

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 26, 2020 – 02:55 pm BST

PDB ID : 1I9Y

Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF INOSITOL POLYPHOSPHATE 5-

PHOSPHATASE DOMAIN (IPP5C) OF SPSYNAPTOJANIN

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Deposited on : 2001-03-21

Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.11

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

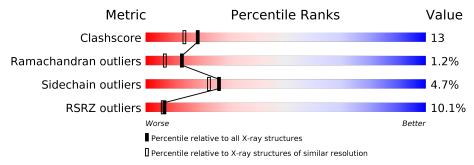
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Similar resolution} \ (\# ext{Entries},  ext{resolution range}( ext{Å})) \end{aligned}$
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
			10%				
1	A	347	73%	20%			



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2952 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called PHOSPHATIDYLINOSITOL PHOSPHATE PHOSPHATASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	336	Total	C	N	0	S	0	1	0
			2766	1771	473	513	9			

• Molecule 2 is water.

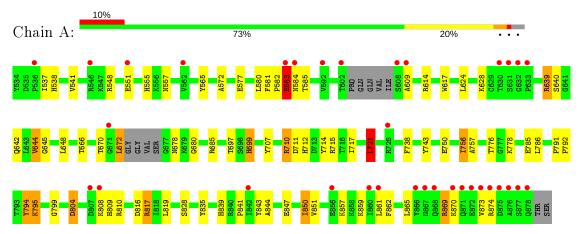
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	186	Total O 186 186	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: PHOSPHATIDYLINOSITOL PHOSPHATE PHOSPHATASE





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	148.97Å 67.41Å 51.44Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $106.40^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 - 2.00	Depositor
Resolution (A)	27.83 - 2.00	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) (30.00-2.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	96.0 (27.83-2.00)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.04	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	5.97 (at 1.99Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.0	Depositor
P. P.	0.195 , $0.225$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.206 , (Not available)	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	22.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.996	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36 , 48.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	2952	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	32.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.33% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
Mol	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.87	$2/2835 \ (0.1\%)$	1.02	$16/3834 \ (0.4\%)$	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

#### All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
1	A	817	ARG	CG-CD	-5.86	1.37	1.51
1	A	715	ARG	CZ-NH1	5.07	1.39	1.33

The worst 5 of 16 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${ m Res}$	$\mathbf{Type}$	${f Atoms}$	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mid \operatorname{Ideal}({}^o) \mid$
1	A	639	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-14.56	113.02	120.30
1	A	639	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	13.86	127.23	120.30
1	A	715	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.08	115.26	120.30
1	A	715	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.58	124.09	120.30
1	A	817	ARG	CA-CB-CG	-6.54	99.01	113.40

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	707	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	714	TYR	Sidechain



### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{model})$	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Α	2766	0	2687	72	0
2	A	186	0	0	7	0
All	All	2952	0	2687	72	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

The worst 5 of 72 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{l}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:583:GLU:HB2	1:A:585:THR:HG23	1.51	0.93
1:A:795:LYS:HG3	1:A:804:ASP:HB2	1.53	0.88
1:A:816:ASP:O	1:A:817:ARG:HG3	1.75	0.87
1:A:809[A]:HIS:C	1:A:810:ARG:N	2.34	0.81
1:A:808:LYS:HE2	1:A:808:LYS:HA	1.63	0.81

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	329/347 (95%)	315 (96%)	10 (3%)	4 (1%)	13 7

#### All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	804	ASP
1	A	583	GLU
1	A	609	ALA
1	A	644	VAL

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	nalysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
1	A	301/309 (97%)	287 (95%)	14 (5%)	26 22	

5 of 14 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	721	LEU
1	A	756	ILE
1	A	850	ILE
1	A	699	HIS
1	A	795	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 7 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	699	HIS
1	A	849	ASN
1	A	827	HIS
1	A	555	HIS
1	A	839	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	A	2

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	809[A]:HIS	С	810:ARG	N	2.34
1	A	808:LYS	С	809[B]:HIS	N	2.33



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\# \mathrm{RSR}$	Z>2	2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	336/347 (96%)	0.32	34 (10%)	7	6	15, 26, 71, 77	0

The worst 5 of 34 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	874	ARG	6.0
1	A	583	GLU	5.1
1	A	877	SER	4.9
1	A	608	SER	4.4
1	A	631	SER	4.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

