

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 6, 2020 – 10:28 PM BST

PDB ID : 6GFE

> Title High-resolution Structure of a therapeutic full-length anti-NPRA Antibody

> > with exceptional Conformational Diversity

: Hoerer, S. Authors Deposited on 2018-04-30

1.80 Å(reported) Resolution

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity 4.02b-467

> 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020) Mogul

Xtriage (Phenix) 1.13 EDS 2.13.1

Percentile statistics 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

> Refmac 5.8.0158

7.0.044 (Gargrove) CCP4

Ideal geometry (proteins) Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Parkinson et al. (1996)

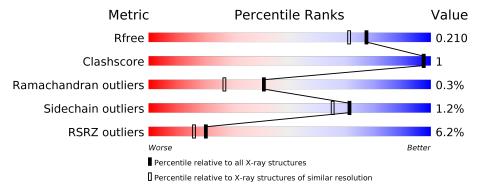
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) 2.13.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	5950 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	141614	6793 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6697 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6696 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5850 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Qu	ality of chain	
1	Н	450	10%		
1	П	450	10/	90%	6% 5%
	T.7	450	4%		
1	K	450		91%	• 5%
			% 		
2	L	215		97%	•
			6%		
2	M	215		98%	•
3	A	7	71%	29%	6
3	В	7	43%	57%	



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11641 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

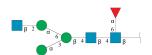
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Immunoglobulin gamma-4 heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Н	429	Total	С	N	О	S	6	7	0
1	11	429	3405	2148	574	666	17	U	4	
1	I/	426	Total	С	N	О	S	6	10	
1	17	420	3400	2143	573	665	19	0	10	

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Immunoglobulin gamma-4 light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
9	Т	215	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
2	L 215	219	1703	1056	293	347	7	U	9	U
9	M	215	Total	С	N	О	S	6	9	0
	IVI	213	1662	1035	285	335	7	0	)	0

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alp ha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-de oxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



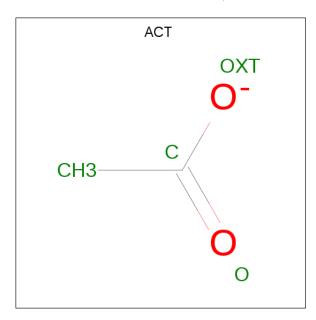
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	Λ	7	Total	С	N	О	0	0	0
3	A	A	85	48	3	34	0	0	
2	D	7	Total	С	N	О	0	0	0
)	0 D	B		48	3	34	U	0	U

• Molecule 4 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	Н	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0
4	K	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 5 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_2H_3O_2}).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	К	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
5	L	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
5	L	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

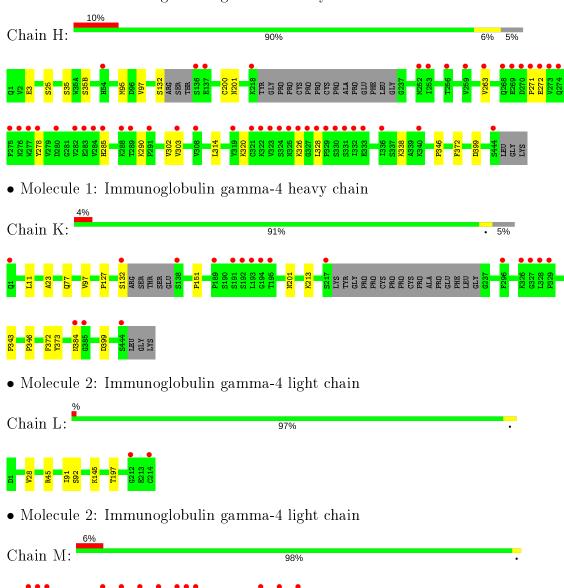
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	Н	372	Total O 372 372	0	1
6	K	493	Total O 494 494	0	2
6	L	249	Total O 249 249	0	0
6	M	172	Total O 172 172	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Immunoglobulin gamma-4 heavy chain



• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyra



nose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:

71%

29%

Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B:

