

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 26, 2023 – 07:16 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3GDP

Title : Hydroxynitrile lyase from almond, monoclinic crystal form

Authors: Dreveny, I.; Gruber, K.; Kratky, C.

Deposited on : 2009-02-24

Resolution : 1.57 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

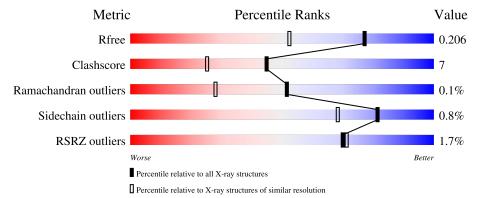
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.57 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	5534 (1.60-1.56)
Clashscore	141614	5861 (1.60-1.56)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5708 (1.60-1.56)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5703 (1.60-1.56)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5431 (1.60-1.56)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of	chain
1	A	521	86%	14%
1	В	521	88%	12%
2	С	5	40%	60%
3	D	3	67%	33%
4	Е	5	60%	40%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
5	F	4	75%	25%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	FUL	С	5	-	-	-	X



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10004 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called R-oxynitrile lyase isoenzyme 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	521	Total 4022	C 2556	N 669	O 789	S 8	0	10	0
1	D	F01	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
	В	521	4015	2550	667	790	8	U	8	"

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

	Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
	A	346	SER	ALA	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q945K2
Ī	В	346	SER	ALA	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q945K2

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	I	Aton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	С	5	Total 60	C 34	N 2	O 24	0	0	0

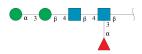
• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-be ta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





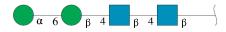
Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	D	3	Total 38	C 22	N 2	O 14	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranos e-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acet amido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Aton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	Е	5	Total 60	C 34	N 2	O 24	0	0	0

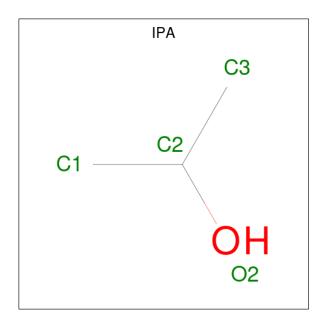
• Molecule 5 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-beta-D-mannopyranos e-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Aton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
5	F	4	Total 50	C 28	N 2	O 20	0	0	0

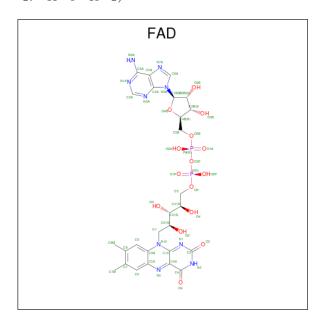
• Molecule 6 is ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL (three-letter code: IPA) (formula: C₃H₈O).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C O 4 3 1	0	0
6	В	1	Total C O 4 3 1	0	0

• Molecule 7 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula: $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$).



\mathbf{M}	ol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	,	A	1	Total 53	C 27	N 9	O 15	P 2	0	0

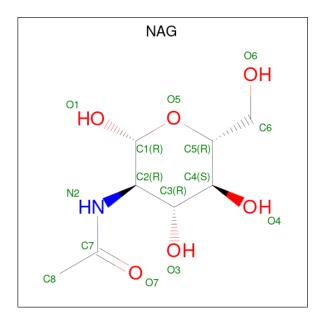
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\mathbf{M}	ol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
	,	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
'		Б	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	0

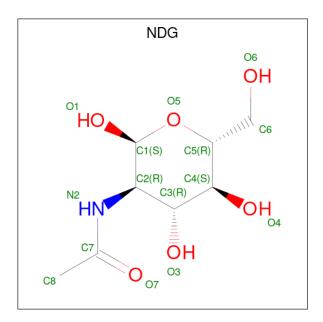
 \bullet Molecule 8 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $\rm C_8H_{15}NO_6).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
8	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
8	В	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0

• Molecule 9 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-alpha-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NDG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	В	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0

• Molecule 10 is water.

