



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Oct 27, 2024 – 12:53 PM JST

PDB ID : 6JK8
EMDB ID : EMD-9838
Title : Cryo-EM structure of the full-length human IGF-1R in complex with insulin
Authors : Zhang, X.; Yu, D.; Wang, T.
Deposited on : 2019-02-27
Resolution : 5.00 Å (reported)

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with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev113
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

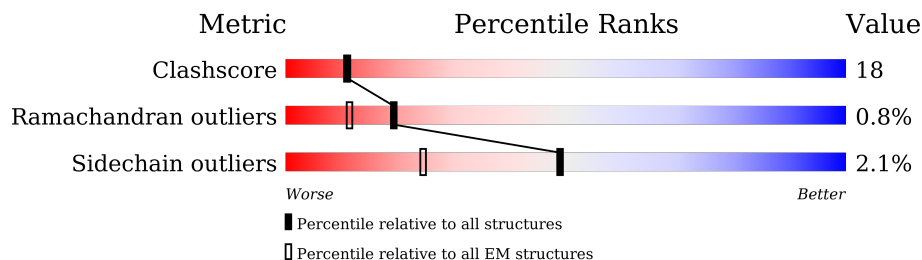
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 5.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.




Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1367	
1	B	1367	
2	C	110	
2	D	110	
3	E	2	
3	G	2	
3	H	2	
3	I	2	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	F	4	 A horizontal bar chart representing the quality of chain. The bar is divided into three segments: a yellow segment on the left, a red segment in the middle, and an orange segment on the right. A vertical line is drawn at the 25% mark, and another vertical line is drawn at the 75% mark. The text '25%' is placed below the bar at the first vertical line, and '75%' is placed below the bar at the second vertical line. The text '75%' is also placed above the bar at the second vertical line.

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 13666 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Insulin-like growth factor 1 receptor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	823	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			6595	4166	1138	1241	50		
1	B	801	Total	C	N	O	S	1	0
			6450	4076	1119	1209	46		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Insulin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	C	21	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			163	99	25	35	4		
2	D	25	Total	C	N	O	S	1	0
			212	138	35	37	2		

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



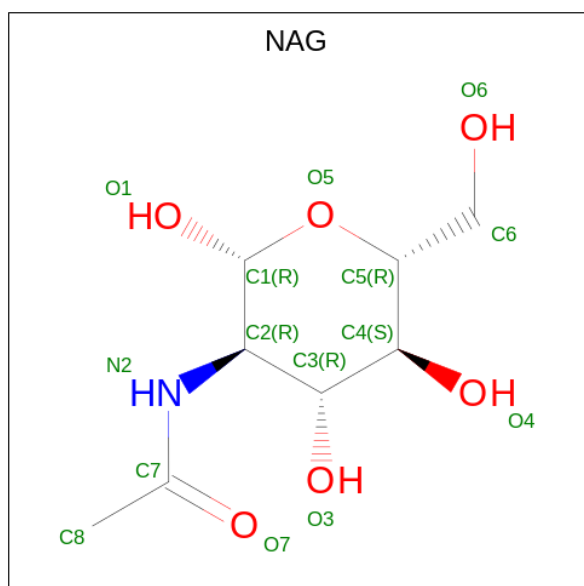
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
3	E	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		
3	G	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		
3	H	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		
3	I	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace	
			Total	C	N			O
4	F	4	50	28	2	20	0	0

- Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).

