

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

May 7, 2024 – 04:09 pm BST

PDB ID : 2IXZ

Title : Solution structure of the apical stem-loop of the human hepatitis B virus en-

capsidation signal

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Deposited on : 2006-07-11

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

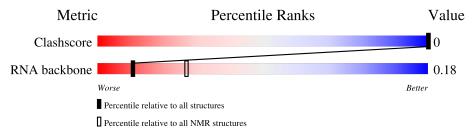
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$rac{ ext{NMR archive}}{ ext{(\#Entries)}}$
Clashscore	158937	12864
RNA backbone	4643	676

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain				
1	A	8	25%	12%	38%	25%		



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 12 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 254 atoms, of which 88 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called 5'-R(*GP*CP*UP*GP*UP*GP*CP*CP)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms			Trace		
1	Λ	0	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
1	A	0	254	75	88	28	56	7	U



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: 5'-R(*GP*CP*UP*GP*UP*GP*CP*CP)-3'

Chain A: 25% 12% 38% 25%

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: 5'-R(*GP*CP*UP*GP*UP*GP*CP*CP)-3'

Chain A: 25% 25% 50%

G1 C2 U3 G4 U5 G6 C7 C7

4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: 5'-R(*GP*CP*UP*GP*UP*GP*CP*CP)-3'

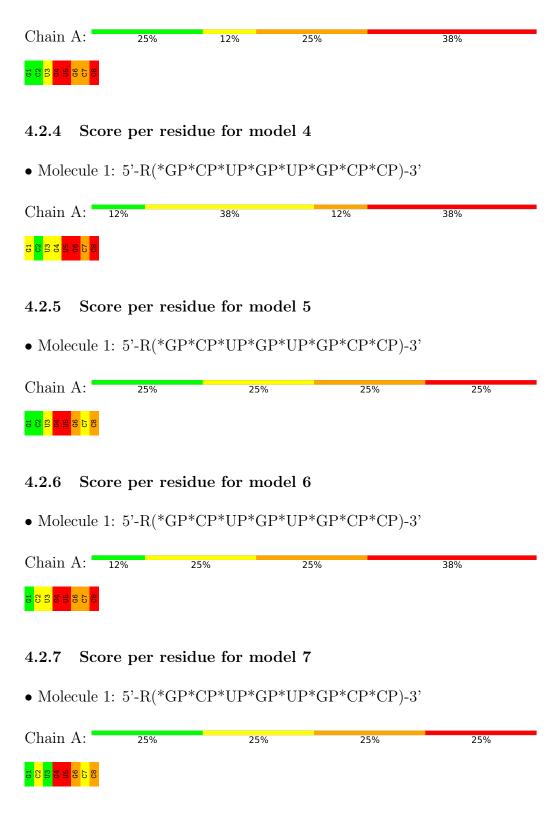
Chain A: 12% 12% 38% 38%

61 02 03 04 05 06 06 07

4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: 5'-R(*GP*CP*UP*GP*UP*GP*CP*CP)-3'

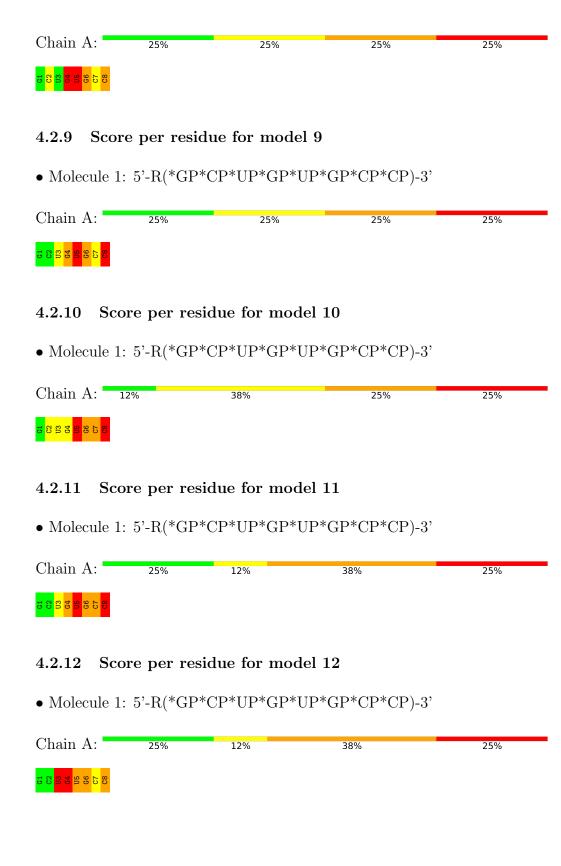




4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: 5'-R(*GP*CP*UP*GP*UP*GP*CP*CP)-3'







