

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 13, 2024 – 09:44 AM EDT

PDB ID : 4G5S

Title : Structure of LGN GL3/Galphai3 complex

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Deposited on : 2012-07-18

Resolution : 3.62 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.20.1

EDS : 2.36.2buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

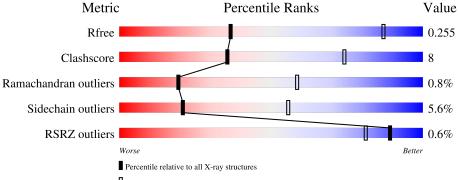
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.62 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Percentile relative to X-ray structures of similar resolution

Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# ext{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	1290 (3.74-3.50)
Clashscore	141614	1387 (3.74-3.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1339 (3.74-3.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1339 (3.74-3.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1191 (3.74-3.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain							
1	A	330	78%		17%					
1	В	330	73%		21%					
1	С	330	75%		19%	• 6%				
1	D	330	78%		17%					
2	Е	25	56% 16%	8%	8%	12%				

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain							
2	F	25		48%	20%	16%		12%		
2	G	25	4%	60%		20%	•	16%		
2	Z	25	12%	56%	169	% •	2	24%		



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10226 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(k) subunit alpha.

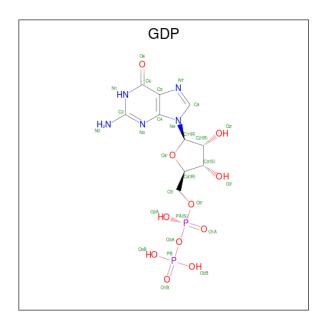
Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	317	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	317	2397	1527	393	463	14	0	U	
1	В	316	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Б	310	2359	1500	389	456	14	0	U	
1	С	311	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		311	2306	1476	373	442	15	0	U	
1	D	216	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		316	2397	1533	394	454	16	0		

• Molecule 2 is a protein called G-protein-signaling modulator 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	E	22	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
2	<u> 1</u> 2	22	173	108	30	33	2		0	
2	G	21	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
2	G	21	167	104	29	32	2	U		U
2	Z	19	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
2	L	19	142	88	26	26	2		0	
2	F	22	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
2 F	22	175	109	31	33	2	0	0	U	

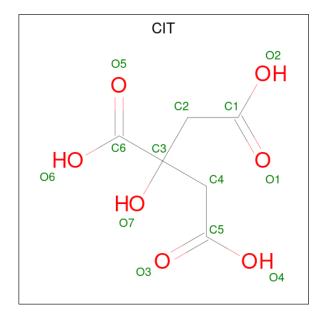
• Molecule 3 is GUANOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GDP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{11}P_2$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
$A \qquad A$	1	28	10	5	11	2	U	0	
2	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
9 D	1	28	10	5	11	2	U		
2	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
3		1	28	10	5	11	2	U	U

 \bullet Molecule 4 is CITRIC ACID (three-letter code: CIT) (formula: $\mathrm{C_6H_8O_7}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C C 13 6 7	,	0	0

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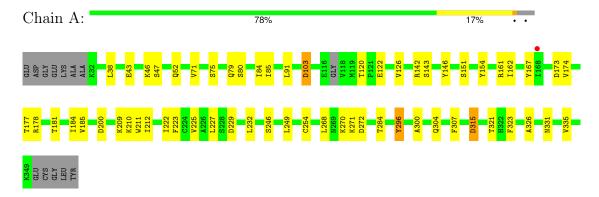
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	С	1	Total C 13 6	O 7	0	0



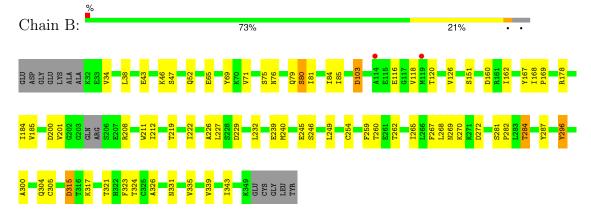
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

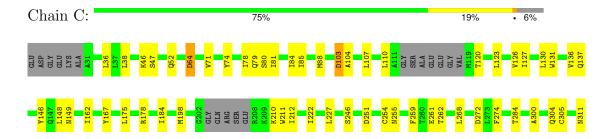
• Molecule 1: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(k) subunit alpha



• Molecule 1: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(k) subunit alpha



