Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 29, 2020 – 02:53 am BST

PDB ID	:	3IT5
Title	:	Crystal Structure of the LasA Virulence Factor from Pseudomonas aeruginosa
Authors	:	Spencer, J.; Murphy, L.M.; Conners, R.; Sessions, R.B.; Gamblin, S.J.
Deposited on	:	2009-08-27
Resolution	:	2.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references ①) were used in the production of this report:

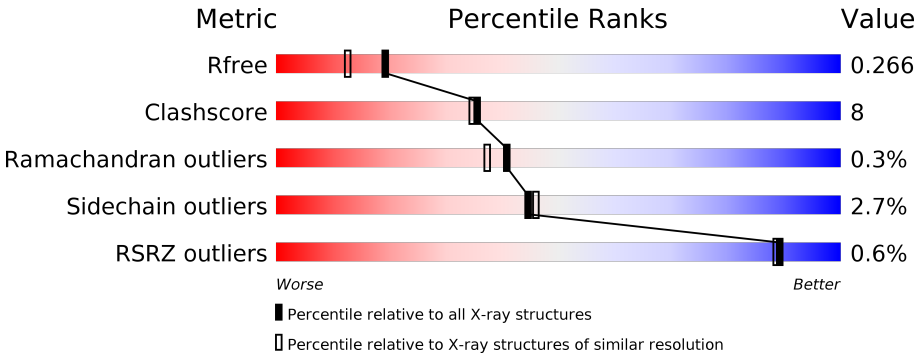
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.11
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	8085 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	182	% 91% 8% ·
1	B	182	% 82% 15% •••
1	E	182	% 87% 12% ·
1	G	182	% 84% 15% ••

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6364 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Protease lasA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	182	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1416	891	252	267	6			
1	B	181	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1404	883	251	264	6			
1	E	181	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1408	886	251	265	6			
1	G	180	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1399	880	250	263	6			

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	G	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		
2	B	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		
2	A	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		
2	E	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 3 is water.

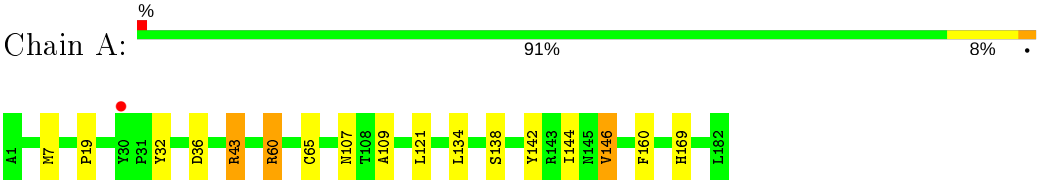
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	177	Total	O	0	0
			177	177		
3	B	195	Total	O	0	0
			195	195		
3	E	170	Total	O	0	0
			170	170		
3	G	191	Total	O	0	0
			191	191		

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

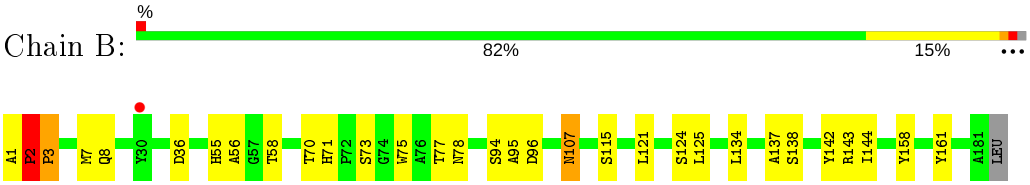
- Molecule 1: Protease lasA

Chain A:



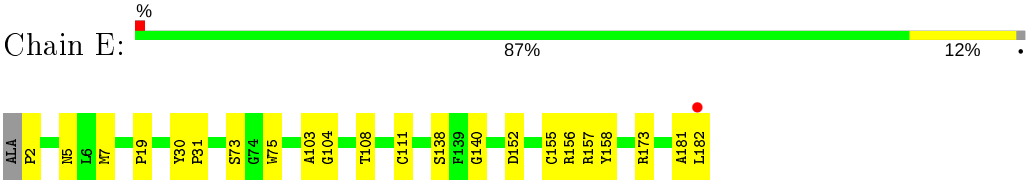
- Molecule 1: Protease lasA

Chain B:



