
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	
6	B	1	14	8	1	5	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	
6	B	1	14	8	1	5	0

- Molecule 7 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-alpha-D-galactopyranose (three-letter code: A2G) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	
7	B	1	14	8	1	5	0
7	B	1	14	8	1	5	0
7	B	1	14	8	1	5	0
7	B	1	14	8	1	5	0
7	B	1	14	8	1	5	0

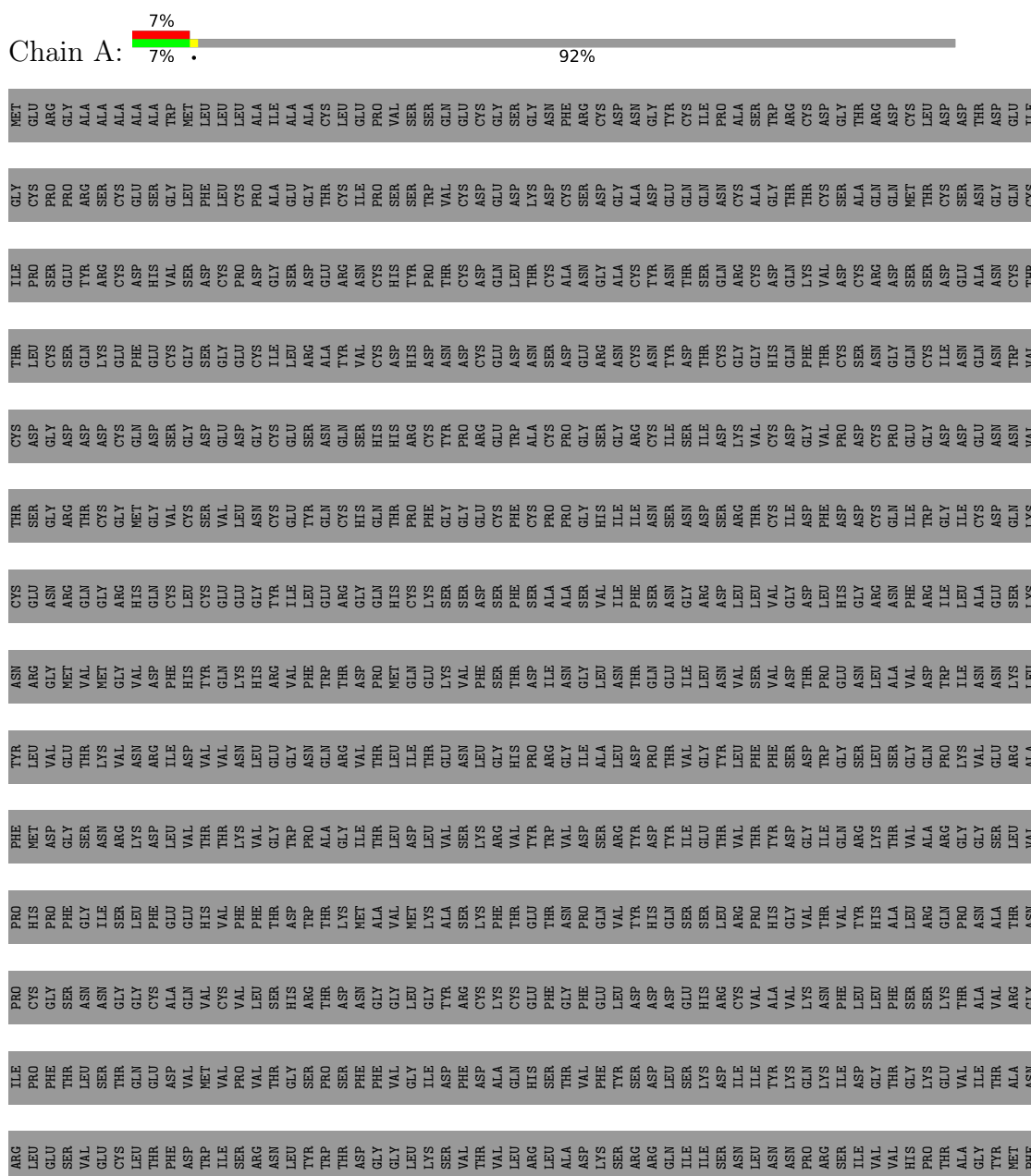
- Molecule 8 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
			Total	Ca	
8	B	20	20	20	0

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

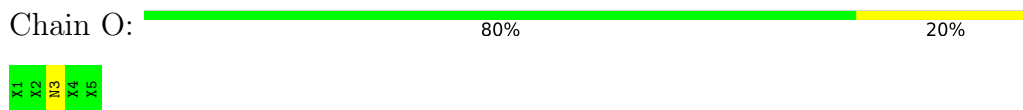
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: LDL receptor related protein 2

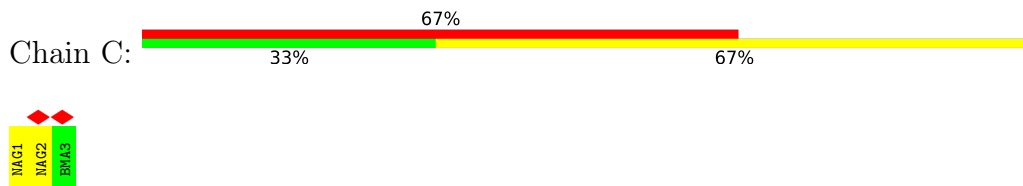


F3078	R3190	P3369	S3653	F3849	THR	CYS	ALA	GLY	ALA	GLY	LYS	TYR	TYR	PRO	ASP	PHE
L3079	S3151	T3373	V3658	K3852	ASP	SER	ASP	SER	THR	THR	GLY	CYS	CYS	THR	THR	LYS
H3080	C3162	T3373	D3659	C3856	THR	ARG	GLY	PHE	ASP	LEU	LYS	PRO	GLY	ASP	THR	ARG
K3081	K3168	E3392	D3659	C3856	GLY	PRO	ALA	ALA	GLY	GLY	VAL	GLY	VAL	GLY	VAL	LYS
F3082	C3169	E3392	C3169	K3861	VAL	PRO	PRO	ILE	ARG	TRP	TRP	GLY	PRO	GLY	GLY	GLN
R3083	E3170	R3401	E3170	I3862	CYS	LEU	LEU	LEU	TYR	ARG	ARG	GLY	GLY	VAL	VAL	GLY
C3084	I3177	T3416	I3177	C3863	SER	LYS	LEU	LEU	ARG	GLY	GLN	GLY	ARG	GLY	THR	THR
H3085	L3203	T3417	L3203	C3863	ASN	PRO	LEU	LEU	ASP	TRP	ASP	THR	THR	LEU	LEU	THR
G3087	N3207	T3421	D3671	N3867	GLY	THR	PRO	THR	TRP	LEU	LYS	THR	THR	LEU	LEU	LEU
C3089	I3090	T3421	F3672	D3868	CYS	LEU	GLY	ILE	ILE	ILE	PHE	THR	THR	VAL	VAL	THR
I3090	N3213	T3425	C3673	C3869	ASN	LYS	ASN	ASN	ASP	ASP	LYS	GLY	GLY	ASP	ASP	ASP
E3091	N3213	D3426	R3693	F3876	HIS	SER	ILE	GLY	VAL	VAL	ASN	THR	THR	VAL	VAL	THR
H3092	N3213	D3426	R3708	I3877	VAL	GLN	LYS	GLY	GLY	TRP	GLY	GLN	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA
G3093	I3224	K3434	P3720	I3877	CYS	ASP	TYR	SER	THR	ASP	LYS	ASP	THR	ASP	ASP	THR
C3096	D3236	N3448	P3720	C3885	ASN	ASN	THR	THR	THR	ALA	VAL	ALA	THR	THR	THR	THR
V3099	R3238	I3456	R3728	E3886	VAL	GLU	SER	SER	ILE	ALA	VAL	ALA	THR	THR	THR	THR
D3100	R3238	H3457	P3736	S3887	ASN	CYS	SER	GLY	ILE	ALA	VAL	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR
S3103	W3245	Q3464	W3739	P3888	CYS	GLU	GLY	GLY	VAL	ASN	PRO	VAL	THR	THR	THR	THR
D3104	E3254	M3467	T3744	R3889	ASN	ASP	SER	ASP	ASP	LEU	LEU	LEU	THR	THR	THR	THR
H3106	L3268	I3484	D3746	F3891	ASP	PRO	TYR	GLY	ILE	LEU	LEU	LEU	THR	THR	THR	THR
D3107	H3269	I3484	D3746	D3894	ASP	GLN	GLU	LYS	MET	TYR	ARG	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO
E3108	R3270	R3505	C3761	R3897	THR	SER	GLU	THR	THR	LEU	ILE	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO	PRO
K3109	S3283	D3506	S3764	C3898	GLY	CYS	GLU	GLY	THR	LEU	PHE	CYS	CYS	CYS	CYS	CYS
G3110	L3289	S3515	E3765	V3899	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN
C3111	D3290	S3515	S3790	I3900	THR	LYS	ILE	PRO	GLY	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG
I3113	A3291	G3522	D3791	C3901	ASP	GLY	THR	GLY	THR	LEU	TYR	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU
H3114	L3296	C3534	E3792	H3902	ASN	SER	ILE	LEU	ILE	ILE	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN
E3115	L3309	R3556	M3797	L3904	ARG	TYR	ASP	ALA	ALA	ALA	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN
C3116	I3309	R3556	K3798	C3905	THR	CYS	TRP	TRP	TRP	TRP	LYS	LYS	LYS	LYS	LYS	LYS
L3117	D3315	R3588	T3789	N3906	ALA	PHE	ALA	TRP	TRP	TRP	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA
D3118	A3316	R3588	C3800	G3907	ASN	VAL	PRO	GLY	GLY	GLY	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN	ASN
S3119	N3317	E3597	F3805	V3908	ILE	ASP	ASP	ARG	ARG	ARG	ASP	ASP	ASP	ASP	ASP	ASP
S3120	P3326	E3600	V3813	G3912	VAL	VAL	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	LYS	LYS	LYS	LYS	LYS	LYS
I3121	W3339	N3605	R3822	C3914	THR	SER	LEU	TRP	TRP	TRP	CYS	CYS	CYS	CYS	CYS	CYS
R3123	I3609	I3609	D3830	I3915	THR	THR	VAL	ASP	ASP	ASP	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU
H3126	V3344	V3618	N3840	K3918	GLN	THR	THR	THR	THR	THR	HIS	HIS	HIS	HIS	HIS	HIS
D3130	I3313	V3618	G3841	E3919	LEU	HIS	THR	THR	THR	THR	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL
I3132	I3351	I3351	T3842	S3920	SER	SER	TYR	TYR	TYR	TYR	LYS	LYS	LYS	LYS	LYS	LYS
T3133	S3134	K3368	T3842	H3921	GLY	GLY	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU
F3135	I3366	D3623	C3844	C3922	ARG	ARG	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG	ARG
C3139	D3626	D3626	C3844	R3923	PHE	CYS	ALA	ALA	ALA	ALA	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY
I3145	E3627	E3627	C3844	K3924	ILE	ALA	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL
H3146				P3925												
S3147				T3926												
D3148				H3927												
K3149				K3928												
				F3929	CYS											