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• Molecule 1: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(k) subunit alpha

Chain D: 788 and 488 a

N331 V335 V339 I343 I1343 ITAR

• Molecule 2: G-protein-signaling modulator 2

Chain E: 56% 16% 8% 8% 12%

ASP GLU D889 C889 G889 G880 G607 R606 C607 A608 P609 P610

• Molecule 2: G-protein-signaling modulator 2

Chain G: 60% 20% · 16%

• Molecule 2: G-protein-signaling modulator 2

Chain Z: 56% 16% • 24%

ASP GLU GLU ASP PHE LS94 QS99 GS99 GS99 GS99 GS99 GS99 GS99 GS07 A605 A605 A608 P609 SER A609 SER

• Molecule 2: G-protein-signaling modulator 2

Chain F: 48% 20% 16% · 12%



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 61 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	209.68Å 209.68Å 235.48Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	39.63 - 3.62	Depositor
Resolution (A)	39.63 - 3.62	EDS
% Data completeness	99.3 (39.63-3.62)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	94.5 (39.63-3.62)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	6.54 (at 3.66Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0117, PHENIX 1.8_1063	Depositor
D D.	0.207 , 0.253	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.214 , 0.255	DCC
R_{free} test set	1754 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	116.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.018	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.28 , 97.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	10226	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	129.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 1.92% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CIT, GDP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bo	ond angles
WIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.25	0/2440	0.46	0/3320
1	В	0.26	0/2399	0.47	0/3264
1	С	0.25	0/2346	0.46	0/3198
1	D	0.26	0/2440	0.46	0/3314
2	Е	0.26	0/176	0.70	$1/237 \ (0.4\%)$
2	F	0.27	0/178	0.69	1/239~(0.4%)
2	G	0.26	0/169	0.56	0/227
2	Z	0.23	0/143	0.65	0/192
All	All	0.25	0/10291	0.48	$2/13991 \ (0.0\%)$

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	F	599	GLY	N-CA-C	5.32	126.40	113.10
2	Е	599	GLY	N-CA-C	5.15	125.97	113.10

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2397	0	2226	40	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	В	2359	0	2192	46	0
1	С	2306	0	2118	35	0
1	D	2397	0	2255	31	0
2	Е	173	0	160	7	0
2	F	175	0	167	8	0
2	G	167	0	152	2	0
2	Z	142	0	131	2	0
3	A	28	0	12	4	0
3	В	28	0	12	6	0
3	С	28	0	12	2	0
4	A	13	0	5	1	0
4	С	13	0	5	0	0
All	All	10226	0	9447	160	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 160 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:C:304:GLN:HG3	1:C:321:THR:HG21	1.63	0.78
1:C:103:ASP:HB3	1:C:126:VAL:HG13	1.71	0.72
1:A:103:ASP:HB3	1:A:126:VAL:HG13	1.73	0.70
1:D:103:ASP:HB3	1:D:126:VAL:HG13	1.73	0.70
1:A:271:LYS:NZ	4:A:402:CIT:O5	2.24	0.70

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	313/330 (95%)	301 (96%)	11 (4%)	1 (0%)	41	74
1	В	312/330 (94%)	299 (96%)	13 (4%)	0	100	100
1	С	305/330~(92%)	293 (96%)	10 (3%)	2 (1%)	22	61
1	D	310/330 (94%)	297 (96%)	11 (4%)	2 (1%)	25	64
2	E	20/25~(80%)	16 (80%)	2 (10%)	2 (10%)	0	8
2	F	20/25~(80%)	16 (80%)	2 (10%)	2 (10%)	0	8
2	G	17/25 (68%)	16 (94%)	1 (6%)	0	100	100
2	Z	15/25 (60%)	13 (87%)	1 (7%)	1 (7%)	1	15
All	All	1312/1420 (92%)	1251 (95%)	51 (4%)	10 (1%)	19	58

5 of 10 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	210	LYS
1	С	210	LYS
1	D	201	VAL
1	D	315	ASP
2	Е	599	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	242/290~(83%)	232 (96%)	10 (4%)	30 64
1	В	237/290~(82%)	223 (94%)	14 (6%)	19 54
1	С	227/290~(78%)	217 (96%)	10 (4%)	28 62
1	D	243/290~(84%)	233 (96%)	10 (4%)	30 64
2	E	19/23~(83%)	15 (79%)	4 (21%)	1 7
2	F	20/23~(87%)	17 (85%)	3 (15%)	3 19
2	G	19/23~(83%)	15 (79%)	4 (21%)	1 7
2	Z	15/23~(65%)	13 (87%)	2 (13%)	4 23