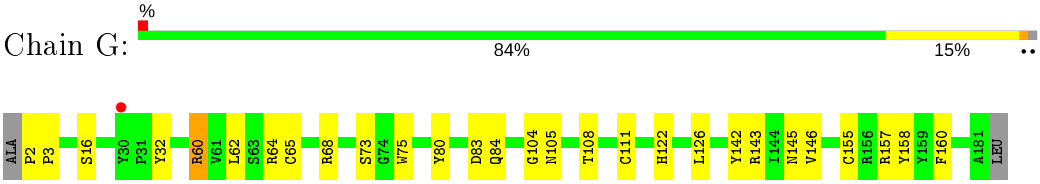
- Molecule 1: Protease lasA

Chain E:



- Molecule 1: Protease lasA

Chain G:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	105.82Å 34.08Å 105.84Å 90.00° 102.04° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 – 2.00 19.65 – 2.00	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	47.9 (10.00-2.00) 47.8 (19.65-2.00)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	7.34 (at 2.01Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.186 , 0.262 0.189 , 0.266	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1205 reflections (4.95%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	13.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.189	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.35 , 40.1	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.47$, $< L^2 > = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.429 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	6364	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	7.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 100.00 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 0.0000e+00.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$
1	A	0.37	0/1467	0.52	0/2005
1	B	0.37	0/1452	0.53	0/1986
1	E	0.37	0/1456	0.54	0/1989
1	G	0.37	0/1447	0.53	0/1978
All	All	0.37	0/5822	0.53	0/7958

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1416	0	1302	16	0
1	B	1404	0	1286	33	0
1	E	1408	0	1290	13	0
1	G	1399	0	1279	25	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
2	E	1	0	0	0	0
2	G	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	177	0	0	6	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	B	195	0	0	8	0
3	E	170	0	0	7	0
3	G	191	0	0	7	0
All	All	6364	0	5157	87	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (87) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:G:2:PRO:HD2	1:G:75:TRP:CZ2	1.82	1.13
1:A:60:ARG:HH11	1:A:60:ARG:HG2	1.25	1.02
1:G:2:PRO:HD2	1:G:75:TRP:HZ2	1.25	0.98
1:B:70:THR:HB	3:B:604:HOH:O	1.68	0.93
1:E:73:SER:HB2	3:E:217:HOH:O	1.72	0.88
1:A:43:ARG:HG2	3:A:197:HOH:O	1.75	0.85
1:G:60:ARG:HG2	1:G:60:ARG:HH11	1.44	0.80
1:E:108:THR:HB	3:E:640:HOH:O	1.85	0.75
1:G:73:SER:HB2	3:G:221:HOH:O	1.88	0.74
1:A:65:CYS:HB2	3:A:634:HOH:O	1.88	0.73
1:A:60:ARG:HG2	1:A:60:ARG:NH1	2.01	0.72
1:G:2:PRO:HB2	1:G:3:PRO:HD3	1.74	0.70
1:B:161:TYR:HB3	3:B:468:HOH:O	1.92	0.69
1:E:7:MET:SD	3:E:382:HOH:O	2.52	0.68
1:B:134:LEU:HD21	3:B:478:HOH:O	1.96	0.65
1:B:1:ALA:HB2	1:B:125:LEU:CD1	2.26	0.65
1:B:143:ARG:HB3	3:B:468:HOH:O	1.96	0.64
1:G:143:ARG:HD2	3:G:192:HOH:O	1.97	0.64
1:E:103:ALA:HB1	3:E:640:HOH:O	1.98	0.64
1:G:60:ARG:HH11	1:G:60:ARG:CG	2.11	0.63
1:E:2:PRO:HD2	1:E:75:TRP:CZ2	2.34	0.62
1:G:60:ARG:NH1	1:G:62:LEU:HD23	2.18	0.58
1:B:2:PRO:O	1:B:3:PRO:C	2.42	0.58
1:B:58:THR:HB	3:B:604:HOH:O	2.03	0.58
1:B:1:ALA:HB3	1:B:7:MET:CE	2.34	0.58
1:G:105:ASN:HB2	3:G:186:HOH:O	2.04	0.57
1:G:84:GLN:HB2	3:G:232:HOH:O	2.04	0.56
1:B:1:ALA:HB3	1:B:7:MET:HE1	1.89	0.55
1:A:134:LEU:O	1:A:144:ILE:HG23	2.07	0.54
1:B:1:ALA:HB2	1:B:125:LEU:CD2	2.39	0.53