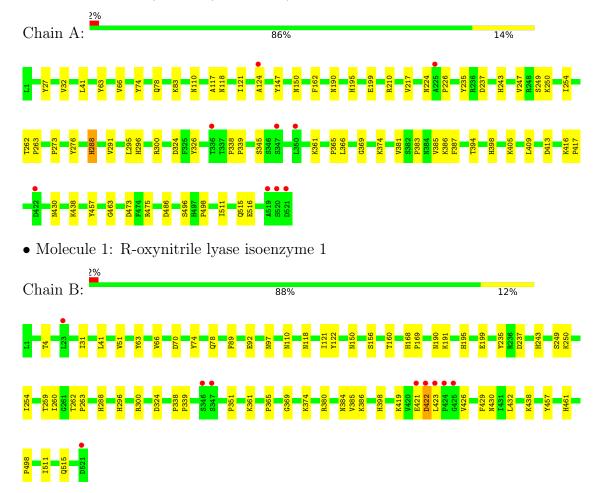
Mo	ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
10		A	823	Total O 823 823	0	0
10		В	766	Total O 766 766	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: R-oxynitrile lyase isoenzyme 1



• Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopy

Chain C: 40% 60%



• Molecule 3: alpha tamido-2-deoxy-bet		acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glu	ıcopyranose-(1-4)]2-ace
Chain D:	67%	33%	•
NAG3			
	= = ; ; ;	beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)- nose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deox	
Chain E:	60%	40%	•
NAG1 NAG2 BMA3 MAN4 FUC5			
• Molecule 5: alpha	-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-	beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-	2-acetamido-2-deoxy-b

eta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain F: 75% 25%





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	69.05Å 93.71Å 87.26Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 106.39° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.25 - 1.57	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	38.25 - 1.57	EDS
% Data completeness	95.6 (38.25-1.57)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	95.7 (38.25-1.57)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.06	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.95 (at 1.57Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.2	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.186 , 0.210	Depositor
It, It free	0.182 , 0.206	DCC
R_{free} test set	14166 reflections (9.97%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (\mathring{A}^2)	11.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.663	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32, 45.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	10004	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	15.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 48.30 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 8.7740e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FUL, FUC, NDG, NAG, MAN, BMA, IPA, FAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.31	0/4181	0.63	0/5702	
1	В	0.32	0/4161	0.63	0/5675	
All	All	0.31	0/8342	0.63	0/11377	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4022	0	3882	61	0
1	В	4015	0	3874	45	0
2	С	60	0	52	1	0
3	D	38	0	34	0	0
4	Е	60	0	52	1	0
5	F	50	0	43	0	0
6	A	4	0	8	1	0
6	В	4	0	8	0	0
7	A	53	0	31	2	0
7	В	53	0	31	1	0
8	A	28	0	26	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	В	14	0	13	0	0
9	В	14	0	12	0	0
10	A	823	0	0	9	0
10	В	766	0	0	5	0
All	All	10004	0	8066	108	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 108 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:295[B]:LEU:CD2	1:A:385[B]:VAL:CG2	2.03	1.35
1:A:475[B]:ARG:NH1	10:A:1007:HOH:O	1.60	1.31
1:A:295[B]:LEU:HD21	1:A:385[B]:VAL:HG21	1.19	1.19
1:A:295[B]:LEU:CD2	1:A:385[B]:VAL:HG23	1.75	1.06
1:A:295[B]:LEU:HD22	1:A:385[B]:VAL:HG23	1.42	1.01

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percent	iles
1	A	$529/521 \; (102\%)$	517 (98%)	11 (2%)	1 (0%)	47 2	25
1	В	527/521 (101%)	514 (98%)	13 (2%)	0	100 1	100
All	All	1056/1042 (101%)	1031 (98%)	24 (2%)	1 (0%)	51 2	28

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	486	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	453/443 (102%)	450 (99%)	3 (1%)	84 72		
1	В	451/443 (102%)	447 (99%)	4 (1%)	78 64		
All	All	904/886 (102%)	897 (99%)	7 (1%)	81 68		

5 of 7 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	288	HIS
1	В	422	ASP
1	В	498	PRO
1	В	430	ASN
1	A	498	PRO

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 14 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	190	ASN
1	В	224	ASN
1	В	430	ASN
1	В	323	ASN
1	В	384	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