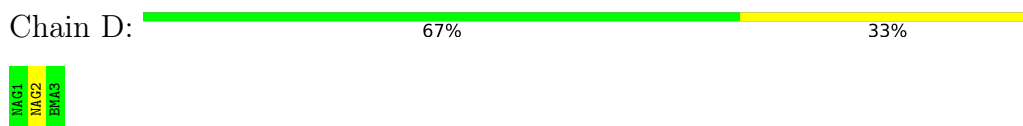
- Molecule 2: ligand



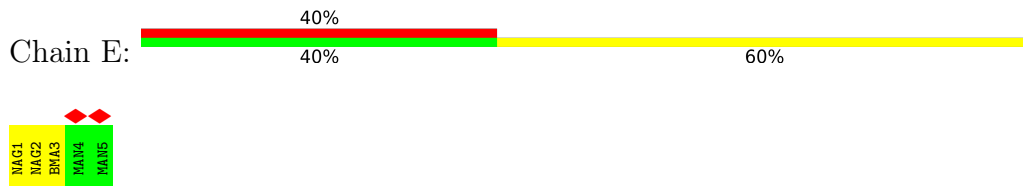
- Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



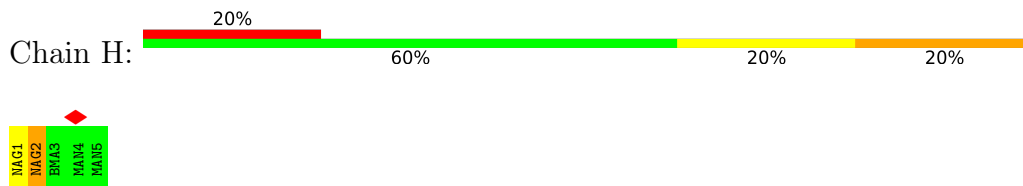
- Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



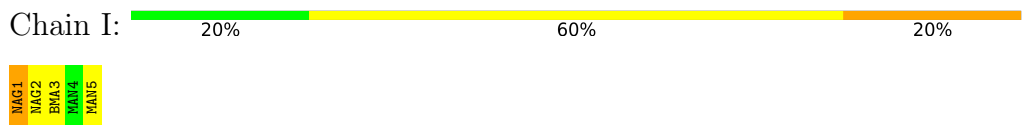
- Molecule 4: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose




- Molecule 4: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 4: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose




- Molecule 5: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucofuranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucofuranose

Chain F:  100%

MAG1
MAG2

- Molecule 5: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucofuranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucofuranose

Chain G:  100%

MAG1
MAG2

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	11096	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1600	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.238	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.144	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.003	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.035	Depositor
Map size (\AA)	366.86002, 366.86002, 366.86002	wwPDB
Map dimensions	260, 260, 260	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (\AA)	1.411, 1.411, 1.411	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, CA, MAN, A2G, BMA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.24	0/2981	0.49	0/4047
1	B	0.26	0/8659	0.53	0/11737
2	O	0.20	0/7	0.51	0/8
All	All	0.25	0/11647	0.52	0/15792

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2904	0	2797	27	0
1	B	8455	0	7529	120	0
2	O	28	0	12	1	0
3	C	39	0	34	0	0
3	D	39	0	34	0	0
4	E	61	0	52	1	0
4	H	61	0	52	1	0
4	I	61	0	52	1	0
5	F	28	0	25	0	0
5	G	28	0	25	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	B	28	0	26	1	0
7	B	70	0	60	11	0
8	B	20	0	0	0	0
All	All	11822	0	10698	149	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 149 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:1225:THR:OG1	7:B:4703:A2G:C1	1.90	1.19
1:B:3799:THR:OG1	7:B:4706:A2G:C1	1.92	1.18
1:B:1225:THR:CB	7:B:4703:A2G:C1	2.26	1.12
1:B:1225:THR:HB	7:B:4703:A2G:C1	1.83	1.08
1:B:3799:THR:CB	7:B:4706:A2G:C1	2.36	1.03

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	359/4660 (8%)	334 (93%)	25 (7%)	0	100	100
1	B	1073/4660 (23%)	985 (92%)	87 (8%)	1 (0%)	48	79
2	O	1/5 (20%)	1 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	1433/9325 (15%)	1320 (92%)	112 (8%)	1 (0%)	50	79

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	3123	ARG

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	320/4089 (8%)	309 (97%)	11 (3%)	32	55
1	B	965/4089 (24%)	928 (96%)	37 (4%)	28	52
2	O	1/1 (100%)	1 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1286/8179 (16%)	1238 (96%)	48 (4%)	31	53

5 of 48 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	3235	ASP
1	B	3505	ARG
1	B	3290	ASP
1	B	3373	THR
1	B	3534	CYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	3057	ASN
1	B	3066	GLN
1	B	3602	GLN
1	B	3733	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

25 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	C	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.44	0	17,19,21	2.39	3 (17%)
3	NAG	C	2	3	14,14,15	0.52	0	17,19,21	1.15	1 (5%)
3	BMA	C	3	3	11,11,12	0.24	0	15,15,17	0.82	0
3	NAG	D	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.37	0	17,19,21	0.87	0
3	NAG	D	2	3	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	1.13	1 (5%)
3	BMA	D	3	3	11,11,12	0.25	0	15,15,17	0.83	0
4	NAG	E	1	4,1	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.59	0
4	NAG	E	2	4	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.79	0
4	BMA	E	3	4	11,11,12	0.26	0	15,15,17	1.15	2 (13%)
4	MAN	E	4	4	11,11,12	0.22	0	15,15,17	0.62	0
4	MAN	E	5	4	11,11,12	0.25	0	15,15,17	0.64	0
5	NAG	F	1	1,5	14,14,15	0.36	0	17,19,21	1.12	1 (5%)
5	NAG	F	2	5	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	1.16	1 (5%)
5	NAG	G	1	1,5	14,14,15	0.31	0	17,19,21	1.42	1 (5%)
5	NAG	G	2	5	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	0.90	1 (5%)
4	NAG	H	1	4,1	14,14,15	0.34	0	17,19,21	0.65	0
4	NAG	H	2	4	14,14,15	0.31	0	17,19,21	0.98	1 (5%)
4	BMA	H	3	4	11,11,12	0.29	0	15,15,17	0.82	0
4	MAN	H	4	4	11,11,12	0.25	0	15,15,17	0.70	0
4	MAN	H	5	4	11,11,12	0.23	0	15,15,17	0.67	0
4	NAG	I	1	4,1	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	1.10	2 (11%)
4	NAG	I	2	4	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	0.59	0
4	BMA	I	3	4	11,11,12	0.26	0	15,15,17	1.08	2 (13%)
4	MAN	I	4	4	11,11,12	0.23	0	15,15,17	0.65	0
4	MAN	I	5	4	11,11,12	0.41	0	15,15,17	1.18	2 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	C	1	1,3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	2	3	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	C	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	1	1,3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	D	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	E	1	4,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	E	2	4	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	E	3	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	E	4	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	E	5	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	F	1	1,5	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	F	2	5	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	G	1	1,5	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	G	2	5	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	H	1	4,1	-	5/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	H	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	H	3	4	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	H	4	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	H	5	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	I	1	4,1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	I	2	4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	I	3	4	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	I	4	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	I	5	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 18 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	C	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	8.04	123.08	112.19
5	G	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	5.08	119.08	112.19
3	C	1	NAG	O4-C4-C5	-4.15	98.99	109.30
4	I	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.53	116.98	112.19
3	C	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.07	116.35	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 36 torsion outliers are listed below:

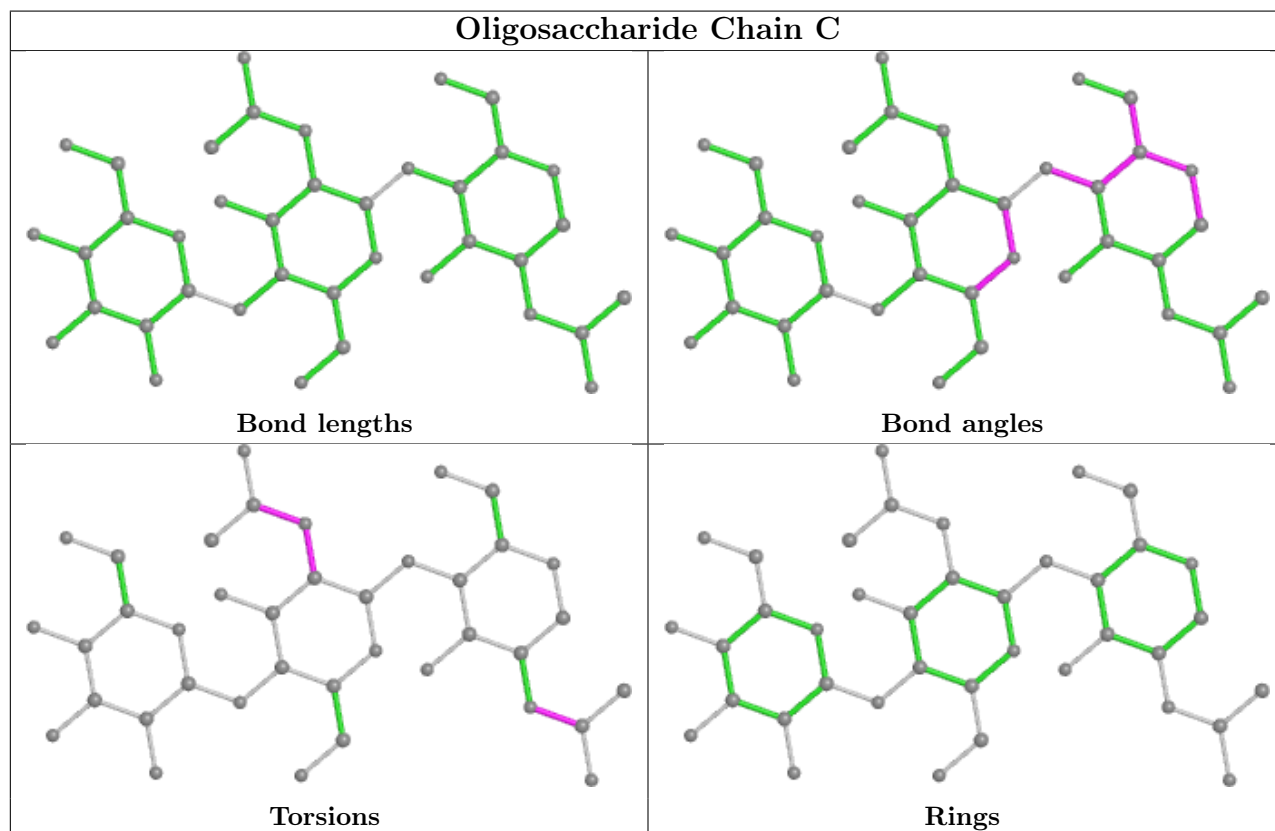
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	E	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
4	E	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	E	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
4	H	1	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
4	H	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2