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:G:60:ARG:CZ	3:G:194:HOH:O	2.56	0.53
1:E:19:PRO:HD2	3:E:675:HOH:O	2.08	0.52
1:B:1:ALA:HB2	1:B:125:LEU:HD11	1.90	0.52
1:B:144:ILE:HD11	1:B:158:TYR:HE1	1.75	0.51
1:B:1:ALA:H3	1:B:137:ALA:HB2	1.76	0.51
1:A:109:ALA:HA	3:A:634:HOH:O	2.11	0.50
1:A:60:ARG:CG	1:A:60:ARG:NH1	2.74	0.49
1:G:60:ARG:NH1	1:G:60:ARG:CG	2.74	0.48
1:B:7:MET:HG2	1:B:55:HIS:HB3	1.94	0.48
1:A:32:TYR:HD2	1:A:146:VAL:HG13	1.78	0.48
1:B:134:LEU:O	1:B:144:ILE:HG23	2.14	0.48
1:A:36:ASP:HA	1:A:121:LEU:O	2.14	0.48
1:B:2:PRO:HB2	1:B:3:PRO:HD3	1.96	0.48
1:B:2:PRO:HD2	1:B:75:TRP:CH2	2.50	0.47
1:B:77:THR:HG22	3:B:218:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:G:2:PRO:HB2	1:G:3:PRO:CD	2.44	0.46
1:G:80:TYR:HB3	1:G:122:HIS:HB3	1.98	0.46
1:B:1:ALA:CB	1:B:125:LEU:HD11	2.46	0.46
1:B:1:ALA:HA	1:B:75:TRP:CZ3	2.51	0.45
1:A:7:MET:HE2	3:A:414:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:138:SER:HA	1:A:142:TYR:O	2.17	0.45
1:E:152:ASP:OD2	1:E:157:ARG:HD2	2.16	0.45
1:B:36:ASP:HA	1:B:121:LEU:O	2.17	0.44
1:E:30:TYR:CD2	1:E:31:PRO:HA	2.53	0.44
1:G:104:GLY:HA3	3:G:191:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:G:145:ASN:O	1:G:158:TYR:HA	2.18	0.44
1:A:7:MET:CE	3:A:414:HOH:O	2.65	0.44
1:B:56:ALA:HA	1:B:94:SER:HA	2.00	0.44
1:G:157:ARG:HH11	1:G:157:ARG:HB2	1.83	0.44
1:E:140:GLY:C	1:E:181:ALA:HB2	2.38	0.44
1:B:56:ALA:O	1:B:71:HIS:HD2	2.00	0.44
1:B:1:ALA:H3	1:B:137:ALA:CB	2.31	0.43
1:B:1:ALA:N	3:B:520:HOH:O	2.32	0.43
1:B:134:LEU:O	1:B:144:ILE:CG2	2.67	0.43
1:B:107:ASN:ND2	3:B:243:HOH:O	2.51	0.43
1:B:8:GLN:HG2	1:B:95:ALA:HB1	2.01	0.43
1:A:60:ARG:NH2	3:A:240:HOH:O	2.52	0.42
1:G:155:CYS:HA	1:G:158:TYR:O	2.19	0.42
1:B:78:ASN:HB3	1:B:124:SER:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:E:5:ASN:HB3	1:E:182:LEU:HD23	2.01	0.42
1:G:65:CYS:HB3	1:G:108:THR:O	2.18	0.42