5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 12 were deposited, based on the following criterion: ?.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	refinement	
Amber	structure solution	

No chemical shift data was provided.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Е	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
WIOI	Chain	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	1.32 ± 0.06	$0\pm0/184~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	2.37 ± 0.30	$13\pm4/285$ ($4.7\pm$ 1.5%)	
All	All	1.33	0/2208 (0.0%)	2.39	160/3420 (4.7%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0 ± 0.0	3.7 ± 0.9
All	All	0	44

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Mol Chain R		Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$	Mod	dels
MIOI	Chain	Res	Туре	Atoms	Z Observed()		ideai()	Worst	Total
1	A	4	G	O4'-C1'-N9	16.16	121.13	108.20	12	10
1	A	4	G	C8-N9-C4	-14.28	100.69	106.40	12	5
1	A	5	U	O4'-C1'-N1	12.48	118.18	108.20	12	12
1	A	4	G	O4'-C1'-C2'	-10.53	95.27	105.80	1	5
1	A	8	С	C6-N1-C2	-10.41	116.14	120.30	3	12
1	A	4	G	C5'-C4'-O4'	-9.56	97.62	109.10	3	5
1	A	4	G	N9-C4-C5	8.32	108.73	105.40	12	5
1	A	7	С	O4'-C1'-N1	8.10	114.68	108.20	1	6
1	A	7	С	O4'-C4'-C3'	-7.93	96.07	104.00	10	5
1	A	4	G	C1'-O4'-C4'	7.73	116.08	109.90	1	5
1	A	5	U	C5-C6-N1	-7.51	118.94	122.70	5	7
1	A	6	G	C8-N9-C4	-7.47	103.41	106.40	4	5
1	A	3	U	O4'-C1'-N1	7.27	114.02	108.20	4	6
1	A	5	U	C4-C5-C6	7.16	123.99	119.70	10	9
1	A	6	G	C1'-O4'-C4'	-6.86	104.41	109.90	6	5

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Mal	Chain	Dag	Trme	Atoma	${f Z}$	Observed(0)	Ideal(0)	Mod	dels
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	L	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$	Worst	Total
1	A	7	С	C5'-C4'-O4'	6.66	117.09	109.10	1	2
1	A	8	С	O4'-C1'-N1	6.43	113.34	108.20	9	7
1	A	5	U	P-O3'-C3'	6.34	127.31	119.70	12	2
1	A	4	G	C4'-C3'-O3'	6.18	125.37	113.00	3	3
1	A	8	С	N1-C2-O2	6.07	122.54	118.90	12	11
1	A	6	G	N9-C1'-C2'	6.03	121.84	114.00	11	1
1	A	4	G	N7-C8-N9	6.01	116.11	113.10	12	2
1	A	8	С	N3-C2-O2	-5.99	117.70	121.90	11	6
1	A	7	С	P-O3'-C3'	5.99	126.89	119.70	6	1
1	A	3	U	P-O3'-C3'	5.94	126.83	119.70	12	2
1	A	7	С	C1'-O4'-C4'	-5.94	105.15	109.90	11	4
1	A	4	G	C3'-C2'-C1'	5.71	106.07	101.50	6	2
1	A	2	С	O4'-C1'-N1	5.70	112.76	108.20	1	2
1	A	4	G	N9-C1'-C2'	-5.36	106.10	112.00	1	1
1	A	4	G	N3-C4-C5	-5.25	125.97	128.60	2	3
1	A	8	С	N3-C4-C5	-5.24	119.80	121.90	3	3
1	A	6	G	C3'-C2'-C1'	5.21	105.67	101.50	3	1
1	A	6	G	N7-C8-N9	5.20	115.70	113.10	4	2
1	A	4	G	C2'-C3'-O3'	-5.07	98.34	109.50	3	1
1	A	3	U	C3'-C2'-C1'	5.07	105.55	101.50	2	1
1	A	2	С	N1-C2-O2	5.00	121.90	118.90	10	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	8	С	Sidechain	12
1	A	5	U	Sidechain	11
1	A	4	G	Sidechain	8
1	A	6	G	Sidechain	7
1	A	2	С	Sidechain	3
1	A	1	G	Sidechain	2
1	A	3	U	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	1992	1056	1056	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers	Suiteness
1	A	7/8 (88%)	$4\pm1~(63\pm15\%)$	$2\pm1 \ (36\pm15\%)$	0.18 ± 0.07
All	All	84/96 (88%)	53 (63%)	30 (36%)	0.17

The overall RNA backbone suiteness is 0.18.

All unique RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	4	G	12
1	A	5	U	12
1	A	7	С	10
1	A	6	G	8
1	A	8	С	8
1	A	3	U	3

All unique RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	5	U	10
1	A	7	С	8
1	A	4	G	7

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	3	U	4
1	A	6	G	1

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