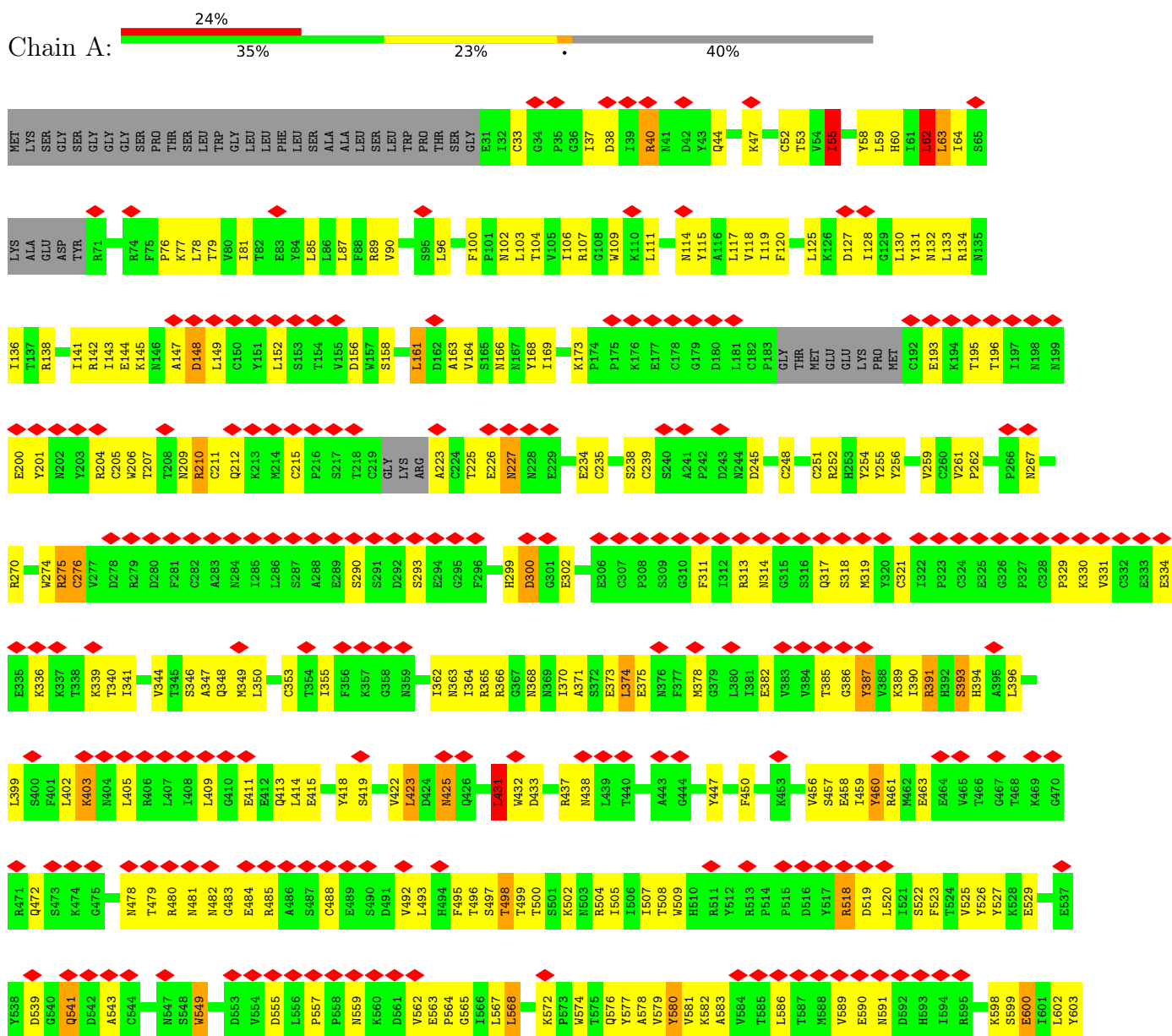


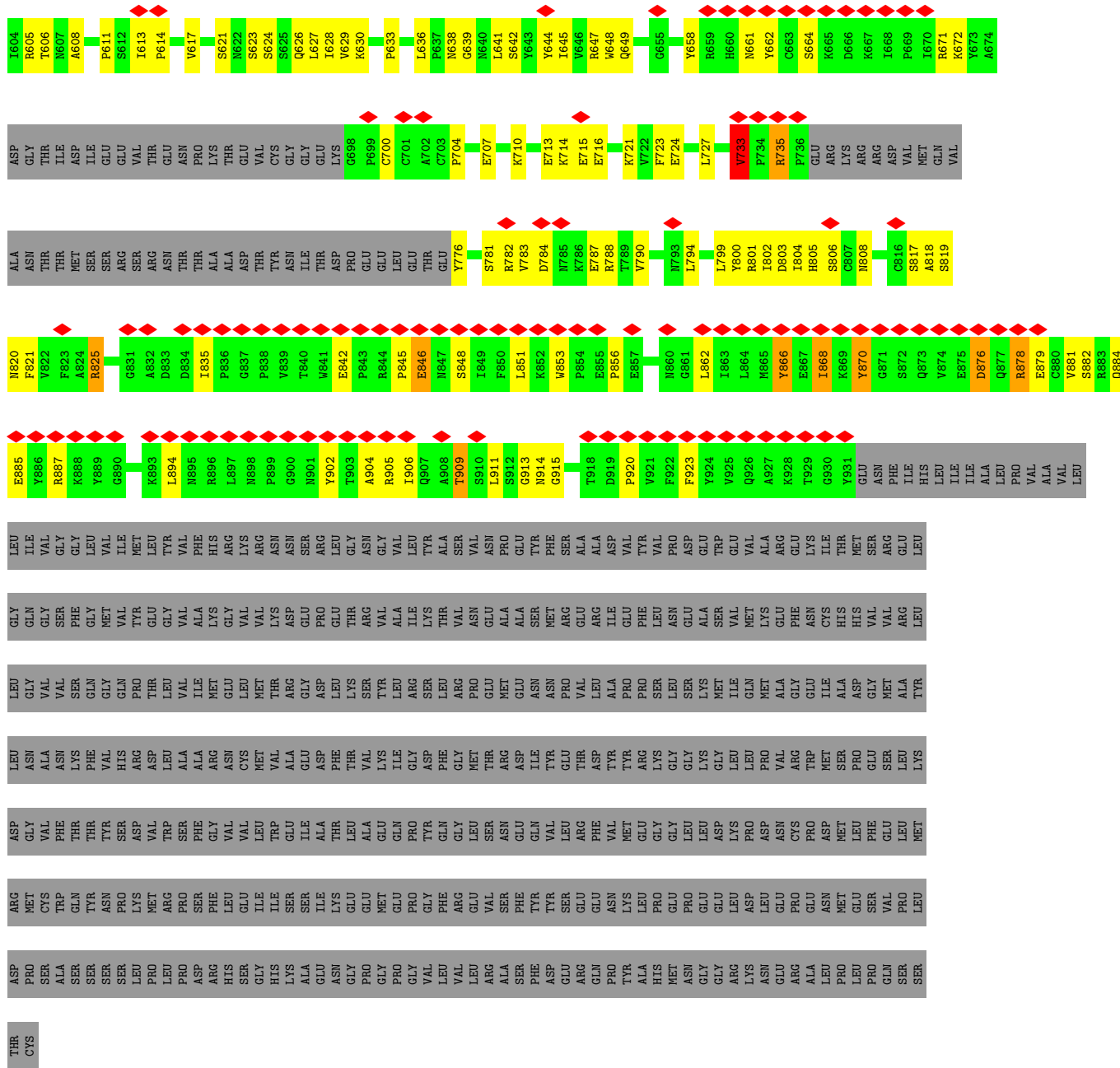
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	
			Total	C	N		O
5	A	1	14	8	1	5	0
5	A	1	14	8	1	5	0
5	A	1	14	8	1	5	0
5	B	1	14	8	1	5	0
5	B	1	14	8	1	5	0
5	B	1	14	8	1	5	0

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

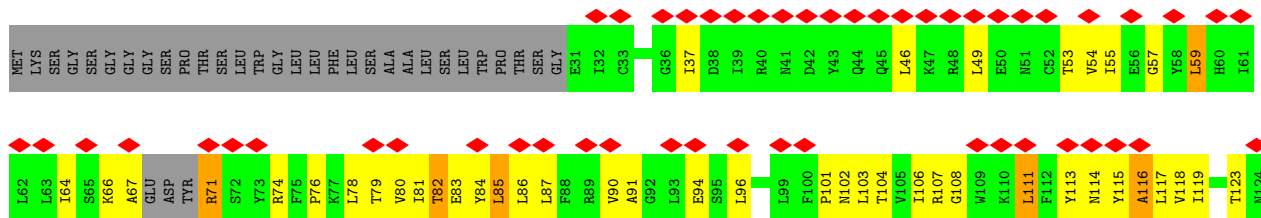
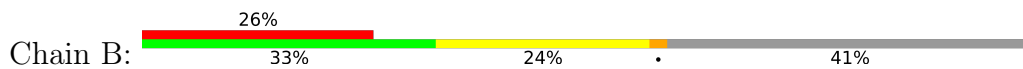
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Insulin-like growth factor 1 receptor





● Molecule 1: Insulin-like growth factor 1 receptor



ASP	Q926	M866	R801	LYS	THR	P614	ALA	M478	M404	P323	R252	PRO	L125
VAL	A927	Y866	I802	ARG	ILE	L615	CYS	T479	L405	C324	Y256	MET	K126
VAL	K928	E867	D803	ASP	ILE	D616	SER	R480	R406	E825	Y256	GLY	D127
PRO	THR	I868	I804	VAL	GLU	V617	N547	M481	L407	G326	P262	GLU	I128
ASP	THR	K869	H805	MET	GLU	L618	M551	M482	I408	P327	A263	GLY	G129
GLU	THR	Y870	S806	GLN	VAL	L618	R554	G483	L414	E333	C264	THR	L130
TRP	GLU	Y871	C807	VAL	THR	S821	V554	E484	E415	E334	P265	GLU	Y131
GLU	ASN	G871	N808	VAL	THR	M622	D555	R485	G416	E335	P266	ASN	M132
ALA	PHE	S872	H809	ALA	ASN	S623	L556	A486	M417	E336	M267	ALA	L133
ALA	ILE	Q873	VAL	THR	THR	S624	P557	S487	Y418	K336	M268	GLU	R134
GLU	LEU	Q874	THR	THR	LYS	S625	P558	C488	S419	K337	T268	GLU	M135
GLU	LEU	H875	THR	THR	THR	Q626	N559	F489	F420	T338	Y269	THR	I136
LYS	ILE	E875	THR	SER	GLU	L627	K560	F489	Y421	T339	R270	THR	I137
ILE	ILE	D876	THR	SER	VAL	L628	V562	D491	F422	K339	E271	ASN	R138
THR	ALA	Q877	THR	SER	CYS	L628	V562	V492	Y422	K339	E272	THR	R138
THR	THR	R877	THR	SER	GLY	L629	E563	L493	F423	K339	E273	THR	G139
THR	THR	Q878	THR	THR	GLY	V629	S563	L493	Y424	K339	E274	THR	A140
THR	THR	R879	THR	THR	GLU	K630	E563	H494	Y425	K339	E275	THR	A140
THR	THR	E879	THR	THR	GLU	H631	E563	F495	M427	K339	E276	THR	I141
THR	THR	C880	THR	THR	LYS	H632	E563	T496	L428	K339	E277	THR	R142
THR	THR	V881	THR	THR	GLY	N632	E563	T496	L428	K339	E278	THR	E144
THR	THR	S882	THR	THR	PRO	N633	E563	T496	L428	K339	E279	THR	E144
THR	THR	R883	THR	THR	PRO	P634	E563	T496	L428	K339	E280	THR	K145
THR	THR	Q884	THR	THR	CYS	P634	E563	T496	L428	K339	E281	THR	K145
THR	THR	E885	THR	THR	CYS	S635	E563	T496	L428	K339	E282	THR	K145
THR	THR	Q886	THR	THR	CYS	L636	E563	T496	L428	K339	E283	THR	K145
THR	THR	Y886	THR	THR	CYS	P637	E563	T496	L428	K339	E284	THR	K145
THR	THR	R887	THR	THR	CYS	N638	E563	T496	L428	K339	E285	THR	K145
THR	THR	E888	THR	THR	CYS	Q639	E563	T496	L428	K339	E286	THR	K145
THR	THR	Q889	THR	THR	CYS	N640	E563	T496	L428	K339	E287	THR	K145
THR	THR	K888	THR	THR	CYS	V643	E563	T496	L428	K339	E288	THR	K145
THR	THR	Y889	THR	THR	CYS	V644	E563	T496	L428	K339	E289	THR	K145
THR	THR	G890	THR	THR	CYS	V646	E563	T496	L428	K339	E290	THR	K145
THR	THR	E891	THR	THR	CYS	V646	E563	T496	L428	K339	E291	THR	K145
THR	THR	A892	THR	THR	CYS	V647	E563	T496	L428	K339	E292	THR	K145
THR	THR	K893	THR	THR	CYS	V648	E563	T496	L428	K339	E293	THR	K145
THR	THR	R894	THR	THR	CYS	V649	E563	T496	L428	K339	E294	THR	K145
THR	THR	N895	THR	THR	CYS	V650	E563	T496	L428	K339	E295	THR	K145
THR	THR	R896	THR	THR	CYS	V651	E563	T496	L428	K339	E296	THR	K145
THR	THR	L897	THR	THR	CYS	V652	E563	T496	L428	K339	E297	THR	K145
THR	THR	E898	THR	THR	CYS	V653	E563	T496	L428	K339	E298	THR	K145
THR	THR	Q899	THR	THR	CYS	V654	E563	T496	L428	K339	E299	THR	K145
THR	THR	G900	THR	THR	CYS	V655	E563	T496	L428	K339	E300	THR	K145
THR	THR	N901	THR	THR	CYS	V656	E563	T496	L428	K339	E301	THR	K145
THR	THR	Y902	THR	THR	CYS	V657	E563	T496	L428	K339	E302	THR	K145
THR	THR	T903	THR	THR	CYS	V658	E563	T496	L428	K339	E303	THR	K145
THR	THR	A904	THR	THR	CYS	V659	E563	T496	L428	K339	E304	THR	K145
THR	THR	R905	THR	THR	CYS	V660	E563	T496	L428	K339	E305	THR	K145
THR	THR	I906	THR	THR	CYS	V661	E563	T496	L428	K339	E306	THR	K145
THR	THR	Q907	THR	THR	CYS	V662	E563	T496	L428	K339	E307	THR	K145
THR	THR	A908	THR	THR	CYS	V663	E563	T496	L428	K339	E308	THR	K145
THR	THR	R909	THR	THR	CYS	V664	E563	T496	L428	K339	E309	THR	K145
THR	THR	S910	THR	THR	CYS	V665	E563	T496	L428	K339	E310	THR	K145
THR	THR	L911	THR	THR	CYS	V666	E563	T496	L428	K339	E311	THR	K145
THR	THR	P912	THR	THR	CYS	V667	E563	T496	L428	K339	E312	THR	K145
THR	THR	G913	THR	THR	CYS	V668	E563	T496	L428	K339	E313	THR	K145
THR	THR	E914	THR	THR	CYS	V669	E563	T496	L428	K339	E314	THR	K145
THR	THR	S915	THR	THR	CYS	V670	E563	T496	L428	K339	E315	THR	K145
THR	THR	Y916	THR	THR	CYS	V671	E563	T496	L428	K339	E316	THR	K145
THR	THR	I917	THR	THR	CYS	V672	E563	T496	L428	K339	E317	THR	K145
THR	THR	R918	THR	THR	CYS	V673	E563	T496	L428	K339	E318	THR	K145
THR	THR	D919	THR	THR	CYS	V674	E563	T496	L428	K339	E319	THR	K145
THR	THR	E920	THR	THR	CYS	V675	E563	T496	L428	K339	E320	THR	K145
THR	THR	Q921	THR	THR	CYS	V676	E563	T496	L428	K339	E321	THR	K145
THR	THR	F922	THR	THR	CYS	V677	E563	T496	L428	K339	E322	THR	K145
THR	THR	Y923	THR	THR	CYS	V678	E563	T496	L428	K339	E323	THR	K145
THR	THR	E924	THR	THR	CYS	V679	E563	T496	L428	K339	E324	THR	K145
THR	THR	Y925	THR	THR	CYS	V680	E563	T496	L428	K339	E325	THR	K145