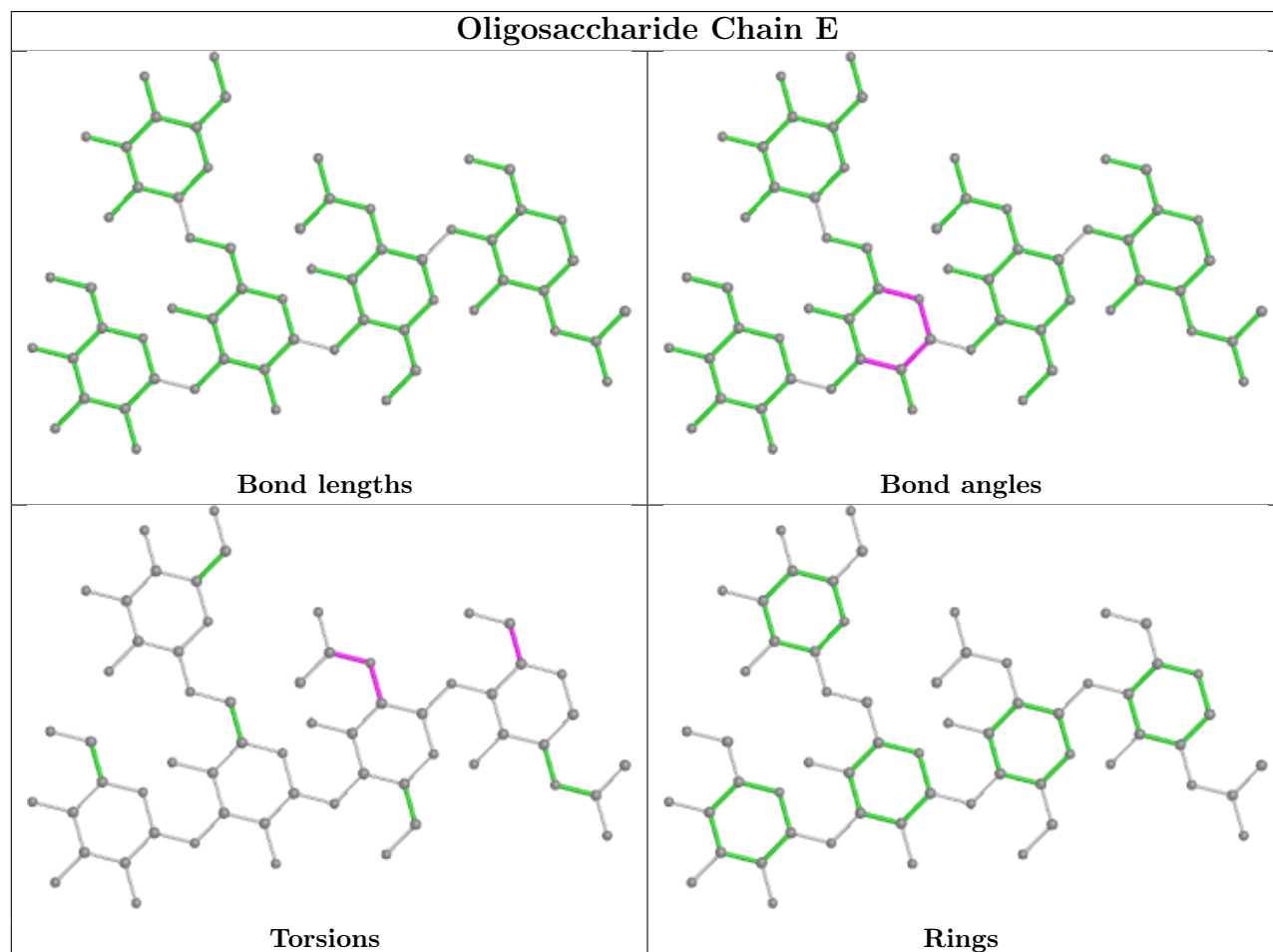
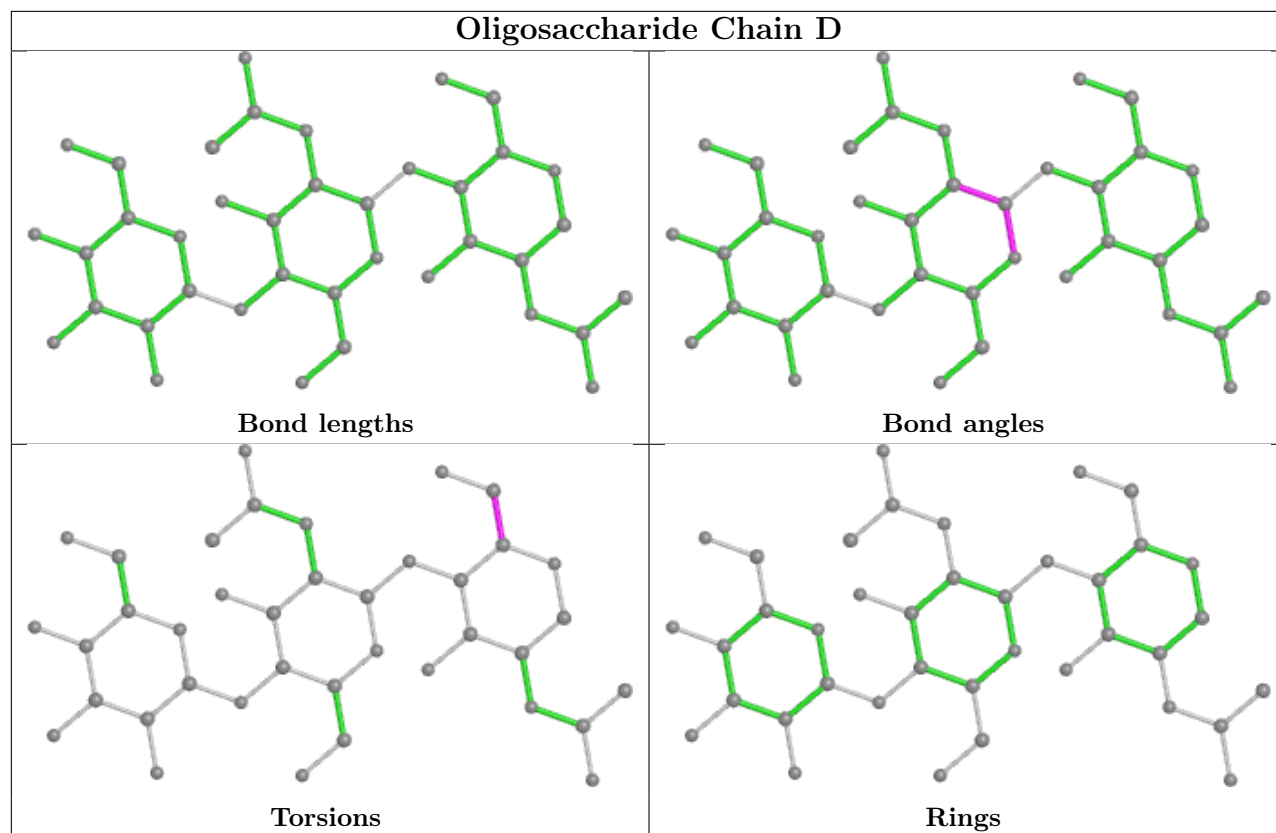
There are no ring outliers.

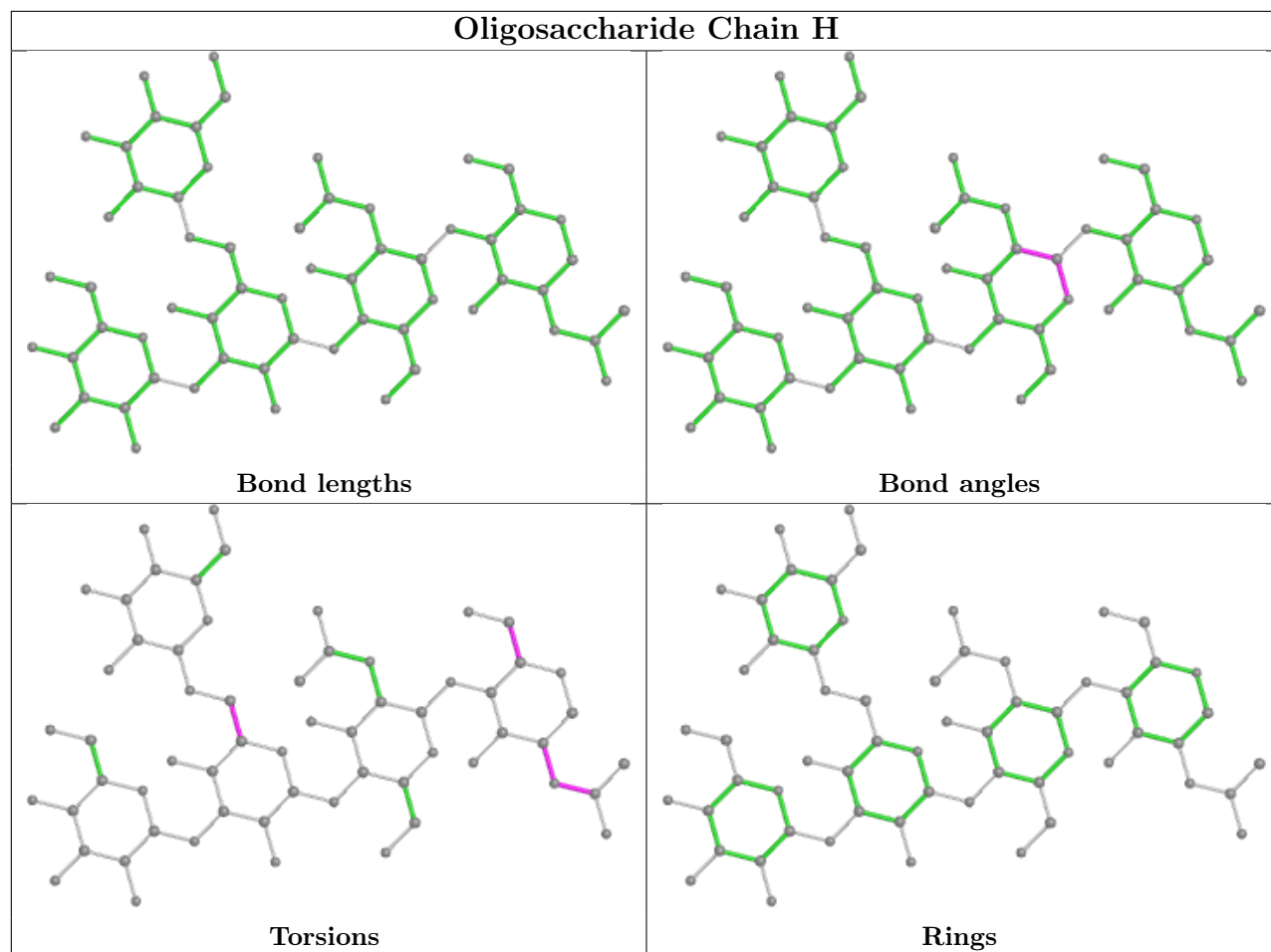
6 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