17 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

N T - 1	(T)	Cl :-	D	T !1.	Вс	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	NAG	С	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.60	0	17,19,21	0.70	0
2	NAG	С	2	2	14,14,15	0.77	0	17,19,21	0.80	0
2	MAN	С	3	2	11,11,12	0.66	0	15,15,17	0.83	1 (6%)
2	MAN	С	4	2	11,11,12	0.55	0	15,15,17	0.52	0
2	FUL	С	5	2	10,10,11	0.46	0	14,14,16	0.37	0
3	NAG	D	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.56	0	17,19,21	0.72	1 (5%)
3	FUC	D	2	3	10,10,11	0.49	0	14,14,16	0.34	0
3	NAG	D	3	3	14,14,15	0.52	0	17,19,21	0.66	0
4	NAG	Е	1	1,4	14,14,15	0.53	0	17,19,21	0.59	0
4	NAG	Е	2	4	14,14,15	0.48	0	17,19,21	0.60	0
4	BMA	Е	3	4	11,11,12	0.43	0	15,15,17	0.31	0
4	MAN	Е	4	4	11,11,12	0.48	0	15,15,17	0.56	0
4	FUC	Е	5	4	10,10,11	0.49	0	14,14,16	0.36	0
5	NAG	F	1	1,5	14,14,15	0.58	0	17,19,21	1.02	2 (11%)
5	NAG	F	2	5	14,14,15	0.58	0	17,19,21	0.66	0
5	BMA	F	3	5	11,11,12	0.47	0	15,15,17	0.50	0
5	MAN	F	4	5	11,11,12	0.51	0	15,15,17	0.53	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	С	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	С	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	MAN	С	3	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	С	4	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	FUL	С	5	2	-	-	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	1	3,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	FUC	D	2	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	3	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	Е	1	1,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	Е	2	4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	Е	3	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	Е	4	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	FUC	Е	5	4	-	-	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	F	1	1,5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	F	2	5	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	BMA	F	3	5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	MAN	F	4	5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	С	3	MAN	C1-C2-C3	2.70	112.99	109.67
5	F	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-2.24	107.74	111.02
5	F	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.21	119.76	122.90
3	D	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.11	119.90	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 14 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	3	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	3	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	С	4	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	3	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	Е	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

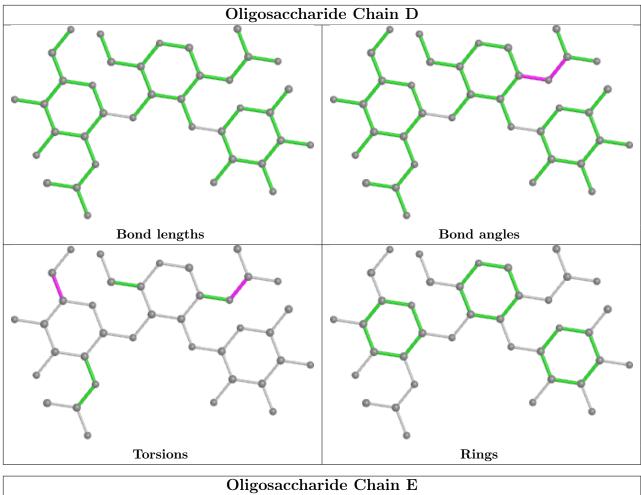
4 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

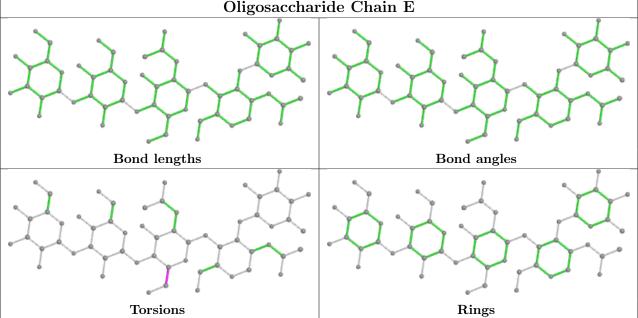


Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	Е	5	FUC	1	0
2	С	2	NAG	1	0
4	Е	2	NAG	1	0
2	С	5	FUL	1	0

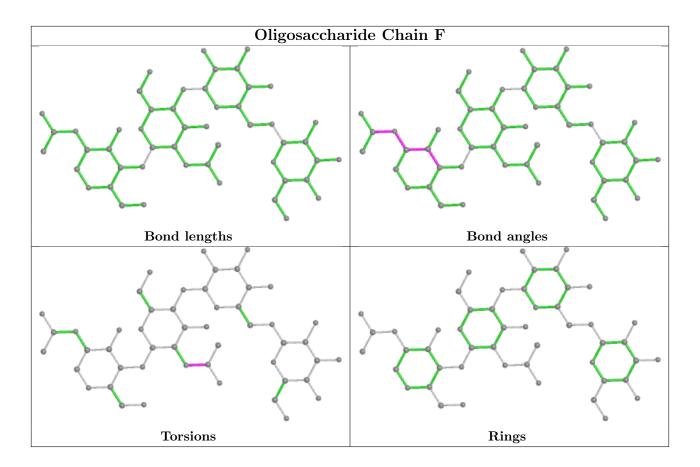
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.