43%

57%





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	65.78Å 160.51Å 87.30Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $110.72^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	40.00 - 1.80	Depositor
resolution (A)	39.57 - 1.80	EDS
% Data completeness	99.5 (40.00-1.80)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.5 (39.57-1.80)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.05	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.79 (at 1.79Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	BUSTER 2.11.5	Depositor
D D.	0.181 , 0.200	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.189 , $0.210$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	7796 reflections $(5.02%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	25.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.297	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32 , 46.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.026 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	11641	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	35.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.98% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BMA, NAG, CA, FUC, ACT, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	Н	0.41	0/3496	0.61	0/4762	
1	K	0.42	0/3488	0.61	0/4754	
2	L	0.41	0/1738	0.61	0/2362	
2	M	0.40	0/1701	0.62	0/2311	
All	All	0.41	0/10423	0.61	0/14189	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Н	3405	0	3303	7	0
1	K	3400	0	3285	5	0
2	L	1703	0	1648	2	0
2	M	1662	0	1612	3	0
3	A	85	0	73	0	0
3	В	85	0	73	0	0
4	Н	1	0	0	0	0
4	K	1	0	0	0	0
5	K	4	0	3	0	0

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-	110116	predidus	puyc

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	L	8	0	6	0	0
6	Н	372	0	0	0	0
6	K	494	0	0	0	0
6	L	249	0	0	0	0
6	M	172	0	0	0	0
All	All	11641	0	10003	17	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 17 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{l}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:H:346:PRO:HB3	1:H:372:PHE:HB3	1.78	0.66
1:H:278:TYR:HB2	1:H:320:LYS:HB3	1.85	0.59
1:K:127:PRO:HD3	1:K:213:LYS:HE2	1.85	0.58
1:H:3:GLU:HG3	1:H:25:SER:HB2	1.87	0.56
1:H:314:LEU:HD23	1:H:338:LYS:HE3	1.89	0.54

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percen	ntiles
1	Н	$430/450 \ (96\%)$	423 (98%)	4 (1%)	3 (1%)	22	10
1	K	$430/450 \ (96\%)$	425 (99%)	4 (1%)	1 (0%)	47	33
2	L	$222/215 \; (103\%)$	217 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
2	M	$216/215 \; (100\%)$	211 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	1298/1330~(98%)	1276 (98%)	18 (1%)	4 (0%)	41	27



All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Н	97	VAL
1	Н	272	GLU
1	K	97	VAL
1	Н	271	PRO

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentile	es
1	Н	398/408 (98%)	389 (98%)	9 (2%)	50 37	
1	K	398/408 (98%)	394 (99%)	4 (1%)	76 71	
2	L	$195/186\ (105\%)$	193 (99%)	2 (1%)	76 71	
2	М	189/186 (102%)	189 (100%)	0	100 100	)
All	All	1180/1188~(99%)	1165 (99%)	15 (1%)	71 62	

5 of 15 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Н	326	LYS
1	Н	328	LEU
1	K	399	ASP
1	Н	285	HIS
1	K	384	ASN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	${f Res}$	Type
2	L	93	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

