

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	2JPA
BMRB ID	:	15533
Title	:	Structure of the Wilms Tumor Suppressor Protein Zinc Finger Domain Bound
		to DNA
Authors	:	Stoll, R.; Lee, B.M.; Debler, E.W.; Laity, J.H.; Wilson, I.A.; Dyson, H.J.;
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Deposited on	:	2007-05-01

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

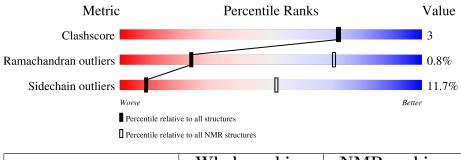
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	$v_1n_11_5_13_A$ (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 10%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive}\ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} \ {f archive} \ (\#{f Entries})$		
Clashscore	158937	12864		
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451		
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	В	14	14%		79%		7%	
2	С	14		36%	50%		14%	
3	А	119		72%	, 2	20%	• 5%	



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 11 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model			
1	A:7-A:119 (113)	1.21	11			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 17, 18, 19, 20
2	2, 12, 14, 15, 16
Single-model clusters	5



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2880 atoms, of which 1291 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
1	D	1.4	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	Р	0
	D	14	448	136	156	56	86	14	0

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(P*DCP*DAP*DGP*DAP*DCP*DGP*DCP* DCP*DCP*DCP*DGP*DCP*DG)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
0	C	1.4	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	Р	0
	C	14	436	132	154	54	82	14	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Wilms tumor 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
9	Δ	119	Total	С	Н	Ν	0	S	0
0	A	119	1992	622	981	210	168	11	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Cha	in	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A		1	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q4VXV4

• Molecule 4 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms
4	Δ	4	Total Zn
4	Л	1	4 4



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(P*DCP*DGP*DCP*DGP*DGP*DGP*DGP*DGP*DGP*DCP*DGP*DTP* DCP*DTP*DG)-3')



Chain C:	36%		50%	14%				
C138 A139 G140 G143 C144 C145	C147 C147 C150 C150 G151							
• Molecule	• Molecule 3: Wilms tumor 1							
Chain A:	7	72%		20% • 5%				
A1 S2 E3 K4 R5 P6	11 N15 X16 X16 X16 X17 X18 X16 X13 X13 X13 X13 X13 X13 X14 X14 X14 X14 X14 X14 X14 X14 X14 X14	R47 F48 H57 H57 R59 R60 R60 F67	T71 R74 H81 L82 R87 R87 R98	C102 0103 M117 M118 H119				

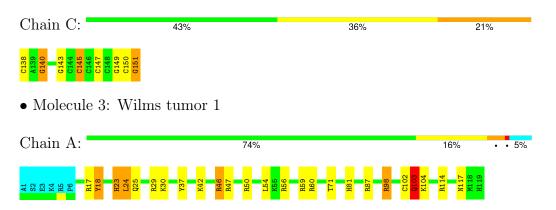
4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 11. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(P*DCP*DGP*DCP*DGP*DGP*DGP*DGP*DGP*DCP*DGP*DCP*DGP*DTP* DCP*DTP*DG)-3')



C124 C125 C126 C126 C126 G127 G129 G129 G130 C135 T134 T135 C135 C135 G137





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	structure solution	
Amber	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	236
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	236
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	10%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chai	Chain	B	ond lengths	Bond angles		
	Unain	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	
1	В	1.83 ± 0.15	$5{\pm}3/327~(~1.5{\pm}~1.0\%)$	$1.75 {\pm} 0.14$	$9{\pm}4/504~(~1.8{\pm}~0.8\%)$	
2	С	$1.64{\pm}0.12$	$2{\pm}2/315~(~0.6{\pm}~0.7\%)$	1.61 ± 0.11	$8{\pm}3/482~(~1.6{\pm}~0.5\%)$	
3	А	$0.72 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/992~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	$1.04{\pm}0.03$	$10{\pm}2/1320$ ($0.8{\pm}$ $0.1\%)$	
All	All	1.23	138/32680~(~0.4%)	1.36	540/46120~(~1.2%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	В	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	$2.0{\pm}1.3$
2	С	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	$1.4{\pm}1.2$
3	А	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	2.5 ± 1.2
All	All	0	120