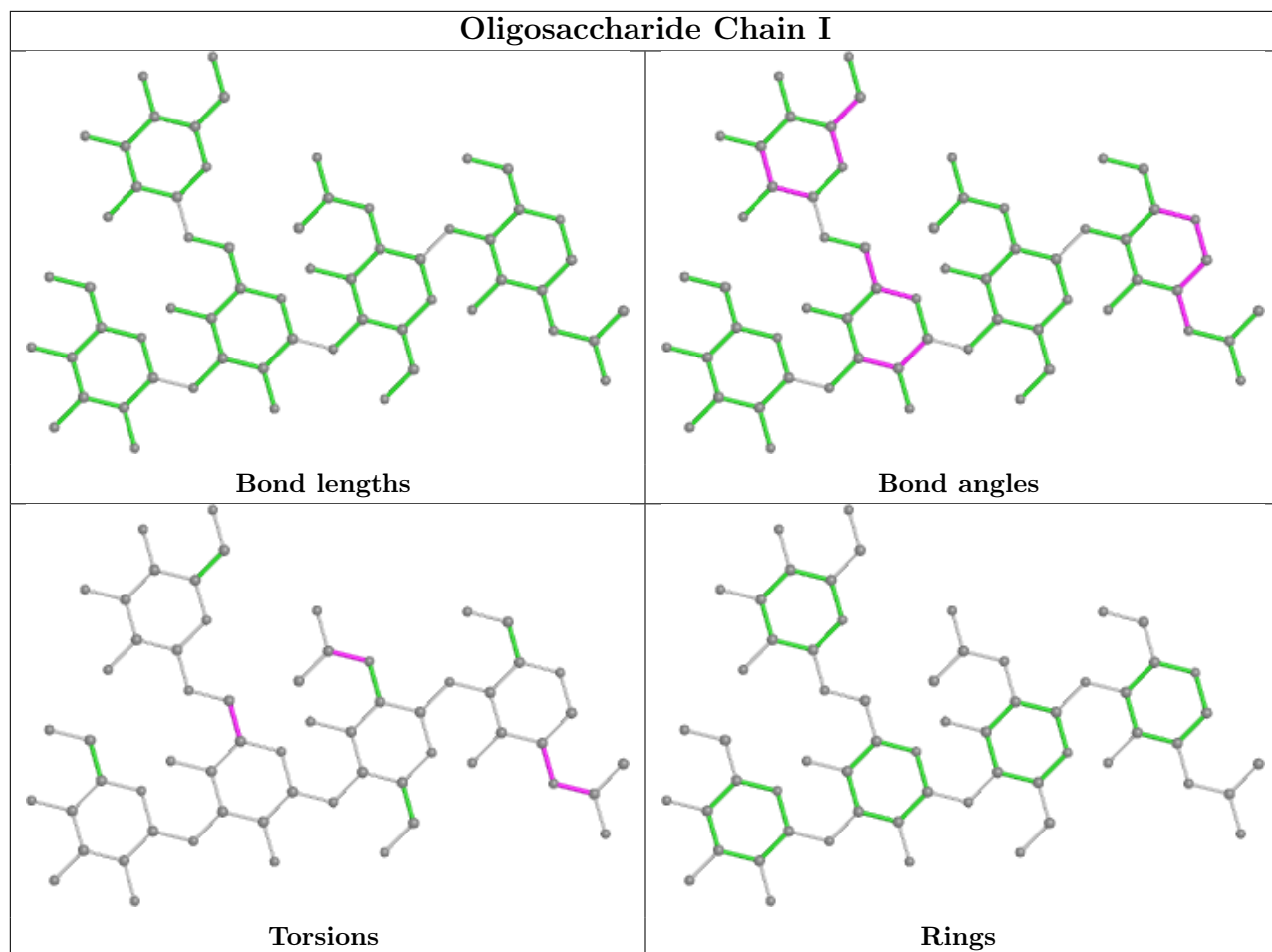
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	I	1	NAG	1	0
4	E	1	NAG	1	0
4	H	1	NAG	1	0
4	E	2	NAG	1	0
4	H	2	NAG	1	0
4	I	2	NAG	1	0

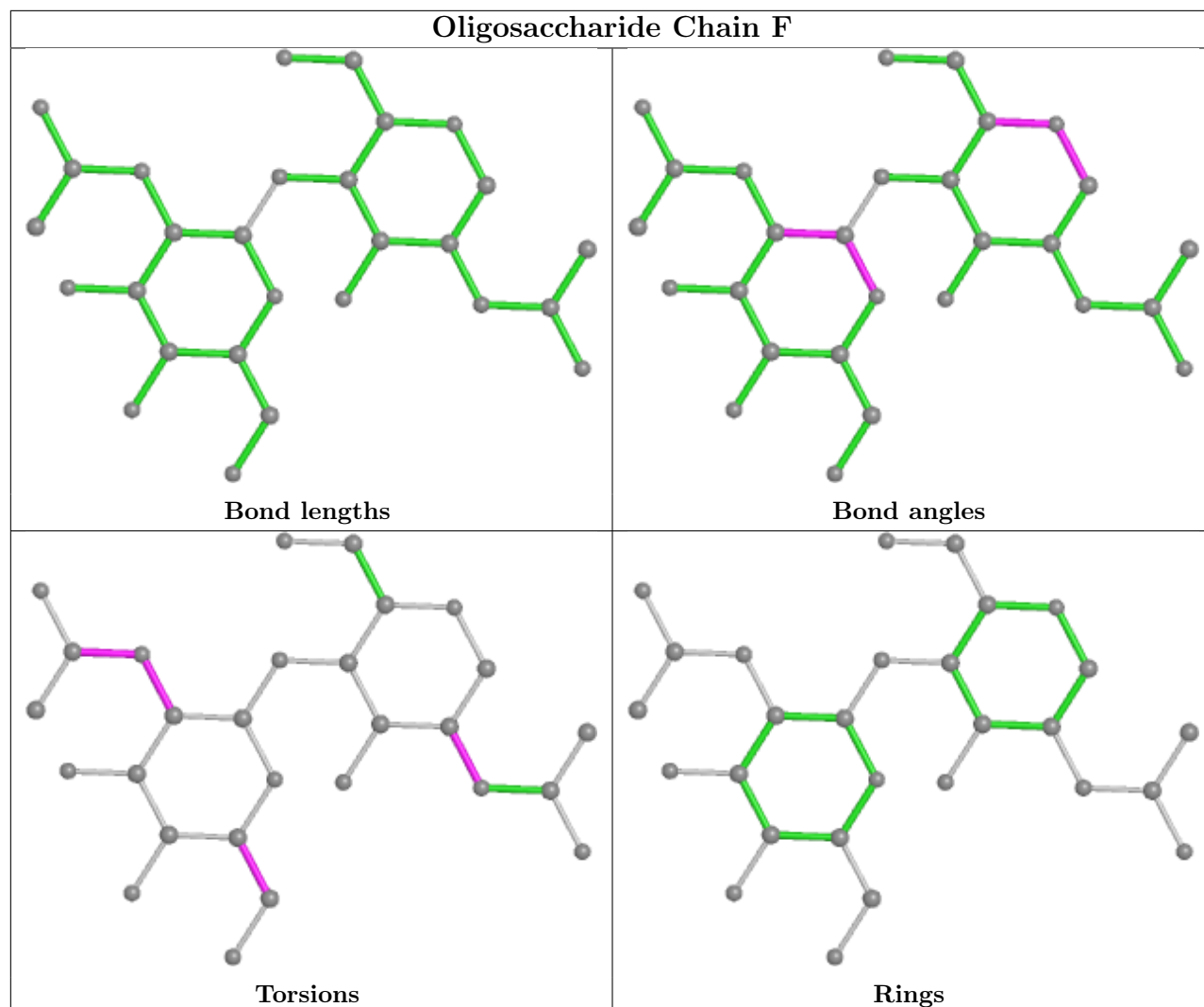
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

