

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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two-component sensor histidine
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Edwards, A.; Joachimiak, A.;
(SG)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

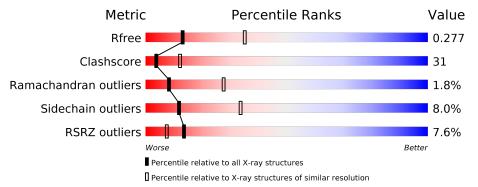
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive Refmac : 5.8.0158 CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove) Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996) Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11	OB archive December 25th 2019)
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1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries},{ m resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	3140(2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	141614	3569(2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3498 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3500 (2.80-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3078 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	151	5%	32%	5% • •			
1	В	151	47%	44%	•• 5%			



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2266 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Putative two-component sensor histidine kinase protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Δ	145	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0	0
	140	1134	717	195	217	5	0	0	0	
1	1 D	144	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0	0
	144	1120	709	191	215	5	0	0	0	

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual Comment		Reference
А	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q92UP1
А	-1	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q92UP1
A	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q92UP1
В	-2	SER	I	expression tag	UNP Q92UP1
В	-1	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q92UP1
В	0	ALA	_	expression tag	UNP Q92UP1

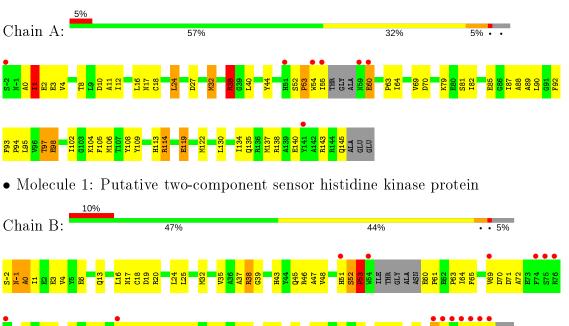
• Molecule 2 is water.

\mathbb{N}	ſol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
	2	А	7	Total O 7 7	0	0
	2	В	5	Total O 5 5	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Putative two-component sensor histidine kinase protein



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 61 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	73.35Å 73.35Å 257.26Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	61.66 - 2.80	Depositor
Resolution (A)	45.19 - 2.80	EDS
% Data completeness	99.8 (61.66-2.80)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.8 (45.19-2.80)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$5.69 (at 2.81 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC $5.5.0054$	Depositor
D D.	0.207 , 0.260	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.243 , 0.277	DCC
R_{free} test set	523 reflections $(4.82%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	56.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.259	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33 , 71.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ \langle L \rangle = 0.48, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	2266	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	33.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.66% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
	Cham	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	1.09	3/1156~(0.3%)	1.05	$1/1561 \ (0.1\%)$	
1	В	0.98	2/1142~(0.2%)	1.26	6/1542~(0.4%)	
All	All	1.04	5/2298~(0.2%)	1.16	7/3103~(0.2%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	0	2
1	В	0	2
All	All	0	4

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
1	А	1	ILE	CA-CB	-6.16	1.40	1.54
1	А	119	GLU	CG-CD	6.13	1.61	1.51
1	В	53	PRO	N-CA	5.97	1.57	1.47
1	В	119	GLU	CG-CD	5.88	1.60	1.51
1	А	2	GLU	CG-CD	5.39	1.60	1.51

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	В	52	SER	N-CA-CB	-20.34	79.99	110.50
1	В	51	HIS	N-CA-C	16.55	155.67	111.00
1	В	51	HIS	CB-CA-C	-12.46	85.47	110.40
1	В	52	SER	N-CA-C	10.48	139.30	111.00
1	В	52	SER	C-N-CD	-6.02	107.35	120.60

There are no chirality outliers.



~ /				
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	Δ	1	LLE	Pentide

All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:

1	A	1	ILE	Peptide
1	А	38	ARG	Peptide
1	В	0	ALA	Peptide
1	В	38	ARG	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1134	0	1085	71	0
1	В	1120	0	1068	74	0
2	А	7	0	0	0	0
2	В	5	0	0	2	0
All	All	2266	0	2153	136	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 31.

The worst 5 of 136 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:97:THR:HG23	1:A:102:ILE:CD1	1.17	1.62
1:A:97:THR:CG2	1:A:102:ILE:HD12	1.42	1.49
1:A:97:THR:CG2	1:A:102:ILE:CD1	1.90	1.48
1:A:95:LEU:HD11	1:A:130:LEU:HD23	1.24	1.15
1:A:95:LEU:CD1	1:A:130:LEU:HD23	1.76	1.14

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries



of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	141/151~(93%)	130~(92%)	10 (7%)	1 (1%)	22 53
1	В	140/151~(93%)	$122 \ (87\%)$	14 (10%)	4(3%)	4 15
All	All	281/302~(93%)	252~(90%)	24 (8%)	5(2%)	8 28

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	53	PRO
1	В	53	PRO
1	В	61	PRO
1	В	144	ARG
1	В	71	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	114/120~(95%)	104~(91%)	10~(9%)	10 29
1	В	112/120~(93%)	104 (93%)	8 (7%)	14 39
All	All	226/240~(94%)	208~(92%)	18 (8%)	12 34

 $5~{\rm of}~18$ residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	114	ARG
1	А	138	ARG
1	В	98	GLU
1	А	98	GLU
1	А	105	PHE

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such



sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	-1	ASN
1	В	129	GLN
1	В	45	GLN
1	А	113	HIS
1	В	17	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RSRZ >2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	145/151~(96%)	0.31	7 (4%) 30 21	13, 27, 53, 66	0
1	В	$144/151 \ (95\%)$	0.48	15 (10%) 6 3	17, 32, 65, 80	0
All	All	289/302~(95%)	0.39	22 (7%) 13 7	13, 30, 59, 80	0

The worst 5 of 22 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	74	PHE	4.9
1	В	141	TYR	4.0
1	В	146	ALA	4.0
1	В	144	ARG	3.8
1	А	59	ASN	3.8

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