5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

8 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	n Res	Link	В	ond leng	gths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	IPA	В	522	-	3,3,3	0.51	0	3,3,3	0.89	0
8	NAG	В	534	1	14,14,15	0.56	0	17,19,21	0.62	0
7	FAD	В	523	-	53,58,58	1.87	17 (32%)	68,89,89	1.16	8 (11%)
8	NAG	A	524	1	14,14,15	0.51	0	17,19,21	0.56	0
6	IPA	A	522	-	3,3,3	0.52	0	3,3,3	0.88	0
9	NDG	В	533	-	14,14,15	0.53	0	17,19,21	0.69	0
7	FAD	A	523	-	53,58,58	1.85	16 (30%)	68,89,89	1.12	6 (8%)
8	NAG	A	533	1	14,14,15	0.58	0	17,19,21	0.70	1 (5%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
8	NAG	В	534	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	FAD	В	523	-	-	2/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
8	NAG	A	524	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	NDG	В	533	-	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	FAD	A	523	-	-	2/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
8	NAG	A	533	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 33 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
7	A	523	FAD	O4B-C1B	4.27	1.47	1.41
7	В	523	FAD	O4B-C1B	3.95	1.46	1.41
7	В	523	FAD	PA-O2A	-3.84	1.37	1.55
7	В	523	FAD	C4X-N5	3.84	1.38	1.30
7	A	523	FAD	PA-O2A	-3.79	1.37	1.55

The worst 5 of 15 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
7	В	523	FAD	O5B-PA-O1A	-2.53	99.19	109.07
7	A	523	FAD	O5B-PA-O1A	-2.48	99.36	109.07
7	В	523	FAD	C2A-N1A-C6A	2.44	122.93	118.75
7	В	523	FAD	C5'-C4'-C3'	-2.38	107.61	112.20
7	A	523	FAD	C5'-C4'-C3'	-2.36	107.64	112.20

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	A	523	FAD	N10-C1'-C2'-O2'
9	В	533	NDG	C4-C5-C6-O6
9	В	533	NDG	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	В	523	FAD	N10-C1'-C2'-O2'
7	A	523	FAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B

There are no ring outliers.

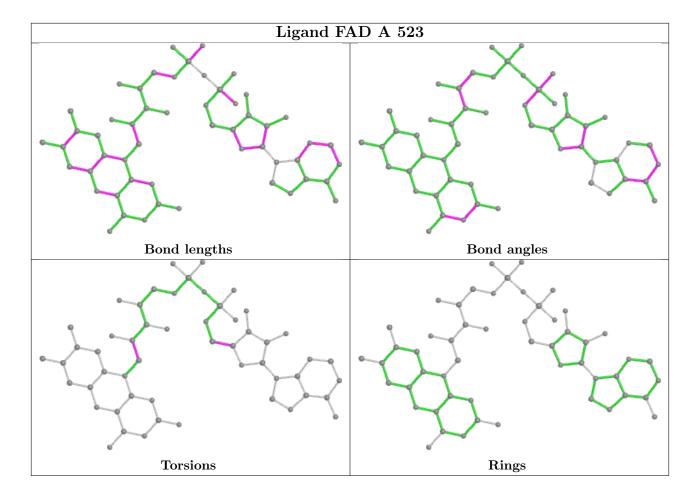
3 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	В	523	FAD	1	0
6	A	522	IPA	1	0
7	A	523	FAD	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	521/521 (100%)	-0.14	9 (1%) 70 71	6, 11, 21, 36	2 (0%)
1	В	521/521 (100%)	-0.06	9 (1%) 70 71	7, 12, 24, 40	3 (0%)
All	All	1042/1042 (100%)	-0.10	18 (1%) 70 71	6, 11, 23, 40	5 (0%)

The worst 5 of 18 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	422	ASP	3.4
1	A	124	ALA	3.2
1	A	422[A]	ASP	3.0
1	В	425	GLY	2.8
1	A	521	ASP	2.7

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	MAN	С	3	11/12	0.55	0.31	46,48,50,52	0
5	MAN	F	4	11/12	0.58	0.28	50,50,52,52	0
2	FUL	С	5	10/11	0.59	0.45	35,39,41,41	0
2	MAN	С	4	11/12	0.59	0.26	52,52,53,53	0
2	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.60	0.22	30,33,39,43	0