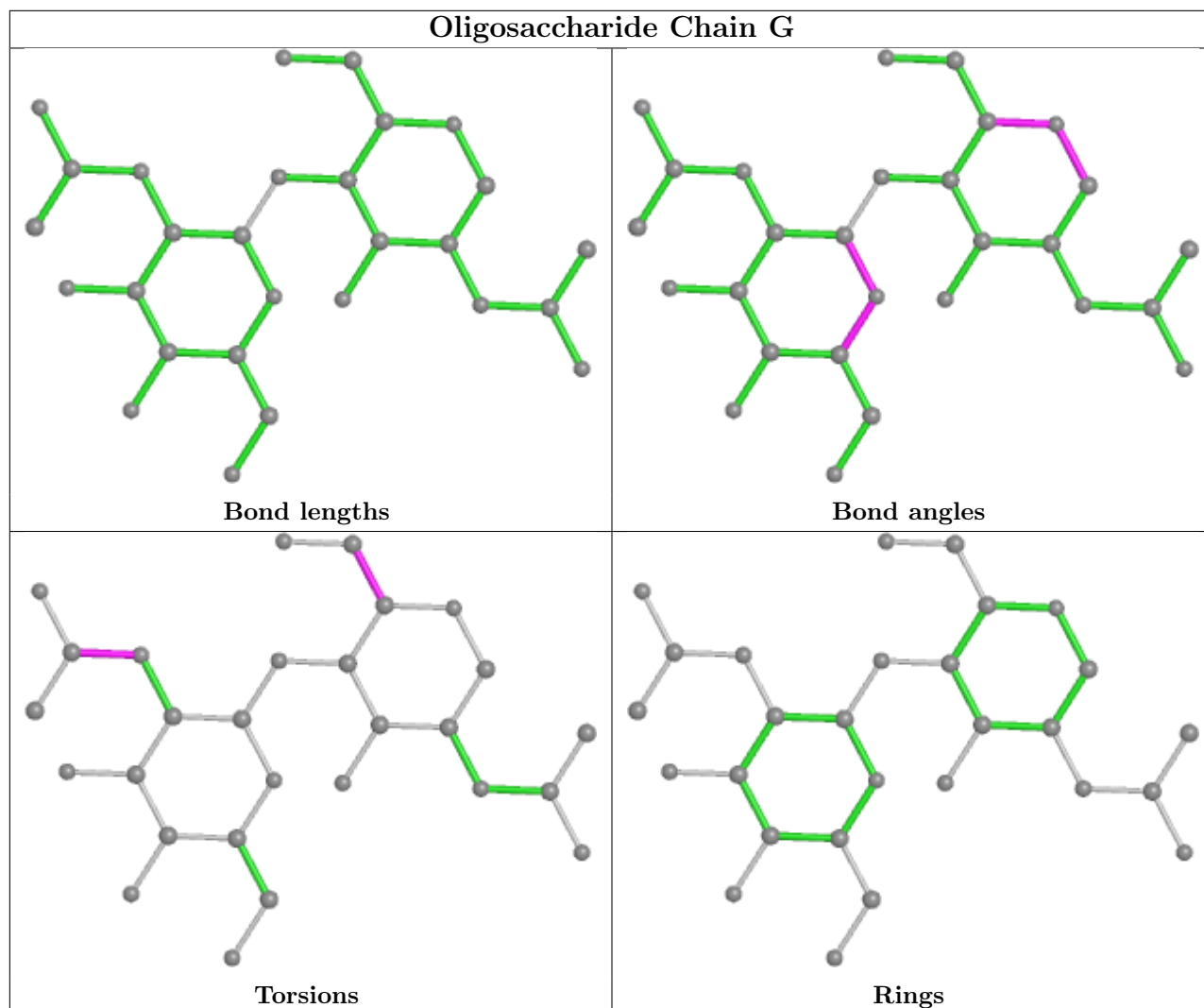












5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 27 ligands modelled in this entry, 20 are monoatomic - leaving 7 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
6	NAG	B	4702	1	14,14,15	0.33	0	17,19,21	0.74	1 (5%)
7	A2G	B	4705	1	14,14,15	0.42	0	17,19,21	0.67	1 (5%)
7	A2G	B	4707	1	14,14,15	0.40	0	17,19,21	0.37	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	NAG	B	4701	1	14,14,15	0.39	0	17,19,21	1.18	1 (5%)
7	A2G	B	4704	1	14,14,15	0.41	0	17,19,21	0.62	1 (5%)
7	A2G	B	4706	-	14,14,15	0.40	0	17,19,21	2.18	3 (17%)
7	A2G	B	4703	-	14,14,15	0.42	0	17,19,21	1.50	3 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	NAG	B	4702	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	A2G	B	4705	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	A2G	B	4707	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	B	4701	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	A2G	B	4704	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	A2G	B	4706	-	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	A2G	B	4703	-	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
7	B	4706	A2G	O5-C1-C2	7.90	123.76	111.29
7	B	4703	A2G	C1-C2-N2	4.68	118.48	110.49
6	B	4701	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.70	117.20	112.19
7	B	4706	A2G	C1-O5-C5	3.50	116.93	112.19
7	B	4703	A2G	O5-C1-C2	2.88	115.83	111.29

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	B	4701	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
6	B	4701	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
6	B	4701	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
6	B	4702	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	B	4704	A2G	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 12 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	B	4701	NAG	1	0
7	B	4706	A2G	5	0
7	B	4703	A2G	6	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

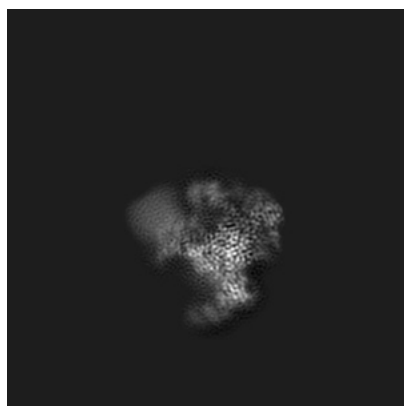
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-36693. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

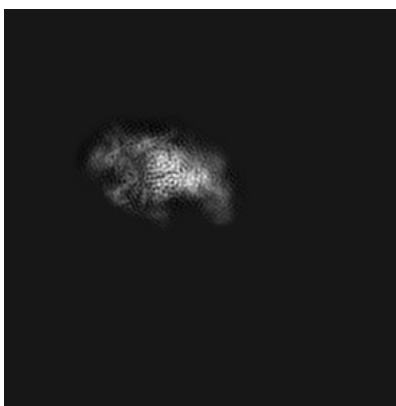
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

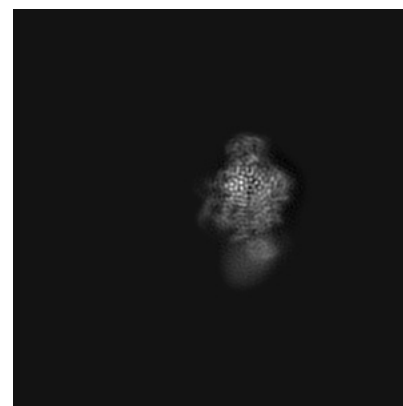
6.1.1 Primary map



X

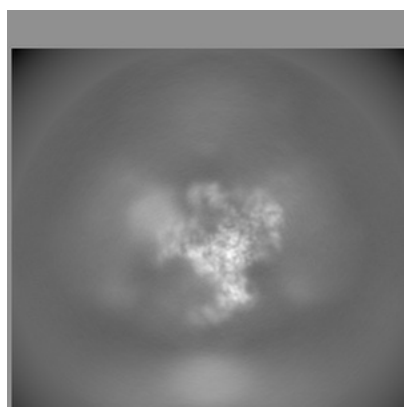


Y

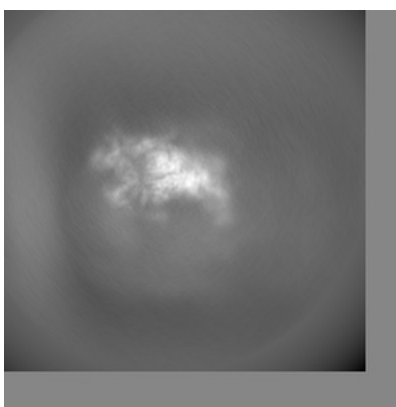


Z

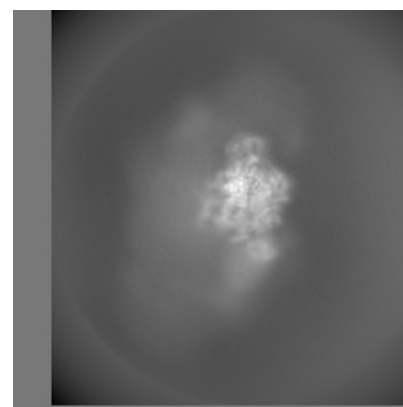
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

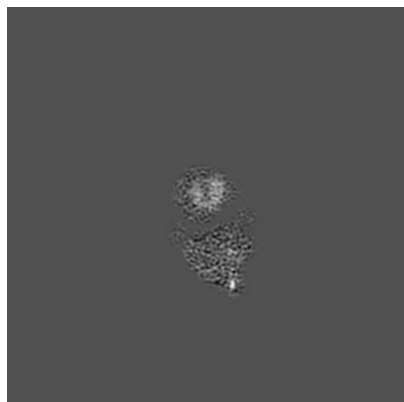


Z

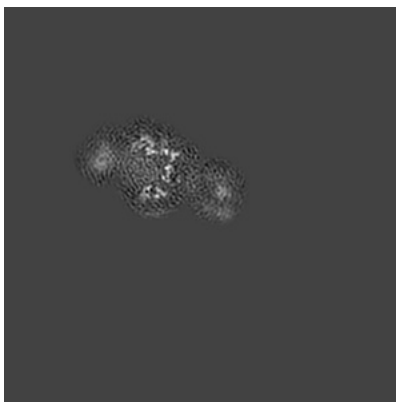
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

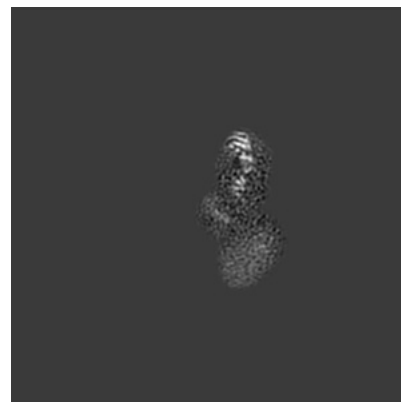
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 130

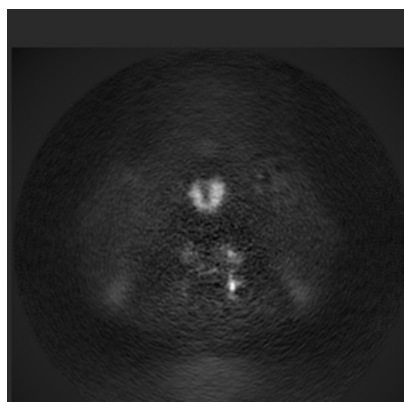


Y Index: 130

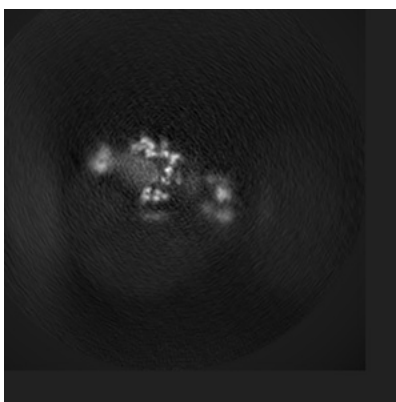


Z Index: 130

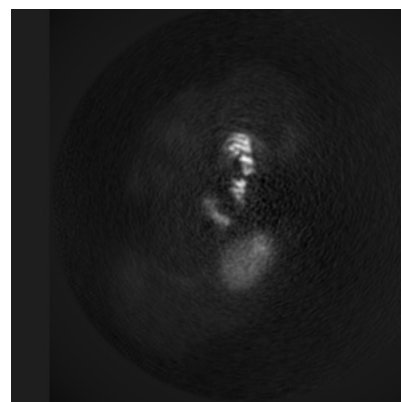
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 130



Y Index: 130

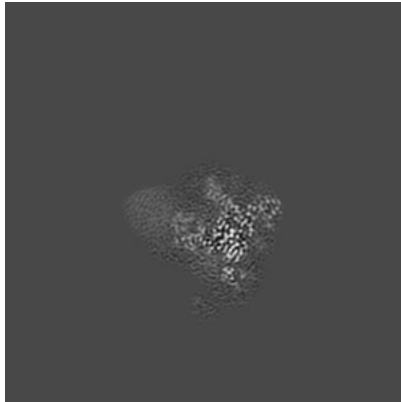


Z Index: 130

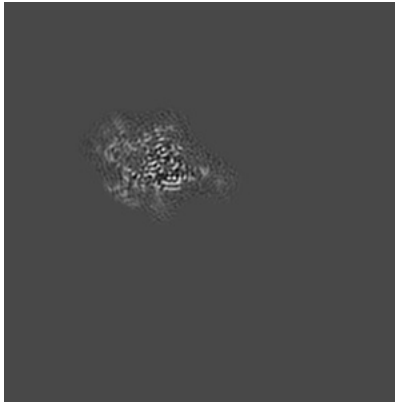
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

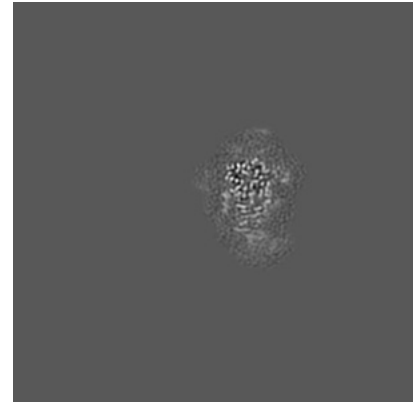
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 148