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:G:142:TYR:HB3	1:G:160:PHE:HB3	2.02	0.42
1:E:104:GLY:HA3	3:E:267:HOH:O	2.18	0.42
1:A:32:TYR:CD2	1:A:146:VAL:HG13	2.54	0.42
1:G:32:TYR:HD2	1:G:146:VAL:HG11	1.85	0.41
1:E:173:ARG:N	3:E:675:HOH:O	2.51	0.41
1:A:160:PHE:HB2	1:A:169:HIS:HB2	2.03	0.41
1:G:2:PRO:CD	1:G:75:TRP:CZ2	2.77	0.41
1:A:19:PRO:HA	1:A:36:ASP:O	2.21	0.41
1:B:1:ALA:HB2	1:B:125:LEU:HD21	2.03	0.41
1:E:155:CYS:HA	1:E:158:TYR:O	2.20	0.41
1:B:138:SER:HA	1:B:142:TYR:O	2.21	0.41
1:B:1:ALA:HB3	1:B:7:MET:HE2	2.02	0.41
1:B:144:ILE:HD11	1:B:158:TYR:CE1	2.56	0.40
1:G:68:ARG:NH1	1:G:126:LEU:HD22	2.36	0.40
1:G:105:ASN:HB2	3:G:226:HOH:O	2.21	0.40
1:G:83:ASP:CG	1:G:108:THR:HG21	2.42	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	181/182 (100%)	178 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100 100
1	B	179/182 (98%)	170 (95%)	7 (4%)	2 (1%)	14 8
1	E	179/182 (98%)	173 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100 100
1	G	178/182 (98%)	167 (94%)	11 (6%)	0	100 100
All	All	717/728 (98%)	688 (96%)	27 (4%)	2 (0%)	41 37

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	2	PRO
1	B	3	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	148/147 (101%)	144 (97%)	4 (3%)	44	46
1	B	146/147 (99%)	141 (97%)	5 (3%)	37	36
1	E	147/147 (100%)	144 (98%)	3 (2%)	55	58
1	G	146/147 (99%)	142 (97%)	4 (3%)	44	46
All	All	587/588 (100%)	571 (97%)	16 (3%)	44	46

All (16) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	43	ARG
1	A	60	ARG
1	A	107	ASN
1	A	146	VAL
1	B	2	PRO
1	B	73	SER
1	B	96	ASP
1	B	107	ASN
1	B	115	SER
1	E	111	CYS
1	E	138	SER
1	E	156	ARG
1	G	16	SER
1	G	60	ARG
1	G	64	ARG
1	G	111	CYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	182/182 (100%)	-0.17	1 (0%)	91	90	4, 7, 12, 18	0
1	B	181/182 (99%)	-0.13	1 (0%)	89	88	4, 7, 12, 18	0
1	E	181/182 (99%)	-0.11	1 (0%)	89	88	4, 7, 12, 18	0
1	G	180/182 (98%)	-0.15	1 (0%)	89	88	4, 7, 12, 18	0
All	All	724/728 (99%)	-0.14	4 (0%)	89	88	4, 7, 12, 18	0

All (4) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	G	30	TYR	4.2
1	A	30	TYR	3.3
1	B	30	TYR	2.5
1	E	182	LEU	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
2	ZN	G	183	1/1	0.99	0.05	11,11,11,11	0
2	ZN	E	183	1/1	1.00	0.06	12,12,12,12	0
2	ZN	A	183	1/1	1.00	0.05	14,14,14,14	0
2	ZN	B	183	1/1	1.00	0.06	12,12,12,12	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.