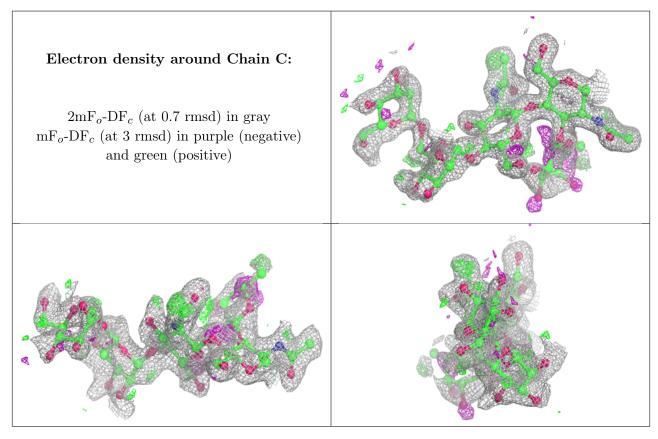
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	BMA	F	3	11/12	0.61	0.22	42,44,47,49	0
4	MAN	Е	4	11/12	0.62	0.29	43,45,46,46	0
3	FUC	D	2	10/11	0.74	0.31	39,41,42,43	0
4	BMA	Е	3	11/12	0.76	0.26	38,40,41,42	0
3	NAG	D	3	14/15	0.76	0.31	40,42,43,44	0
5	NAG	F	2	14/15	0.77	0.16	27,30,35,38	0
4	NAG	Е	2	14/15	0.86	0.22	28,30,35,36	0
2	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.86	0.12	14,20,25,29	0
3	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.87	0.14	24,29,35,36	0
5	NAG	F	1	14/15	0.89	0.11	14,19,22,23	0
4	FUC	Е	5	10/11	0.89	0.28	31,34,35,36	0
4	NAG	Е	1	14/15	0.91	0.12	18,22,25,27	0

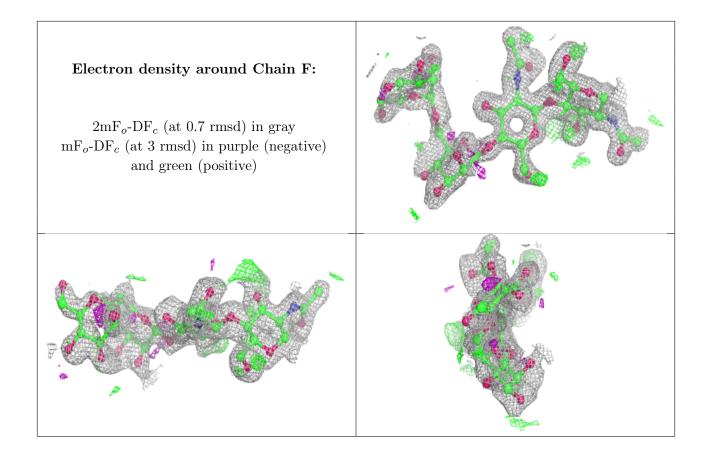
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





Electron density around Chain D: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o -DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive) Electron density around Chain E: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o -DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)





6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

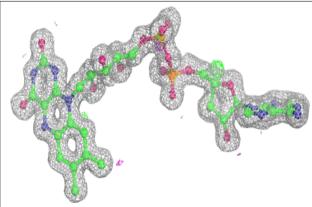
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
9	NDG	В	533	14/15	0.55	0.28	40,43,45,45	0
8	NAG	A	533	14/15	0.58	0.29	37,41,42,43	0
8	NAG	В	534	14/15	0.85	0.11	15,21,24,26	0
8	NAG	A	524	14/15	0.90	0.14	15,17,21,22	0
6	IPA	A	522	4/4	0.92	0.10	19,20,20,21	0
6	IPA	В	522	4/4	0.93	0.10	19,20,21,21	0
7	FAD	A	523	53/53	0.98	0.07	4,6,9,9	0
7	FAD	В	523	53/53	0.98	0.07	5,7,8,9	0

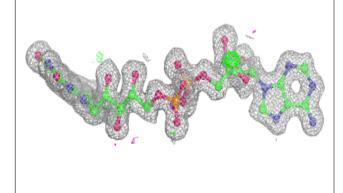
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

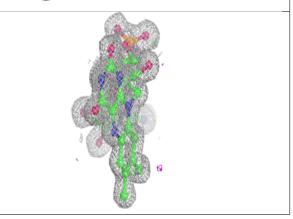


Electron density around FAD A 523:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

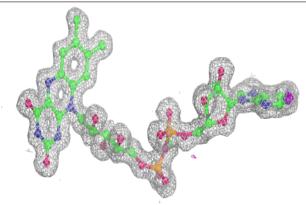


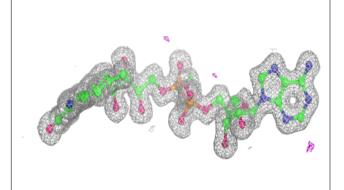


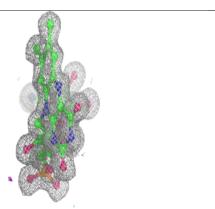


Electron density around FAD B 523:

 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