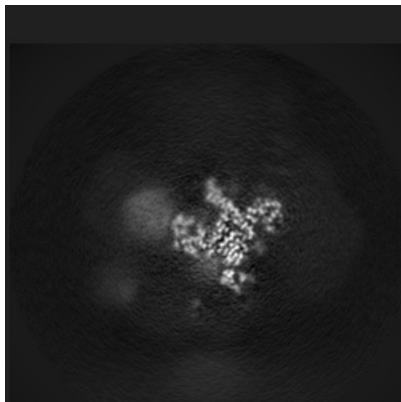


Y Index: 145

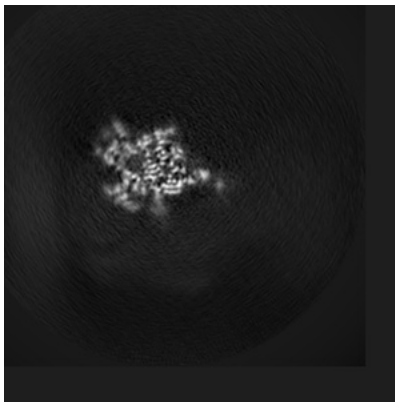


Z Index: 105

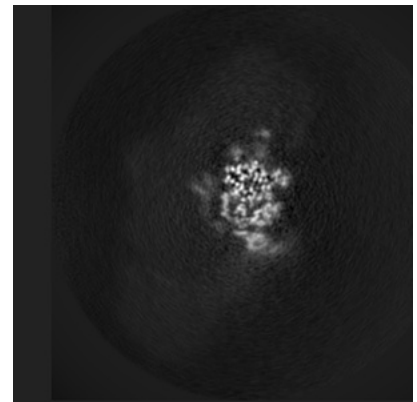
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 148



Y Index: 145

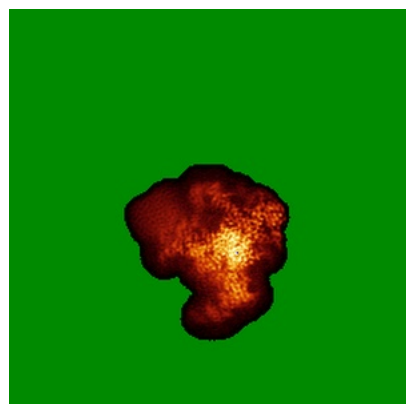


Z Index: 104

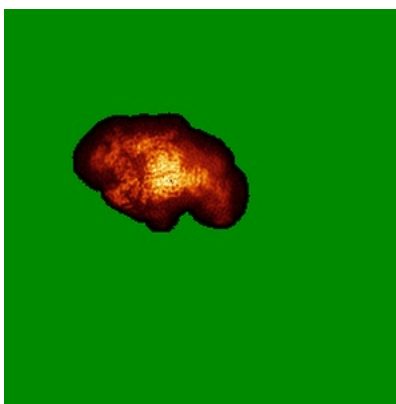
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

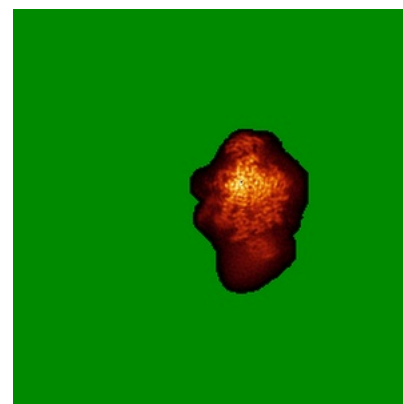
6.4.1 Primary map



X

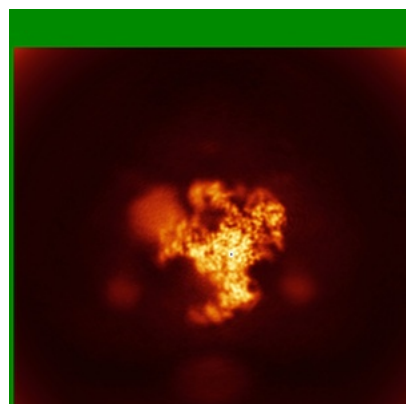


Y

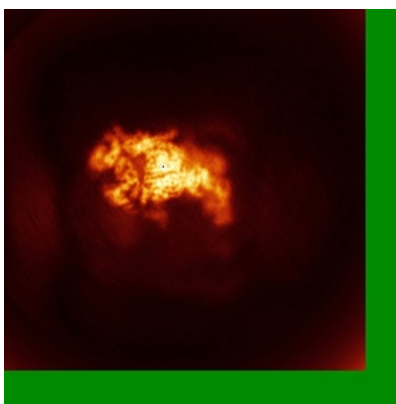


Z

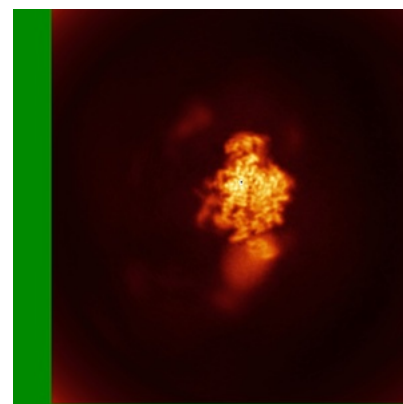
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

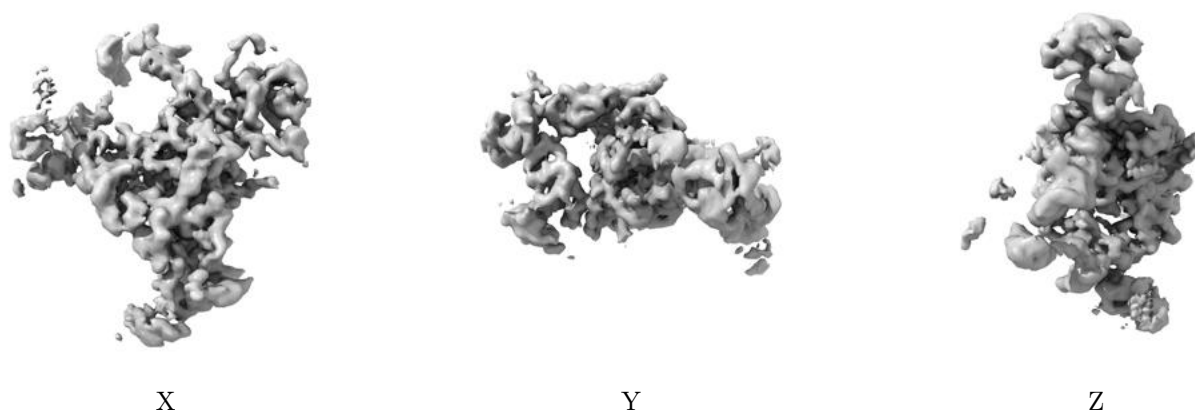
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.035. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

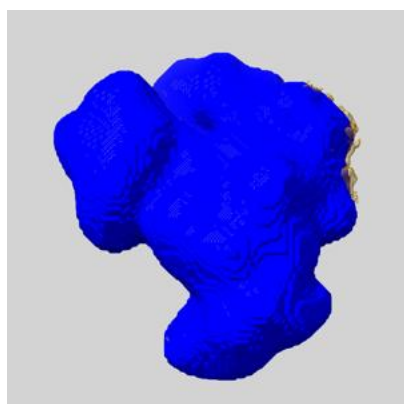
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

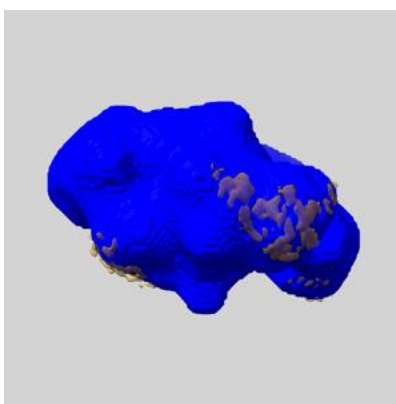
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

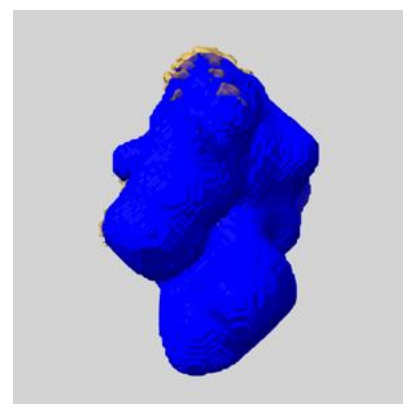
6.6.1 emd_36693_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