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
All	All	1022/1252 (82%)	965 (94%)	57 (6%)	21	55

5 of 57 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	120	THR
2	F	600	SER
1	D	85	ILE
2	F	594	LEU
2	G	598	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	304	GLN
1	D	331	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the



expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $ Z > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection.
RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res Link		Bo	nd leng	$ ag{ths}$	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	CIT	A	402	-	12,12,12	1.15	0	17,17,17	1.43	2 (11%)
3	GDP	A	401	-	25,30,30	0.93	1 (4%)	30,47,47	1.09	2 (6%)
4	CIT	С	402	-	12,12,12	1.12	0	17,17,17	1.55	3 (17%)
3	GDP	В	401	-	25,30,30	0.95	1 (4%)	30,47,47	1.08	1 (3%)
3	GDP	С	401	-	25,30,30	0.94	1 (4%)	30,47,47	1.08	1 (3%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	CIT	A	402	-	-	11/16/16/16	-
3	GDP	A	401	-	-	3/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
4	CIT	С	402	-	-	7/16/16/16	-
3	GDP	В	401	-	-	3/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	GDP	С	401	-	-	3/12/32/32	0/3/3/3

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
3	В	401	GDP	C6-N1	-2.25	1.34	1.37
3	A	401	GDP	C6-N1	-2.23	1.34	1.37
3	С	401	GDP	C6-N1	-2.19	1.34	1.37

The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	С	402	CIT	O6-C6-C3	3.69	120.22	113.14
4	A	402	CIT	O6-C6-C3	3.49	119.83	113.14
3	С	401	GDP	C8-N7-C5	3.00	107.65	102.55
3	A	401	GDP	C8-N7-C5	2.96	107.59	102.55
3	В	401	GDP	C8-N7-C5	2.93	107.54	102.55

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 27 torsion outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	401	GDP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
3	A	401	GDP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
3	A	401	GDP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
3	В	401	GDP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
3	В	401	GDP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A

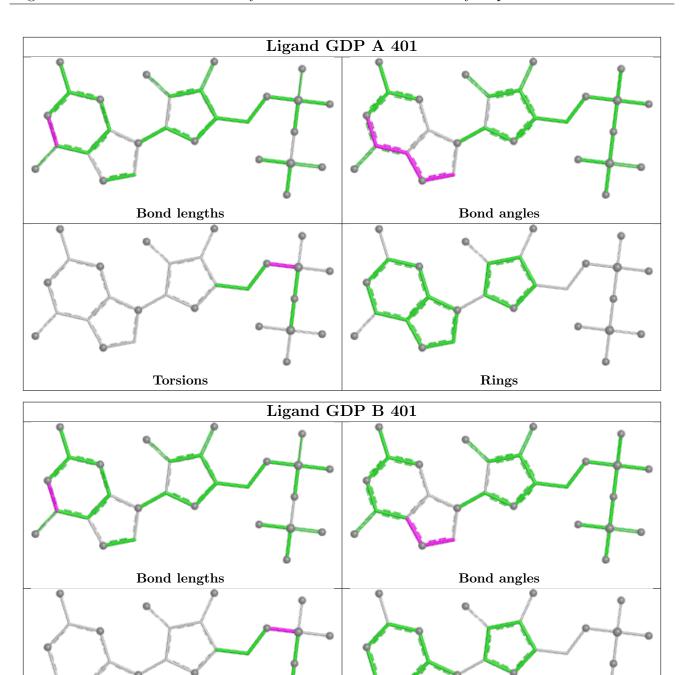
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 13 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	402	CIT	1	0
3	A	401	GDP	4	0
3	В	401	GDP	6	0
3	С	401	GDP	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