14 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

N T 1	TD.	GI.	Ъ	т. 1	Во	nd leng	ths	Bond angles		
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	NAG	A	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.31	0	17,19,21	0.62	0
3	NAG	A	2	3	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	0.73	1 (5%)
3	BMA	A	3	3	11,11,12	0.31	0	15,15,17	0.60	0
3	MAN	A	4	3	11,11,12	0.31	0	15,15,17	0.83	1 (6%)
3	NAG	A	5	3	14,14,15	0.30	0	17,19,21	0.44	0
3	MAN	A	6	3	11,11,12	0.25	0	15,15,17	0.67	0
3	FUC	A	7	3	10,10,11	0.53	0	14,14,16	0.68	0
3	NAG	В	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.24	0	17,19,21	0.67	1 (5%)
3	NAG	В	2	3	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.58	0
3	BMA	В	3	3	11,11,12	0.29	0	15,15,17	0.60	0
3	MAN	В	4	3	11,11,12	0.32	0	15,15,17	0.92	1 (6%)
3	NAG	В	5	3	14,14,15	0.28	0	17,19,21	0.43	0
3	MAN	В	6	3	11,11,12	0.39	0	15,15,17	0.79	1 (6%)
3	FUC	В	7	3	10,10,11	0.41	0	14,14,16	0.77	1 (7%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	A	1	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	A	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	A	4	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	A	5	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	A	6	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	FUC	A	7	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	В	1	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	В	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	В	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	В	4	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	В	5	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	В	6	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	FUC	В	7	3	-	-	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
3	В	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	3.09	116.38	112.19
3	A	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.99	116.24	112.19
3	В	7	FUC	C1-O5-C5	2.30	118.00	112.78
3	В	6	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.20	115.17	112.19
3	В	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.11	115.06	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Dog	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
			nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2												
5	ACT	L	302	-	1,3,3	4.30	1 (100%)	0,3,3	0.00	-												



Mol	Т	Chain	Res	Dog	Dog	Dog	Dog	Dec	Dog	Pos	Pag	Dog	Dag	Dec Ii-l		В	ond len	$_{ m gths}$	В	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type			Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2												
5	ACT	L	301	_	1,3,3	2.10	1 (100%)	0,3,3	0.00	-												
5	ACT	K	509	-	1,3,3	3.96	1 (100%)	0,3,3	0.00	-												

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	${ m Observed}({ m \AA})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}( exttt{\AA})$
5	L	302	ACT	СН3-С	4.30	1.54	1.48
5	K	509	ACT	СН3-С	3.96	1.53	1.48
5	L	301	ACT	СН3-С	2.10	1.51	1.48

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(\AA^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	Н	$429/450 \ (95\%)$	0.31	47 (10%) 5 4	16, 34, 87, 103	0
1	K	$426/450 \ (94\%)$	-0.32	18 (4%) 36 30	17, 27, 54, 102	2 (0%)
2	L	$215/215 \; (100\%)$	-0.39	2 (0%) 84 82	17, 27, 51, 71	0
2	M	$215/215 \; (100\%)$	-0.04	13 (6%) 21 17	18, 32, 70, 79	0
All	All	1285/1330 (96%)	-0.07	80 (6%) 20 16	16, 29, 68, 103	2 (0%)

The worst 5 of 80 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	Н	328	LEU	9.6
1	Н	330	SER	7.8
1	Н	329	PRO	6.6
1	Н	327	GLY	6.4
1	Н	277	TRP	6.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	MAN	A	6	11/12	0.80	0.14	40,45,49,51	0
3	FUC	В	7	10/11	0.80	0.24	62,68,69,70	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f \AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	MAN	В	6	11/12	0.90	0.10	40,43,50,53	0
3	MAN	В	4	11/12	0.92	0.08	38,40,45,46	0
3	NAG	В	5	14/15	0.92	0.07	39,42,44,44	0
3	NAG	A	5	14/15	0.92	0.10	35,38,40,42	0
3	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.93	0.08	31,37,46,55	0
3	BMA	В	3	11/12	0.93	0.07	28,33,37,40	0
3	FUC	A	7	10/11	0.95	0.06	23,24,25,27	0
3	NAG	A	1	14/15	0.95	0.07	26,32,40,40	0
3	MAN	A	4	11/12	0.95	0.06	29,30,32,33	0
3	NAG	A	2	14/15	0.95	0.07	25,31,38,42	0
3	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.96	0.06	27,31,34,36	0
3	BMA	A	3	11/12	0.96	0.06	25,28,31,34	0

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
5	ACT	K	509	4/4	0.76	0.19	39,40,43,48	0
5	ACT	L	301	4/4	0.89	0.13	44,49,50,51	0
5	ACT	L	302	4/4	0.90	0.16	40,46,47,47	0
4	CA	Н	508	1/1	0.92	0.10	75,75,75,75	0
4	CA	K	508	1/1	0.99	0.04	34,34,34,34	0

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