5 of 90 unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Turne	Atoma	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Moo	lels
	Unam	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed(A)	Ideal(A)	Worst	Total
1	В	136	DT	C5-C7	14.44	1.58	1.50	4	8
1	В	136	DT	C4'-O4'	-9.22	1.35	1.45	9	4
1	В	134	DT	C5'-C4'	8.72	1.60	1.51	19	3
1	В	137	DG	N9-C4	8.12	1.44	1.38	9	1
1	В	134	DT	N1-C2	8.10	1.44	1.38	15	6

5 of 135 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoma	$\mathbf{Z} = \mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$		$Ideal(^{o})$	Mod	dels			
	Ullalli	nes	туре	Atoms Z Observed()							Worst	Total
1	В	130	DG	O4'-C4'-C3'	16.80	116.08	106.00	6	9			
1	В	128	DG	O4'-C1'-C2'	-15.30	93.66	105.90	5	1			
2	С	143	DG	O4'-C4'-C3'	13.99	114.39	106.00	7	14			
1	В	134	DT	O4'-C4'-C3'	12.86	113.71	106.00	14	10			
1	В	137	DG	O4'-C4'-C3'	12.79	113.67	106.00	20	10			

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 35 unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
3	А	18	TYR	Sidechain	20
1	В	129	DG	Sidechain	9
1	В	127	DG	Sidechain	8
2	С	151	DG	Sidechain	8
3	А	48	PHE	Sidechain	8

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	В	292	156	157	2 ± 1
2	С	282	154	153	1 ± 0
3	А	964	932	932	8±2
All	All	30840	24840	24835	188

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

5 of 39 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Moo	dels
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
3:A:18:TYR:CD2	3:A:24:LEU:HD23	0.74	2.18	3	15
3:A:18:TYR:CD1	3:A:24:LEU:HD23	0.65	2.25	13	5
1:B:128:DG:C8	3:A:81:HIS:CE1	0.64	2.86	5	7
3:A:67:PHE:HB3	3:A:82:LEU:HD13	0.61	1.73	19	11
3:A:37:TYR:HB3	3:A:54:LEU:HD22	0.56	1.77	20	6



6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percenti	\mathbf{les}
3	А	112/119~(94%)	$104\pm2~(93\pm2\%)$	$7\pm2~(6\pm2\%)$	1±1 (1±1%)	24 71	-
All	All	2240/2380~(94%)	2083 (93%)	139 (6%)	18 (1%)	24 71	

5 of 9 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
3	А	101	SER	5
3	А	102	CYS	4
3	А	73	GLN	2
3	А	103	GLN	2
3	А	12	PRO	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Percentiles	
3	А	107/112~(96%)	$94\pm2~(88\pm2\%)$	$13\pm2~(12\pm2\%)$	9	52
All	All	2140/2240~(96%)	1889 (88%)	251 (12%)	9	52

5 of 46 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
3	А	23	HIS	20
3	А	24	LEU	20
3	А	71	THR	19
3	А	117	ASN	13
3	А	26	MET	12



6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 10% for the well-defined parts and 10% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	236
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	236
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	0		None (insufficient data)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	0		None (insufficient data)
$^{13}C'$	0		None (insufficient data)
¹⁵ N	108	-0.12 ± 0.31	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 10%, i.e. 230 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2206. 0 out of 7 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	210/559~(38%)	105/225~(47%)	0/226~(0%)	105/108~(97%)
Sidechain	18/883~(2%)	12/558~(2%)	0/261~(0%)	6/64~(9%)

Continued on next page...



	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Aromatic	2/196~(1%)	1/102~(1%)	0/82~(0%)	1/12~(8%)
Sugar	0/336~(0%)	0/196~(0%)	0/140~(0%)	0/0~(-%)
Base	0/232~(0%)	0/148~(0%)	0/44~(0%)	0/40~(0%)
Overall	230/2206~(10%)	118/1229~(10%)	0/753~(0%)	112/224~(50%)

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7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (1)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