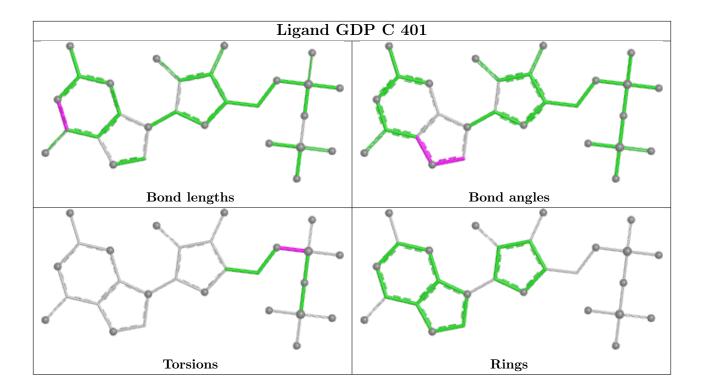






Rings

Torsions



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$\mathrm{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	317/330 (96%)	-0.36	1 (0%) 94 89	73, 128, 179, 209	0
1	В	316/330 (95%)	-0.37	2 (0%) 89 81	68, 122, 176, 208	0
1	С	311/330 (94%)	-0.33	0 100 100	64, 129, 182, 210	0
1	D	316/330 (95%)	-0.28	1 (0%) 94 89	72, 126, 180, 204	0
2	E	22/25~(88%)	-0.47	0 100 100	116, 145, 173, 213	0
2	F	22/25 (88%)	-0.21	0 100 100	93, 134, 170, 184	0
2	G	21/25 (84%)	-0.13	1 (4%) 30 20	123, 149, 172, 190	0
2	Z	19/25 (76%)	0.96	3 (15%) 2 1	144, 169, 213, 224	0
All	All	1344/1420 (94%)	-0.32	8 (0%) 89 81	64, 128, 181, 224	0

The worst 5 of 8 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	Z	605	GLN	3.2
2	Z	603	ASP	2.7
2	Z	597	CYS	2.5
1	D	202	GLY	2.4
1	A	168	ILE	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

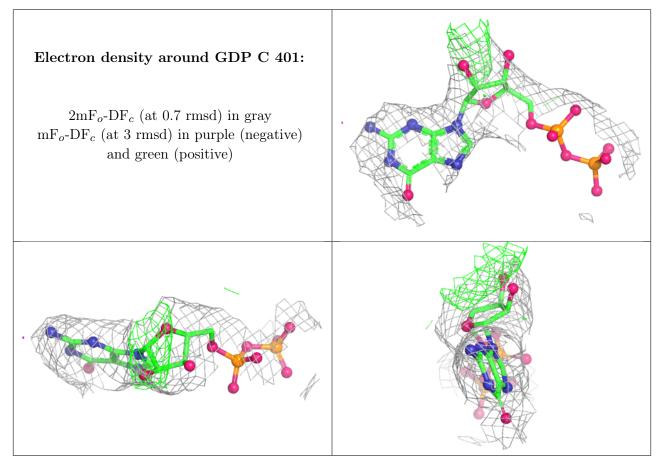


6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	CIT	A	402	13/13	0.91	0.24	91,157,181,191	0
4	CIT	С	402	13/13	0.92	0.21	98,132,173,182	0
3	GDP	С	401	28/28	0.97	0.18	73,111,173,186	0
3	GDP	В	401	28/28	0.98	0.19	47,110,144,189	0
3	GDP	A	401	28/28	0.98	0.23	68,110,146,162	0

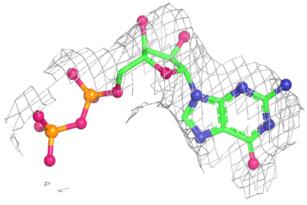
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

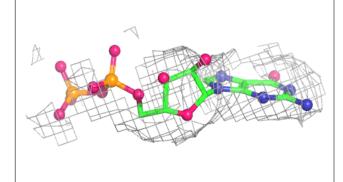


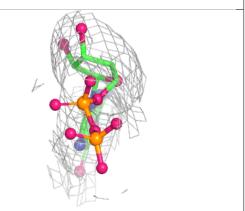


Electron density around GDP B 401:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

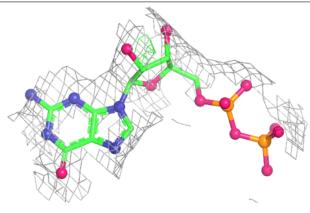


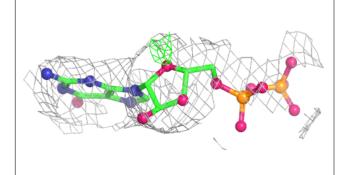


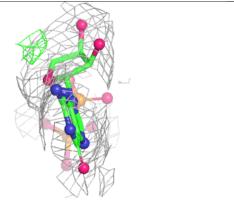


Electron density around GDP A 401:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