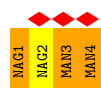
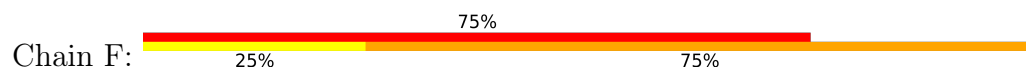
- Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 4: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	301139	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	36496	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 QUANTUM (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.101	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.071	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.004	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.021	Depositor
Map size (Å)	219.2, 219.2, 219.2	wwPDB
Map dimensions	160, 160, 160	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.37, 1.37, 1.37	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.49	3/6753 (0.0%)	0.92	21/9161 (0.2%)
1	B	0.46	0/6604	0.89	19/8951 (0.2%)
2	C	0.82	1/164 (0.6%)	1.19	0/220
2	D	0.90	1/218 (0.5%)	1.74	6/294 (2.0%)
All	All	0.49	5/13739 (0.0%)	0.93	46/18626 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	17
1	B	0	24
2	D	0	1
All	All	0	42

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	D	7	CYS	CA-CB	6.68	1.68	1.53
1	A	866	TYR	CD2-CE2	-6.11	1.30	1.39
2	C	19	TYR	CD2-CE2	-5.17	1.31	1.39
1	A	549	TRP	CB-CG	-5.03	1.41	1.50
1	A	387	TYR	CD2-CE2	-5.01	1.31	1.39

The worst 5 of 46 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	276	CYS	CA-CB-SG	11.93	135.47	114.00

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	D	15	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	-11.74	91.05	111.00
1	B	219	CYS	CA-CB-SG	-9.21	97.41	114.00
1	A	52	CYS	CA-CB-SG	8.31	128.95	114.00
1	B	235	CYS	CA-CB-SG	8.08	128.54	114.00

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 42 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	148	ASP	Peptide
1	A	227	ASN	Peptide
1	A	368	ASN	Peptide
1	A	393	SER	Peptide
1	A	62	LEU	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6595	0	6377	251	0
1	B	6450	0	6268	229	0
2	C	163	0	149	11	0
2	D	212	0	192	10	0
3	E	28	0	25	0	0
3	G	28	0	25	0	0
3	H	28	0	25	0	0
3	I	28	0	25	0	0
4	F	50	0	43	3	0
5	A	42	0	39	0	0
5	B	42	0	39	2	0
All	All	13666	0	13207	486	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 18.

The worst 5 of 486 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:802:ILE:O	1:B:821:PHE:HA	1.55	1.04
1:A:492:VAL:HA	1:A:598:LYS:O	1.57	1.02
1:B:609:SER:O	1:B:808:ASN:ND2	1.96	0.99
1:B:640:ASN:HD21	5:B:1407:NAG:C1	1.74	0.99
1:A:904:ALA:O	1:A:920:PRO:HA	1.63	0.98

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	811/1367 (59%)	687 (85%)	121 (15%)	3 (0%)	30	68
1	B	790/1367 (58%)	682 (86%)	98 (12%)	10 (1%)	10	42
2	C	19/110 (17%)	15 (79%)	4 (21%)	0	100	100
2	D	24/110 (22%)	18 (75%)	6 (25%)	0	100	100
All	All	1644/2954 (56%)	1402 (85%)	229 (14%)	13 (1%)	19	54

5 of 13 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	846	GLU
1	A	876	ASP
1	B	83	GLU
1	B	481	ASN
1	B	592	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	734/1204 (61%)	709 (97%)	25 (3%)	32	52
1	B	718/1204 (60%)	713 (99%)	5 (1%)	81	87
2	C	20/88 (23%)	19 (95%)	1 (5%)	20	42
2	D	22/88 (25%)	22 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1494/2584 (58%)	1463 (98%)	31 (2%)	49	67

5 of 31 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	423	LEU
1	B	324	CYS
1	A	502	LYS
1	B	480	ARG
1	A	905	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 18 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	640	ASN
2	D	4	GLN
2	C	15	GLN
1	B	284	ASN
1	B	632	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

12 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	E	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.79	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.01	1 (5%)
3	NAG	E	2	3	14,14,15	1.38	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.20	3 (17%)
4	NAG	F	1	1,4	14,14,15	1.39	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.76	0
4	NAG	F	2	4	14,14,15	0.51	0	17,19,21	0.61	0
4	MAN	F	3	4	11,11,12	1.80	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.30	2 (13%)
4	MAN	F	4	4	11,11,12	0.89	0	15,15,17	1.10	2 (13%)
3	NAG	G	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.67	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.59	0
3	NAG	G	2	3	14,14,15	0.36	0	17,19,21	0.47	0
3	NAG	H	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.58	0	17,19,21	0.58	0
3	NAG	H	2	3	14,14,15	0.77	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.67	0
3	NAG	I	1	3,1	14,14,15	1.06	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.06	1 (5%)
3	NAG	I	2	3	14,14,15	0.43	0	17,19,21	0.61	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	E	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	E	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	F	1	1,4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	F	2	4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	F	3	4	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	F	4	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	G	1	3,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	G	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	H	1	3,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	H	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	I	1	3,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	I	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 7 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	F	3	MAN	C1-C2	5.69	1.65	1.52
4	F	1	NAG	O5-C1	-4.99	1.35	1.43
3	E	2	NAG	C1-C2	4.57	1.59	1.52
3	I	1	NAG	O5-C1	-3.68	1.37	1.43
3	E	1	NAG	O5-C1	-2.77	1.39	1.43

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	E	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.92	115.29	111.02
4	F	3	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.85	116.05	112.19
3	E	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.67	115.81	112.19
3	I	1	NAG	O4-C4-C3	-2.60	104.34	110.35
3	E	2	NAG	O5-C5-C4	-2.57	104.58	110.83

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 20 torsion outliers are listed below:

