

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Aug 9, 2020 – 05:21 PM BST

PDB ID	:	2GMC
Title	:	Structure of C12-LF11 bound to the DPC micelles
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Deposited on	:	2006-04-06

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

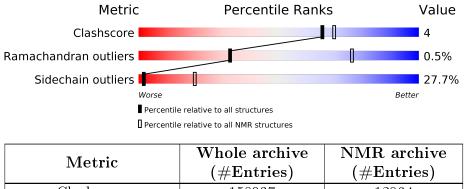
The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$(\# { m Entries})$	$(\# { m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	А	12	33%	50%	8%	8%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 2 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues				
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model				
1	A:1-A:11 (11)	0.21	2	

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 12, 15, 20
2	6, 10, 11, 14, 16, 17
3	8, 18
Single-model clusters	13; 19



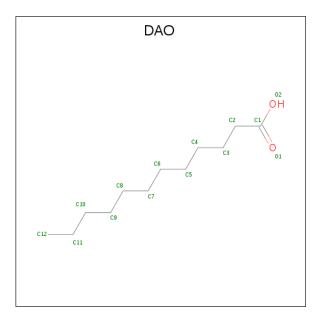
3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 260 atoms, of which 138 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			Trace		
1	Δ	10	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	1
	A	12	224	69	115	26	14	1

• Molecule 2 is LAURIC ACID (three-letter code: DAO) (formula: $C_{12}H_{24}O_2$).



ľ	Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			
	0	٨	1	Total	С	Η	0
	2	А	1	36	12	23	1



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11

Chain A:	33%	50%	8%	8%
F1 02 43 46 46 17 17 17 17 17 17 10 117 117 11112 12 12 12 12				

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2 (medoid)





4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11

Chain A:	42%	42%	8%	8%
F1 Q2 Q4 N6 N6 N6 N6 R1 R1 N4112				

4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11

Chain A:	42%	42%	8%	8%
F1 02 04 04 04 04 04 04 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17				

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11

Chain A:	33%	50%	8%	8%
P1 02 04 04 04 04 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17				

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11

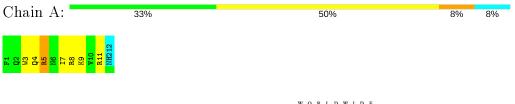
Chain A:	42%	42%	8%	8%
F1 02 03 04 04 04 04 04 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17				

4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11

Chain A:	33%	50%	8%	8%
F1 02 02 04 04 04 05 05 0 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				

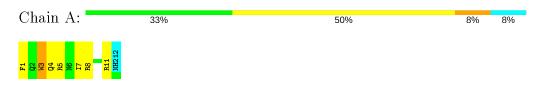
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12





4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11

Chain A:	33%	58%	8%
F1 02 03 04 04 04 04 04 05 04 017 0112 0112			

4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11

Chain A:	33%	50%	8%	8%
F1 02 03 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 05 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01				

4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: LACTOFERRIN-BASED SYNTHETIC PEPTIDE C12-LF11

Chain A:	33%	50%	8%	8%
F 1 02 04 04 04 04 04 05 05 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01				

4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

Chain A:	42%	50%	8%
F1 02 04 04 04 06 17 17 18 11 17 11 11 11 11 11 12 11 12 11 12 11 12 11 12 12			



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: torsion angle dynamics.

Of the 20 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *all calculated structures submitted*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
DYANA	structure solution	1.5
Discover	refinement	
DYANA	refinement	1.5

No chemical shift data was provided. No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DAO, NH2

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain Date:		in Bond lengths		Bond angles	
	Unam	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z > 5	
1	А	$1.29 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/110~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	$1.92{\pm}0.03$	$4{\pm}1/145~(~3.0{\pm}~0.4\%)$	
All	All	1.29	0/2200 ($0.0%$)	1.92	87/2900 ($3.0%$)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	А	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	0.1 ± 0.4
All	All	0	3

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z} = \mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$		$Ideal(^{o})$	Moo	lels
	Unam	nes	туре	Atoms		Observed()	Iueai()	Worst	Total
1	А	5	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.63	124.11	120.30	10	20
1	А	11	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.60	124.10	120.30	8	20
1	А	8	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.08	123.84	120.30	10	20
1	А	3	TRP	CD1-NE1-CE2	-6.33	103.31	109.00	15	20
1	A	5	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.90	117.35	120.30	10	5
1	А	11	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.80	117.40	120.30	11	2

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	А	5	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	А	8	ARG	Peptide	1

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	108	113	114	1±1
2	А	13	23	23	1±1
All	All	2420	2720	2743	21

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Moo	dels
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:1:PHE:H2	2:A:13:DAO:C1	1.20	1.31	2	4
1:A:1:PHE:H1	2:A:13:DAO:C1	1.18	1.37	17	7
1:A:1:PHE:H3	2:A:13:DAO:C1	1.01	1.51	4	1
1:A:1:PHE:CA	2:A:13:DAO:C1	0.65	2.73	16	8
1:A:1:PHE:N	2:A:13:DAO:C2	0.40	2.71	9	1

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	10/12~(83%)	$6\pm1~(64\pm7\%)$	$4\pm1~(36\pm7\%)$	$0\pm0~(0\pm2\%)$	32 76
All	All	200/240~(83%)	128~(64%)	71 (36%)	1 (0%)	32 76

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	4	GLN	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	in Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Pe	erce	entiles
1	А	11/11~(100%)	$8\pm1~(72\pm7\%)$	$3\pm1~(28\pm7\%)$		2	20
All	All	220/220~(100%)	159 (72%)	61~(28%)		2	20

All 8 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	7	ILE	20
1	А	4	GLN	16
1	А	9	LYS	11
1	А	5	ARG	9
1	А	3	TRP	2
1	А	1	PHE	1
1	А	8	ARG	1
1	А	11	ARG	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mal	Tuno	Chain	Dog	Tink		Bond leng	ths
	туре	Ullalli	nes		Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	DAO	А	13	1	$12,\!12,\!13$	$0.58 {\pm} 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Tuno	Chain	Dog	Tink		les	
	$ \mathbf{Type} \mathbf{Chain} \mathbf{F}$				Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	DAO	А	13	1	11, 11, 13	$0.40 {\pm} 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	DAO	А	13	1	-	$0\pm0,9,10,11$	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.



6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