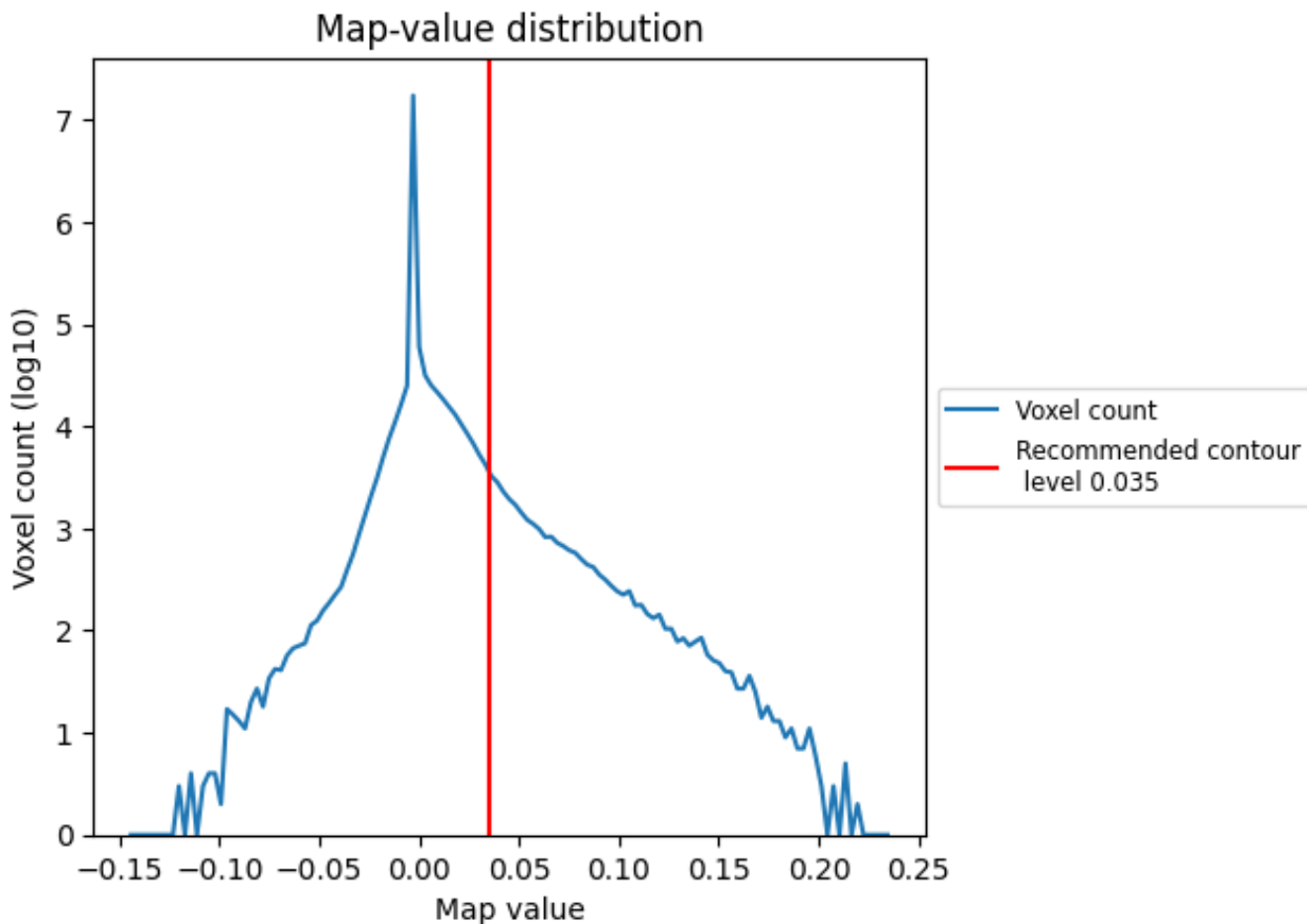


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

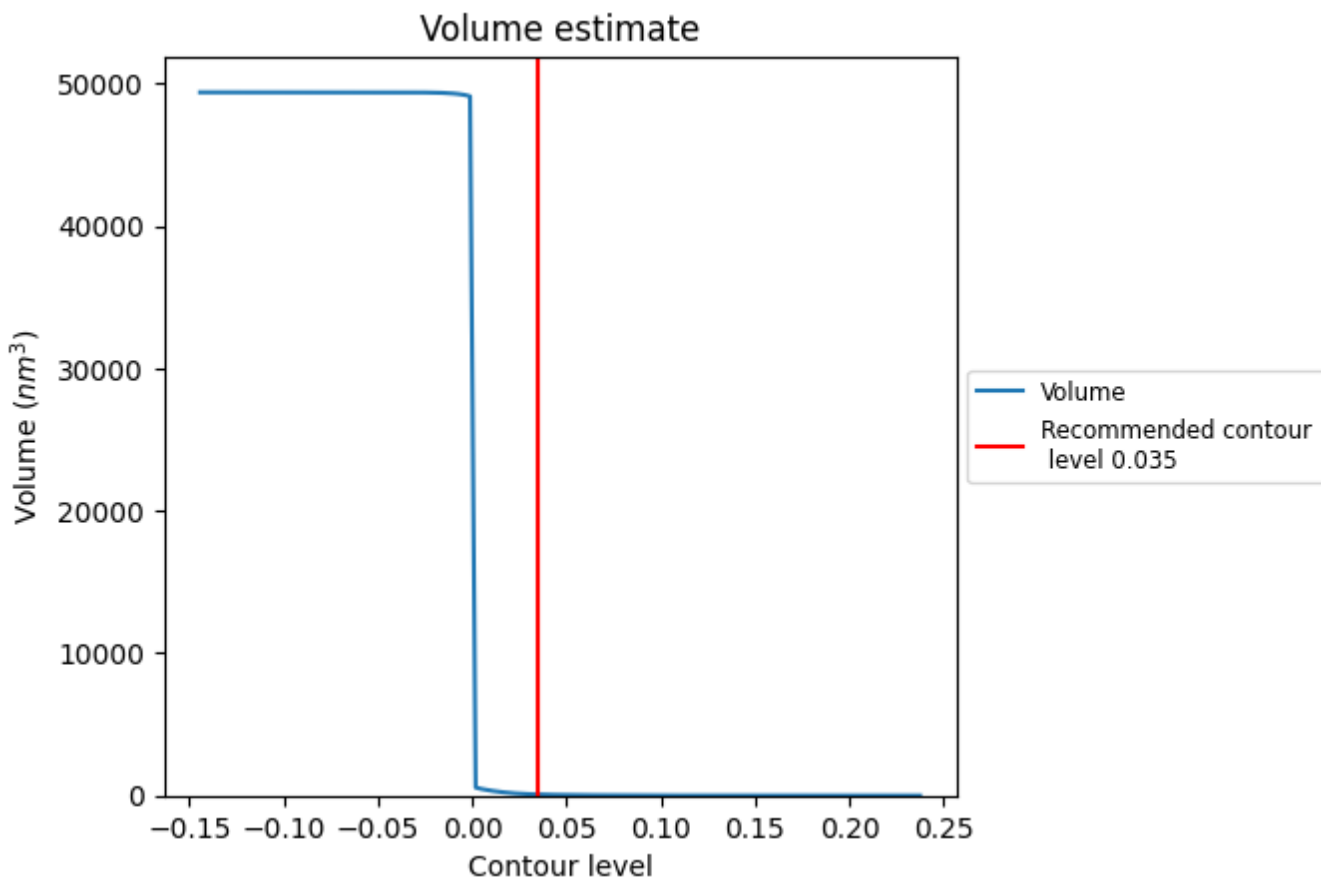
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

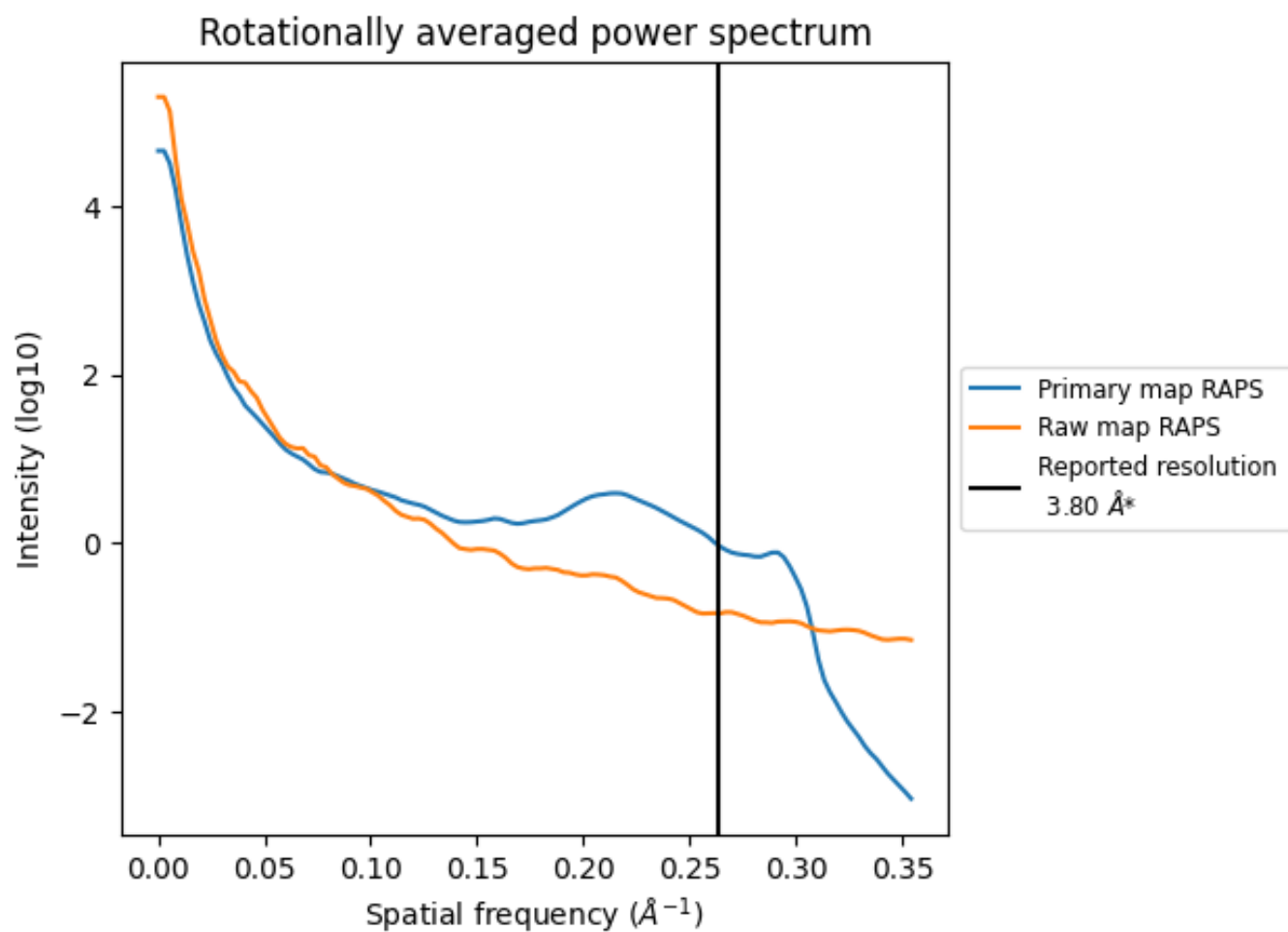
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 77 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 70 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

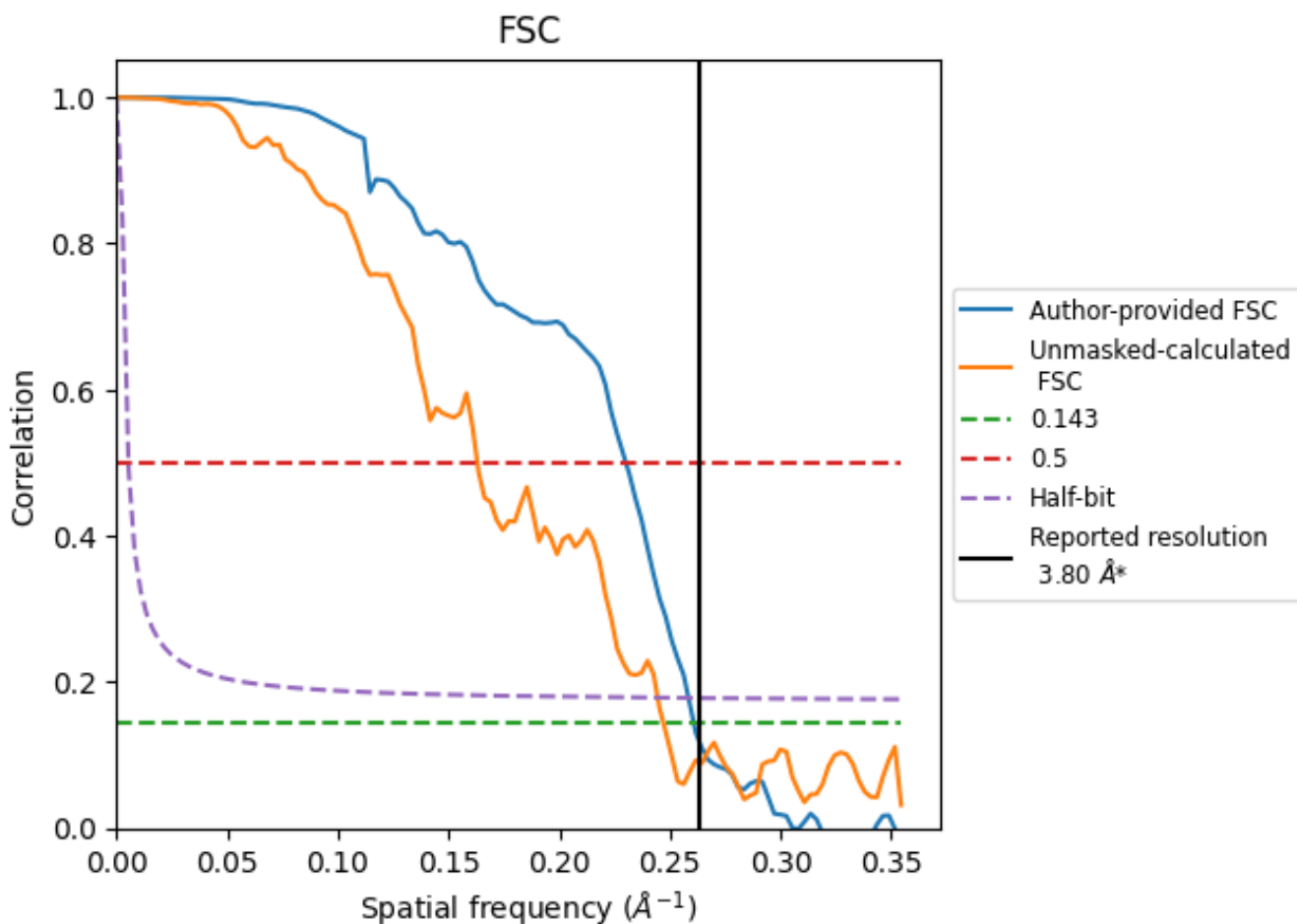


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.263 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.263 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