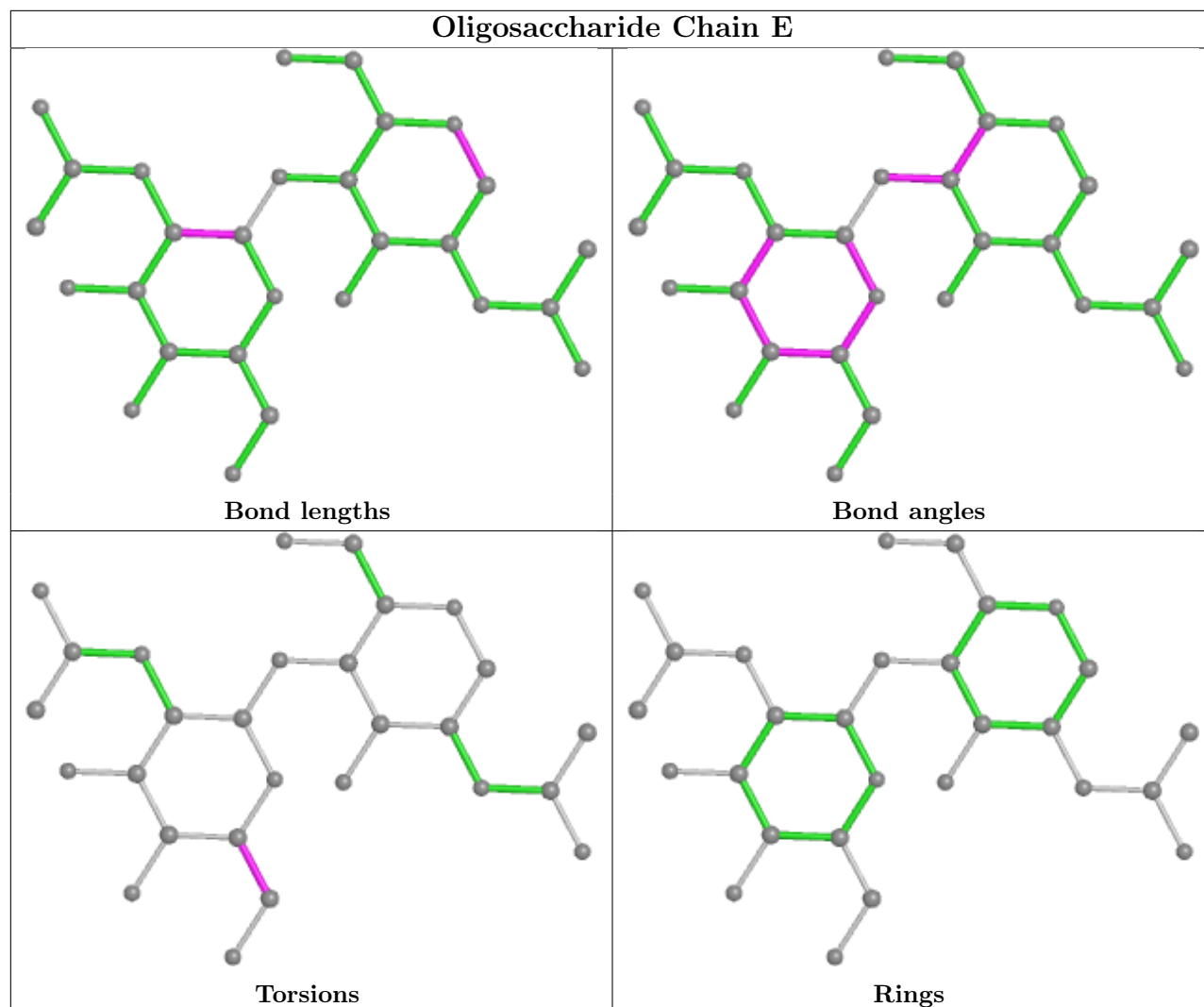
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	F	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	H	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	H	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	E	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	E	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

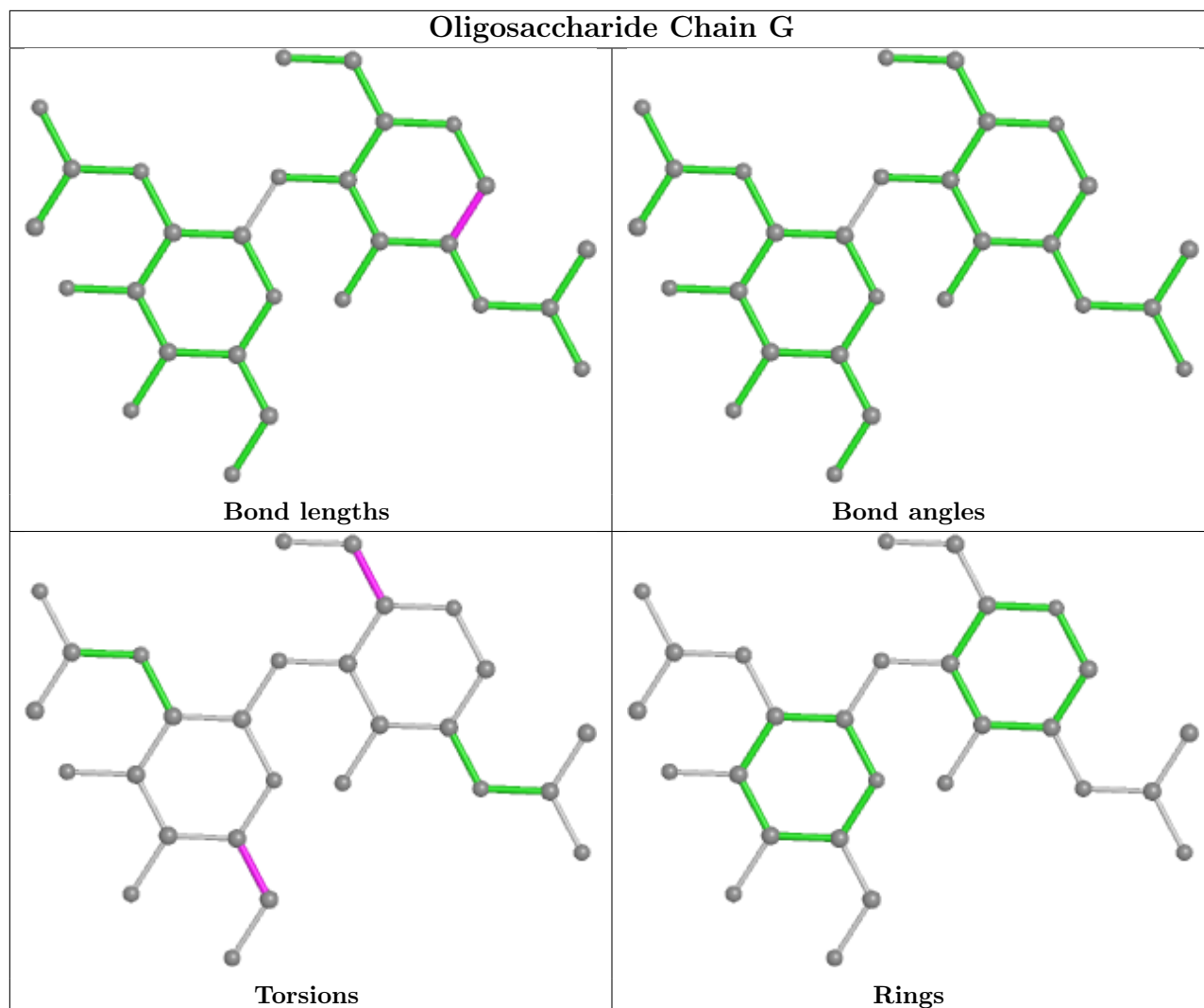
There are no ring outliers.

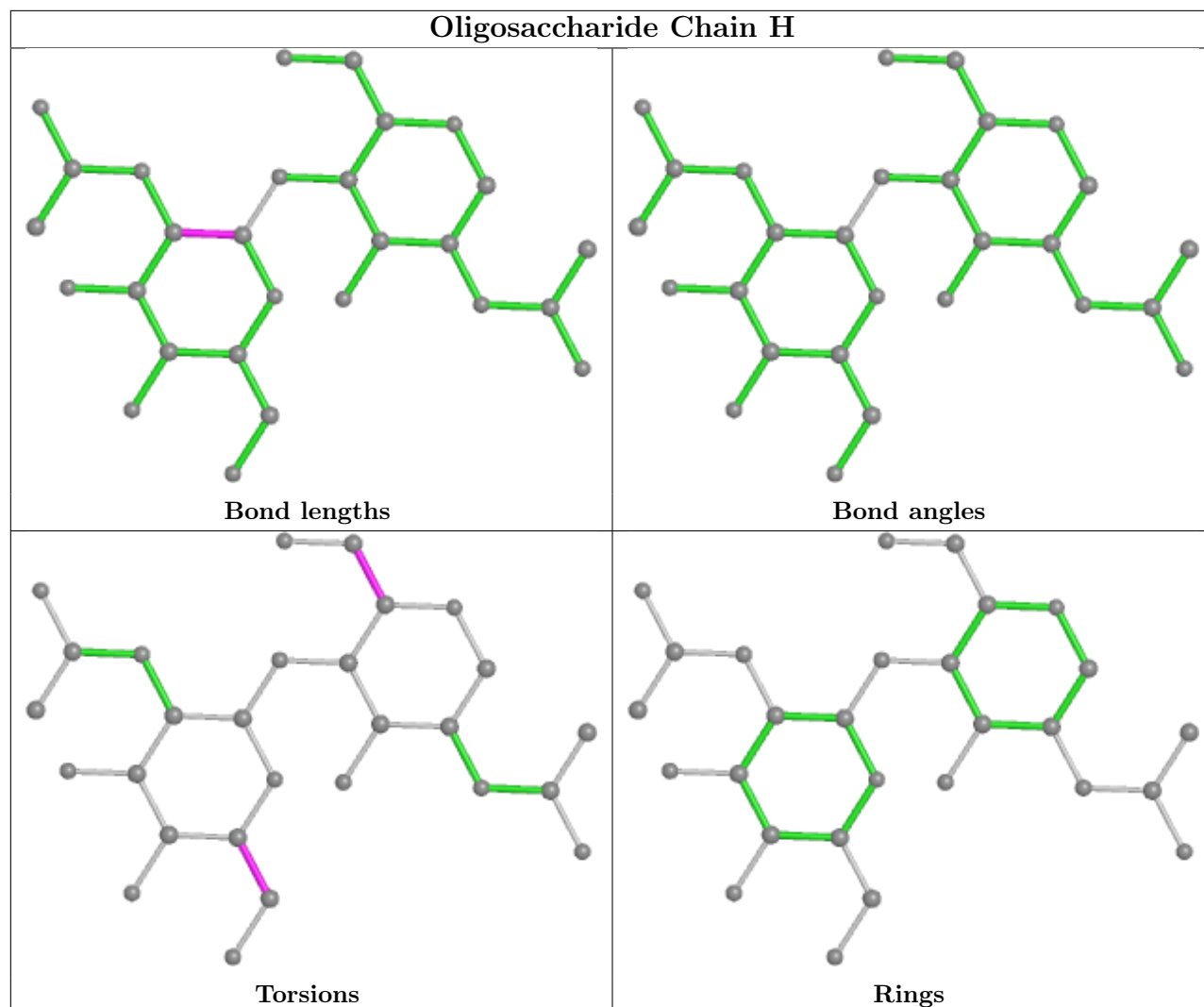
4 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

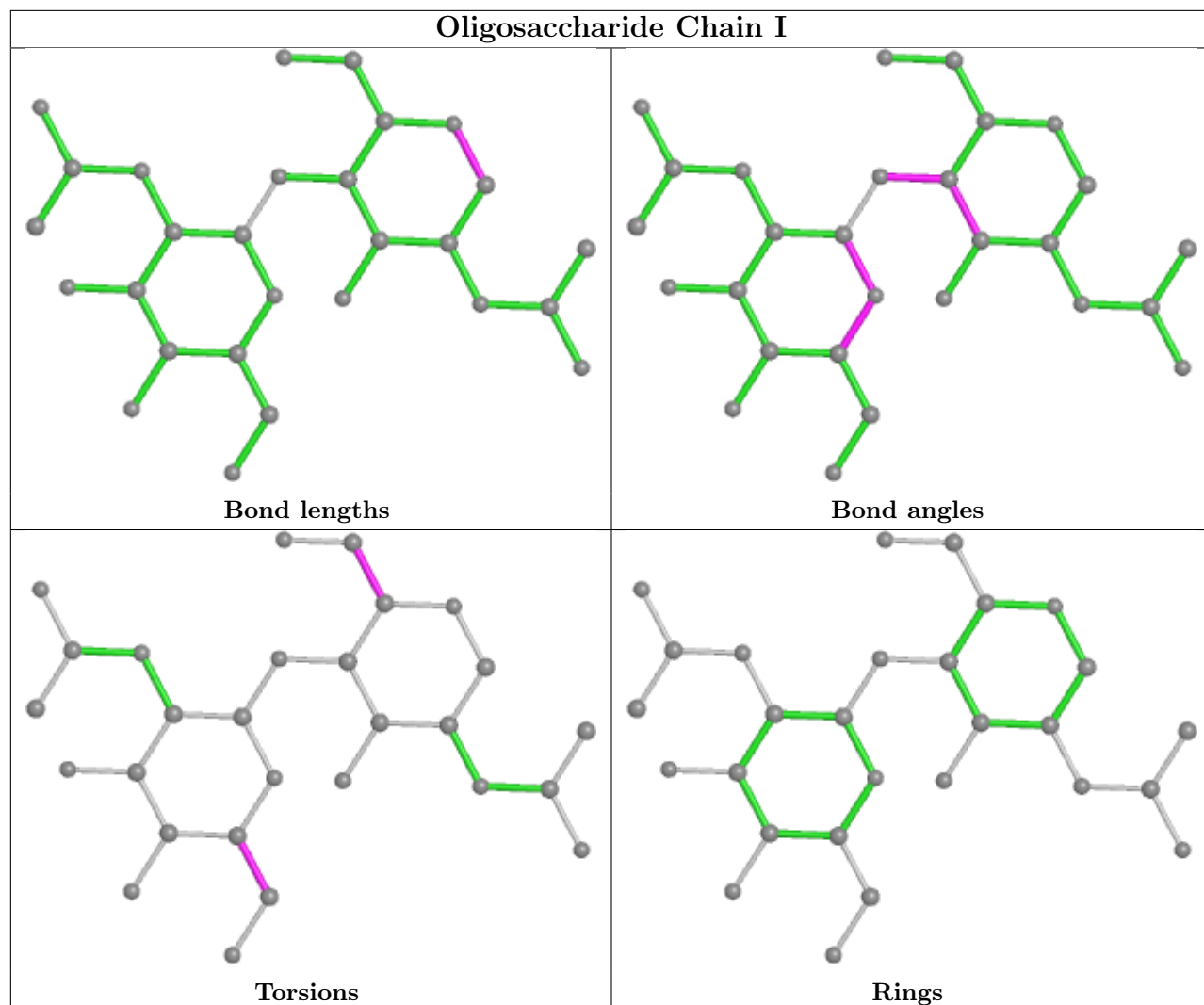
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	F	2	NAG	1	0
4	F	4	MAN	1	0
4	F	3	MAN	1	0
4	F	1	NAG	1	0

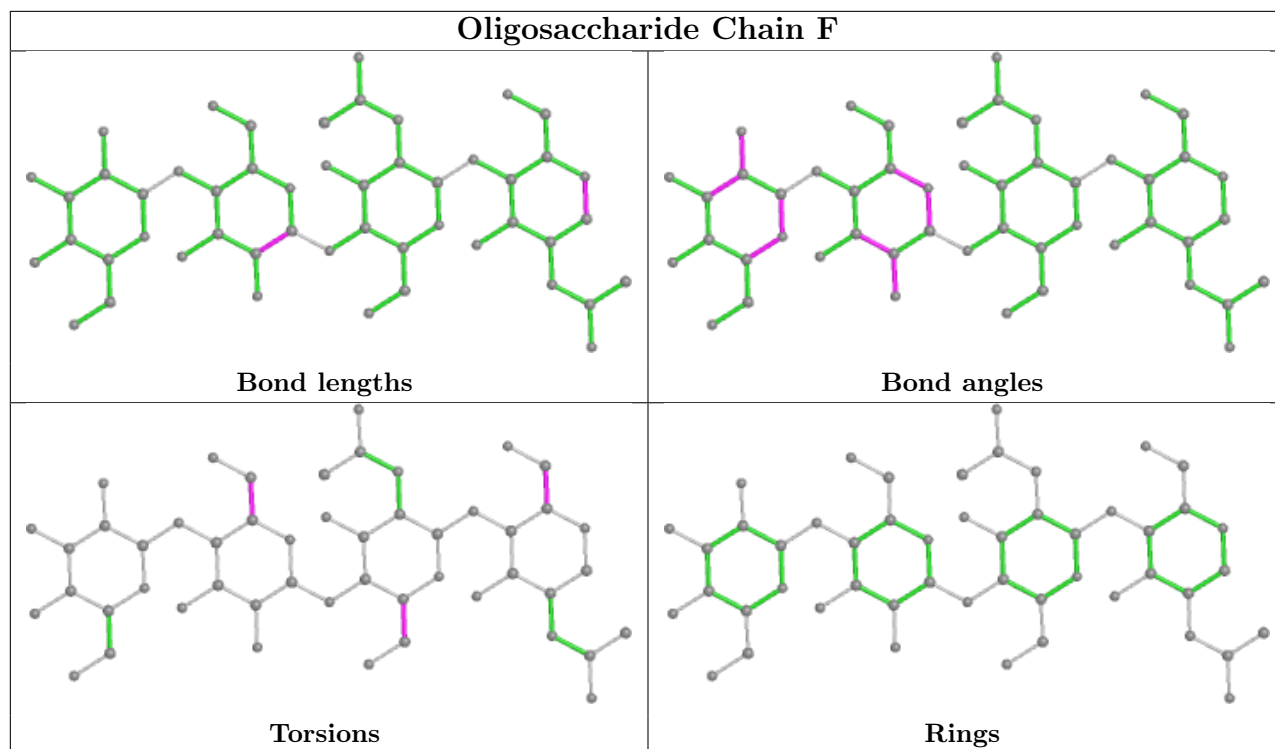
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.











5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
5	NAG	A	1401	1	14,14,15	0.44	0	17,19,21	0.95	1 (5%)
5	NAG	A	1409	1	14,14,15	0.52	0	17,19,21	0.97	1 (5%)
5	NAG	B	1401	1	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	0.95	1 (5%)
5	NAG	A	1404	1	14,14,15	0.30	0	17,19,21	0.65	1 (5%)
5	NAG	B	1404	1	14,14,15	0.49	0	17,19,21	0.86	1 (5%)
5	NAG	B	1407	-	14,14,15	0.42	0	17,19,21	0.71	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.