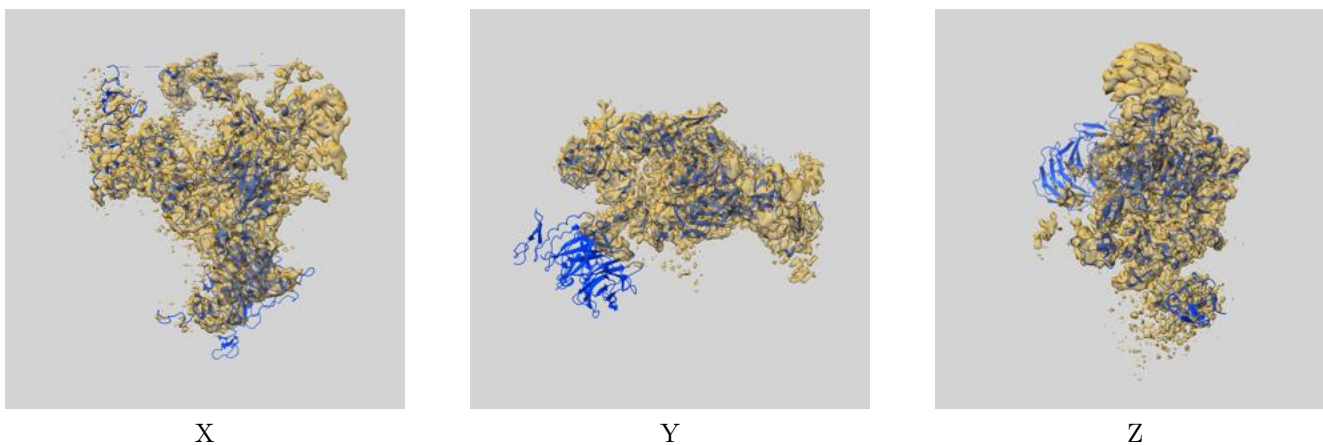
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.80	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.83	4.35	3.87
Unmasked-calculated*	4.05	6.13	4.09

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

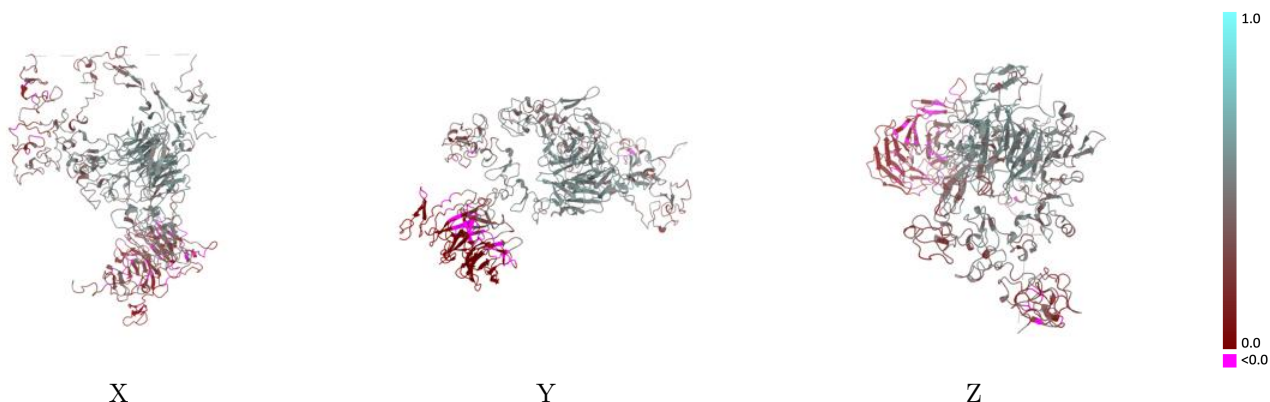
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-36693 and PDB model 8JX9. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



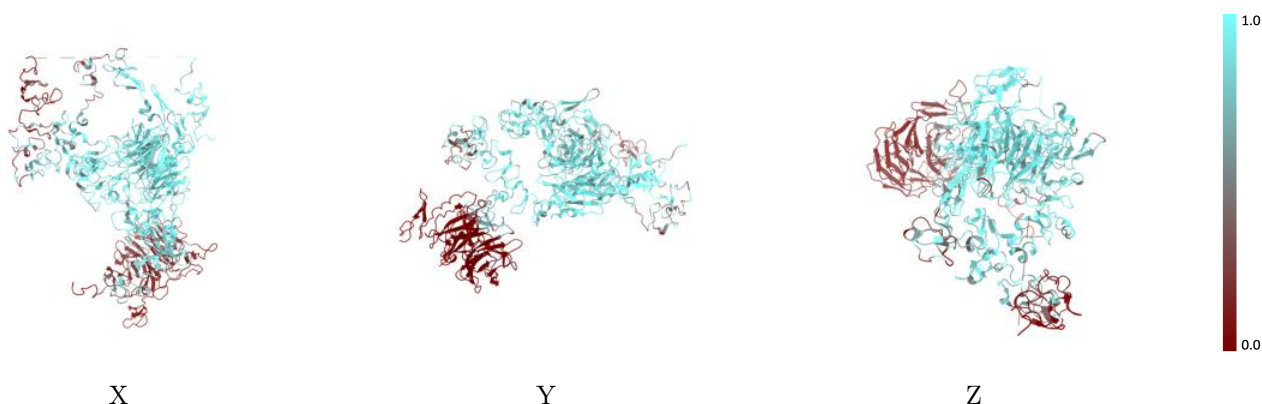
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.035 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



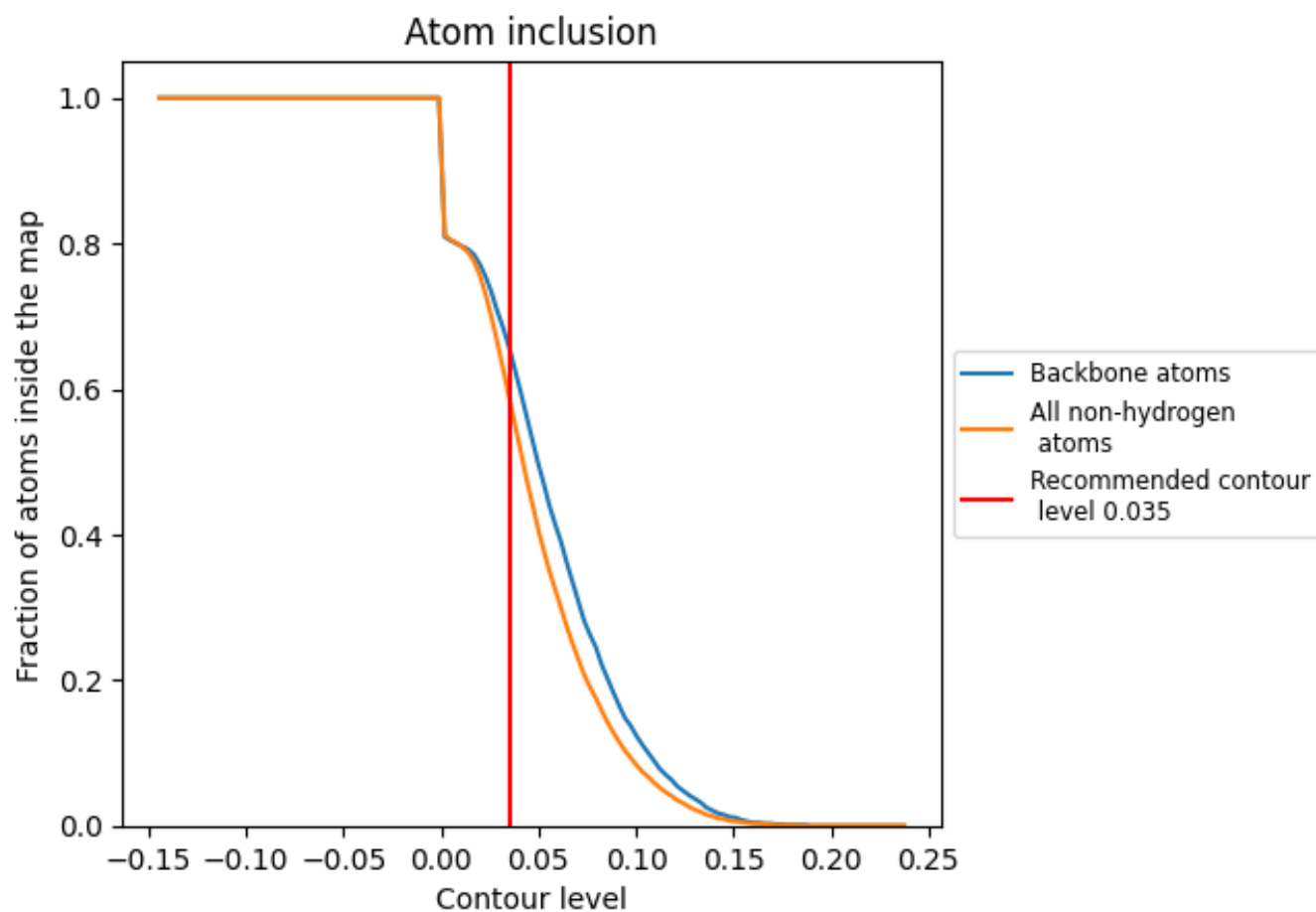
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.035).























9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 66% of all backbone atoms, 59% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary [i](#)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.035) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.5900	 0.3480
A	 0.0930	 0.0690
B	 0.7560	 0.4390
C	 0.3330	 0.3370
D	 0.7950	 0.5070
E	 0.6890	 0.4650
F	 0.5360	 0.4360
G	 0.5710	 0.4210
H	 0.5250	 0.3520
I	 0.7380	 0.4320
O	 1.0000	 0.5960