'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	1401	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	1409	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	B	1401	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	1404	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	B	1404	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	B	1407	-	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	A	1409	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.13	127.36	122.90
5	B	1401	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.11	127.33	122.90
5	A	1401	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.04	127.23	122.90
5	B	1407	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.46	115.53	112.19
5	B	1404	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.29	115.29	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 11 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	B	1404	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	A	1401	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	A	1409	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	A	1401	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	B	1404	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	B	1407	NAG	2	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

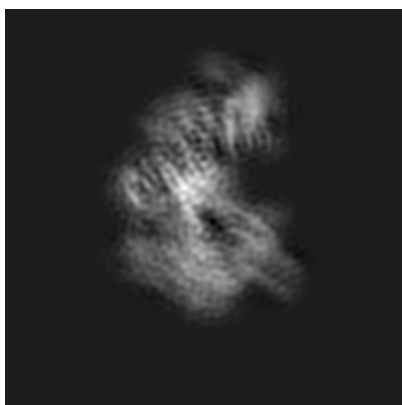
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-9838. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

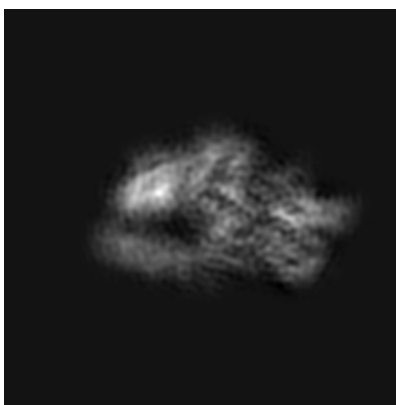
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

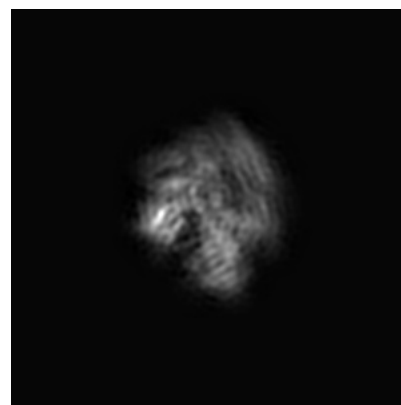
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

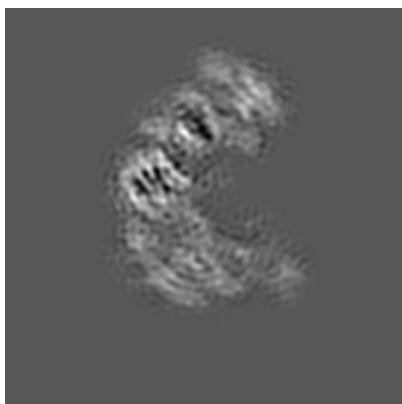


Z

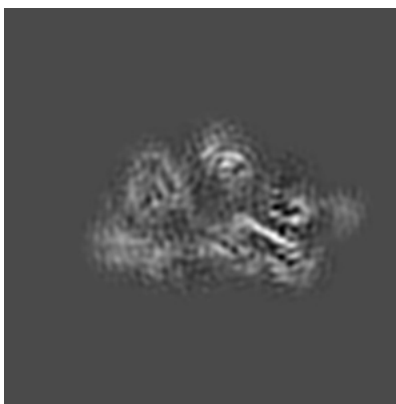
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

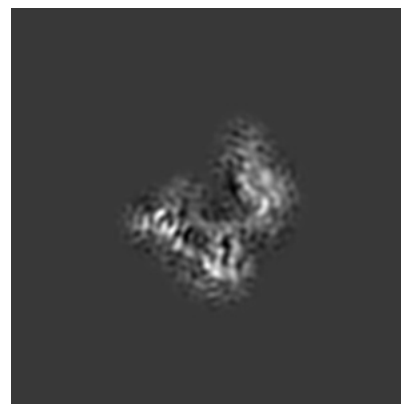
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 80



Y Index: 80

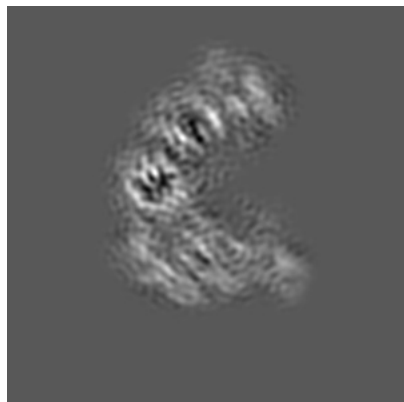


Z Index: 80

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

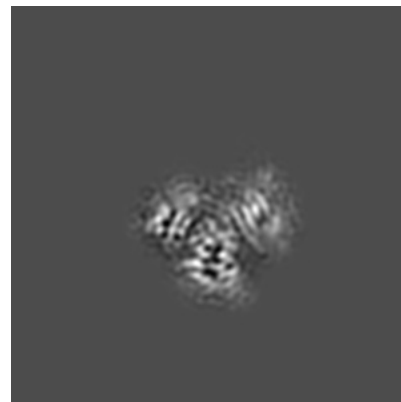
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 82



Y Index: 76



Z Index: 90

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.021. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

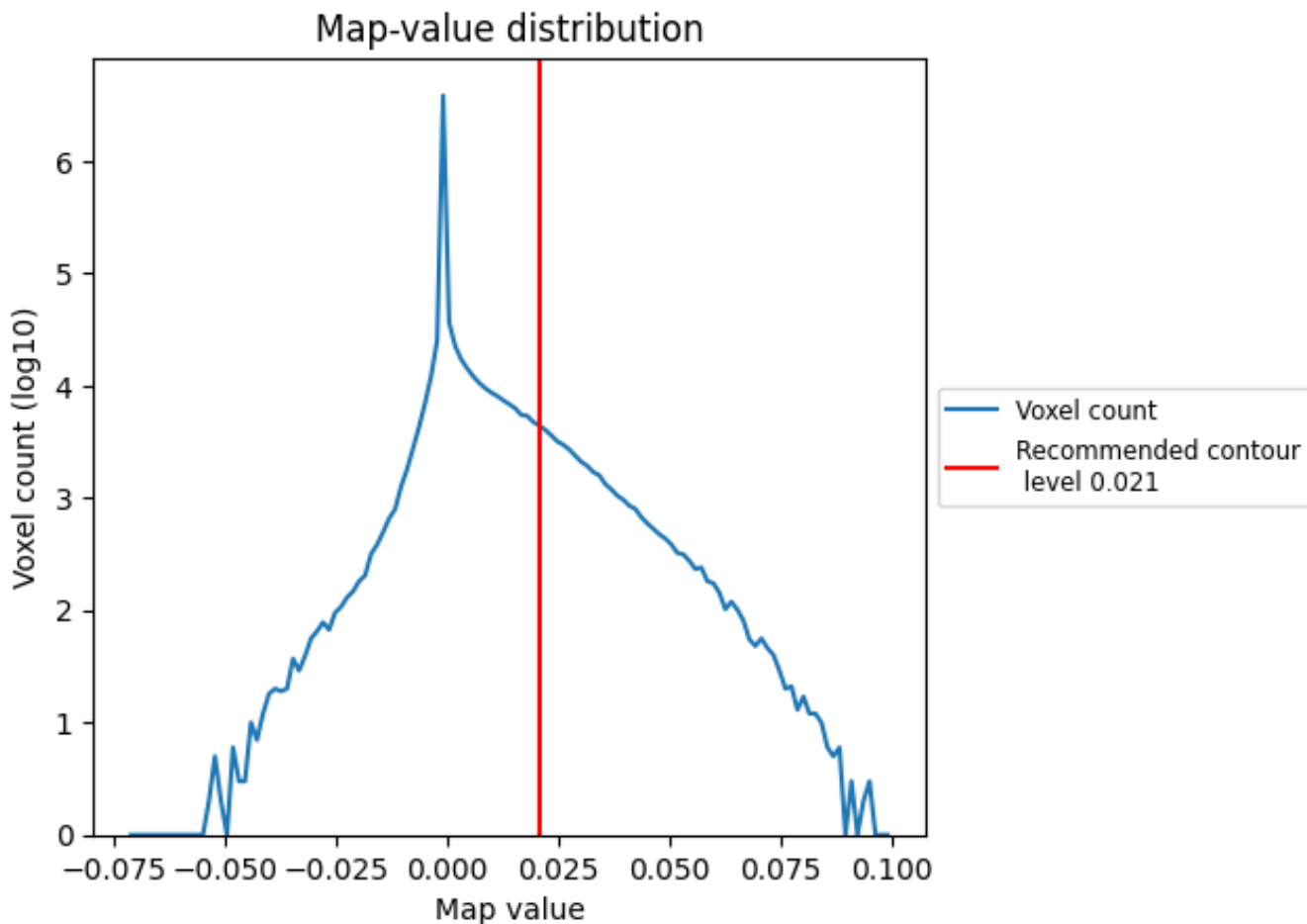
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

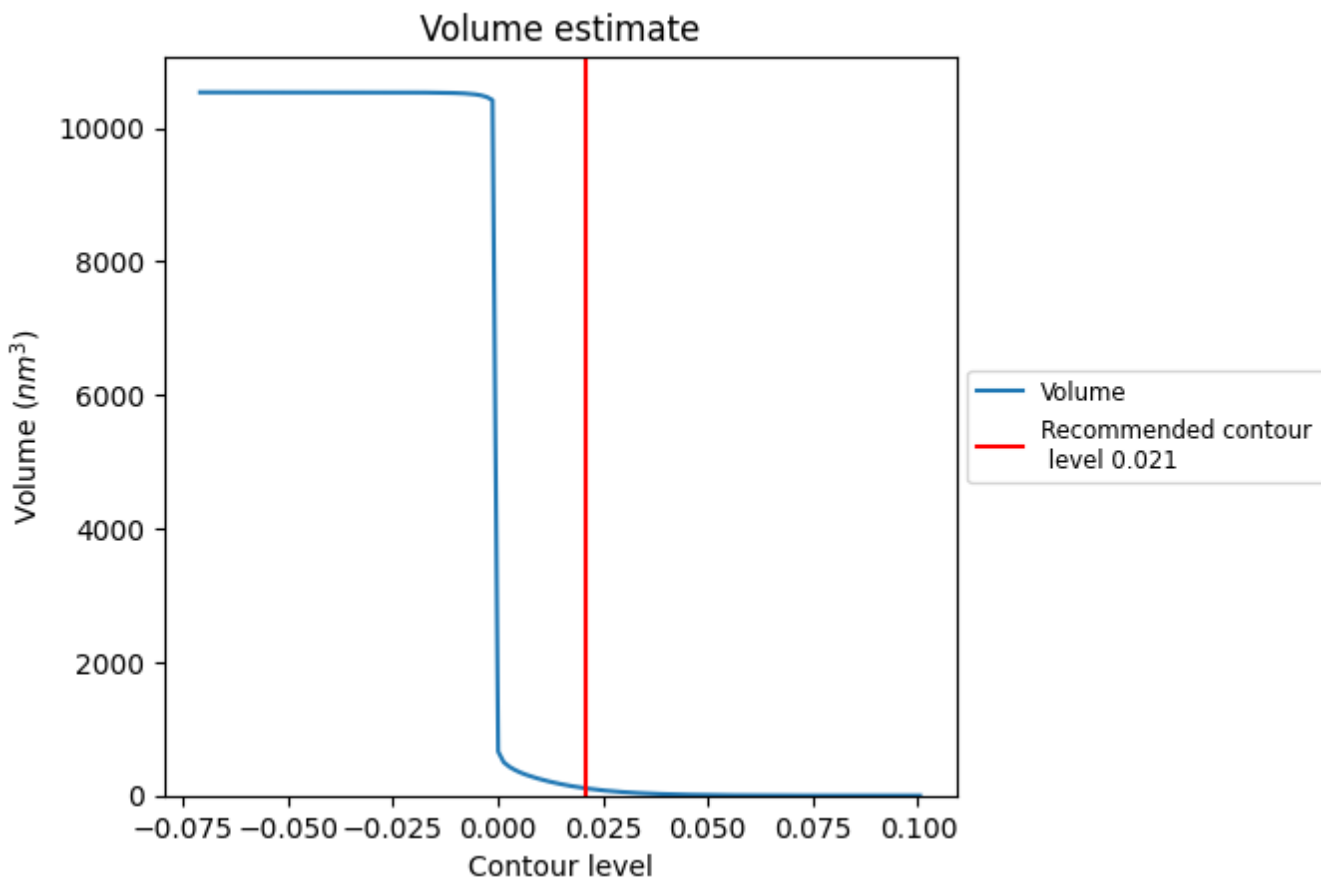
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

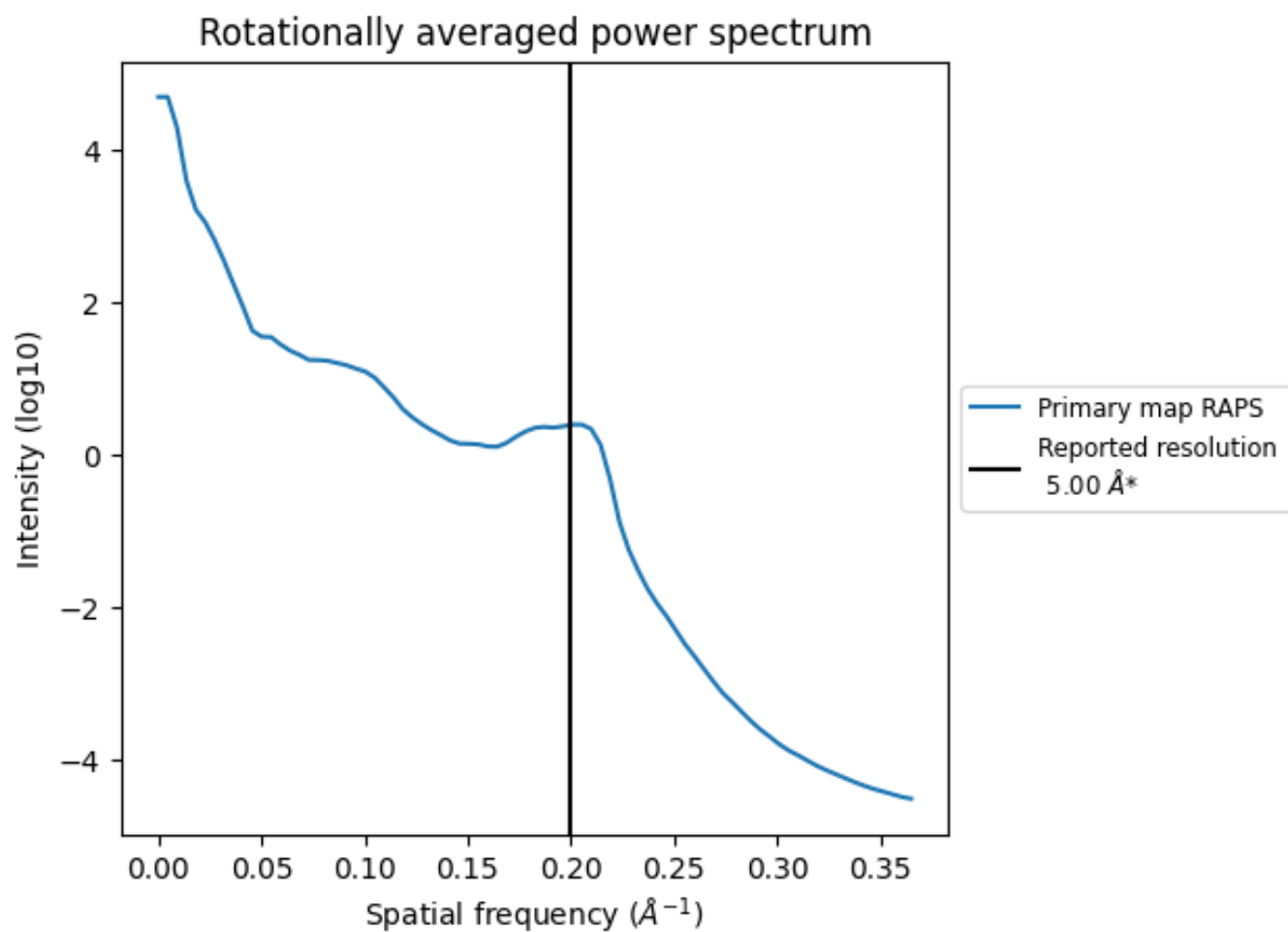
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 108 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 98 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

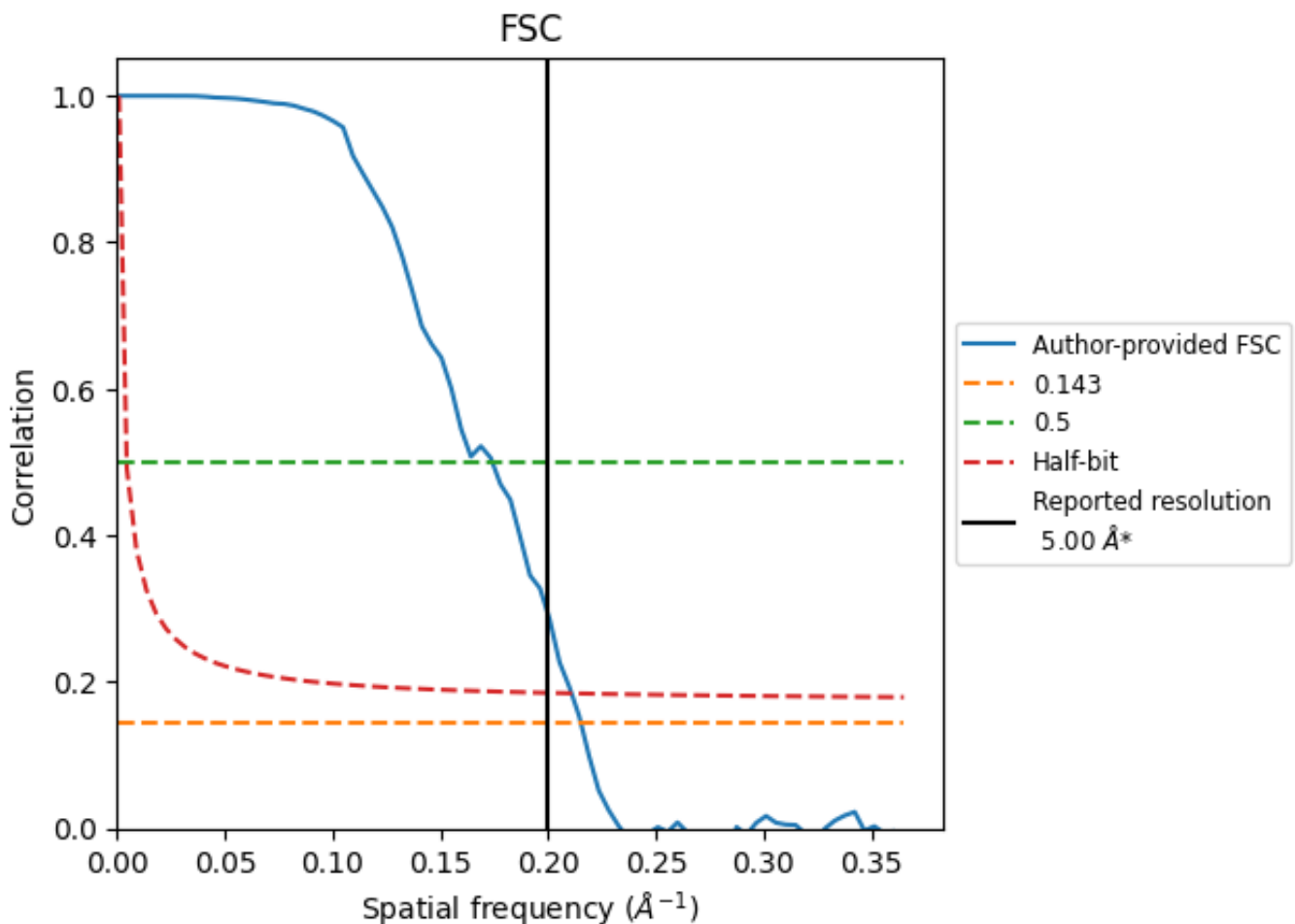


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.200\AA^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.200 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

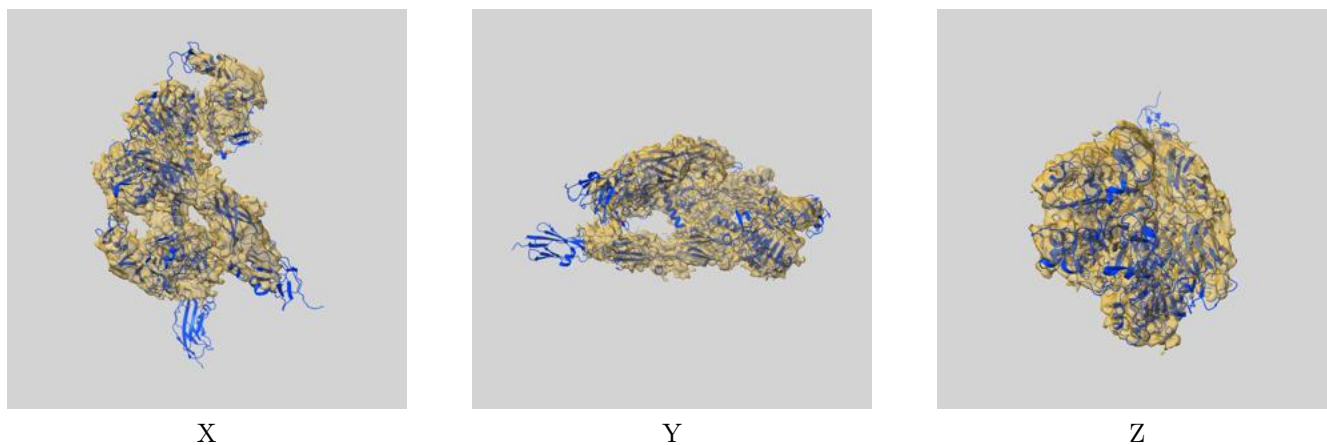
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	5.00	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	4.65	5.74	4.74
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-9838 and PDB model 6JK8. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



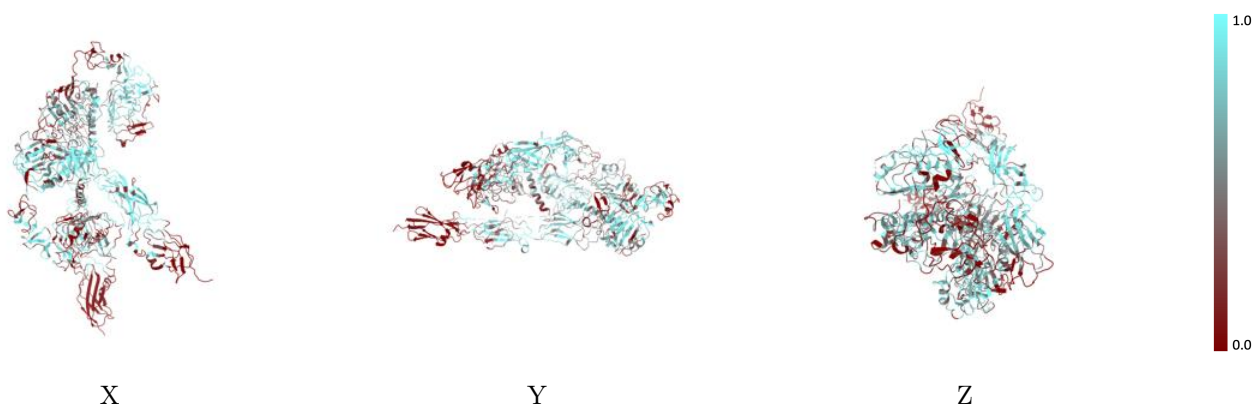
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.021 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



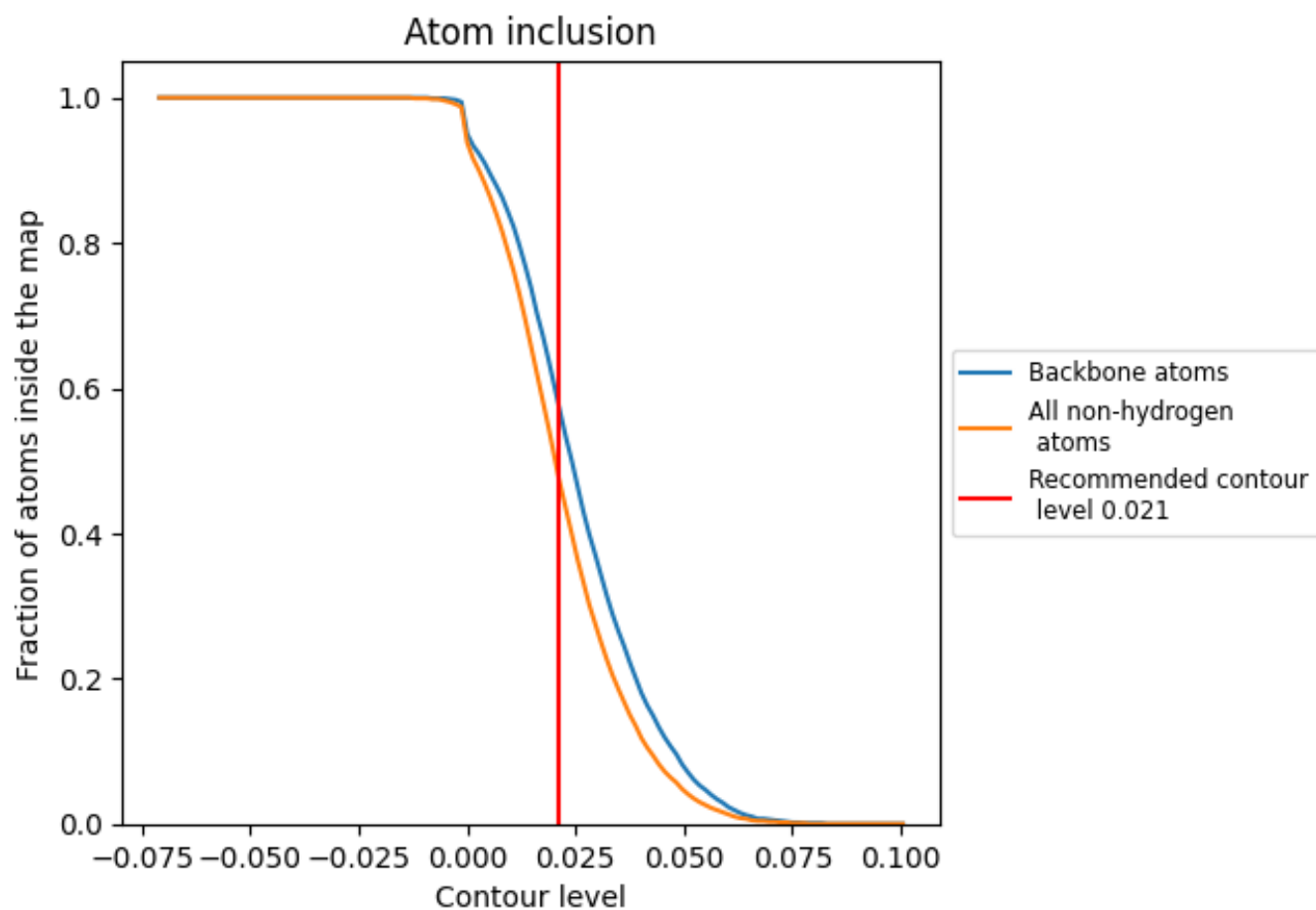
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.021).





















9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 58% of all backbone atoms, 48% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.021) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.4800	 0.1220
A	 0.5070	 0.1330
B	 0.4570	 0.1100
C	 0.3730	 0.1010
D	 0.4340	 0.1620
E	 0.9290	 0.3520
F	 0.3000	 0.1020
G	 0.2140	 -0.0360
H	 0.4290	 0.1470
I	 0.7500	 0.2880

